## REPORT

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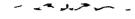
# ADMINISTRATION

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# MADRAS PRESIDENCY,

DURING THE YEAR

1864-65.



## MADRAS

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## CONTENTS.

## SECTION I.—EXECUTIVE GOVERNMENT.

## SECTION II.—LEGISLATIVE.

Additional Members of Council          3       ib.         Acts passed by the Council           3       ib.         Bills passed but not yet assented to by the Governor General       4       3         SECTION III.—JUDICIAL.         Whipping Act          6       ib         Registration Act          6       ib         Instruments registered          7       ib         Registration Districts          8       5         Registrars          9       ib         Salary of Registrar General           10       66         Allowances of District Registrar of Madras
Bills passed but not yet assented to by the Governor General 4         SECTION III.—JUDICIAL.         Whipping Act
SECTION III.—JUDICIAL.         Whipping Act           5.       4         Registration Act           6       ib         Instruments registered          7       ib         Registration Districts          9       ib         Registrars          9       ib         Salary of Registrar General          10       6         Allowances of District Registrar of Madras         11       ib         Of District and Deputy Registrars in the Mofussil         12       ib         Revision of Fees                Courts in Ganjam and Vizagapatam
Whipping Act          5.       4         Registration Act          6       ib         Instruments registered          7       ib         Registration Districts          8       5         Registrars          9       ib         Salary of Registrar General          10       6         Allowances of District Registrar of Madras         11       ib         Of District and Deputy Registrars in the Mofussil <t< td=""></t<>
Registration Act            7       ib         Instruments registered           7       ib         Registration Districts           9       ib         Registrars            9       ib         Salary of Registrar General
Instruments registered          7       ib         Registration Districts          8       5         Registrars          9       ib         Salary of Registrar General          10       6         Allowances of District Registrar of Madras         11       ib         Of District and Deputy Registrars in the Mofussil         12       ib         Fees            13       ib         Revision of Fees              14       7         Courts in Ganjam and Vizagapatam   <
Registration Districts            9       ib         Registrars            9       ib         Salary of Registrar General             10       6         Allowances of District Registrar of Madras  <
Registrars           9       ib.         Salary of Registrar General          10       6         Allowances of District Registrar of Madras         11       ib.         Of District and Deputy Registrars in the Mofussil </td
Salary of Registrar General 10 6 Allowances of District Registrar of Madras 11 ib Of District and Deputy Registrars in the Mofussil 12 ib Fees 13 ib Revision of Fees 14 7 Courts in Ganjam and Vizagapatam 15 ib
Allowances of District Registrar of Madras 11 ib. Of District and Deputy Registrars in the Mofussil 12 ib. Fees 13 ib. Revision of Fees 14 7 Courts in Ganjam and Vizagapatam 15 ib.
Of District and Deputy Registrars in the Mofussil        12       ib         Fees           13       ib         Revision of Fees           14       7         Courts in Ganjam and Vizagapatam         15       ib
Of District and Deputy Registrars in the Mofussil        12       ib         Fees           13       ib         Revision of Fees           14       7         Courts in Ganjam and Vizagapatam         15       ib
Revision of Fees 14 7 Courts in Ganjam and Vizagapatam 15 ib
Courts in Ganjam and Vizagapatam 15 ibi
<del>_</del> _
<del>_</del> _
Tranquebar fixed on as the permanent station of Civil
and Session Court in the Eastern parts of the Tanjore
District 16 8
Jurisdiction of certain Courts of Small Causes 17 ib.
At Chittoor ib. ib.
At Tellicherry ib. ib.
In Tanjore 18 ib.
At Salem 19 9
Transfer of Principal Sudder Amin's Court from Tanjore
to Coimbatore 20 ib
Abolition of Moonsiff's Courts 21 ib
Improved minor arrangements 22 ib
Destruction of old records
Appointment of Pleaders in Courts
Distribution of Magisterial power 25 ib
Number of suits 26 11

					Para.	Page.
Proportion of suits to Cour	ts	•••	•••	•••	26	11
Suits disposed of	•••	•••		•••	ib,	ib.
Courts by which disposed	of	•••	•••	•••	27	ib.
Mode of disposal	•••	•••	•••	•••	28	ib.
Duration of suits	•••	***	•••	•••	ib.	12
Suits newly instituted	•••		•••	• • • •	29	ib.
Value ···	•••	•••	•••	•••	30	ib.
Appeals, &c., in Lower Cou	rts	•••	•••	• • •	31	ib.
Suits in High Court, Origi	nal Side	•••	•••	•••	32	13
Suits in the High Court, A	ppellate	Side	•••	•••	33	ib.
Mode of disposal and dura	tion	•••	•••	•••	34	ib.
Civil Petitions	•••	•••	•••	•••	35	14
Reference of disputed poin	ts and Cr	iminal P	etitions	•••	36	ib.
Collection of Statistics	•••	•••	•••	•••	37	ib.
Abstract of offences of all l	kinds	•••	•••		ib.	15
Offences committed and de	ealt with	by Court	ts	•••	<b>3</b> 8	$ib_{\centerdot}$
Petty offences	•••	•••	•••	•••	40	ib.
Offences under the Penal (	Code	•••	•••	•••	41	16
Offences against the person	ns	•••	•••	•••	42	ib.
Murders	,,,		•••	•••	43	17
Culpable homicide	•••	• • •	•••	•••	44	ib.
Other offences against the	person	•••	•••	•••	45	ib.
Offences against property	-	•••	• • • •	•••	ib.	ib.
Dacoities	•••	•••	•••		46	ib.
Thefts	• • •	***	•••	•••	47	ib.
Other offences	•••	•••	•••	•••	48	18
Forgery, &c	***	• • •	•••	•••	49	ib.
Contempts, &c	•••	•••	•••	•••	5.0	ib.
Perjury	***	•••	•••	•••	51	ib.
Bribery, &c		•••	•••	•••	52	ib.
Offences against the State	•••		•••	•••	5.3	ib.
Offences against other Pen		•••			54	ib.
Operations of the Madras			•••	•••	55	ib.
Cases tried by Courts	•••	<b>8</b>	•••		56	13
Cases tried by Magistrates	•				57	ib.
2nd Class Sub-Magistrates			***	•••	58	ib.
1st Class Sub-Magistrates				•••	59	ib.
Magistrates		<b>→ 4.</b> 2		• • •	60	ib.
Andicial Courts		•••			61	20

						Para.	rage
High Court	•••	•••	*4*	•••	•••	62	20
Punishments	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	63	ib
Deaths	•••	•••	•••	•••		ib.	21
Transportation	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	64	ib
Periods of impr	isonment	• • • •	•••	•••	•••	65	ib
Imprisonment f			•••	•••	•••	66	ib
Persons whippe	ed	•••	•••	•••	•••	67	ib
Fines	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	ib.	ib
Insane persons	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	ib	ib
Cases not broug	ht to iss	ue	•••	•••	•••	68	ib
Strength of the	force	•••	•••	•••	•••	69	ib
Distribution, an	d propor	tion to p	opulation	ı	•••	70	22
Cost	•••	•••	• • • •	•••	•••	71	ib
Grant of pension	n and ba	tta	•••	•••	•••	72	ib
Pension rates	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	<b>73</b>	ib
Inspector Gener	al and D	eputy Ir	aspectors	General	•••	74	23
District Officers	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	<b>7</b> 5	ib
Inspectors	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	76	24
General working	g of the f	orce	•••	•••	•••	77	ib
Relations with	the Magi	stracy	•••	•••	•••	78	25
Dismissals, &c.,	and enlis	tments	•••	***	•••	<b>7</b> 9	26
Offences by Pol	icemen	•••	•••	•••	•••	80	ib
Education	•••	•••	2.00	• • •	•••	81	ib.
Races and religi	ions	•••	•••	•••	•••	82	27
Buildings	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	83	ib.
Superannuation	Fund	•••	•••	•••	***	84	ib
Processes execu	ted	•••	•••	•••	•••	85	ib.
Jails guarded	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	86	ib.
Salt guards	•••	•••		•••	•••	ib.	ib.
Crime effects of	season	•••	•••	•••	•••	87	ib.
Grave crime	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	88	ib.
In the Northern	Circars	•••	•••	•••	•••	89	28
In Nellore	75%	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	ib.	ib.
Criminal Statist	ics	•••	•.•	•••	•••	90	ib.
Number in Jail	•••	• • •		•••	•••	91	ib.
Deaths	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib.
Cost	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib.
Death rate	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	92	29
Mortality in Jai		•••	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib.
Mortality at Lay			orks	***		ib.	30

						Pwa.	Page.
Central Jails	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	94	31
Capacity of ex	isting Jail	ls	***	•••	•••	95	ib.
New District J	<b>Jails</b>	•••	•••	•••	•••	96	ib.
•	Sec	CTION :	IV.—REV	ENUE.			
Realization of	Revenue	•••	•••	•••	•••	99	33
The Season	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	100	ib.
Prices	•••	•••	***	•••	•		34
Land Revenue	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	102	ib.
Area of Cultiva	ation	•••	•••	•••		103	ib.
Abkarry	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	104	ib.
Salt	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	105	ib.
Stamps	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	107	35
Income Tax	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	108	ib.
Forests	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	109	ib.
Customs	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	110	ib.
Alteration of d	uties	•••	•••	•••	•••	111	36
Trade	•••	•••	• •	•••	•••	112	ib.
Imports and Ex	ports	•••	•••	•••	•••	113	38
Cotton Trade	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	115	ib.
Local Funds	•••	•••	•••	. •••	•••	116	39
Inam Commission	on	•••	•••	•••	•••	117	ib.
Survey	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	118	40
Settlement	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	119	$ib_{\bullet}$
Reduction of As	sessment	•••	•••	•••	•••	120	41
Sale of waste lar	nds	•••	•••	•••	•••	121	ib.
Chinchona	•••		•••	•••	•••	122	ib.
Ootacamund Bo	tanical Ga	rdens	•••	•••	•••	123	42
Tea ···	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	124	ib.
Arboriculture	•••	•••	***	•••	• • •	ib.	ib.
Experimental cu	ltivation	•••	•••	•••	•••	125	ib.
Revenue Establi		•••	•••	•••	•••	126	ib.
The Special Test	Examina	tion	•••	•••		127	ib.
District Presses	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	128	43
Agricultural Exl	hibitions	•••	•••	•••	•••	129	ib.
Agricultural Imp	olements	•••	•••	•••	•••	130	ib.
Model Farm	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	131	ib.
	SECTION	V.—1	PUBLIC '	WORKS	<b>.</b>		
▲llotment—Dist				** CTATE		100	
-110 ATTO - 1712 (	TOUNOH .	•••	•••	•••	***	132	44

						Para. I	Page.
Expenditure	•••	•••	•••	••	•••	133	44
Comparison of a	llotment	and expe	nditure	•••	•••	134	ib.
Rates of labour	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	135	ib.
Buildings for th	e Artille	ry at Bella	ary	•••	•••	136	45
Fort St. George,	altering	Sea-face l	batterie	s, &c.	•••	137	ib.
Gunpowder Fac	tory at t	he Preside	ency	•••	•••	138	ib.
St. Thomas' Mo	unt, Hors	se Artillery	y Lines	•••	•••	139	ib.
Bangalore Drag	oon Barr	racks	***	• • • •	• • • •	140	ib.
Bangalore Water	r project	• • • •	•••	•••	•••	141	ib.
Trichinopoly A	rtillery L	ines	•••	•••	•••	142	ib.
Grand Magazin	e	•••	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib.
Lawrence Asylu	m at Oo	tacamund	•••	•••	•••	143	ib.
Cannanore Infan	atry Barı	racks, Mala	abar	•••	•••	144	ib.
Church at Berha	ampore ii	n the Ganj	am Dist	rict	•••	145	46
Central Jail at	Rajahmu	ndry in th	e Goda	very Dist	rict	146	ib.
At Coimbatore	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	147	ib.
Zillah Jail at Vi	zagapata	m	• • •	•••	•••	148	ib.
<b>Å</b> t Salem	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	149	ib.
Cutcherries con	npleted	in Cuddap	pah, Ku	rnool, M	adras,		
and Bellary	y	•••	•••	•••	•••	150	ib.
Cutcherries in p	rogress ir	n Nellore, (	Cuddapa	h, Bellary	, and		
Madras	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib.
Court House at	Cuddalo	re in Sout	h Arcot	•••	•••	151	ib.
Lunatic Asylum	at Trich	inopoly	•••	•••	•••	<b>152</b>	ib.
Works at the Pr	residency	Stamp O	ffice	•••	•••	153	ib.
Salt Cotaurs	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	154	47
Central Museum	l	•••	•••	•••	•••	155	ib.
General Hospita	1	•••	•••	•••	•••	156	ib.
Public Works D	epartmer	nt Store an	d Work	shop	•••	<b>157</b>	ib.
Anicuts-Godav	ery, Nor	th Arcot, S	outh Ar	cot, and I	anjore	158	ib.
Channels in the				•••	•••	159	ib.
Kistna	87. 4	•••	•••	•••	•••	160	ib.
Nellore and Mad	dras	•••	•••	•••	•••	161	48
North Arcot	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	162	ib.
Ganjam	•••	***	•••	•••	***	163	ib
Vizagapatam	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	164	ib.
Godavery	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	165	ib.
Kistna	•••	***	•••	••-	•••	166	ib.

						Para. I	Puge.
Nellore	•1•	• • •	•••	•••		167	49
Cuddapah	•••		•••	•••		168	ib.
Kurnool	•••	•••	•.•	•••	٠	169	ib.
Presidency	•••	•••	•••	• • •		170	ib.
Madras District,	and Nort	th and So	outh Arco	t	•••	171	ib.
Salem	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	172	50
Tanjore	***	•••	•••	• • •	٠.,	173	ib.
Coimbatore	•••	•••	•••	•••		174	ib.
Malabar	·••	• • •	•••	•••		175	ib.
South Canara	•••	•••	•••	•••		176	ib.
Madura	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	177	ib.
Tinnevelly		•••	•••	•••	•••	178	51
Channels in the	Kistna D	istrict	•••	•••	•••	179	ib.
People's Park at	the Presi	dency	•••	•••	•••	180	ib.
Quay at Mangal	lore	•••	•••	•••	•••	181	ib.
Paumben chann	el, Madur	a		•••	•••	182	ib.
Local funds	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	183	ib.
Repairs	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	184	ib.
Workshops		•••	•••	•••	•••	185	52
Bill branch of th	ne office of	the Cont	roller of P	Public Wo	rks	186	ib.
Extension of Rai	lways dur	ing the of	ficial yéa	r	•••	187	ib.
Work executed	on the S.	W. and I	V. W. Lin	es and B	an-		
galore branch	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	189	53
Revenue derived	from the	Traffic	•••	•••	•••	190	ib.
S. W. Line fron	n Passeng	ers	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib.
From Goods	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib.
N. W. Line from	Passenge	rs	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib .
From Goods	•••	•••	•.•	•••	• • •	ib.	ib.
Rates and Fares	in the Ma	dras Rai	lway	•••	• • •	192	ib,
Special rates	•••	•••	·	•••	•••	193	<b>54</b>
Working expens			of Way i	n the So	uth		
West and N	orth West	Lines	•••	•••	•••	194	ib.
Advances to Ma	dras Railw	ay Comp	oany	··· bun	•••	195	ib.
Total expenditu	ure	•••	•••	•••	•••	196	ib.
Engincers in the	Great S. o	f I. Railv	vay, how	emplo <b>ye</b> d	•••	197	ib.
Delay in making			way Comj	pany	•••	198	ib.
Revenue derived	l, from the	Traffic	•••	***	•••	199	55
From Passenger	s	•••	•••	•••	•••	ib.	$ib\cdot$
From Cloudy						<i>:1</i> .	L

				Para.	Page.
Total Revenue derived, and expend	liture		•••	199	55
Net Profit	•••			200	ib.
Rates and Fares of the G. S. of I. I	lailway		•••	201	ib.
Maintenance of Way and working	expenses		•••	202	ib.
Advances to the G. S. of I. Railway	•••		•••	203	55
Advance on the Erode extension	•••	•		ib.	ib.
Estimates sanctioned during the year	ır	•	•••	205	<b>56</b>
Comparison between original an	d revised	l estima	tes		
sanctioned up to close of 1864-65	•••		•••	206	ib.
Expenditure	•••	•		207	ib
Expenditure and cost of establishm	ients, &c.	•	• • •	ib.	ib.
State of the work	•••	•	•••	208	57
Portion of the Main Canal betwee	n the Per	nnair at e	$\mathbf{nd}$		
of 9th Section and the Somais	swaram a	nicut		ib.	ib.
The portion of the Main Canal in I	Nellore		•••	209	ib.
Soonkasala anicut and head works				ib.	ib.
MainiCanal, 1st Section, 18 miles	•••		•••	ib.	58
The Hindry aqueduct	•••		• • •	ib.	ib.
2nd Section Main Canal, 14 miles	•••		•••	ib.	ib.
3rd Section Main Canal, 11 miles	•••			ib.	59
4th Section Main Canal, 17 miles	•••		•••	ib.	ib.
5th Section Main Canal, 12 miles	•••		• • •	ib.	ib.
6th Section Main Canal, 19 miles	•••		•••	ib.	ib.
Surplus works at head of Section	•••		•••	ib.	ib.
7th Section Main Canal, 23 miles	• • •		•••	ib.	ib.
8th Section Main Canal, 28 miles	•••		•••	ib.	ib.
9th Section Main Canal, 35 miles	•••			ib.	60
Distribution works	• • •		•••	210	ib.
The Somaiswaram anicut	•••		•••	211	ib.
Bellary Division investigation			•••	212	ib.
Reservoir Surveys	•••		•••	213	61
Supply of labor	•••		•••	214	ib.
Rules for the dist. Ibution of wa	ter and o	collection	of		
water rates	• •	•••	•••	215	ib.
Rules for keeping Tolls, Reven		_			
Revenue accounts for navig		es, and	for		
rates for exceptional water su	. •	•••	•••	216	ib.
Amount drawn during the year a	and up to	its close	in		
India	•••	•••	•••	217	ib.
Expenditure in and up to end of y	ear	•••	•••	218	
		` 2			

					Para.	Page.
Expenditure by the Boar	d of Di	rectors in	England	•••	219	61
Abstract statement of			_			
Agent	•••		•••	•••	220	62
State of Audit of expend	liture	•••	•••	•	221	ib.
Extent of land made over	r to tl	ie Compa	ny from	April		
to March 1865	•••	•••	•••	•••	222	ib.
Se	CTION	VI.—MAI	RINE.			
Native Passengers' Act	•••	•••	•••	•••	225	63
Receipts and disburseme	nts	•••	•••		226	ib.
Wrecks		•••	•••	•••	227	ib.
Line of Steamers between	a Madra	as and Rar	ngoon	•••	228	ib.
Exports and Imports	•••	•••		***	229	ib.
Negapatam harbour	•••	•••	•••	•••	230	ib.
Paumben channel	***	•••	•••	•••	ib.	64
Cochin light	•••	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib.
Mangalore Sea wall	•••	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib.
Madras Pier	•••	•••	•••	•••	231	ib.
Sec	rion VI	I.—FINA	NCIAL.			
New system of Account	and A	ndit	•		233	65
Review of the Financial			 35	•••	234	ib.
Excess of Actual above					201	ω.
about 13 lacs		•••	···		235	ib.
Comparison of the Actual					236	
Variations under Reven					200	ib.
Miscellaneous—Milit		and a deli	C WOIRS	, and	ib.	ib.
Variations under Miscella	•	–∵ivil	•••	•••	237	ib.
Variations under other h				•••	-	
Comparison of the actua		-		٠٠٠	238	66
1863-64	_		1 1003-09	and	990	.,
Variations under charges		t Income	\	•••	239	ib.
Variations under Reven	_				240	ib.
Works	uo iie	us, mm	y, and I	ubile	041	
Variations under Civil S	ervices	•••	•••	•••	241 242	ib.
Variations under Local 1			•••	•••	243	ib.
Comparison of the Actual			ret ellets	nente	440	67
of 1864-65	~ **IUII		See allon		244	ib.
Quinquennial averages for	r the n		arg	•••	245	10. 68

						Para. P	uge.
Cash Balance or	ı 30th Ap	ril 1865	•••	•••	•••	246	68
Comparison of C	Cash Bala	nce for th	e past fiv	e years	•••	247	ib.
Demand for sma	all coins in	n the Mot	fussil	•••	<b>14</b> •	248	69
Receipts and Di	sburseme	nts of 186	2-63 and	1863-64	• • •	249	ib.
Working of the	office	•••	•••	•••		250	ib.
Abolition of the	system o	f pre-audi	t, of the	appointm	ent		
of Civil Pay	ymaster,	and amal	gamation	of his of	ffice		
establishme	nt with t	hat of the	e Account	ant Gene	eral	251	ib.
Silver receipts	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	252	70
Excess of silver	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	253	ib.
Number and va	alue of sil	ver and	copper p	ieces coi	ned		
with rates	of coinage	ge	•••	•••	•.•	254	ib.
Receipts of Merc	chant's bu	ıllion from	May 18	59	•••	255	71.
Mint receipts an	nd expen	diture	•••	•••	•••	256	ib.
Cash receipts on	bills	•••	•••	•••	•••	257	72
Castings from th	ne Mint f	oundry	•••	•••	•••	257a	73
Coinage for the	past ten	years	•••	•••	•••	257b	ib.
Formation of Ci	rcles	•••	•••	•••	•••	257c	74
Notes in circulat	ion	• • •	•••	•••	•••	257d	75
Notes cancelled	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	257e	ib.
Securities and ca	ash in de	posit	•••	•••	<b></b> .	257f	ib.
Receipts and dis	bursemen	ıts	•••	•••	•••	257g	76
	Secti	on VIII	-POLIT	ICAL.			
Civil and Crimin	al Justic	e	•••	•••		257h	77
Police	•••	•••	•••		•••	257i	ib.
Jails		•••	•••	•••		257j	ib.
Land Revenue	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	257k	ib.
Coffee plantation		•••	•••	•••		257l	ib.
Customs	,	•••	•••	•••	•••	257m	78
Tobacco	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	257n	ib.
Education		•••	•••	•••	•••	2570	ib.
Forest	/	•••		•••		257p	ib.
Medical		•••	•••		•••	257q	ib.
Observatory	•••	***	***	•••	•••	257r	$oldsymbol{ib}.$
Public Gardens	•••	•••	•••	,	•••	2578	ib.
Postal Departme	ent	•••	•••	•••	•••	257t	79
Public Works	•.•	•••	•••	•••		<b>2</b> 58	ib.
Roads		•••	•••		•••	259	ib.
Finances	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	260	ib
	-			•			

						Para. I	Page.
Civil Justice		•••	•••	•••	•••	262	80
Education	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	<b>263</b>	ib.
Coffee plantation	ıs	•••	•••	•••	•••	264	· ib.
Public Works	-Shorano	or bridge		•••	•••	265	ib.
Proposed Railwa	y to Coo	hin	•••		•••	266	ib.
Port of Narakal	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	267	81
Finances	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	268	ib.
	SEC	CTION IX.	-MILII	CARY.			
Reduction of one	of the	livisional	command	ls	•••	271	82
Artillery Force	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	272	$ib\cdot$
Supply of mutt	ton ratio	ons to Eu	ropean T	roops in	the		
Straits	•••	••.	•••	•••	•••	273	ib.
Station Butchers	3	•••	•••	•••	•••	274	ib.
Substitution of I	Rum for	Arrack to	the Eur	opean Tro	oops	275	ib.
Relief to Military	y sufferer	s by the cy	yclone at	Masulipa	tam	276	83
Native Troops at	t Port B	lair	•••	•••		277	ib.
Removal of Sapp	ers and	Miners fr	om Dowl	aishwerar	n to		
Bangalore	•••	•••	•••	•••	••	278	ib.
Health of Troops		•••	•••	•••	•••	279	ib.
Additional cause	of the e	xcess of s	ickness	•••		280	84 -
Strength and m	ortality	in the Eur	ropean A	rmy	•••	281	ib.
Proportion of sic	kness ar	id mortali	ity	•.•	•••	282	ib.
Highest ratio in	the Pres	sidency Di	ivision	•••	•••	283	ib.
Sickness and mo	rtality ir	n Native T	roops	•••	•••	284	ib.
Cholera on the m	arch	•••		•••	•••	285	ib.
Fever in Mysore	• • •	•••	•••	•••		286	ib.
Cholera at Kamp	otce	•••	•••	•••	•••	287	85
Tabular Return	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	288	ib.
Lock Hospitals	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	289	ib.
State of Venereal	disease	amongst t	he Troor	os		290	ib.
Sanitary Commi		•••	•••	•••	•••	291	ib.
Financial	•••	•••	•••	•••	•	292	87
Military Account	tant's Do	partment	•••		•••	ib.	ib.
Same system of		-		P.S		<i>ib.</i>	<i>ib</i> .
Machinery work			,		•••	293	ib.
Outstandings in		Departme	ent	•••	•••	294	88
Outstandings of	the Com	unissariat	Departm	ent		295	ib.
Expenditure of t	the Com	nissariat 1	Departme	ent.		296	ib
Cost of the Arm		• • • •				290 997	il.

				Para. I	age.
Increased cost of the Army	•••	•••		298	88
Some of the causes of increased cos	t specifie	ed	•••	299	ib.
Reduction	•••	•••	•••	300	89
Partial substitution of light Sick C	arts for I	Doolies	•••	301	ib.
Departmental supplies	•••	•••	•••	302	ib.
Abolition of the Manufacturing	Establi	${f shments}$	at		
Hoonsoor	•••	•••	•••	303	ib.
Remount Depôt Farm at Oossoor	•••	•••	•••	304	ib.
Sepoys' Gardens	•••	• • •	•••	305	ib.
Removal of the Laboratory from	Fort Sai	int Geor	ge to		
Saint Thomas' Mount	•••	•••	•••	306	90
Conduct of the Troops	•••	•••	• • •	307	ib.
Section X.—E	DUCAT	IONAL	•		
Number of Schools and Pupils	•••	•••		308	91
Classification of Schools	•••	***	•••	309	ib.
Inspecting Officers	•••	• • •	•••	310	92
Expenditure	•••	•••	•••	311	ib.
University Examinations		•••	•••	312	93
73	•••	•••	•••	313	ib.
Medical College	•••	•••	•••	314	ib.
Civil Engineering College	•••	•••	•••	315	94
Normal Schools	•••	•••	•••	316	ib.
Students in Normal Schools appoi	nted to l	Mastersh	ips	317	95
Teachers' certificate Examination		•••	• • • •	318	ib.
Private Schools	•••	•••	•••	319	ib.
Aided Schools	•••	•••		ib.	ib.
Madras Education Acts	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib.
Decrease in number of pupils in Tir	nevelly	Mission S	Schools	320	96
Revised grant-in-aid Rules	-	•••		321	ib.
Uncovenanted Civil Service Exami			•••	322	ib.
SECTION XI.—E	CCLESI	ASTICA	AL.		
Section XII,—M	ISCELI	LANEOU	JS.		
			•	330	99
The Cyclone at Masulipatam  Medical.—Public health	-	•••	•••	342	102
Extent of the Monsoon	•••	•••	•••	342 ib.	ib
Prevalence of Cholera and Fever		•••	•••	10. 343	ib
	om abal	•••	•••	ა∗ა 345	ib:
Freedom of the Presidency town fr	ATT CHOIC	CT ST.	•••	ひまひ	70,

						rara.	Page.
Cholera in the C	eded Dis	tricts, a	nd North	ern Circai	s, and		
its origin	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	346	102
Civil Dispensar	ies	•••	•••	***	•••	347	103
Support of Hosp	pitals by	the pe	eople	•••	•••	ib.	ib.
Amount investe	d up to t	he end	of 1864	•••	•••	348	ib.
Opening of new	Hospita	ls	•••	•••	•••	349	ib.
Numbers treated	d, &c., in	Civil H	lospitals a	nd Disper	saries	350	ib.
Vaccination	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	351	104
Re-organization	of the Va	accine I	Departmen	ıt		ib.	ib.
Commencement	of operat	ions	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib.
Prevalence of Si	mall-Pox	•••	•••	•••	•••	ib.	ib,
Obstacles to the	spread of	vaccina	ation	•••	•••	<b>352</b>	ib.
Unhealthiness of	f Jails	•••	•••	•••	•••	353	ib.
EmigrationN	umber of	Emigra	ants	• • •	•••	354	ib.
Presidency Mun	icipality	•••	• • •	•••	•••	366	106
Observatory	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	369	ib.
Transit Circle	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	371	107
Equatorials	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	373	ib.
Variable Star At	las and S	Souther	n Celestia	l Survey	•••	374	108
Investigation of	the Sol	lar Par	allax by	means of	the		
planet Mars	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	376	ib.
Time Signals	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	377	109
Magnetism and	Meteorol	ogy	•••	•••	•••	<b>37</b> 8	ib.
Government Cen	itral Mus	eum	•••	•••	•••	<b>379</b>	ib.
Birds	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	<b>380</b>	ib.
Fish	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	381	110
Insects	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	<b>3</b> 82	ib.
Shells	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	383	ib.
Coins	•••		•••	•••	•••	384	ib.
Electric.—New 1	ines	***	•••	•••	•••	389	ib.
Receipts and Ex	penditure	e	•••	•1•	•••	392	111

# APPENDICES.

## APPENDIX-I.

#### LEGISLATIVE,

Saint George for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations,	
on the 30th April 1865	Λ.
List of Petitions received and disposed of during the year 1864-65.	В.
APPENDIX—II.	
Judicial.	
Statement shewing the number of Suits instituted and disposed	
of by the High Court of Judicature at Madras, in its ordinary	
Original Jurisdiction, during the year 1864	A.
General Abstract Statement	В.
Rules for the guidance of District and Deputy Registrars	C.
Number of Offences against the Indian Penal Code, and of persons	
concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the year	
1864; and the result of the Proceedings	D.
Comparative Return of Offences against the Indian Penal Code	
in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the year 1864	ib.
Number of offences against Special Laws, and of persons concern-	
ed, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the year 1864,	
and the result of the Proceedings	E.
Comparative Return of Offences against Special Laws in the Dis-	
tricts of the Madras Presidency, for the year 1864	ib.
Comparative Return of the Castes and Callings of offenders	
against Special Laws in the Districts of the Madras Presidency,	
f for the year 1864	ib.
Police establishment and cost for the year 1864-65	F.
Casualties and enlistments	ib.
Offences of which Police officers were convicted	ib.
Statement of castes	ib.
Statement shewing the number of Police officers who passed the	
Examination during the year 1864	ib:
Fall of rain and price of food	ib.

Warrant and Summons served		•••	F.
Accidental Deaths and Suicides	•••	•••	ib.
Report of Prisoners escaped from custod	y in the sever	al Districts	
of the Madras Presidency during the y	rear 1864-65.	•••	ib.
Return shewing the state of Education of		•••	ib.
Number of miscellaneous processes inc	luding remand	Warrants,	
levy of distress, committals, &c.	•••	•••	ib.
Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in		f the four	
Ranges, for the year ending 31st Dece		•••	G.
Annual Return of the Expenditure of the	Madras Penit	entiary for	
•		•••	H.
Annual Statement of the Madras Penite	-	•	
to 31st December 1864, inclusive of Pr	isoners receive	d from the	
Mofussil		***	
Summary of Returns received from the			<b>T</b>
Presidency of Fort Saint George, for t	he Official year	r 1864-65.	J.
APPENDIX-	-III.		
REVENUE.			
Statement shewing the cultivation in th	e several Distr	icts under	
the Madras Presidency, for the Official			
Statement shewing the prices of grain a	nd other chief	articles of	
produce in the several Districts under	the Madras I	Presidency,	
for the Official year 1864-65, compared	l with 1863-64	ŀ	В.
Statement shewing the collections of al	l sources of I	levenue in	
the several Districts of the Madras Pr	esidency, for t	he Official	
year 1864-65, compared with 1863-64.		•••	C.
Imports and Exports		•••	D.
Value of the trade in food-grains for thr	ee years, viz.,	1862-63 to	
1864-65	•••	•••	E.
Imports and Exports of Bullion and Specie	from 1862-63	to 1864-65	F.
APPENDIX—	īV		
•	•		
Public Work	3.		
Works undertaken from Local Funds .	••		A.
Statement shewing the Estimate, Allotme	ent for the vea	r 1864-65.	
and France Miles Danier ave a		•••	В
Abstract Statement shewing the entire I	Expenditure of	Cash and	1
Stores during and up to the end of Offi	cial year 1864	-65	C. 3
Estimates sanctioned during 1864-65	***	-	מ

## APPENDIX-V.

#### MARINE.

Statement shewing the Recei	pts, Disbur	sements, and	Balances co	on-	
nected with Port Charges	and Dues i	n the variou	is Ports of	the	
Presidency of Fort Saint	George, un	der the ope	rations of	<b>\</b> ct	
XXII of 1855, from 1st Ma	ay 1864 to	30th April 1	865	• • •	Α.
Table shewing the number of	of Boats and	l Rafts using	the Pier ea	ıch	
month from March 1864 to	o April 186	5. <b></b>	•••	•••	B.
Statement of the Tolls levi	ed on the l	Madras Pier	from Janua	ary	
1862 to the 30th April 18		•••	•••		C.
Particulars of the Trade of	the Ports	in each Di	istrict for	the	
Official year 1864-65	•••	• • •	•••		D.
Notification.—Marine Depar	tment	•••	***		Ε.
_					
AJ	PPENDIX-	-Vl.			
	Financia	ı			
Statement showing the Poss	sinta and 1	\\		1.	
Statement shewing the Received of Madray on account of					
of Madras on account of 1864-65					4
	 \:-\	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	M 100	••• 3 4	A.
Abstract of Receipts and I			•		13
30th April 1865					В.
Statement showing the Terris		-		the	
Madras Presidency during	the years	1861-62 to	1863-61	•••	C,
AI	PPENDIX-	-VII.			
	POLITICA	L.			
	TRVAANCO	ORE.			
Statement exhibiting the m	ımber of Oı	riginal Suits	instituted.	de-	
cided, and pending during		_			
of 1038 :		•••			Α.
Statement shewing the nur		ises brought	un before	the	
Criminal Courts for trial,			•		
tence passed in each case		o denvered,	and one s	.C.11-	27
Revenue and Expenditure		•••	•••	•••	ib.
Imports			•••	•••	ib.
Exports		***	***	•••	ib.
Public Works in progress	•••	***	•••	•••	ib.
r anno morra m brogress	•••	•••	***	•••	ib.

#### Cochin.

Statement shewing the number of Civil Suits pen- posed, and remaining in the various Courts in 1		
Statement shewing the number of Original Suits various Courts in 1038 and 1039, and the number of Original Suits		
from those Courts in those years		ib.
Statement shewing the number of the Appeal Suits	disposed of	b <b>y</b>
the Appellate Courts in the year 1038 and 1039	•••	ib.
Statement shewing the number of cases decided in e	each Court a	nd
the average period of duration in the year 1038 a	nd 1039	$\dots$ ib.
Comparative Statement showing the number of Committed for trial, disposed of, &c., in the var		
Courts in 1038 and 1039	•••	ib.
Statement exhibiting the Receipts and Disbursement	s of the Cocl	in
Sirkar for the year 1039, M. E	•••	$ib$ .
APPENDIX—VIII.		
MILITARY.		
APPENDIX-IX.		
MISCELLANEOUS.		
The Cyclone at Masulipatam	•••	A.
Emigration	•••	bi.
Government Central Museum	•	bi.

# ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

### ADMINISTRATION OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY

DURING THE YEAR 1864-65.

#### SECTION 1.—EXECUTIVE GOVERNMENT.

On the 16th December 1864, the Honorable H. D. Phillips, who had been previously appointed a Provisional Member of Council, took his seat as 4th Member of Council, in succession to the Honorable E. Maltby, whose tenure of office had expired. No other change took place in the personnel of the Madras Government during the year under review.

#### SECTION II.-LEGISLATIVE.

- 2. The only change in the constitution of the Council for making Additional Members and Regulations was that caused by the appointment of Mr. Robert Staunton Ellis, who took his seat as an additional Member on the 14th January 1865. Mr. A. J. Arbuthnot, the Chief Secretary to Government, was re-appointed an additional Member.
- 3. Act No. I of 1864, "to repeal (Madras) Act No. II of 1863 and Acts passed by to provide for the extension of certain provisions of Act XXII of 1855 to all ports for the landing and shipment of Merchandize within the Madras Presidency," received the assent of the Governor General on the 14th of May 1864, and came into operation on the 1st of August 1864.

Act No. II of 1864, being an Act "to consolidate the Laws for the recovery of arrears of Revenue in the Madras Presidency," received the assent of the Governor General on the 20th of June 1864, and came into operation on the 1st of November 1864.

LEGISLA-

Act No. III of 1864, being an Act "for amending the Abkarry Laws of the Madras Presidency beyond the limits of the Madras Abkarry as prescribed by Act XIX of 1852," received the assent of the Governor General on the 28th of July 1864, and came into operation on the 1st of January 1865.

Act No. IV of 1864, being an Act "for the Levy of a Cess in lieu of Village Service Fees," received the assent of the Governor General on the 27th August 1864. This Act which is to take effect only within such Districts or parts of Districts of the Madras Presidency, and from such dates in each of the same as the Government of Madras may direct, has as yet been brought into operation in the Trichinopoly District only.

Act No. I of 1865, or an Act "to provide for the alteration of the Stations of Zillah Courts and limits of Districts or Zillahs in the Madras Presidency," received the assent of the Governor General and came into operation on the 5th of January 1865. This Act repeals those provisions of previous Acts which made the assent of the Governor General necessary to any alteration of the Stations of Zillah Courts and the limits of Zillahs.

Act No II of 1865, being an Act "for the repeal of Sections 48 and 49 of Act VII of 1843," received the assent of the Governor General on the 6th of January 1865, and came into operation on the 31st January 1865. This Act enables the Government to place the Zillah Jails in charge of Officers other than the Sessions Judges or Judges of the Subordinate Criminal Courts.

Act No. III of 1865, or an Act "to make better provision for the punishment of offences against Special and Local Laws," authorizes all Magistrates to take cognizance of any offence against Special and Local Laws to the extent of their ordinary powers. This Act received the assent of the Governor General on the 4th of March 1865, and came into operation on the 1st of June 1865.

Act No. IV of 1865, styled an Act "to make provision for the administration of Military Cantonments in the Presidency of Fort Saint George," received the assent of the Governor General on the 12th of April 1865. This Act comes into operation only in such Military Cantonments and from such dates as the Governor in Council may direct. It has already been extended to the following Military Cantonments:—Bellary, Cannanore, Trichinopoly, Saint Thomas' Mount, Wellington.

Act No. V of 1865, being an Act to amend Act XXIV of 1859,

received the assent of the Governor General, and came into operation on the 28th of April 1865. This Act provides for the apprehension and imprisonment of offences under Act XXIV of 1859, in default of payment of fine.

LEGISLA-TIVE.

4. A very important Bill, the object of which is to consolidate Bills passed but not yet assented and simplify various Laws which have been passed relative to land- General. holders and their tenants, and to provide a uniform process for the recovery of rent, has been passed by the Government and now awaits the assent of the Governor General.

Two other important Bills, relating to the improvement of Towns and the appointment of Municipal Commissioners, were introduced into the Council shortly before the close of the official year, and have since been passed and forwarded to the Governor General for his assent. The first "provides for the appointment of Municipal Commissioners in Towns in the Presidency of Fort Saint George and for the Police Conservancy and Improvement thereof, and for the levying of Rates. Tolls, and Taxes therein." The second "amends the Law relating to the appointment of Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Madras and the management of its Municipal affairs, and makes better provision for the Police, Conservancy, and Improvement of the Town, and enables the Commissioners to levy Taxes, Tolls, and Rates." One object of each of these Bills is to relieve the Imperial Treasury from a portion of the cost of the Police Force maintained in the Towns to which the Bills are respectively applicable. Under the former three-fourths, and under the latter one-half of the cost of the Police will be met by local taxation. Provision is made in the Mofussil Municipal Bill, which is entitled "Towns Improvement Act, 1865." for one-fourth of the cost of all necessary improvements being defraved by the Government, the aggregate amount to be expended on such improvements as well as on the Police being subject to the sanction of Government. In all Towns to which the Bill may be applied, and in which Act XXVI of 1850 may have been brought into operation, the latter enactment will cease to operate; all funds belonging to anv Municipality constituted under Act XXVI of 1850 being transferred to the Municipality constituted under the Bill. Lists of Bills pending before the Council at the close of the year, and of Petitions disposed of during the year, will be found in the Appendix.

GENERAL.

#### SECTION III.-JUDICIAL.

#### GENERAL.

Whipping Act.

5. One of the most important measures of the year in the Judicial Department was the promulgation of the Whipping Act (VI of 1864), When the Penal and Criminal Procedure Codes became law, the old Criminal Regulations were repealed, and among them those relating to corporal punishment, and even Act I of 1853, which provided for the whipping of juvenile offenders in the way of school discipline. Flogging is not one of the punishments authorized by the Penal Code, and consequently from January 1862, when the Code came into force, until the enactment of the Whipping Act, no flogging could be inflicted, except, in the way of prison discipline, upon insubordinate convicts in Jail. The offences now made punishable with whipping are theft, extortion, receiving stolen property, and house-breaking, to which may be added, if the offender has been before convicted of the same offence, perjury, forgery, indecent assault, rape, unnatural offences, or false accusation of such offences, and robbery. The Legislature left it to the local Governments to determine the instrument with which whipping should be inflicted, and, following the provisions of Regulation VIII. of 1828 and Act I of 1853 above quoted, the Madras Government selected in the case of adults the cat-o-nine tails, and for juvenile offenders a light rattan. By Section 8 of the Act, no sentence of whipping can be passed by an officer inferior to Subordinate Magistrates of the 1st Class, unless specially authorized by the local Government. vernor in Council has not deemed it expedient at present to entrust this power to any officer of an inferior grade. The Act has not been in force long enough to warrant a decided report in its favor, but the general impression among the officers most competent to judge is that it has been working beneficially. Its effect upon the statistics of Criminal justice cannot yet be estimated.

Registratio

6. The Registration Act, No. XVI of 1864, came into operation on the 1st of January last. It had therefore been in legal operation for only four months when the official year closed, and practically, in many parts of the country, it cannot be said to have been actually in force for three months, inasmuch as the Registers did not reach the sub-Districts till after the beginning of February.

Instruments registered. 7. The aggregate number of Instruments registered, up to the 30th of April, was 13,055, of which 4,021 were deeds of gift, deeds of sale,

and other absolute transfers of immoveable property, 4.573 were leases. GENERAL. mortgages, and other temporary or conditional transfers of immoveable property: 358 were memoranda of decrees and orders of court, and awards of arbitration; and 4.103 were bonds, contracts, and other miscellaneous instruments, chiefly relating to moveable property. The number of instruments specially registered was 1,317; the number of instruments of which the registration was compulsory was 6,374; and the number of which it was optional was 6,339. The amount of fees collected was Rs. 8,802-6-0.

8. For the purposes of registration the Madras Presidency has been Registration Districts. divided into twenty-two Districts, of which sixteen are conterminous with the Collectorates. The Collectorates of Tanjore and Malabar are each divided into two Registration Districts, corresponding with the Zillahs of Tanjore, Tranquebar, Tellicherry, and Calicut. The Madras Collectorate is also divided into two Registration Districts, one of which is conterminous with the limits of the ordinary Civil jurisdiction of the High Court, while the other comprises the remaining portion of the Collectorate.

The total number of Deputy Registrars is 326, of whom 300 are Registrars. Tabsildars or Sub-Magistrates, three are public officers holding other appointments, and twenty-three are non-official persons. It was at first intended that the offices of District and Deputy Registrar should be filled by officers belonging to the Judicial branch of the service. In a communication which the Supreme Government addressed to the Government of Madras shortly after the passing of the Act, the Governor General in Council expressed himself in favor of employing the existing judicial agency whenever it might be practicable, on the ground that the functions which would have to be exercised under the Act would often partake, in no inconsiderable degree, of a judicial character. The Madras Government were at first disposed to take a similar view in favor of selecting the registration officers from the Judicial Department. In favor of this arrangement there was the presumption of a certain amount of judicial experience, as well as the stationary character of a Judicial Officer's duties. On full consideration, however, it was decided that for many reasons the appointment of Revenue Officers would be preferable. There are several provisions in the Act which render the duties of a registering officer somewhat incompatible with those of a Judge; and against the selection of Zillah Judges for the office of District Registrar there was the objection that such an arrangement would

GENERAL. entail difficulty in providing for any sudden vacancy in the office, inasmuch as the only provision which the Act makes for filling such vacancy otherwise than by the Governor in Council, is that contained in Section X, to the effect that in case of the absence of any District Registrar, the Judge of the Principal Court of original Civil jurisdiction of the District, shall, during any such absence or vacancy, be the Registrar. It was suggested that the arrangement which has since been adopted in Bengal of appointing the Collectors ex-officio District Registrars might be adopted here, but in most of the Districts of this Presidency the duties of the Collectors are such as not to admit of any additional work being imposed upon them, while their absences from their Head Quarter Stations are necessarily so frequent, that for nearly half the year the office of District Registrar would practically be held by the Judge on whom it would devolve, under Section X of the Act. It was accordingly determined that in every District in which the Treasury is at the same station as the Zillah Court, the Deputy Collector in charge of the Treasury should be appointed District Registrar. At present the office is held by a Deputy Collector in all except two of the Districts. The greater number of the Deputy Registrars, as already stated, are Tahsildars or Sub-Magistrates.

Salary of Registiar General.

The salary of the Registrar General has been fixed at Rupees 1.500 a month, with travelling allowance at the rate of Rupees 4 per diem when absent from Head Quarters, and a mileage of 8 Annas a mile for distance actually travelled. The cost of the office establishment is Rupees 300 a month,

Allowances District Registrar of Madras.

The District Registrar at the Presidency receives a salary of Rupees 500 a month and a commission of 10 per cent. on the fees collected in his office, provided that such commission shall not exceed Rupees 100 per mensem. His office establishment is fixed at Rupees 150.

Of District and Deputy Registrars

The District Registrars are paid entirely by commission, which has been fixed for the present at 25 per cent. on the fees collected in their respective Districts. The Deputy Registrars receive a commission of 50 per cent. on the fees collected in their own Districts. Each District Registrar is allowed an office establishment of Rupees 40. The Deputy Registrars pay their own office establishments.

Fees.

- The table of fees in force up to the close of the official year is subjoined.
- I. The fees payable in the office of every District and Deputy Registrar shall be as follows :-

GENERAL.

For registering every instrument, the value	of which does not	exceed
Rupees 100		4 Annas.
For registering every instrument, the value	of which is above R	Lupees
100 and not exceeding Rupees 500		8 Annas.
For registering every instrument, the value	e of which is above I	Lupees
500 and not exceeding Rupees 1,000	•••	1 Rupee.
Do. do. Rup	ees 1,000 and not exc	eeding
Rupees 2,500		2 Rupecs.
Do. do. Rup	ees 2,500 and not exc	eeding
Rupees 5,000		3 Rupees.
For each additional 1,000 Rupees or part the	reof	8 Annas.
For every search		8 Annas.
For every extract, or copy of any \ 4 Annas f extract abstract or instrument \ any frac	or every 100 words or ction of 100 words.	r for
For the registration and safe custody of any s	ealed envelope purpor	ting
to contain a will, codicil, or authority to adopt	•••	5 Rupees.
II. The value in the case of leases, for per	riods less than five yes	ars, without fine
or premium, shall be the aggregate amount of rent	payable for the whol	e term of lease.
III. The value in the case of other leases	for a term of years,	without fine or
premium, shall be calculated at five years rental.		
IV. When a fine is payable, with or without	a rent stipulated, th	e value shall be
the aggregate of the fine, and of the rent value (i	f any) calculated as i	n the foregoing
rule.		
V. The value in the case of conveyances, wh		•
maximum amount which the stamp borne by the do	ocument shall suffice t	o cover.
VI. In all cases not provided for by special:	rule, and in which no	value is express-

ed, the fee, on registration, shall be Rupees 5 for each document.

VII. The fce payable to the Registrar General for every registration, search, extract, or copy of any entry, abstract, or instrument made in his office, shall be double the amount above prescribed for the corresponding registration, search, extract, or copy, made in the office of any District or Deputy Registrar, except that no higher fee than 5 Rupees shall be payable to the Registrar General, for registering any instrument coming with within the class or description mentioned in Rule VI.

The scale of charges in the foregoing table, which is much Revision of Fees. lower than those in force in Bengal or the North Western Provinces, having been found inadequate, either to afford sufficient remuneration to the Registering officers, or to meet the expenditure incurred by Government in connexion with the Department, has been raised since the close of the year.

15. The considerations which led to the establishment of a new Civil and Session Court at Vizagapatam, and the transfer to its jurisdiction of some of the tracts formerly under the Agents of Vizagapatam and Ganjam, were stated at length in the Reports for last year and the

Courts in Ganjam and Viza-

GENERAL. year before, and the result of the change was then stated to be satisfactory. The jurisdiction of the new Civil and Session Court has since been extended, so as to embrace the whole of the Vizagapatam District below the Ghauts. The judicial work of the Agent is now comparatively light, and he has leisure to attend to his other important duties. On the establishment of the new Court at Vizagapatam, the Civil and Session Court formerly located at Chicacole was ordered to be removed to Berhampore. The new Court House and Jail were completed, and the transfer effected in the year under report, and the Zillah Court is now designated the Civil and Session Court of Berhampore.

Tranquebar fix-Court in the Eastein paits of the

The designation of the Zillah of Negapatam has also been ed on as the permanent station of changed. When the old Combaconum Zillah was divided into two parts, Civil and Session Negapatam was selected for the chief station of the Eastern Zillah, but as there were no public buildings there, the Chief Courts were temporarily located at Tranquebar. A Court of Small Causes was also established at Tranquebar. For reasons which will presently appear, the Governor in Council transferred the latter Court to Negapatam, and thereupon directed that the Courts of the Civil and Session Judge and Principal Sudder Ameen should be permanently stationed at Tranquebar, and the Zillah designated the Zillah of Tranquebar.

Jurisdiction of certain Courts of Small Causes.

At Chittoor.

17. By the passing of (Madras) Act IV of 1863, jurisdiction over suits of the nature of Small Causes for sums not exceeding 50 Rupees was vested in District Moonsiffs, and it became necessary to modify the territorial jurisdiction and arrangements for the sitting of some of the Courts of Small Causes established under Act XLII of 1860. The arrangements ultimately adopted by the Governor in Council were as follows:-The Court at Chittoor was transferred to Vellore, with Tripaty as an out-station to be visited periodically, and the Judge invested with the powers of a Principal Sudder Ameen, to aid in disposing of the heavy arrears of appeal suits on the file of the Chittoor Zillah Court. He was also invested with exclusive special jurisdiction in the town of Vellore and its environs. The Judge of the Court at Tellicherry was vested with exclusive special jurisdiction within the District of the Tellicherry Moonsiff, and he was authorized to hold sittings at Manantoddy in Wynaad for two months once a year.

At Tellicherry.

18. The arrangements adopted in the two Zillahs forming the Dis-In Tanjore. trict of Tanjore were of a more peculiar character. Each was divided into two parts, one of which was placed under the Judge of the Small Cause Court, who was also invested with the powers of a Principal

Sudder Ameen, and the other under the Principal Sudder Ameen, to CIVIL JUSwhom special jurisdiction was given, under (Madras) Act IV of 1863. The Judges of the Small Cause Courts, which, under these arrangements, have been removed to Combaconum and Negapatam respectively, and the Principal Sudder Ameens at Tanjore and Tranquebar have now the same powers, both special and regular, and each presides over a half of his Zillah.

TICE.

19. The Principal Sudder Ameen of Salem has been invested with special jurisdiction over the whole Zillah, but this arrangement has not worked very satisfactorily, and a change is under contemplation.

At Salem.

20. The heavy arrears on the appeal files of the Tanjore Courts, Principal Sudder which rendered necessary the establishment of an Additional Principal from Tanjore to Sudder Ameen in 1862, have been gradually worked off. The Addi-Coimbatore, tional Principal Sudder Ameen has accordingly been transferred for a short time to the Coimbatore Zillah, where the appeals have fallen into arrears. It is expected that his work there will be completed in August or September. On the other hand, it has been found necessary to retain permanently the Principal Sudder Ameen's Court at Madura. where the judicial work is very heavy and increasing.

The Courts of five District Moonsiffs were abolished during the Abolition of Moonsiff's Courts. year, owing to the great reduction of the work on their files. reduction is chiefly attributable to the operation of (Madras) Act 1V of 1863, which has been noticed above. Two town Moonsiffs, receiving salaries from Government, were also abolished. They exercised the powers of Village Moonsiffs within the large towns of Tanjore and Combaconum.

22. Various measures, in themselves of slight importance, have Improved minor come under consideration during the year for improving the Ministerial establishments of the Courts, and the appearance of the Court Houses. The District Moonsiffs' Courts have all been supplied with decent furniture and the work of the superior Courts is now carried on with some show of dignity. In a few Districts new Court Houses have been built. The Governor in Council strongly recommended that the number of peons attached to the Civil and Session Courts should be increased; but the Supreme Government declined to sanction this proposition on financial grounds. The batta establishments of peons and ameens, for the service or execution of civil processes, have been placed on a better footing, and a uniform scale of fees has been laid down for their remuneration. The pay of the Interpreters on the

TICE.

CIVIL JUS- Appellate side of the High Court has been raised to Rupees 250, and the appointment of a fourth Interpreter has been sanctioned.

Destruction of

The immense accumulation of old judicial records, has also attracted attention. Under the orders previously in force, almost all records, Criminal and Civil, including exhibits and depositions, had to be preserved for twenty years: a few only were allowed to be destroyed after ten years. With the concurrence of Government, in the year under notice, the High Court drew up a few simple rules on the subject. With the exception of the Calendars of Criminal trials, the judgments and decrees in Civil suits, and any papers which, on account of their public interest or for other reasons, the Judge may think proper specially to preserve, all records will now, as a matter of course, be destroyed on the expiration of three years from the final decision.

Appointment of Pleaders inCourts

At the beginning of the year, a correspondence took place between the Government and the High Court, in regard to the position of persons who have passed the special test prescribed for the offices of Pleader and District Moonsiff, and to whom it was proposed to grant a general diploma entitling them to practice as Pleaders in any Court below the High Court. It was ultimately resolved, in accordance with the opinion of the High Court, that passed candidates were only eligible for the appointment of Pleader, and not entitled to claim permission to practice as a matter of right; and that, looking to the present circumstances of the country and the character of its litigation, it would be extremely unwise to take away from the Civil Judges the power which they now possess of restricting the number of practitioners, with reference to the actual and legitimate requirements of their Districts.

Distribution of Magisterial power

Towards the close of the year the Governor in Council issued a Notification, under Section 22 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, prescribing, as under, the powers to be exercised by the various grades of the Magistracy subordinate to the Magistrate of the District:-

Joint Magistrates; Head Assistant Magistrates; Acting Head Assistant Magistrates, while in charge of the office; Assistant Magistrates, who have passed the Assistant's Examination by the 2nd Standard-The full powers of a Magistrate.

Assistant Magistrates, who have passed the Assistant's Examination by the 1st Standard; Deputy Magistrates-The powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the 1st Class.

Assistant Magistrates, who have not passed the Assistant's Examination by the 1st Standard; Taluq Magistrates (i. e. Tahsildars), Sub-Magistrates—The powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the 2nd Class.

CIVIL JUS-TICE.

#### CIVIL JUSTICE.

26. At the close of the year 1863, 90,136 Original suits remained Number

undecided, and 1,59,401 were instituted in (1) 1863...... 2,86,905 1864, making a total of 2.49.537, or 37.368(1) 1864...... 2,49,537 37.868 Decrease. .. less than the number before the Courts in (2) 1864..... 1,59,401 the previous year, although in the number of 1863..... 1,57,780 suits instituted there was an increase of Increase.... 1,621  $1.621^{(2)}$  as compared with 1863.

These 2.49.537 suits came before the different Courts in the proportion shown below :---

Proportion of suits to courts.

Punchavets, 395: Village Moonsiffs, 52,684; District Moonsiffs in their ordinary jurisdiction, 1,05,882; District Moonsiffs under Madras Act IV of 1863, 74,245; Principal Sudder Ameens in their ordinary jurisdiction, 2,354; Principal Sudder Ameens under Act IV of 1863, 1.479: Assistant Agents, 35: Judges of Small Cause Courts, 8.957: Civil Judges and Agents in their ordinary jurisdiction, 3,176; Civil Judges and Agents under Act IV of 1863, 330;

Of the total number, 1,87,896, or 75 per cent., were disposed Buits disposed of

- of, leaving 61,641 undecided at the close of 1.96.769 (3) 1863...... the year. The number determined is slight-1.87.896 1864 ..... ly below(3) the corresponding figure of 8.873 Decrease... 1863, but a comparison(4) as regards the 90.136 (4) 1863 ....... number remaining undisposed of, is consider-1864..... 61,641 ably in favor of the year under notice. 28,495 Decrease ...
- The judicatories by whom the above 1,87,896 suits were Courts by which disposed of, are shown in the following table:-

	Ordinary Suits.	Small Causes.	Total.
Punchayets Village Moonsiffs Principal Sudder Ameens Assistant Agents Civil Judges and Agents	324 40,799 64,156 1,160 30 2,608	 68,900 1,308  316	324 40,799 1,33,065 2,468 30 2,924
Judges of the Small Cause Courts.  Total	1,09,077	8,286 78,819	1,87,896

Of the ordinary suits disposed of by the several Courts, Mode of disposal,

CIVIL JUS- 36.791, or 34 per cent., were decided on the merits in favor of plaintiffs, TICE. and 11.309, or 10 per cent., in favor of defendants; 14,901 were dismissed for default; 31.380 were adjusted or withdrawn, and 14,696 were disposed of in other ways. Of the Small Causes disposed of by District Moonsiffs, &c., under Act IV of 1863, 33,206, or 47 per cent., were decreed on the merits for plaintiffs; and 9,249, or 13 per cent., for defendants. 6,041 were dismissed for default, 19,324 were adjusted or withdrawn, and 2,713 were otherwise disposed of. Of those disposed of by Courts of Small Causes, under Act XLII of 1860, 4.967, or 60 per cent.. were decreed on the merits for plaintiffs, and 573, or 7 per cent., for defendants; 539 were dismissed for default, and 2,207 were adjusted or withdrawn.

Duration of Suits.

The average duration on the files of the suits disposed of by the lower Courts was as follows:-

Ordinary Suits. Small Causes.

		Y.	M.	D.	Y.	M.	D.
District Moonsiffs	•••	0	8	9	0	2	8
Principal Sudder Ameens	•••	0	9	9	ŏ	ō	23
Assistant Agents	•••	0	0	23	•••	•••	
Civil Judges	•••	1	1	17	0	1	6
Judges of Small Cause Cour	ts:				0	0	23
					_ 1		

Suits newly instituted

29. The suits newly instituted during the year may be classified as follows :--

For rent and revenue derivable from land, 3,420. Lands, 12,111. Real property, such as houses, &c., 4,484. Debts and wages, 1,27,579. Caste, religion, &c., 420. Indigo, Sugar, &c., 1,757.

Value.

30. The aggregate value of the property at stake in the Original suits pending at the close of the year amounted to Rupees 12,777,335.

Appeals &c. in Lower Courts

In the course of the year 14,786 appeals came before the Courts subordinate to the High Court, inclusive of those pending at the close of 1863. Of these, 9,163 were disposed of as shown below, leaving 3,912, of the value of Rupees 13,64,234, undetermined at the close of the year. 1,711, or 18 per cent. were decreed on the merits in favor of Appellants, and 3,214, or 35 per cent., for Respondents; 192 were remanded to the Lower Courts, 243 were dismissed for default, 247 were adjusted or withdrawn, and 3,556 were disposed of in other The average duration of appeals was one year, one month, and

six days before the Civil Judges, and ten months and seven days before CIVIL JUSthe Principal Sudder Ameens. In addition to the Original and Appeal suits shown above, 78,604 applications for execution of decrees, and 1.57.480 petitions of a miscellaneous character were disposed of by the Lower Courts, leaving a balance of 19,049 of the former, and 4,053 of the latter.

TICE.

32, Besides 76 suits that were pending in the Original side of the High Court on the 31st December 1863, 368 were instituted. Of these, 161 were disposed of on merits at the settlement of issues, and 57 on final disposal; 23 were dismissed for default, 10 were withdrawn with leave to bring fresh suits, and 95 absolutely. There were also during the year 16 cases disposed of out of those remaining on the file of the late Supreme Court, besides interlocutary proceedings; thus leaving 98 suits pending under the Procedure Code on the 31st December 1864, in addition to suits and Plea side actions remaining from the late Supreme Court, not yet ripe for hearing on trial.

Suits in High Court, Original

Before the High Court in its Appellate jurisdiction, there were Suit in the High pending at the close of 1863, 63 Regular and 252 Special appeals, to which 83 Regular and 487 Special appeals were added in 1864, making a total of 146 Regular and 739 Special appeals pending and instituted.

Court Appellate

Regular.		Special.	In the		
1863 7 1864 8	6	526 487	the pro		
Increase	- 7 D	ecrease 39	7 Regu		

number newly filed, as compared with evious year, there was an increase of ılar, and a decrease of 39 Special ap-98 Regular and 583 Special appeals

were disposed of, and at the close of the year, there remained on the file only 48 Regular and 156 Special appeals.

The manner in which the decided appeals were disposed of is Mode of disposal shown below:-

					Regular.		Special.	
Decrees	confirmed	•••	***	•••	•••	68	498	
,,	$\mathbf{a}$ mended	•••	•••	•••	•••	7	9	
,,	reversed	•••	•••	•••	•••	10	31	
Suits re	manded			•••	•••	4	8	
Appeals dismissed for default			•••	•••	5	30		
" adjusted or withdrawn		•••	•••	2	5			
" otherwise disposed of.			•••	•••	2	2		

The average duration of the Appeals disposed of was six months and ten days, and the total value of those depending at the close of the year amounted to Rupees 15,19,437.

disposed of viz	Civil petitio	ns <b>b</b> r	ought b	oefore	the (	Court,	291	were
amponed en, vizin,								
Order	s confirmed	•••	•••	• • •	•••	223		
,,	reversed		•••	•••	•••	29		
,,	modified	•••	•••	•••	•••	2		
Cases	remanded	•••	•••		•••	1		
Other	wise dispose	d of	•••	•••	•••	36		
	disposed of, viz., Order ,, Cases	disposed of, viz.,  Orders confirmed  " reversed  " modified  Cases remanded	disposed of, viz.,  Orders confirmed  " reversed " modified	disposed of, viz.,  Orders confirmed  " reversed  " modified  Cases remanded	disposed of, viz.,  Orders confirmed  " reversed  " modified  Cases remanded	disposed of, viz.,  Orders confirmed  ,, reversed  , modified  Cases remanded	disposed of, viz.,  Orders confirmed 223  " reversed 29  " modified 2  Cases remanded 1	Orders confirmed          223         " reversed          29         " modified          2         Cases remanded          1

Reference of disputed points and Criminal Petitions. 36. Twenty-six references were made for the judgment of the High Court on disputed points of law (Section 13, Act XLII of 1860, and Section 28, Act XXIII of 1861), and 23 of these were disposed of within the year. The High Court also disposed of 159 of the 168 Criminal Petitions brought before them, viz:

Dismiss	ed after hearing without perusal of record	123
Orders	or sentences of Lower Courts, confirmed after	
per	usal of records	9
Do.	amended do. do	4
Do.	mitigated, without perusal of record	4
Do.	reversed, after perusal of record (of	
wh	ich three were under Section 404 of the Code of	
Cri	minal Procedure)	19
	Total	159

## CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

Collection of Statistics.

37. The statistics of offences and penal proceedings are now collected in the Police Department, each District Superintendent being Criminal Registrar of his District. The whole are tabulated and analyzed in the Office of the Inspector General of Police. All offences reported by the Police are brought on the Crime Journal and Ledger of the Police, and under the new arrangement each Magistrate sends to the Superintendent of Police at the close of each month a copy of his Criminal file, by which means the progress of each case is traced, and the result before the final tribunal is duly reported. All false charges are eliminated under the orders of the Magistracy, and no case is entered as detected unless punishment by a competent Court has been awarded to the offenders. The Criminal Returns are therefore much more complete and accurate than they have been hitherto. The following is an abstract of the offences charged and proceedings held under the Penal Code and other penal laws during the year under review:—

	perty.	and sum-	Magistrates	and pun-	Per	reons.	and oth	issue terwise ted of.	Rema	trial.
Lost.	Recovered,	Persons arrested s moned,	Cases tried by all &	Cases detected a	Released.	Convicted.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases,	Persons.
Rs.	Rs. 2,23,361							51,178		8,782
										4 197
_										22   22,772   8,735   90,283   47,479   39,556   17,620   61,973   6,654   11,179   293   11,11,34,585   2,32,096   2,42,984   90,124   64,780   69,403   1,07,291   28,602   62,857   1,715

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

I 'Abstract of of-

38. The number of offences reported and complained of, under all Penal Laws during the year—including 737 brought forward from the preceding year—was 141,906; 304,441 persons, or one in 79.5 of the population, were believed to have been concerned or were charged with offences. Two hundred and forty-two thousand, nine hundred and eighty-four (242,984) persons, or 79.8 per cent. of these were arrested or summoned to answer accusations. Ninety thousand, one hundred and twenty-four (90,124) cases, or 69.5 per cent. of all charges preferred, with 176,694 persons, were brought to trial before some Court; and 64,780 cases, or 71.6 per cent. of these trials, resulted in the conviction of 107,291 persons or 45.1 per cent. of all the persons compelled to appear.

Offences committed and dealt with by Courts.

# 39. Twenty-eight thousand and five hundred and two (28,502)

	Cases.	Persons.
Bailed by Police	10,007 17,262	38,753
Total	28, 502	62,357

cases, in which 62,357 persons were accused, were not brought to a final issue; but were bailed by the Police, dismissed for default, withdrawn by the parties or otherwise disposed of; and 1,715 cases, with

4,197 persons, remained under trial at the close of the year.

The property lost by all offences against property, was valued at Rupees 11,34,585; Rupees 2,32,096 worth, or 20.4 per cent. was recovered; leaving a net loss of Rupees, 9,02,489 to the public.

40. Of these offences, however, 46,558 may be classed as petty offences, of which 10,183 were petty assaults disposed of by heads of Villages, 23,995 were slight offences against the person, and 12,420 criminal trespasses, defamation, and insults tried by Stipendiary Magis-

Petty offences

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

trates. The total number of persons concerned in these cases was 1,14,690, and they form one-third (32·1 per cent.) of the apparent number of offences against all penal laws.

Offences under the Penul Code. 41. Offences against the Penal Code are divided into seven classes, 1st, Offences against the person. 2nd, Offences against property with violence. 3rd, Offences against property without violence. 4th, Malicious offences against property. 5th, Forgery and offences against the currency. 6th, Contempts and offences against public justice. 7th, Miscellaneous offences not included in the above classes. Offences against other Penal enactments are treated by themselves. The following abstract shows the offences under the Penal Code under each class:—

	charges rear.	again	Property to have	been	d and	Magie-	defend-	d pun-	Perso	ons.	Not be to an in other dispos	wise	Under at the of the	close
Under the Penal Code.	Offences committed and cha preferred during the year	Persons supposed to l cerned or complained	Lost,	Recovered.	Persons apprehended summoned,	Cases tried by all rates and Courts, &c.	Number of Persons and defend ants tried.	Offences detected and ished.	Convicted.	Released.	Cases.	Persons.	Cares.	Persons,
lst. Offences against the person 2nd, Offences against	27,772	70,042	1,711	623	61,077	13,839	181,424	8,416	14,410	17,014	12,153	28,368	462	1,298
Property with vio lence 3rd do. do without	11,097	28,060	6,16,985	59,194	9,001	3,132	8,131	1,452	2,753	Б,375	267	5 <b>6</b> 8	110	302
violence 4th, Malıci ous offen	21,800	40,479	4,67,678	1,61,384	28,681	12,957	24,543	7,369	13,778	12,765	1,343	2,800	378	789
ces against property 5th. Forgery and offences	4,949	15,618	17,931	686	12,269	2,526	7,424	1,234	3,210	4,214	1,867	4,541	40	304
against cur- rency 6th. Con- tempts and offences	289	658	873	29	559	250	532	80	110	422	10	18	5	9
against Public Justice 7th. Miscellancous	3,234	6,778	4,274	319	6,240	2,965	5,946	2,117	4,051	1,896	44	114	82	180
offences not classed above	16,668	46,424	2,361	1,227	35.474	7.676	19,801	4,556	9,706	10,095	6,191	14,775	344	900
Total .			11,11,818								21,868		-	

Offences against the persons.

42. In offences against the person 70,042 persons, or one in every 345 of the population, were concerned. One-half (83,839) of the cases were prosecuted to a final issue, and 12,156 cases were allowed to go by default or were withdrawn Of the 14,410 persons convicted, 10,170

were punished with simple fine. The offences under this head other CRIMINAL JUSTICE. than petty offences were 3.817.

- 272 murders were committed, and in 125 cases the offenders Murders. were convicted. Ganjam is at the head of the list with 28, and Malabar has the same. Bellary 27. Vizagapatam 25. In the Southern Tamil Districts the offence is least common. 179 persons were convicted, and 102 sentenced to death.
- 44. Of culpable homicides there were 82, in which Ganjam and Culpable homi-Vizagapatam had 11 each, Tanjore 10. These two crimes together number 354, being one above the average of the last four years. There were 261 attempts at suicide, and 106 convictions, 1,171 suicides were reported. 142 cases of causing miscarriage, concealment of birth. &c., were brought up, in 41 of which the females were convicted, 226 cases of aggravated hurt, and 100 of kidnapping were reported, the convictions being respectively 83 and 11. Out of 20 cases of prostitution of minors and 102 of rape, 7 and 10 cases, respectively, met with conviction.

45. Offences against property with violence include robbery, Other offences dacoity, and house-breaking. The high price of food and clothing and son. all necessaries has told upon this class of offences. 11,007 offences are reported, with an alleged loss of Rupees 5,57,791. 3,132 cases were tried, and in 1,452 cases, 2,753 offenders punished. There were 1,180 offences against robberies, and 98 attempts, only 80 offences were of an aggravated type. The largest number of cases were in Bellary, which had 174, and Nellore. Cuddapah, Salem, and North Arcot follow. There were 172 robberies in houses, 529 were highway robberies, and 420 were robberies of sheep pens and granaries in the open fields. 321 persons were convicted.

46. There were 954 dacoities, only 58 of which were aggravated in Dacoities. character. The highest number occurred in Cuddapah, but three bands of robbers were broken up during the year, and 60 of them transported. The average annual number of torch-light gang robberies for the four years previous to 1861 was 820. In 1864 there were only 153, against 263 in 1863. 8,596 cases of house-breaking were reported, and 2,047 were tried, 1,612 of the 4,139 prisoners being convicted.

47. In 17,657 thefts, implicating 31,934 persons, persons 18,491 were Thefts. tried, and 9,812 were convicted. The Village Heads tried 6,410 cases of

# SECTION III.-JUDICIAL.

# Madras.

petty theft under 1 Rupee, and convicted 8.770 prisoners out of 9.817 CRIMINAL JUSTICE. Receiving stolen property, misappropriation, extortion, and cheating, make up the number of offences against property without violence.

- 48. In the malicious offences against property, mischief by fire is of Other offences. most importance; there were 173 cases against 656 persons. were tried, and 31 persons convicted. In the remaining cases. only 87 received severe punishment.
- Forgery and offences against currency numbered 162 and 121 Forgery, &c. respectively. There were 42 convictions for the former, and 66 for the latter crime.
- Contempts and offences against justice were 3,234, involving Contempts, &c. 6,778 persons, of whom 4,051 were convicted.
- Of Legiury there were 159 charges, 140 cases were tried, and Perjury 82 persons convicted in 69 cases.
- Compounding offences and giving bribes for recovery of stolen Bribery, &c. property are very common, but are rarely brought to trial. There were only 51 convictions.
- There was one offence against the State, that of the Khonds Offences against the scale. implicated in a partial rising in 1863; 10 persons were convicted. The other miscellaneous offences do not call for remark The petty crimes already referred to of criminal trespass, insult, and defamation, swell this class.
- Of the offences against other penal laws, but few call for no-Co.. | CHEL Land. There were 11,500 offences against the Madras Police Act. tice. 10,656 being nuisances; 380 against the Railway Act, all unimportant. There was one case under the Moplah Act, and three against the Native Emigration Act for over-crowding, in which two persons were convicted. Under the Breach of Contract Act, 1,409 persons were summoned or arrested, 475 were convicted. 1,436 persons were convicted of breaches of the Salt Regulations, and 285 of the Abkarry. Security was required from 232 persons.
- Operations of the Vadras Town 55. The Magistrates of the Town of Madras tried, under Act XIII of Magistrates. 1856, 1,970 thefts, with 2,623 prisoners, and convicted 1,766 prisoners. 814 were flogged and 774 imprisoned. They tried 4,844 breaches of the peace, with 8,787 defendants, and convicted 7,256; and 7,651 miscel-

CRIMINAL laneous offences, with 915 defendants, of whom they convicted 7.351. JUSTICE. They also disposed of a number of cases under the local Acts.

56. In all 90,124 cases were tried by competent Courts, with Courts, Courts, 1.76.694 persons, of whom 69,403, or 39.3 per cent., were released, and 1.07.291 convicted, as follows :--

	Cases	Persons		Convi	cted.	
	tried.	released.	Males,	Females.	Juven- iles.	Total.
Under the Penal Code. Do. other Laws	42,645 47,479		43,476 55,536	2,095 5,136		46,018 61,273
Total	90,124	69,403	99,012	7,231	1,048	107291

Magistrates (in which term Heads of Villages are included) dis- Cases tried by Magistrates. posed summarily of 87,240 cases, convicted 103,781, and released 66.711 or 39.2 per cent. of persons brought before them, as follows:-

Under		Heads llages.	trates	-Magis- 1, 2nd ass.	By Sub- trate Ch		By Just Peace a Magist	nd full	Total S Conv	nmmary icti <b>ons.</b>
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Fersons	Cases.	Persons.
Penal Code Other Laws Total	13,930	16,821		16,553	443	3,576 1,367 4,943	25,463	5,821 26,399 32,226	39,863 47,377 87,240	42,64) 61,140 193,781

14.885 cases, or 16.8 per cent. of the petty criminal litigation were settled by the Heads of Villages.

- 58. Second Class Subordinate Magistrates tried 38,380 cases, or 2nd class Sub-42.5 per cent. of summary cases, and released 49 per cent. of all persons brought before them.
- 59. Sub-Magistrates of the 1st Class disposed of 3,185 cases, con- lst Class Magistrates. 1st Class Subvicting 4,943 persons, against 8,319, or 401 per cent. released.
- 60. Magistrates with full powers, and Justices of the Peace, settled Magistrates. 30,820 cases, and convicted 32,220 persons, against 11,330, or 26 per cent., released.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

5,767 cases, with 10,920 persons, were committed for trial after preliminary enquiry by Magistrates, as follows:—

	By Sub- trates of Cla	of 2nd	By Sub- trates Cla	of 1st	By tices Peace full M trat	of and agis-		Sadr	To	tal.
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.
Under the Penal Code	5,075	9,475 522		309				5	5,509 258	10,386
Total	5,323	9,997	174	318	266	600	4	5	5,767	10,920

Judicial Courts,

61. Judicial Courts disposed of 2,792 cases, convicted 3,402, and released 2,681, or 44 per cent., of the pensons committed to them, as follows:—

	By Pri Sudder			ession irts.	By I	High urt.	To	tal.	No fou	bill nd.
Under the	Cases	Persons convicted.	Cases tried	Persons convicted.	Cases tried.	Persons convicted.	Cases tried.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons.
Penal Code	731 75	739 111	1,904 27	2,483 22	147	155	2,772 20	3,377 25	5	11
Total	806	850	1,931	2,505	147	155	2,792	3 402	5	11

Righ Court.

62. The High Court tried 147 cases and 203 prisoners, convicting 155 persons. 48 persons, or 30.9 per cent. were released.

Punishments.

62. The punishments accorded are shown in the following table:-

		-	ntion No exce in	t ed -			•	lmj	risc	מחם	ent n	ot exce	eding		Whip	ped.		Fined,		
Under.	Death.	For life.	10 years.	7 years.	For life.	14 years.	IU rears.		6 vears.		2 years.	I year.	6 months.	One (1) month.	Simple	In addition to	Simple.	In addition to other punish, ment.	Amount.	Found instanc
Fenal Code Other &Old Laws		140	169		11	- 1	73	225 	328 3	ļ	١,	1,669	,	10,924			27,473 38 922	1	Kupees. 1,78,899 63,955	8
Total	105	14.	169	3u7	īī	4	73	226	331	274	799	1,149	8,404	31,162	2,436	94	66,395	2,610		-

105 persons were sentenced to death; 102 for murder, one for dacoity CRIMINAL and murder, and one for attempt to murder,

JUSTICE. Death

64. 616 persons were sentenced to transportation—140 for life, 169 for 10 years, 307 for 7 years. Those for life, were 57 for murder, 4 for attempt to murder, 3 for culpable homicide, 1 for grievous hurt, 66 for dacoity, 7 for robbery, and 2 for house-breaking,

Transportation.

- 9 persons were sentenced, for murder, to 10 years' transportation.
- 31,162 or 83.2 per cent. of all persons imprisoned were sen-Periods of imprisonment. tenced to periods of confinement not exceeding one month.
- 66. Persons sentenced by Magistrates to be imprisoned for less imprisonment for short periods. than one month are confined in Magisterial lock-ups, the average duration of confinement is eight days.
- 2,530 persons were whipped; 427 for offences against property Persons whipped. with violence, 977 for theft and the like, and 814 under the Madras Town Police Act. for theft, and 103 under Cantonment Regulations.

69.005 persons were fined at an average of Rupees 31 each.

Fines.

43 persons were found to be insane.

Insane persons.

The cases not brought to an issue are shown in the subjoined Cases not brought statement :--

> Under trial at Bailed by Dismi-sed for Withdrawn by Otherwise dis Total. the end of default. the parties. | posed of. the year.

Under the Penal Code ... 1,151 1,993 5,948 14,849 14,754 84,212 164 21,868 51,178 1,422 3,782 .. other Laws ... 42 102 4,359 6,247 2,568 4,541 829 6.634 11.179 293 415

Total... 1,193 2,095 10,007 21,016 17,262 38,753 40 493 28,502 62,357 1,715 4,197

#### POLICE.

The strength of the general Police Force of the Presidency Strength of the on the 30th April 1865, was-

1 Inspector General, 1 Assistant Inspector General, 4 Deputy Inspectors General, 21 District Superintendents, 17 Assistant Superintendents, 449 Inspectors, and 23,131 Constables, or a total number of 23.624; and there were also borne on the Police Budget 2,570 Village Watchers in South Arcot, and 460 Local Watchers.

Cost.

## SECTION III.-JUDICIAL.

Police. 70. Of the general force, 20,730 were employed on General Police proportion to police duty, 1,229 in guarding convict establishments, 1,542 in guarding salt, and 123 on preventive duty, on the frontier. The proportion of those on general duty to the whole population was 1 to 1,167, or, in towns, where night watch is kept, 1 to 544, and in the rural districts 1 to 1,223.

71. The cost of the establishment was :-

Wages and allowances ... Rs. 27,99,102
Clothing and Accourrements ... 3,66,862
Miscellaneous ... ... 81,671
Village Watchers and local servants 34,642

32.82.277

This sum includes the cost of the Police on duty at convict establishments, amounting to Rupees 1,19,930; and of that employed at salt factories and on preventive duty, involving a charge of Rupees 1,27,257. The average cost per man was Rupees 137-7-6, and the cost of the General Police was 2 Annas 1.1 Pie, or about 3 pence a head of the population. In the gross cost of the Force given above, the expenditure on the Madras Town Police is not included. This force is not under the control of the Inspector General, but is managed by a Commissioner. Its cost was 2,32,478 Rupees, but of this, the sum of 30,362 Rupees, being the expenditure on the Marine Police employed in protecting the traffic between the shore and the shipping, was met by fees collected under a special Act, and does not fall on the Imperial Revenues. The whole expenditure from Imperial funds upon Police was therefore 34,84,393 Rupees.

Grant of Pen-

72. Towards the close of the year the Pension Rules for the Mofussil Police force were published, and a grant of batta to all the force was sanctioned on condition that the Budget grant of 39 lacs was not exceeded. These measures have raised the popularity of the Service among the lower ranks. Full batta of Rupees 2 to Head and Deputy Head Constables, and Rupees 1 to Constables, per month, has been given in the Districts of Canara, Malabar, Coimbatore, Bellary, and Cuddapah, and half batta elsewhere, except Ganjam, Vizagapatam, and Tinnevelly, while an increase has been made in the salaries of 10 of the European Officers in large and unhealthy districts.

Pension rates are as follows:—1st. An allowance of one month's wages for each year's service to each man who, having served.

more than seven and less than fifteen years, is incapacitated for

further duty.

Monthly Pensions, at the rates shown in the margin, 2nd.

POLICE.

to men who have in like After 15 yrs. 18 yrs. 21 yrs. manner become incapaci-28. AS. 2 12 RS. AS. 8 0 Head Constable..... 4 12 8

3rd. After 24 year seach subscriber will be entitled to retire on half pay, calculated on the average wages of the last three years of service. The rates of Pension are, for 15 years, about one-third of the average wages of the rank, with increase of 5 per cent. for each additional period of three years' service.

74. The Inspector General visited eight Districts during the year. Inspector General Deputy Inspectors General Deputy Inspectors General Control of Cont He notices in his Annual Report the great value of the grade of Deputy inspectors Inspector General. The duties of these Officers, he states, are now "thoroughly understood, and in general very efficiently performed. In the Northern and Western Ranges the effect of interruption from ill health and other causes, of the functions of these officers, was severely felt. The Central and Southern Ranges had the advantage of persistent and continued supervision and aid. The consequences of breaks in this supervision, and the useful results which follow the active superintendence and aid of the Deputy Inspectors General, alike prove the value of this indispensable grade in the Police Service. The service has, in respect to the European Officers, been very fluctuating: new and inexperienced Officers are called to fill appointments in Districts which they are unacquainted with; and, but for the guidance and close observation of the more experienced Deputy Inspectors General, confusion must have resulted in many Districts. The Deputy Inspectors General of the Central and Western Ranges have held the executive charge of one or two Districts within their respective ranges for months, during the temporary absence of their District Officers on sick and privilege leave, in addition to their other, and more general duties. Deputy Inspectors General cheerfully undertake the additional labour, in order to set their working Officers temporarily at liberty. and they avail themselves of these advantageous opportunities to become more minutely and personally acquainted with the practical working of the Districts under their supervision, and the personnel of their force, in a manner which could not otherwise be done without undue interference with the executive Officers. Minor errors are righted, uniformity is restored, and the personal acquaintance with the District thus gained, enables the supervising Officer to exercise more useful interest in the general progress of the Police."

Mr. Robinson also reports very favorably of the manner in District Officers,

Police. which the European District Officers have discharged their arduous duties. He states that "in several Districts every Station has been visited by the Superintendent or his Assistant more or less frequently during the year. Instruction is imparted by them in person, trials before Courts are attended, and frequently conducted by the Officers in person, and general duty is carefully supervised." The trying nature of the Service is shown by the fact that 11 Officers, or 25 per cent of the establishment, were compelled to go away on sick leave during the year. Owing to this cause, and the rapidly diminishing number of Officers in the junior ranks of the Army, great and increasing difficulty is experienced in keeping up the European staff.

Inspectors.

76. The Inspectors are, as a class, well spoken of. One was tried for misappropriation, and eight others were brought before the Courts on minor charges. Almost all are men of fair general education. Thirty-nine Inspectors passed the Special Test Examination, against six in 1863. This is the examination prescribed for the Subordinate Magistracy, with the addition of a paper on Police subjects. Forty Head Constables were promoted to Inspectorships during the year. The conduct of the subordinate grades is stated to have been generally good.

General working of the force.

77. The following extracts from the Inspector General's Report refer to the general working of the force, and to its relation with the Magistracy.

"No change has been made in the constitution of the force or system of working. The work of consolidating and improving has been steadily carried forward, and all ranks become better acquainted with their duty, and perform it with greater precision and success. There are also symptoms of increasing appreciation and stability of the Service; candidates for employment in all ranks, now come forward more readily; dismissal is viewed as a punishment in most districts; and, a more general earnestness in acquiring knowledge amongst all ranks, indicates an increasing intention to adopt the Service as a permanent means of livelihood. Professional depredators are better known to the Police; they are all carefully registered and keenly watched, and a fair number have been brought to justice during the year, especially in Ganjam, Nellore, Cuddapah, Bellary, and Tanjore. Skill in detecting crime is likewise increasing-though more gradually-for in this respect the Police has a double lesson to acquire; there is as much to unlearn as there is to learn. Marked 'progress has been made in directing the efforts of the Police into the best channels, and stimulating the beat

system.' by which the country is carefully patrolled by the rural Constabulary. This system is to efficiency of all Police working what the circulation of the blood is to a living frame. Criminals are prosecuted before the Courts with better results.

POLICE.

"Still the unwholesome fancy that the Madras Police is making, or can make, very rapid strides must not be indulged. Its Officers and the Magistracy know better: and the hearts of many misgive under their great difficulties, and amidst the large proportion of apathetic. unmakeable, and often corrupt material which they are expected to form into a uniformly successful, useful, and not oppressive Police. The growth of useful and well restrained Police establishments is slow in all countries. This growth must be exceptionally slow in India; where the healthy and useful residuum of workmen and work that remains after bad material and evil habits have been got rid of, will ever be comparatively small. Power seems too often to the Indian mind to confer a licence to oppress and overreach; while deprived of his traditional means of detection of crime-torture and the corrupt informer—the Native Policeman scarcely knows where to turn for the legitimate detection of crime, and his Native Magistrate, formerly used to rely on the same means, can rarely direct him in the only admissable course. Small improvement, therefore, is all that the honest efforts of Police Officers can effect from year to year. If it be steady and progressive, there is ground for reasonable satisfaction and hope. In the meantime, pressure and exertion are not relaxed."

78. "The European Magistracy, with two or three exceptions, take a Relations with the Magistracy. lively interest in the working of their District Police, and aid and advise their District Officers with judgment and consideration. They trust them with the management of their men, hold them responsible for their efficiency and restraint, and require them to prosecute criminal charges against Police Officers before their Courts, when departmental punishment would not suffice. Wherever these wholesome relations obtain, the Subordinate Magistracy and Police work in harmony. In the very few exceptional Districts, Magistrates take little personal interest in the active working of the Police; but entertain charges. the majority of which prove false, against Police Officers of all ranks, without reference, sometimes without even notice, to the responsible Officers; and the Native Magistracy follow the example set to them. Confusion follows, work is unduly interrupted, earnest and honest Officers are disheartened, and discipline and healthy administration are interfered with. With the Native Magistracy in

POLICE.

every District, a marked and steadily progressive improvement is going on. The ignorant old tahsildars of former days, are gradually giving place to a better educated and more intelligent class of subordinate Magistracy, by whom justice is better administered, cases better prepared, and the Police increasingly esteemed and used as an instrument at their disposal for the purposes of preventing and detecting the crime of their respective charges. In most districts. indeed, an objectionable tendency to rely too much on the Police is shown. Subordinate Magistracy take too little personal interest in the preliminary inquiry and tracing out offences, throw the preparation of the evidence too entirely on the Police, and trust to their unaided and undirected exertions. Cases, too, are referred to the Police for preliminary inquiry, which the Magistrates ought to dispose of without their intervention. The Police are frequently required to report on charges of netty assault, cases involving questions of occupancy of land, and the like. The old Tahsildar Sub-Magistrates are slow to learn that the Police Officer under the present law is not the convenient Sub-Officer of Police, to whom under former conditions was referred every thing and any thing, from a murder to a squabble between a husband and wife"

Dismissais, &c.

79. 4,257 men, or 18 per cent. of the whole force, left it during the year, against 4,700, or 19 per cent., in 1863. The enlistments were 4,731 against 4,182 in the previous year. The death rate was much the same, 363 against 375. 2,150 men were dismissed, or 9 per cent. The dismissals were heaviest in Ganjam and Vizagapatam, where it is difficult to procure fit persons for any public office. In Salem and Coimbatore many men resigned the Service (in the latter district 20-6 per cent. resigned or deserted). This is attributed partly to the general dislike of Hill service, partly to the fact that the Districts are underhanded, and the men necessarily overworked.

Offences by Police

80. 433 men, or 1.8 per cent. of the force, were convicted of offences. Of murder 1, grievous hurt 7, burglary and robbery 5, theft and misappropriation 63, bribery and extortion 162, negligent escape 82, assaults and miscellaneous 213. Of these only 26 were convicted by Higher Court; in 1863, 53 men were so convicted.

Education.

81. The District Schools are well kept up. In them the subjects of study are the Penal and Criminal Procedure Codes, the Law of Evidence\* in criminal cases, the Police Act, and departmental instruc-

<sup>\*</sup> The Inspector General states that the force is indebted to Mr. Collett, the Civil and Session Judge of Vizagapatam, for an admirable Manual of Evidence.

Periodical Examinations are held, and no men are promoted as Head and Deputy Head Constables until they have passed the Station House Officers' test. 2,835 men were under instruction during the year. of whom 363 passed the test for Station House Officer, and 1,169 the test required of Constables. The Station House Officer at each station is required to instruct his men for a fixed period every day. Schools have been established at the District Head Quarters for the children of the Constables on duty there.

POLICE.

The relative proportion of races and religions in the force has Recesand revaried little since last year. Of 429 Inspectors, 57 were Europeans, 71 East Indians or Native Christians, 34 Mussulmen, and 92 Brahmins: the remainder being Hindus of various castes. In the rest of the force 48 were Europeans, 506 East Indians and Native Christians, 551 Brahmins, 13.919, or 60 per cent of the force Hindus of other castes. and 7.518, or 32 per cent., were Mussulmen.

- The amount spent on Police huts and buildings was about Buildings. 1,09,000 Rupees.
- 84. The Superannuation Fund, which was at the close of the Superannuation official year 1863-64, Rupees 2,74,373, had increased to Rupees 3,83,622 at the end of 1864.
- 85. The Police executed 4,10,917 criminal processes during the Processes excyear, against 4,17,459 persons; of which 50,480 were warrants against 62,141 persons, and 3,27,483 were summonses against 3,55,318 persons.
- 86. The average daily number of convicts under Police guard in 30 jails or camps, was 7,879, guarded by 1,162 Constables of all ranks, at a cost of Rupees 1,16,592 or Rupees 14-13-6 per convict. In lockups 15,931 persons were confined under Police guard. The Police also guarded Salt of the value of Rupees 24,608,383. This service is salt guards. very unpopular, and many resigned to avoid it.
- The season was on the whole unfavorable, and prices were Crime effects high. The result of these was an increase in the less heinous offences against property followed.
- The graver forms of crime, dacoity and gang roberry, are giving Grave crime. way. Three heavy dacoities were committed in Kurnool by bands of Yerkalahs from Nellore; and near Tuticorin in Tinnevelly, a dacoity occurred in which Rupees 33,000 in money was carried off. In the latter case all the culprits were convicted, and Rupees 12,000 recovered. There was no dacoity attended with murder.

POLICE 89. The Northern Circurs present difficulties in their Police admi-

In the Northern nistration, the low state of intelligence and education being reflected in the force; still improvement is going on there. The work of the Police in the Khond highlands has been successful. disturbance in those tracts during the year. Roads are now being opened up through the agency of the Police. In July, an Inspector and a party of Police marched to a village in the Sowrah tracts of Vizagapatam, notorious for being the home of thieves, and arrested the head man and recovered some stolen proporty. The Sowrahs however resisted, and killed the Inspector and five Constables. The Police of Ganiam and Vizagapatam were marched into the tracts and reduced them to order, and five of the principal offenders were hanged near the scene of outrage, and several transported for life. The Jeypore Police has been strengthened. In Nellore the Yeracala tribes are getting better known. These are the perpetrators of most of the violent offences against property. They have been successfully checked. Cudappah the robber gangs have been broken up. The Police were organized in flying patrols, who lived like the out-laws in the Hills, moving upon the gangs whenever they received news of their presence. The robbers at last left the Hills and dispersed in the villages, where

Crommal Statistics.

In Vellore.

The Criminal Statistics are now collected by the Police, and have been already noticed under the head of Criminal Justice. the Appendices will be found an abstract return of the crimes of the year arranged according to Police Divisions.

#### JAILS.

they were at once taken. 60 of their number were transported.

Number in Jail. Deaths.

Cost.

The daily average number of prisoners in confinement was 7,855. The number in Jail at the close of the year was 8,120. The deaths were 998, being upwards of 12½ per cent. on the average daily strength. The expenses of the Jails, exclusive of Police guarding and buildings undertaken by the Department of Public Works, amounted to Rupees 4,46,907, of which food costs 2,90,713-1. The expenses have increased during the year under review as compared with the preceding year from Rupees 49 to Rupees 56 per head. This is attributable to the general rise of prices. The estimated value of the convicts' labour was Rupees 1,03,003-14-3. Twenty-eight prisoners escaped during the year, of whom, however, only five were at large at the close of the year? and the Inspector General had reason to believe that one of these five prisoners had since been re-apprehended.

92. With reference to the heavy death rate, heavier even than that of the preceding year, which amounted to nearly 11 per cent. on the daily average number of prisoners in Jail, the Inspector General makes the following remarks:—

JAILS.
Death Rate.

Mortality in Jails.

"During the year there have been 998 deaths on an average daily strength of 7,855 prisoners; the greatest mortality has been in the Jails of Berhampore (26), Vizagapatam (31), Rajahmandry (45), Guntoor (30), Nellore (105), Kurnool (17), Cuddapah (33), Chingleput (28), Trichinopoly (54), Madura (63), Tinnevelly (42), Salem (45), Coimbatore (80), Calicut (57), Mangalore (33), Tellicherry (35), and the Asylum works (128). There can be no doubt but that the removal of the prisoners in December from Chicacole to the new building at Berhampore, which was cold, and perhaps neither chemically nor positively dry, may be one cause of the mortality in that Jail, but it is singular that the greatest mortality was in the prisoners of the Oorya race, who come from the same part of the District. The mortality at Vizagapatam includes 18 deaths from anasarca. atrophy, and diarrhoea; many of these are no doubt attributable to the confinement of hill prisoners on the coast. The high death rate at Rajahmundry, which includes 12 deaths from diarrhoa, and 19 from dropsies, is no doubt attributable to the Jail itself, which, from causes unknown, has periodically proved very fatal to its inmates. The high rate of mortality at Guntoor is no doubt partly owing to over-crowding, but it must be remembered that this Jail, which till lately was the most healthy in the country, was for some time used as a sanitarium for hopeless cases from Masulipatam, where berri berri in its worst form prevailed; a taint has thus been communicated, from which the first sufferers were transferred prisoners from Kurnool, but which seems now to have affected the prisoners generally. There were 8 deaths of cholera in the Jail during the year, or four times the number that occurred during the twenty years previous to 1835 that the Jail had been established. The mortality at Nellore was mainly due to an outbreak of cholera which broke out towards the end of the year, in which 180 prisoners were attacked, of whom 94 died. The mortality at Kurnool was due in part to cholera and dysentery, which prevailed, and caused 2 deaths from the former and 7 from the latter cause. At Cuddapah 14 deaths' were from Cholera. The unusual mortality, 28, at Chingleput, is unaccountable; the Jail has proved, from whatever cause, decidedly less healthy since the building has been improved and the ventilation has been increased. At Trichinopoly, where the Jail had for some years been healthy, the death rate has been great: causes are assigned by the Medical Officer which have been in operation while the Jail has been healthy, and I cannot pretend to assign any reason why Jail diseases, particularly diarrhoa, should have proved so frequent and so fatal. At Madura the high death rate, exceeding 25 per cent. on the average strength, is, I doubt not, wholly due to the abominable and insufficient accommodation on tainted soil so frequently alluded to in my reports. At Tinnevelly insufficient accommodation, hardly more than sufficient for one-third of the number of prisoners confined, and much of this by no means of a proper description, is the cause, I doubt not, of the mortality. The death rate, 9.7 per cent., at Salem, is attributable in part perhaps to the Jail having been made a depôt for prisoners transferred from other Jails.

"The high death rate at Coimbatore is no doubt mainly due to the same causes as at Madura, over-crowding in tainted buildings; 23 deaths are due to the return to this

JATES

### SECTION III.—JUDICIAL.

Jail, from the Asylum site, of prisoners whose cases were incurable; the prisoners in this Jail had got into a very low state before the commencement of the year; the number of sick treated has been about double that of the previous year. It was unfortunate that diarrhoa, the very disease which occasioned the greatest number of transfers from the hills, is that which has ever proved the most prevalent and fatal in this Jail. Of the 57 deaths at Calicut, 6 were from fever, 22 from diarrhoea, 11 from anasarca and atrophy, and seven from dysentery; high as this rate of mortality is, it is an improvement on that of the previous year. Dr. Pearse considers that the prisoners have improved in appearance (and certainly on the occasion of my several visits they looked well), which he attributes to the issue of meat. The sickness and mortality Dr. Pearse considers mainly due to the number of prisoners who, having been transferred to the Asylum works, were sent back sick and in a wasted condition, 18 out of the 57 deaths having occurred in prisoners so re-transferred. The death rate, 33, on an average daily strength of 272 prisoners, at Mangalore, is high, but not greatly different from what it usually is in this Jail. At Tellicherry the death rate has greatly increased of late years: this Jail was among the healthiest in the country, it has, during the past year, been nearly 24 per cent; for this change I cannot account, though the wonder is rather that the greater number of the wards should for so long a period have continued healthy, than that they should now be unhealthy, close, damp and illventilated as they were and must continue.

Mortality at Lawrence Asylum works.

"In regard to the mortality at the Asylum works on the Neilgherries, where 128 prisoners died, I can only refer to the Proceedings of Government of the 2nd February and 28th April, in which the matter was fully discussed; it is satisfactory to notice that whatever the causes may have been that tended to so disastrous results, they are no longer in operation—nothing can be better than the health of the prisoners, exceeding 330 in number, during the last 3 months."

The mortality above alluded to was that which occurred in the gang of convicts employed in the works for the Lawrence Asylum at Lovedale in the neighbourhood of Ootacamund. This gang was first formed by drafts from Jails in the plains in November 1863. No excessive mortality showed itself until the month of August 1864, but during that and the two succeeding months, 52 deaths occurred in a gang of an average number of 472, and after the end of October a further number of 43 died of those who had been thus effected.

93. The prevailing form of disease was scurvy, and the immediate cause of death was, in the majority of cases, diarrhea, and in a smaller, but still large proportion, ulcers and sores. Great carelessness had been shown in the selection of persons to be sent to the hills, and depression of mind was caused by the transfer of the convicts to a strange country, with a climate entirely different from any to which they had been accustomed, and in some cases at a great distance from their native country. The unhealthy state of the only Jails on the plains to

which it was deemed expedient to transfer sick prisoners prevented this remedy from being tried at the time of the great mortality. Subsequently, however, a great diminution in the number of the gang, caused by the transfer of all the sick and weakly persons to other Jails in the plains, thoroughly re-established the health of the remaining convicts, and they have, since the diminution, been in an exceptionally healthy condition.

JAILS.

94 The heavy mortality which has taken place in the Jails in this Presidency during the last few years is doubtless, in a great measure, attributable to the over-crowded state of the Jails. During the year under review, fair progress has been made in providing additional accommodation. A new District Jail has been completed at Berhampore. Another is in progress at Vizagapatam, and the Central Jails at Rajahmundry and Coimbatore are rapidly approaching completion. The Jails, when completed, will provide for some 2,000 prisoners, and will reduce the excess over the present standard in round numbers from 3,300 to 1,300. It is necessary, however, to provide for the contingency of some increase in the number of prisoners, and it has accordingly been determined to build

Central Jails.

\* Bellary ... 800 additional Central Jails at Bellary, Can-800 Cannanore. 1,000 Trichinopoly. nanore, and Trichinopoly, capable of holding altogether\* 2,600 prisoners, and thus raising the number of prisoners for which adequate Jail accommodation will be available, to, in round numbers, 8,500.

95. It appears, from a report which has lately been laid before Capacity of ex-Government by the Inspector General of Jails and President of the Sanitary Commission, that according to the standard laid down by the Government of India, viz., that each prisoner should have 648 cubic feet of air, the existing Jails, which, as above shown, contained during the past year a daily average of 7,835 prisoners, are capable of holding only 4,492 prisoners.

New District

96. Steps have also been taken for improving such of the existing District Jails as are capable of being improved. It has been resolved to build new District Jails at Madura, Tanjore, and Tinnevelly, and to abandon those now in use. The new Jails at the two former stations will, it is hoped, be commenced in the course of the present official year.

## SECTION IV.—REVENUE.

GENERAL REVENUE. 97. The Revenue for the year 1864-65, in spite of an unfavorable season, amounted to Rupees 6,26,01,477, or £ 6,260,147, and was the highest on record by Rs 31,333. The Revenue for the preceding year, which was the highest up to that time, was really Rupees 6,25,70,144, though, by a mistake, it was stated in the Administration Report as Rupees 6,27,05,339. The subjoined table exhibits in juxta-position the collections under the chief items of Revenue for the last five years.

Net Rupecs.... 31,333

	1560-61.	61.	1861-62.	62.	1862-68.	8	1563-64.	 64	1864-55.		Hesults of 1561-65 compared with 1563-64	f 1564-65 (tb1863-64.
*	Receipts.	Per centage.	Receipts.	Per centage.	Receipts.	Per centage,	Receipts.	Per centage.	Receipts.	Per centage.	Increase.	Increase. Decrease,
Ton Danger of the	Rupees.		Rupees.		Rupecs.		Rupees.		Rupees.		Rupees.	Rupees.
Lain Account meduling	403,99,359	71.3	414,58,762	67.5	423,77,872		69-0 432,10,740	0-69 ·	. 69.0 421,04,147	67-3	:	11,06,593
Abkarry, or tax on Spiritu-	30,72,921		33,29,961	÷	35,03,651	2	40,51,918	6.4	39,60,490	6.3	;	91,428
Income Tax	5,42,914	1.0	35,48,110	4	28,18,250	8.8	16,45,522	9.8	14,65,652	ęt	:	1,79,870
Mohturpha, or tax on Pro- fessions, &c	10,08,339	1.8	8,11,644	0-5	4,780	:	2,456	:	9,518	:	89	:
Sea Customs	26,66,971	<b>4.</b> 8	20,94,896	3.5	17,66,809	3.0	20,37,373		18,10,046	64 60	:	2,27,327
Land Customs	2,87,419	9.2	2,71,464	6.5	1,94,084	3	2,61,146	0.5	2,28,733	•	:	32,413
Salt	79,64,770	19.5	86,00,632	18-9	506,36,16	14.7	89,79,243	14 4	103,45,973	9.91	13,66,730	;
Stamps	18,95,973	er er	80,14,598	4-9	20,98,040	<del>7.</del> 6	23,81,746	3.9	816,83,918	4.3	3,02,172	:
Total	160,35,306	28.5	201,71,935	32.7	190,11,976	31.0	193,59,401	31.0	204,97,330	32.7	16,65,964	5,31,638
Miscellaneous items	1,57,069	67	75,295	0.1	÷	:	;	:	   	:	:	;
Grand Total	565,91,764	100	617,35,282	100	613,89,848	100	625,70,144	8	100 ,626,01,477	907	16,68,964	16,37,631
. Sterling	56,59,176	:	61,73,528	;	61,38,984	÷	62,57,014	:	62,60,147	i	:	:

The Charges for the same series of years are shown below. It will be observed, that the charges for the year under report exceed CHARGES. those of the preceding year; but they are still below those for the year 1861-62. The total charges amounted to Rupees 63.23.870, or £632.387, a little more than 10 per cent, on the Revenue; but of this sum Rupees 66.311 was altogether extraordinary, being the amount paid by Government towards the relief of the sufferers at Masulipatam and Cuddalore during the disastrous October and November storms.

Statement of charges for the last five years, from 1860-61 to 1864-65.

	1860-61.	1861-62.	1862-63.	1863-64.	1864-65.
Items.	Charges.	Charges.	Charges.	Charges.	Charges.
Land Revenue, including Board of Rev.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs,	Rs.	Ra.
Settlement Officers, Rev. Survey, and Forest Dept		47,13,034	44,94,805	41,34,172	41,12,679
Abkarry, or Tax on Spirituous Liquors Income Tax Moturpha, or Tax on Professions, &c	67,631	1,15,900	72,923		
Sea Customs	1,55,848 23,128	1,57,635 22,944	1,49,620 15,677	1,48,901 14,292	10,408
Salt Stamps	61,204			1,48,305	
Total	23,93,575	16,54,824	16,90,150	14,00,079	19,89,589
Allowances to District and Village Officers.  Miscellaneous payments  Payment made for the relief of the suffer-			83 <b>,4</b> 60	3,30,472 1,39,122	
ers by the late inundations at Masuli- patam and Cuddalore					66.311
Grand Total	72 77,406	63,67,858	62,68,415	60,03,845	63,23,870
£ Sterling	7,27,740	6,36,786	6,26,841	6,00,384	6,32,387

The Revenue was realized with increased facility. Out of the Revenue, of whole amount only £2,592, or .04 per cent., was collected by means of coercive process. The percentage thus collected in the year 1863-64 was .09.

100. The Cyclone at Masulipatam, the floods at Cuddalore, and the . The Season. unseasonableness of the rains throughout the Presidency, made the year generally unfavorable. The health of the people in the Eastern and Central Districts, with the exception of Coimbatore and Bellary, was on the whole, good, though cholera showed itself in the Kistna and Nellore The Western Districts suffered severely from various forms of disease. Cattle murrain decreased both in extent and virulence.

GENERAL

Prices.

Items.	1859-60.	1860-61.	1861-62.	1862-63.	1863-64.	1864-65.
Rice, 2nd sort per garce. Paddy, do. do Cholum, do. do Raggy, do. do Veragoo, do. do Wheat, do. do Salt, do. do Cotton per candy	R8. 296 130 157 151 152 111 380 205	85. 307 138 164 158 160 110 425 216	151 186 167 172 183 442 253	201 173 175 139 445	158 214 186 185 132 558	210 161 668 276

101. Prices contitinued to rise, as will be seen from the marginal statement, which shows the average price per garce\* for the last six years of the articles which are chiefly consumed by the people. Wages have, however, also risen; and

emigration has been checked in consequence.

Land Revenue.

102. The unfavourable character of the season mainly caused the net decrease of Rs. 11,53,732, or £115,373, in Land Revenue. The gross decrease amounted to Rs. 20,04,316, and the gross increase to Rs. 8,50,584. The decrease took place in twelve out of the nineteen Districts, and nearly eleven lacs of it occurred in the Kistna, Tinnevelly, and Madras Districts, where the season was peculiarly unfortunate. Of the remainder about seven lacs resulted from revisions of assessment in Trichinopoly, Coimbatore, and Bellary. The greater part of the gross increase arose from increased facility in collecting Revenue.

Area of Culti-

103. Notwithstanding the unfavourable season, a small increase has taken place in the area of land under cultivation. In the year under report, 1,58,38,228 acres were cultivated, against 1,58,34,170 in the previous year. There was an increase of upwards of two lacs of acres in dry cultivation, but a corresponding decrease in wet and garden cultivation.

Abkarry.

104. The Abkarry, or tax on spirituous liquors produced Rs. 39,60,490, being Rs. 91,428 less than in 1863-64. The decrease is, however, more apparent than real. The administration has been simplified and improved by the introduction of the new Abkarry Act.

Balt,

105. The Revenue from Salt amounted to Rs. 1,03,45,973, and was Rs. 13,66,730 in excess of the Revenue of the preceding year. The price remained the same, but the consumption increased largely.

106. The subjoined comparative statement shows the quantities of Salt sold in each of the last five years. It will be observed that both the Home and Inland sales of the year under report are in excess:

<sup>\*</sup> A Garce = 9,860 lbs. avoirdupois,

of those of previous years, thus bearing testimony to the increased prosperity of the people, and to the beneficial effects of the attention which has of late years been paid to the administration of this Department as well as to the improvement of the communications and consequent, decrease in the cost of carriage.

ITEMS.	186	i0-(	31.	186	31-6	2.	18	62-0	3.	186	3-6	4.	186	4-6	5.
Home consumption Inland consumption	27,4	19,5	80	27,3	30,7	57	28,	49,5	02	In. 29,7 31,2	4,2	14	32,3	6,7	72
Total	60,7	4,7	61	58,2	21,7	<del></del> 65	61,	22,2	15	60,9	9,4	92	69,4	6,0	41
Exportation	6,4	8,6	84	6,	11,1	16	4,	16,2	86	3,0	3,1	27	5,8	2,0	18
Grand Total	67,2	23,4	45	64,	32,8	81	65,	38,5	01	64,0	2,6	19	74,7	8,0	59
Government price for Salt per Indian Maund*				1			2			Rs. 1			i	A. 8	P. 0

107. The Stamp Tax produced Rs. 26,83,918, or Rs. 3,02,172 more than in 1863-64. The increase was partially due to the introduction of the Registration Act.

Stamps.

108. The Income Tax amounted to Rs. 14,65,652, or Rs. 1,79,870 less than in the preceding year. This decrease was the natural result of the system which allowed the original assessments on incomes to be reduced but not to be enhanced.

Income Tax.

109. The Forest Conservancy continued to be successful. The receipts amounted to Rs. 2,92,527, and the net profit to Rs. 1,33,911. The value of Timber in depôt on the 30th April 1856, was greater than that in depôt on the same date in 1864, by Rs. 68,830, and amounted altogether to Rs. 6,47,703. Large sums were expended on the flourishing Teak plantation in Nellumbur and on other reproductive works.

Forests.

Rs. Import duty... 11,17,875
Export do... 6,67,464
Re-export do... 88
Miscellaneous... 24,619
Total... 18,10,046

2,28,733

Frontier Duties

a considerable portion of the year had a marked effect upon Sea Customs, and the collections only amounted to Rs. 18,10,046, being Rs. 2,27,327 less than in the preceding year Frontier duties also show a slight falling off.

Customs,

# Madras.]

## SECTION IV .-- REVENUE.

Alteration of

111. Shortly before the close of the official year, the Export duty on saltpetre was reduced to one Rupee per maund, and that on grain and pulse of all sorts was raised to three annas per maund. The Import duty on hops was reduced to one per cent. ad valorem from seven and half per cent., and an ad valorem Export duty was placed on the

Tea, Coffee, Jute, Wool—3 per cent. Sugar, Raw Silk, Silk Chussum, Hides & Skins, 2 per cent. articles noted in the margin. Just at the close of the year, the trade with the Travancore and Cochin States was placed on the same footing as the interportal trade be-

tween British Indian Ports, except as to Tobacco. In Travancore a high rate of Export duty on home produce is still continued; but it is hoped that ere long this duty will be assimilated to our own rates.

Trade.

112. The following comparative statement shows the declared value of the Imports and Exports during the last ten years. The value of merchandize, both imported and exported, has steadily increased of late years. During the year under report, however, Exports decreased, but they continued to exceed those of any year, except 1863-64.

Comparative Statement of the Trade of the Madras Presidency for 1853-54 to 1864-65.

;	<u>'</u>		VALUE OF IMPORTS.	IMPORTS.			VALUE OI	VALUE OF EXPORTS.		VALUE OF RE-EX- PORTS.	RE-EX-	
Y EARS.		Merchan- dize.	Treasure.	Total.	Duty.	Merchan- dize.	Treasure.	Total.	Duty.	Merchan- dize.	Duty.	Gros Duty.
		RS.	88	RB.	BS.	RS.	BS.	RS.	BS.	RS.	BS.	B3.
1855-56		231,33,876	137,16,696	37,16,696 368,50,572	6,47,704	291,70,905	44,18,750	335,89,655	5,42,268	6,64,364	:	11,89,972
1856-57	*:	235,25,244	170,38,582	405,63,826	7,18,443	367,26,978	33,33,678	400,60,656	5,34,044	7,78,134	:	12,52,487
1857-58	:	246,85,453	186,23,162	433,08,615	6,34,817	403,65,161	403,65,161 117,00,866	520,66,027	5,97,599	9,10,155	;	12,32,416
1858-59		293,08,408	142,96,207	142,96,207 436,04,615	8,82,161	337,99,807	57,28,536	395,28,343	4,29,528	17,16,376	:	13,11,689
1859-66		299,07,033	174,39,684	174,39,684 473,46,717	16,01,718	387,82,800	45,47,547	433,30,347	7,13,032	12,56,494	:	23,14,750
1860-61	-;-	316,55,812	207,25,887	523,81,699	17,22,731	445,98,338	62,88,632	508,86,970	8,56,058	15,07,146	675	25,79,464
1861-62		344,94,138	222,85,900	222,85,900 567,80,038	13,58,719	542,92,250	39,58,486	582,50,736 7,12,211	7,12,211	11,60,099	260	20,71,290
1862-63		303,30,148	303,86,890	303,86,890 607,17,038	10,91,820	635,58,990	61,90,551	697,49,541	6,79,052	11,96,496	306	17,70,178
1863.64	;	402,65,473	360,75,985 763,41,458	763,41,458	12,75,208	877,78,126	223,39,284	1,101,17,410	7,19,579	17,35,648	126	19,94,913
1864-65		418,02,487	303,13,958	303,13,958 721,16,445 11,17,875	11,17,875	836,71,790	181,50,942	836,71,790 181,50,942 1,018,22,732 6,67,464	6,67,464	10,04,383	88	17,85,427

Imports and

	•	
ıd	IMPORTS.	113. Classified abstracts of
	Twist and Yarn 1863-64. 1864-65. 45,82,792 61,76,796	the Export and Import Trade will
	Rice 38,54,227 40,32,597	he found in the appendix. There
	Wheat 2,28,800 3,79,380	••
	Timber and planks 9,63,456   11,79,832 Gunnies & gunny bags 1,74,660   4,39,227	11 010 W 011011 110 110 110 110 110 110
	Jewellery 3,58,702 4,72,296	of imported twist and yarn, rice,
	Machinery 1,21,726 2,53,193	
	Malt liquors 6,69,678 7,56,838 Provisions 1,01,361 2,18,995	-
	Woollens 5,04,026 6,19,268	
		nery, malt liquors, provisions and
	Exports.	
	Coffee 65,55,671   76 84,938	woollens. There was a decrease in
	Fruit and Nuts 38,91,613 40,31,784	rice goods, both cotton and silk,
	Paddy 6,00,353 8,57.101	
	Rice and Grain 63,52,927   68,09,649	and in betel-nut, paddy and grains
	Molasses 7,92,489 9,28,059	
	Tobacco 3,40,143 5,73,074	of sorts, railway stores, spirits and
	Cotton Goods 16,36,131   15,60.671	•
	Indigo 40,37,259 33,35,915	wines.
	Coir 11,95,399 9,50,206	
	Oil 37,12,229 25,07,457	114. In Exports the increase
	Sugar 25,51,907   22,40,991	in value was marked in coffee,

fruit and nuts, paddy, rice and grains, molasses and tobacco. There was a decrease in cotton wool and cotton goods, indigo, coir, oil, and sugar.

Cotton trade.

115. As great interest attaches to the cotton export trade, two statements are given, one showing the area of land under cotton cultivation, and the quantity and value of cotton exports during the last ten years, and the other showing the general course of the cotton trade during the last three years. It will be observed that the fall in the price of cotton has had its effect, and that the area under cultivation has diminished. The quantity exported has, however, gone on increasing.

Cotton Wool Exports from 1854-55 to 1864-65.

Years.	Quantity.	Value.	Area under cotton.
	lbs.	Rs.	
1854-55	268,49,395	31,19,425	6,56,584
1855-56	210,13,464	25,21,351	7,97,504
1856-57	539,88,065	72,22,286	9,38,047
1857-58	550,15,309	87,71,724	9,32,285
1858-59	386,52,542	61,17,902	10,41,848
1859-60	825,12,521	95,97,135	9,96,658
1860-61	788,22,027	112,91,211	10,60,558
1861-62	875,44,471	<b>*170,40,215</b>	9,77,728
1862-63	623,74,133	238,12,882	13,62,438
1863-64	724,90,886	447,18,112	18,24,763
1864-65	731,01,578	404,18,937	17,42,078

N. B.—In 1862-63, North Canara was transferred to the Bombay Presidency, and with it Madras lost all the Coompta Cotton trade.

General course of the Cotton Trade during the last three years.

0010010000	wie oj u			i ong one			
Ports.	1862-	63,	1868	-64.	1864-65.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	

Ports.	1862	-63,	1868	3-64.	1864-65.		
1 01 02-	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
	lbs. Rs.		lbs.	lbs. Rs.		Rs.	
United Kingdom.	56,186,940	216,27,173	620,87,480	387,07,488	66,245,553	370,04,081	
Ceylon	2,131,859	8,74,846	8,33,360	4,71,027	93,560	90,829	
France	2,112,111	6,56,896	75,98,156	43,36,080	5,176,828	25,31,749	
Maldive Islands		1	224	165	84	31	
Bombay	793,770	3 56,504	1,209,300	6,93,537	900.543	400,929	
Calcutta	672,216	1,66,613	600,100	4.08,650	406,838	2.28,739	
Travancore	21,665	8,659	40,099	19,611	34,776	14,242	
IndianFrenchPorts	455,572	1,22,191	121,550	81,163	220.172	1,42,870	
Concan		-,,	617	441	8,682	3,269	
Chittagong		•••			14,542	2,198	
Arabian Gulf		•••			•••		
Total	62.374,133	23,812,882	724,90,886	447,18,112	73,101,578	404,18,937	

Local funds. 116. The annexed table shows the amount of receipts and expendi-

Local Funds. Receipts. Expenditure. 1859-60 ... 1,88,583 ... 1,58,880 1860-61 ... 3,64,858 ... 2,54,218 1861-62 ... 2,33,079 ... 3,08,116 1862-63 ... 3,83,113 ... 3,80,165 1863-64 ... 4,04,701 ... 4,30,909 1864-65 ... 5,23,583 ... 4,51,791 ture for the last six years on account of the District Road Fund, which is the principal of the Local Funds, and is derived from various local sources and applied to the construction and repair of cross-roads.

Inam Commis-

117. The staff of Deputy Collectors actually employed in the outdoors settlement operations of the Inam Commission, was reduced from six at the beginning of the year to two at the close. The number of cases registered is consequently smaller than in the preceding year. With the exception of three talooks in the District of Trichinopoly, which will soon be completed, the out-door operations of the Commission may now be said to be over throughout the Presidency. The number of cases received in the Central Office, though only 23,100, embraced a vast variety of very valuable Inam property, consisting chiefly of whole villages, and comprising an area of acres 6,57,827, of the estimated value of Rnpees 14.53,999. The result is an additional Revenue to Government of Rupees 1,10,413, while the cost of the Commission for the year did not exceed Rupees 1,35,329.

Leaving out of account the large mass of Village Service Inams in the Ceded Districts and Kurnool, the registration, &c., of which occupied no inconsiderable share of the time and labour of the Officers of the Inam Commission, the number of titles confirmed from the commencement of operations up to the end of 1864-65, was 3.39,101, involving an extent of acres 48,13,809, the full assessment being Rupees 72,21,420. These lands, from which the Government previously derived Inam Commis- a quit rent of Rupees 6,23,183, were, by the operations of the Commission, made to yield an additional Revenue of Rupees 7,30,484, while the entire cost of the Commission had only amounted to Rupees 8,20,204. Thus it will be seen that the total cost of the Commission for the whole period of its existence will be defrayed by a little more than one year's return of the additional Revenue which it has secured to Government.

Towards the close of the year every arrangement was made for a final examination and tabulation of the results of the Inam investigations, for the completion of the review of the cases remaining in the Central Office, and generally for the disposal of all such matters as are necessary to the winding up of the Commission.

The following statement shows the operation of the Commission in 1864-65.

Description of Inam.	No. of Titles confirmed.	Extent in Acres.	Value or esti- mated Ausess- ment.	Existing quit- rent paid there- on.	Additional quit- rent stipulated to be paid for en- franchisement.	Additional quitrent not agreed to be paid.	Number of cases decided by the De- puty Collectors.
Devadayam and Dhurmada- yam, or religious and charitable grants of a permanent character	9,618	3,15,593	6,71,785	26,639	6,568	•••	
Personal grants enfranchised at the option of the Inamdars, 7352, compulsorily. 4672	12,024	3,12,042	7,32,966	<b>66,6</b> 85	93,212		
Personal grants not enfran- chised, and confirmed on present tenures only	} 208	16,706	26,102	3,012	·	4,833	Personal Inams 9346.
Miscellancous Service Inams enfranchised compulsorily	} 1,248	13,431	22,831	• 675	10,478	•••	Service Inams 20,549.
Government Village Service Inams enfranchised at † of their Assessment	} 2	55	315	148	155		
Total	25,100	6,57,827	14,53,999	87,159	1,10,41	4,833	*** *** ***

Number of Title Deeds issued... 32,222.

No. of cases redeemed....... 24 ... ... ... ... Quit.rent redeemed....... 26 4 1 Amount paid in redemption. ... 525 1 8

Survey.

118. In 1864-65, 2,214 square miles of country were surveyed, 2,943 square miles were mapped out, and the maps of 758 villages were lithographed. There was of course a large quantity of work in progress

Work in 6 Districts... 3,53,994
Central Office...... 32,720
Lithography...... 10,238

at the end of the year, and the correct areas of the fields in 1,180 villages, containing 3,323 square miles, were left ready

for settlement purposes. The total expenditure in the survey department amounted to Rupees 3,96,952.

Settlement

119. The Settlement Department was at work during the year in the Districts of Nellore, Tinnevelly, Coimbatore, Cuddapah, and

and Malabar. The revised assessment was introduced into four of the five taluks of Trichinopoly. It would also have been introduced into the Masulipatam portion of the Kistna District, had not the destruction of the Settlement Office and records in the cyclone prevented The proposals for the settlement of the four taluks of Kurnool Proper were sanctioned in August 1864, and are now being brought into operation. The proposals for the settlement of the Central and Eastern Deltas and the upland taluks of the Godavery District, were submitted in a complete form for the final approval of Government. They have since been approved. There were demarcated 245 villages, comprising an area of 960 square miles, and the revision of the demarcation in Nellore and Kurnool was nearly completed. In the Cuddapah District 245 villages were classified, and the four northern taluks were left nearly ready for settlement at the end of the year. The completion of the demarcation in the Wynaed and the revision of assessment in the Districts of Nellore and Tinnivelly, have been transferred to the Collectors of the respective Districts. The cost to Government of the establishment was Rupees 3,41,466.

The heavy assessment on old well lands in the Districts of Reduction of Assessment. Coimbatore, Bellary, and Kurnool, Nellore, and North Arcot, has been reduced to the ordinary rates, and similar measures will be carried out in all other Districts as rapidly as possible.

121. The only Districts in which the rules for the sale of unas-lands. Sale of waste sessed waste lands were taken advantage of to any great extent were Ganjam and Coimbatore. In Ganjam 2,941 acres were sold for Rupees 26.477, and in Coimbatore 1,388 acres were sold for Rupees 6.815. Under the special rules for the Neilgherry and Shervaroy Hills, and the Wynad Coffee lands, 2,460 acres were sold. The proprietary right in 6.938 acres of escheated land in Malabar was sold for Rupees 3,02,828. to the occupying tenants.

122. The progress of Chinchona cultivation on the Neilgherries continued to be most satisfactory. The season was favourable, and considerable progress was made in all operations connected with the growth and propagation of the plants. The average monthly increase by propagation was 21,200 against 15,326 for the preceding year. The total number of plants on the 1st May 1865 was 5,58,105, and 78,612 were issued to the public during the course of the year. The height of the oldest plants, which were planted out in 1862, varies from eight to twelve feet, and the circumference of the stem at six inches Chinchons.

from the ground varies from seven to thirteen inches. They are well furnished with lateral branches, and look healthy and robust. The analysis of bark during the year exhibits a large increase in alkaloids. The bark examined in 1863-64 yielded 4.3 per cent. of rough, and from 3.30 to 3.40 per cent. of purified alkaloids, while that examined in 64-65 gave six per cent. of purified alkaloids, and one specimen even yielded so much as 8.49 per cent., or five times the average quantity found in the barks of commerce. This result seems to show that cultivation tends to improve the quality of the bark.

Ootacamund Botaurcal gardens. 123. Considerable improvements have been effected in the Ootacamund Botanical Gardens. A new Orchard and Fern house is being erected, and numerous exotic plants of importance have been introduced.

Ten.

124. Seven acres of ground have been planted with the Chinese and Assam varities of Tea, and there are now about 9,000 plants, which have grown well and seem likely to thrive. This garden is intended to form a source for supply of seed to planters. Various descriptions of the Eucalypti have been grown in considerable numbers on the Neilgherries, and District Officers are everywhere forming nurseries and plantations for the growth of trees valuable for timber, firewood, or fruit.

Arboriculture.

Experimental Cultivation.

125. Attempts have been made in many parts of the Presidency to improve the staple products by introducing Maize, Carolina Rice, and several varieties of exotic Cotton. The results of these experiments have not, on the whole, been very encouraging, but they will be persisted in.

Revenue Establishments. 126. Slight modifications suggested by experience have been made in the new Revenue Establishments. The revised scale of Postal Establishment sanctioned by the Government of India has been brought into operation, but the extension of Railways and other causes have already made many alterations necessary.

The Special Test Examinations

127. The Special Test Examination failed to supply a sufficient number of passed candidates, qualified in all respects for the office of Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, and an order has accordingly been passed allowing trustworthy men of ten years standing in the Service, and of tried ability and efficiency, to be promoted to those posts on passing a modified examination in Law and Accounts. Arrangements have also

been made to prevent men too young or too inexperienced from being placed in the important position of Tahsildar.

- 128. The District Presses are still worked at a large profit. The District Presses expenditure for 1864-65 was Rupees 41,819, and the value of work turned out Rupees 1,10,704.
- 129. Agricultural Exhibitions were held at Addanki, Nellore and Agricultural Exhibitions. in the Bellary District, and were successful.
- 130. A Steam Plough, and a large number of agricultural imple-Agricultural Implements, have been brought out from England with the intention of persuading the ryots to introduce improvements in their system of cultivation. Several applications have already been received for ordinary English Ploughs, which are being constructed at the Gun Carriage Factory.
- 131. A model farm has been established in the vicinity of Model Form.

  Madras, where English implements and processes will be fairly tried.

## SECTION V.—PUBLIC WORKS.

ALLOTMENT AND 73,57,383 which was increased by private contributions to Rupees
EXPENDITURE. 73,90,965, or Rupees 8,75,136 more than was allotted in 1863-64.

Allotment,

It was distributed according to the Budget as follows .--

New works	•••		•••	R	s. <b>32,32,</b> 550
Repairs	•••	•••		•••	26,55,506
Tools and Stores	• • •		•••		1,53,855
Unappropriated Re	serve	•••		•••	2,492
Establishments	•••		•••	•••	13,46,562

73,90,965

Expenditure.

133. The actual expenditure for the year was Rupees 72,07,738, which was thus distributed:—

New works	~.	. ,,,	7 R	s. 30,98,920
Repairs	•••	•••	***	25,28,969
Tools and Stores	•••	•••	•••	1,79,683
Establishments	•••	•••		14,00,166

72,07,738

Comparison of allotment and exmeaditure.

134. It will be observed that the outlay on new works and repairs fell short of the allotment by Rupees 2,60,167. This was owing in some cases to scarcity of labour and sickness amongst the working classes, and in others to failures on the part of contractors. The amount, however, exceeded that laid out in 1863-64 by Rupees 7,65,579.

Rates of labour.

135. Rates of labour did not alter materially during the year, except where the works of the Railway and Irrigation Companies, the extended cultivation of cotton, and the increasing price of grain, tended to give them an upward tendency.

Statements will be found in the Appendix showing the outlay on new works and repairs in the several Districts of the Presidency, as well as the estimate framed for each particular work of importance, the expenditure thereon up to the 30th April 1864, and the allotment and expenditure for 1864-65.

A few details of the progress of the principal works which have been undertaken during the year will now be given.

136. A Library and Reading Room for the Artillery was completed MILITARY. at Bellary, and other buildings were commenced. The expenditure for the Artillery at Bellary. the year amounted to Rupees 35,541.

137. Alterations and additions were made in the sea-face batteries Fort St. George. of Fort Saint George. Casemates in the N. E. and S. E. curtains were batteries, &c. converted into expense magazines, and the Flag Staff redan into ordnance store rooms. Good progress was made in building the new family quarters. Platforms were laid down in Clive's battery and Abercrombie's battery. The expenditure for the year was Rupees 59,522.

138. A second set of incorporating mills was set up in the Gun-Gunpowder Fac. nowder factory, at a total cost of Rupees 29,980.

139. A guard house, gun shed, smithy, gram-boiling house, and St. Mount, other buildings of minor importance were erected, at a cost of Rupees Artillery Lines. 72.023 in order to adapt the Horse Artillery lines at St. Thomas' Mount for the accommodation of two batteries.

140. Six ranges of the new Dragoon Barracks at Bangalore were Bangalore Dragoon Barracks. completed, and two more will soon be ready for occupation. The hospital and canteen four blocks of family quarters, the magazine, the wash-house, the gram-boiling house, the Provost Serjeants' quarters and the cells, were nearly finished. Other buildings are in progress. The expenditure for the year was Rupees 83,458.

141. Rupees 18,736 were spent on the Ulsoor water project, but Bangalore Water project, the sanctioned estimate was found to be insufficient, and the progress made during the year was but slight.

142. Rupees 5,525 were expended on a racket court and fives Trichinopoly Arcourt, and Rupees 12,625 on the construction of family quarters for the Artillery at Trichinopoly. A grand magazine was built at the Grand Magazine. same station, and will be ready for use as soon as the lightning conductors are put up. The total cost has been Rupees 20,716. The expenditure during the year was Rupees 16,771.

- 143. A sum of Rupees 84,259 was laid out in collecting materials, Lawrence Asylum preparing and furnishing workshops, making tramways, &c., to prepare for the erection of the Lawrence Asylum at Ootacamund. 24 H. P. Engines have been set up, and a mill house, lime kiln, and block of servants' houses, &c. have been already completed.
- 144. Various improvements and additions were made to the In- Canapare In- fantry Barracks, by Barracks, at Canapare Good progress is arbibited in the Malabar, fantry Barracks at Cannanore. Good progress is exhibited in the

# Madras.

CIVIL regimental school house, the recreation room, the Serjeants' mess-house, BUILDINGS. the Staff Serieants' quarters, the family quarters, and other buildings. The drains and cisterns were nearly finished.

145. Rupees 2.650, out of a sum of Rupees 3.500 realized by private Church at Berhampore in the subscriptions, was expended on the erection of a Church at Berhampore.

Rupees 68,595 were expended on the Central Jail at Rajah-Central Jail at Rajahmundry in the Godavary dis- mundry. Three out of the five radial blocks were completed, and the remainder of the work was satisfactorily advanced.

Good progress was made with all parts of the Central Jail 147. At Combatore. at Coimbatore, the amount expended during the year being Rupees 75.923.

Zillah Jad at Some difficulty was experienced in procuring the timber 148. Vizagapatam. required for the Zillah Jail at Vizagapatam. The progress made was, however, satisfactory, and two of the radial blocks, containing accommodation for 80 convicts, were finished. The expenditure amounted to Rupees 9,869.

The construction of the upper story which has been added to At Salem the Salem Jail was nearly finished, the amount expended during the vear being Rupecs 23,194.

A Sub-Collector's Cutcherry at Madanapully, Deputy Cutcherries completed in Guddapah, Kur- Collector's Cutcherries at Paiputty, and the Madras Salt Cotaurs, and a nool, Madras, Taluq Cutcherry at Hospett, were completed at a total cost of Rupees The amount expended during the year was Rupees 10,628.

Cutcherries in The Taluq Cutcherries at Ongole, Palliumpett, and Madranticum, progress in Nelprogress in Nelnore, Cuddapah, and a Head Assistant's Cutcherry at Hospett were proceeded with, Madras at a cost of Rupees 18,776.

Court House 151. The progress of the Court House at Cuddalore was retarded Cuddalore in . S. Arcot. by the failure of the contractor to supply the required quantity of timber, but it will probably be completed within a few months. The expenditure was Rupees 26,165.

Lunatic Asylum The conversion of the Old Fort Jail at Trichinopoly into a Lunatic Asylum was nearly finished.

Works at the 153. Rupees 23,213 were laid out on the construction of a new Presidency Stamp Office. Stamp Office at the Presidency, which is being built on contract. The estimated cost is Rupees 23,880, and Rupees 23,213 have been expended within the year.

46

- 154. A platform was raised at the Salt Cotaurs, in order to give BUILDINGS. more storage room, at a cost of Rupees 27,037. Sait Cotours.
- The additions to the Central Museum were completed, at a Central Museum. total cost of Rupees 37,673. The expenditure during the year amounted to Rupees 9,529.
- Rupees 51,645 were spent on the construction of the new General Hospital. wing which is being added to the General Hospital, and which is now nearly finished. The ground on the south side of the Hospital was laid out in flower gardens and walks at a cost of Rupees 4.064.
- 157. Rapid progress was made with the construction of a Store and P.W.D. Store Workshop for the Public Works Department, and they will soon be completed. The expenditure during the year was Rupees 55,023.
- The raising of the Godavery anicut was rapidly proceeded with, and the expenditure amounted to Rupees 68,401. The Palar CULTURAL. anicut, in North Arcot, was raised from five to seven feet, at a cost of Anicuts—Godarery, North Arcot, and Rupees 7,700, within the year, and proved most serviceable. The Cheyaur Tangore. anicut, in the same District, was raised, and the subsidiary works widened, at an expense of Rupees 9.589. Good progress was made in the reconstruction of the Trivady, Vanamadevy, and Trivandipuram anicuts, in South Arcot, which were seriously injured by the extraordinary flood of October 1864. The expenditure amounted to Rupees 19,348. Tanjore the restoration of the fallen branches of the lower Coleroon anicut was carried on, at a cost of Rupees 19,743.

159. The progress of the Ellore high level canal was checked by Channels in the Godavery Dissickness amongst the workmen, and other causes. The sum allotted for tret. improving the Akeed canal was small, and very little work was done. The locks and calingulahs in the Mundapetta canal were nearly completed. The expenditure on these works during the year amounted to Rupecs 48,142.

AGRI-

160. The construction of the channels from Peddavadlapudi to Kistnah. Nizampatam, and from Pullairu to Masulipatam, was proceeded with, at a cost of Rupees 16,193. The latter was completed, but sustained considerable damage in the November cyclone. The projected works for widening the Pullairu channel, and the channels from Wallabapuram to the tide water branch channels, and from Seetanagaram to Daggaralla, were continued. Ten miles of embankments were raised, and seven and a quarter miles of channel dug to the full depth and width,

Godavery.

Kistnah.

COMMUNI- and other works were commenced in execution of the project for CATIONS. extending the Commanoor channel from Inkole to Chinna Ganiam The eastern embankments of the Kristnah were strengthened and improved. The total expenditure on these works in the Kistnah District amounted to Rupees 1,56,120.

The works connected with the improvement and extension of Nellore and Jaffer Sahib's channel, in Nellore, were nearly completed, and Rupees 20.211, being the whole allotment for the year, was laid out in restoring and repairing tanks which are to be supplied by the Palar river project in the Madras District.

In North Arcot a new channel was excavated, to supply North Arcot. the Chuckramellore and twelve other tanks on the southern side of the Palar river, at a cost of Rupees 8,130. About twelve miles of channel were cut, to utilize the overflow of the Mahindayedv tank, at a cost of Rupees 14,059, and the channel from Lalpet to Surpentangle was completed.

163. A road thirty miles long, from Aska to Ganjam, was com-Ganiam. menced, and Rupees 22,500 were laid out on it. The works in connection with the roads from Majagoda to Lunkeru Kote, from Aska to Russellcondah, and from Bullepudra to Kurcholy, progressed. at a cost of Rupees 11,005.

164. The roads from Vizagapatam to Kassipore, and from Vizianaga-Vizagapatam. ram to Chepurpilly, were rapidly proceeded with. The expenditure amounted to Rupees 33,988. Rupees 13,246 were spent on the road from Vizianagaram to Jeypore, out of the Rupees 50,000 contributed by the Rajah of Vizianagaram.

> 165. Rupees 16,060, being Rupees 60 more than the allotment, were expended on the Coconada iron girder bridge. Both abutments have been built. Sixteen out of the eighteen girders which will be required have been manufactured at the Dowlaishweram workshop. The cast iron cylinders for the piers have been despatched from England by the contractor.

> 166. Ten miles of Trunk road No. 6, from Sultanagaram to Guntur, have been opened for traffic, and the Madras and Masulipatam coast road has been greatly improved. The foundations of a bridge across the Commamoor channel, near Charbole, were laid, and the Sultanagaram bridge, which was completely destroyed in the cyclone, was partially reconstructed.

48

167. With the exception of about 600 yards where Trunk road No. 6 crosses the Musannur valley, and about two miles near Ongole. the road has been placed in good order throughout the Nellore District. The expenditure for the year was Rupees 30,711. Fourteen and a half miles of the Nellore and Dorenal road were completed from Income Tax funds.

ROADS. Nellore-

168. Rupees 5,260 were spent on three "Railway feeders." termi- Cuddapahe nating at Codoor, Rajampett, and Nundalore, which are to be Rajlway stations. Two bridges were completed on the road from Cuddapah to Nellore, and about two and a half miles were metalled. Good progress was made in the rest of the work. The road from Cuddapah to Nundial proceeded but slowly, on account of the great demand for labor created by the works of the Madras Irrigation and Canal Company. Several miles of the road from Cuddapah to Bellary were completed. Rupees 1,500 allotted for expenditure on roads in the Kadiri taluq, in order to afford relief to the inhabitants, who still suffered from the famine of 1863-64, was laid out in the formation of six miles of road, the whole of which is now practicable for carts. The Soodamalla and Ethal bridges, each of which contains four arches of thirty-six feet span. and another bridge of twelve feet span, were completed on trunk road No. 11.

Rupees 2,998 were expended on the Nundycanama ghaut, and Kurnool. the approaches and a portion of the wing walls of the viaduct are all that remain to be completed. Five bridges on the road from Kurnool to Bellary were finished, at a cost of Rupees 23,612. The outlay during the year was provided from the Income Tax fund, and amounted to Rupees 4,889.

170. At the Presidency the Elephant gate bridge was widened Presidency. during the year, much to the convenience of the public. The outlay, which amounted to Rupees 7,280, was supplied from Income Tax Funds.

Six miles of the road from Mylapoor to Conatoor, in the Madras Madras District, District, had been opened out for traffic before the commencement of South Arcot. the year, and the remaining four and a half miles have since been nearly completed. The "Railway feeder" from Satgur to the Mailputty Railway Station in North Arcot was finished, at a cost of Rupees 4,000; and Rupees 13,301 out of the Income Tax Funds were expended on the road from Arcot to Arnce. Six of the ten arches of the Guddilum

ROADS.

bridge, at Cuddalore, in South Arcot, which had been swept away by the October flood, were rebuilt.

Salem:

172. The roads from Sooramungalum (the Salem Railway Station) to Taramungalum, on trunk-road No. 5, and the cart road between Polakode and Mirapur, were proceeded with. Two bridges of three arches of thirty feet span have been built, one on the Salem and Cuddalore road, and the other on trunk-road No. 5, near Darampury, at a total expenditure of Rupees 8,501. A third bridge of nine arches of thirty feet span, which had been commenced before the beginning of the year, was proceeded with. The amount hitherto expended on the work is Rupees 7,288, and has been derived for the Income Tax Fund.

Tanjore.

173. Railway feeders are being made in the Tanjore District, from Nagore to Negapatam, and from Keevalore to the Keevalore Railway Station. The excavations throughout the whole length of the canals from the Vedarniem Salt pans to the Adapaur river, and from Negapatam to Titrapoondi, have been completed.

Coimbatore.

174. Six and a half miles of the new Coonoor Ghaut were opened out during the year. There are now six miles of road eighteen feet wide, five miles of road twelve feet wide, and two and a quarter miles of bridle path. The remaining mile is still untouched.

Malabar.

175. Rupees 34,553 were expended on the new Tambracherry Ghaut. The earth work of the approach to the Ghaut has been completed, and four miles of the actual ascent are now used by carts. The road is nowhere less than twelve feet wide. A bridge at Kalputty was commenced. It is to be a wooden trussed bridge of four bays of sixty-four feet span, and the estimated cost is Rupees 30,000, of which Rupees 24,735 were expended in 1864-65.

South Canara.

176. Four bridges on the road below the Chamady Ghaut have been in hand during the year. The arches of one have been turned, and the piers and abutments of the others have been completed. The road below the Munzerabad Ghaut has also been bridged. Of the five bridges, one has been finished and two are nearly completed.

Madara,

177. In Madura three platform bridges were built on the Teroomangalum road, partly at the expense of the Income Tax Fund, and several others have been commenced. The foundations of a bridge over the Shunmooganaddu river were also laid.

178. Eleven miles of the road between Palamcottah and Tuticorin MISCELLAwere finished during the year, and eighteen miles are now open for traffic. The expenditure has amounted to rupees 40,615. The restoration of the Suttur bridge was finished, at a total cost of Rupees 20.814. Rupees 8.337 from the Income Tax Funds were spent on the improvement of the road running from Madura to Anamboody via Tinnevelly.

NEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVE-MENTS. Tinnevelly.

- 179. After the November cyclone it became necessary to make Channels in the Kistnah District, arrangements for supplying Masulipatam with fresh water. temporary resource a channel was dug from the Sultanagarum bridge to Robertson's pettah, which proved extremely useful in preserving the health of the town. With the same view a channel has been commenced, at an estimated cost of Rupees 14,000, which will lead from the Ankumuroo lock to the Sultanagaram bridge, and supply the town with a permanent supply of good water.
- Rupees 34,522 were expended out of the Income Tax Funds People's Park at in improving the People's Park at the Presidency and enclosing the Fort esplanades with wire fencing.
- Rupees 1,640 from the same Funds, were laid out in the ex- Quay at Many tension of the Quay at Mangalore. The first portion, 192 feet in length. has been completed.
- 182. In pursuance of the projects for improving the Paumben Paumben charge channel, 143 cubic yards of stone, as well as a large quantity of debris nel, Madura resulting from the blasting operations of 1863-64, were removed.
- 183. A list of the principal works undertaken during the year for Local funds. District Roads, Educational, and other Local Funds, with the amounts expended in them, will be found in the Appendix. Amongst them may be mentioned more particularly the Normal School at Vizagapatam, the Zillah School at Rajahmundry, the Presidency College, and the project for under-tunnelling the town of Madura.
- 184. The total outlay on repairs was Rupees 25,28,969. The following list shows the amount expended on such works as deserve especial notice.

Expenditure. Godavery District.—Godavery anicut 26,931 Rough stone revetment and groynes for the protection of the river bank of Eastern Delta... 17,958

# Madras.1

MISCELLA-NEOUS PHRLIC IMPROVE-MENTS.

## SECTION V.—PUBLIC WORKS

	Expe	nditure.
Dredging the Cocanada harbour		19,652
Kistnah District.—Kistnah anicut	•••	13,011
Masulipatam canal and branches	3	52,710
Ellore canal and do.	•••	9,756
Ryve's canal and do.	•••	3,499
Rendered necessary by the Cyclone.  Pullairu canal and do.	•••	12,640
Nizampatam canal and do.	400	14,102
Western bank channel	•••	3,381
Commamoor channel	•••	6,754
Bellury ·Toongabuddra channels	•••	14,743
Madras District—Deepening the Northern and Sc	outh-	
ern canals		22,071
Tanjore Reconstructing wing walls of	the	
South Raja Voikal surplus s	luice	
of the Lower Coleroon anic	ut	6,149

Workshops,

Workshops were kept in operation at Bezwarah, Nellore. Paumben, and Dowlaishwerum. The amount charged for work turned out at Dowlaishwerum was Rupees 1,72,118, and the profit realized was Rupees 26,976, being Rupees 7,925 in excess of the profits for 1863-64.

#### ACCOUNTS.

the office of the Controller of Public Works.

186. During the year 7,642 bills were received, amounting to Rupees Bill branch of 69,01,351, and were disposed of by the Controller of Public Works Accounts, in addition to 775 bills, amounting to Rupees 8,30,200, which were audited in adjustment of Local Funds expenditure. Out of the sum which remained unadjusted on the 30th April 1864, bills amounting to Rupees 44,40,503 were passed, and the total balance from 1863-64 and 1864-65 left still to be accounted for, is Rupees 7,75,720.

RAILROADS Railways durng the official year.

During the official year the north-west line was opened as Extension of far as Reddipully, 791 miles from Arconum Junction, and by the end of April the rails were laid in continuation to within seven miles of Only about three months more work should be required to complete this section, but in consequence of the insufficiency of gear for brake vans, and of the necessity of making good settlement of the banks when newly made, it will not in all probability be opened for traffic till September. The estimates for Districts 7 and 8, up to the 171st mile from Arconum, will shortly be ready for submission to Government.

> 188. The Bangalore Branch, 841 miles in length, was opened on the 1st August 1864, and, together, with the south-west line, has been

maintained in efficient working order. Numerous additions have also RAILROADS. been made to the new works, which must still be considered incomplete.

189. The average quantities of earthwork, masonry, &c. executed work executed on the S. W. and monthly, as obtained from the progress reports from the 1st May 1864 N. W. Lines and Bangalore branch. to the latest date (March, 1865) up to which the returns have been received, are as follows:-

,			South West Line.	North West Line.	Bangalore Branch.
Earthwork	•••	C. Yds.	•••	6,53,651	1,11,278
Masonry	•••	<b>))</b>	2,246	15,305	4,237
Ballasting	•••	,,	•••	2,78,038	1,14,747
Permanent	way,	L. Yds.	•••	22,000	28,556
Fencing	•••	,,	28,236	1,19,875	20,440

190. The number of passengers, the quantities of goods, and the Revenue derived from the Tratrevenue derived, were as follows:-

South West Line.

- 191. 2,18,870 more passengers were carried in 1864-65 than during the previous year, and the increase in the carriage of goods amounted to 13,33,202 maunds.
- 192. The following were the rates and fares charged during the Rates and fares charged during the Rates and fares Ruilway, year.

Passengers.—1st	Class		•••	•••	12	pice per mile.
Do. 2n	d do.		•••	•••	5	do. do.
Do. 3rd	do.		•••	•••	3	do. do.
Goods.—Special	Class	•••	•••	8	pice pe	r ton per mile.
1st	do.	•••	•••	10	do.	do.
2nd	do.	•••	•••	12	do.	do.
3rd	do.	•••	•••	14	do.	do.
4th	do.	•••	•••	20	do.	do.
5th	do.	:	•••	30	do.	do.

Special reduced rates have also been sanctioned for coal and RATERDADS Special rates. coke and stores on Company's account: coir rope and country hemp in quantities of not less than ten tons, from Tiroor or Beypore to Madras arrack, in casks, when conveyed from the western to the eastern coast (to be adopted experimentally); sheep, in truck loads of forty from Malloor to Avanashy; packages containing ice, fish, and vegetables, between Madras and Bangalore, and for firewood between Palghaut and Coimbatore.

Working expenses and mainten-ance of way in the S. W. L. and N. W. Lines.

The working expenses per mile amounted to Rupees 3,451 on the south west line, and Rupees 1,278 on the north west line. Maintenance of way costing Rupees 1,380-0-0 per mile in the former line and Rupees 750 on the latter.

Advances to The advances made to the Madras Railway Company during Madras Radway Company. the year were :-

	Capit	tal.		Revenu	e,	
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Construction	14,67,478	0	0	•••		• • •
Stores	3,79,000	0	0	4,02,275	0	0
Sleepers	13,000	·o	0	83,226	0	0
Rolling stock	2,01,000	0	0	•••	• • •	
Maintenance way and						
rolling stock	•••	•••	•••	4,78,139	0	0
Salaries.						
Agents Establishment	86,984	3	0	41,394	6	. 0
Engineer and Telegraph	3,04,926	4	0	66,664	7	0
Lccomotive	75,932	2	0	1,34,304	8	0
Traffic and Telegraph	•••		•••	2,25,524	5	0
Contingencies	79,194	6	0	72,221	1	0

Total expenditure from March 1853 to December 1864, Total expendi-Rupees 461,90,689-6-11.

Engineers in the Great S. of L.

The Engineers of the Great Southern of India Railway were Railway, how cm- employed in maintaining the line between Negapatam and Trichinopoly, and in carrying on the construction of the Erode extension. Of the whole distance, 881 miles, 64 miles and 10 chains have been in progress.

There has been unusual delay in delivering over the land Delay in mak-ing over land to ing over land to RadwayCompany, required by the Company on this line, and the progress of the work has been greatly retarded in consequence.

The number of passengers, the quantity of goods, and the RAILROADS. revenue derived therefrom during 1864-65 were as follows:from the Traffic. Passengers, 3,14,430 ... ... Rupees 1,71,056 From Passen-1.40.533 3 16,87.458 ... From Goods. Goods. The total receipts from all sources amounted to Rupees 3,11,589-4-0, Total revenue derived, and expenditure. and the expenditure to Rupees 1,60,194. The net profits show a decrease of Rupees 4,601 over last year. The following rates were charged during the year. Rates and fares 201. of the G. S. of I. Ranway. Passengers.—1st Class, 12 pice per mile. do. 8 2nd do. Dο. do. 3rddo. Do. Goods.—1 Anna per ton per mile. The maintenance of way cost Rupees 360 per mile, and the Maintenance of way,and working expenses. working expences Rupees 2,028. 203. The advances made to the Great Southern of India Railway Advances to the G. S. of I. Railduring the year were :-Revenue. Capital. Rs. RS. 35,000 0 0 Construction... 0 5.000 0 Stores... 30,500 0 Rolling stock... ... Maintenance of way and 43.640 rolling stock..... Salaries. 0 3,601 11 35,105 10 Agency... 20.746 15 12,437 12 Engineers 29,795 14 5.065Locomotive ... 2 1.730 Contingencies... 14,596 4 Traffic... Advance on the Erode Extension. Prode extension. 3,93,500 Construction... ... 1,86,375 Stores... 2,180 Contingencies...

The amount of the estimates sanctioned by Government up IRRIGATION to the close of 1863-64, was Rupees 40,93,674-8-0, and provided for AND CANAL COMPANY.

Engineer Department ... 1,02,455

Salaries.

MADRAS IRRIGATION AND CANAL

the construction of the main canal from the commencement down to the 146th mile, with the anicut and head works at Soonkasala, for the COMPANY. Somaiswaram anicut, where the Pennair enters the Nellore District. and for a few distribution works and station buildings.

Estimates sanctioned during the year.

The estimates sanctioned during 1864-65 amounted to Rupees 27,48,912, the particulars of which are given in the appendix.

Comparison between original and revised esti-mates sanctioned up to close of

The original estimates of the cost of the works under construction by the Company have been found generally inadequate, and supplemental sanctions to a large amount have consequently been applied for and given. The following statement affords the means of comparison between the probable cost of the works in the original and revised estimates.

Description of work.	Original esti- mates.	Present esti- mates.	Difference.	Remarks.
Kurnool anicut 1 mile of canal from				Abandon- ed.
anicut	65,000	65,000-0-0	•••	do
Soonkasala anicut and head works 1st Section main ca-	1,25,000	3,09,650-0-0	1,84,650-0-0	
nal—miles 18		8,56,77-0-0	3,96,777-0-0	
Hindry aqueduct	1,45,000			
2nd Section main canal—miles 14 3rd do do do 11		19,16,717-0-0		
4th do do do 17 ) 5th do do do 12 )	5,19,830	9,52,963-0-0	4,33,133-0-0	
6th do do do 19	3,02,525	3,80,529-0-0	78,004-0-0	
7th do do do 23			2,690-0-0	
8th do do do 28			1,21,200-0-0	
9th do do do 35		8,02,811-0-0	•••	Not commenc-
Distribution works	37,404	37,622-0-0	218-0-0	Hardly do.
Buildings	36,828	41,755-0-0	4,927-0-0	
Somaiswaram anicut.			29,470-0-0	
	43,23,548	68,42,586-8-0	25,19,038-8-0	

Expenditure.

Up to the end of the year under review, the total expenditure on construction including special superintendence was

Expenditure and cost of establishments, &c.

The cost of the permanent establishment.

Controlling... Rs. 4,70,279 1 Executive ... 9,36,530 13

14,06,809 13

47,70,064 10 2

Rs.

Miscellaneous Store charges unadjusted General plant in use on works Contingencies and sundry charges	3,26,212 1,40,282 3,04,794	
s	Total Rs 69.58.779	

This portion of the main canal includes the 10th, 11th State of the work. and 12th sections. Estimates amounting to Rupees 4,81,800 for the Main Canal be-first of these were submitted in 1863-64, and sanction was deferred and the pending the completion of the estimates for the remaining sections, anicus, an which are still under preparation. The Company, however, do not intend to proceed with this portion of the project until the upper sections, 177 miles in length, have been completed and brought into 1180.

209. At the close of 1863-64, estimates for the 1st section of The portion of this part of the main canal had been received by the Consulting Nellore. Engineer, After some modifications had been made by the Chief Engineer, they were submitted to Government, but sanction was not accorded, as it appeared improbable that the Company would be able to complete the first nine sections of the canal with the balance of the guaranteed million of capital. This decision of the Government led to a good deal of correspondence between the representatives of the Company and the Government, and the question was also brought by the Directors of the Company before the Secretary of State for India, but ultimately the Directors were convinced of the soundness of the opinions expressed by the Government as to the course which should be followed with a view to ensure the completion and utilization of the upper portions of the canal, upon which a very large amount of capital had already been, sunk.

First.—The Soonkasala anicut, with its head works, was with Soonkasala anisome trifling exceptions completed soon after the close of 1863-64, but works. the anicut was breached in July at a point where its height was greatest, and where loose stone had been thrown into the ravine in the rocky bed to form a foundation. This breach was closed temporarily about three months afterwards, and on the subsidence of the freshes measures were taken for repairing the damage substantially. The plan adopted was to rebuild the body wall on loose stone and protect it by a sloping apron with retaining walls. The work was pressed forward night and day, but the early freshes stopped its progress, and

MADRAS
IRRIGATION
AND CANAL
COMPANY.

the water of the next freshes will be prevented from passing over this part of the anicut by raising the body wall. The head works stood the freshes of the past year very well, and require only some improvements to the sluice gates to render them fit for regular work.

Main Canal 1st Section 18 miles.

Second.—This section was so far finished in July as to allow of the admission of water, and a supply was maintained in it during the remainder of the year, though the breach in the anicut reduced the quantity to a minimum for some weeks. The extent of land cultivated was only about 100 acres, but the supply of water to Kurnool was also provided for.

The Hindry aqueduct.

Third.—This aqueduct had been built to two-thirds of its full width before the commencement of the year, and the remaining third has since been nearly completed. Water was allowed to pass over the work in December 1864, but it was found that the leakage was very considerable, especially at the southern abutment, and under the wing walls and connected embankments, so that the water had to be shut off, and the rear of the abutment and the bed of the canal, for a length of about 220 yards have been since filled in with good soil. The leakage has been greatly reduced, and it is probable that a moderate further outlay on similar works will effect the desired results, even should the water reach the aqueduct in too clear a state to deposit puddling material. The floor of the aqueduct, through which considerable leakage occurred, has been plastered, with good results.

2nd Section Main Canal, 14

Fourth.—The progress made in this section during the year was very satisfactory, and, while there is much to be done to render the canal complete, there will be no difficulty in getting it ready for water within two or three months. The Kadrabagh aqueduct, in the 23rd mile, however, was constructed with insufficient foundations, and of insufficient strength in other respects. Additional works have been sanctioned to increase if possible its stability, and thus enable water to be sent down to the lower sections, but it is by no means certain that it will be found capable of continued use, until the defective portions have been taken down and rebuilt. The high embankments connected with it will require much care and attention until they have settled. In this section, to a very considerable extent, lofty walls take the place of embankments, where soil is scarce or unsuitable. They are for the most part appproaching completion, and the results of their trial are looked forward to with some anxiety, astheir dimensions and mode of construction are not such as to render it probable that they will be water tight.

Fifth.—The works in this section, including the principal masonry MADRAS work, the Ullur aqueduct, are in a forward state, and will be ready for IRRIGATION the admission of water early in 1865-66. Much work, however, still COMPANY. remains to be done, when the supply is shut off in December next.

3rd Section Man Canal, Il miles.

Sixth.—Though the quantity of work done during the year was 4th Section Maia considerable, the backward state of some of the high embankments where the canal is single banked, and forms tanks in crossing the valley, and of the masonry culverts, renders it doubtful when the admission of water below the 53rd mile will be practicable.

Seventh.—Except at the Teragopila aqueduct, in the 63rd mile, the 5th Section Main Canal, 12 miles, arches of which had not been commenced, and the high embankments connected with which were behind hand, there is no heavy work remaining in this section. There is however a good deal to be done in clearing and bottoming, and some of the minor masonry works have not been completed.

Eighth.—The upper six miles of this section will alone carry irriga- 6th Section Main tion water, the lower 13 miles being a still water-navigation canal. The upper six miles made but little progress during the earlier part of the year, but towards the close the supply of labor was increased, and the works were pushed on vigorously, so that at no distant date this part will be able to carry water. In the lower, or navigation portion the works were stopped about the middle of the second quarter of the year, and the labor was transferred to the more immediately important irrigation works. The surplus works at the head of this section, for Surplus works at the head of this section, discharging nearly\* all the irrigation water into the Caulee, have made good progress, and will be available for the transmission of water, as soon as it reaches the end of the 72nd mile,

Ninth.—This section commences with an anicut across the Caulee 7th Section Main to divert a portion of the water turned into that river by the surplus works just noticed. The anicut has been finished, for about two-thirds of its length, to a height of five feet, the level intended for the approaching season of freshes, and the head sluige connected therewith has been completed. The canal, which is to carry 1,00,000 cubic yards of water per hour, is still very far from complete, and the progress made during the year is much less than in the upper section. Both earthworks and masonry works are behind hand, and the latter, indeed, have been barely commenced.

Tenth.—The progress made during the year is very satisfactory. 8th Section Main Canal, 26 miles. In many miles the earthworks are either finished or approaching com-

Between 3,00,000 and 4,00,000 cubic yards per hour up to the 72nd mile and 4,000 cubic yards below that.

. MADRAS pletion. The masonry works are not so forward, and their completion irrigation will probably be delayed by the necessity which has been found to AND CANAL exist for revising the plans, which are unsuitable to their positions and circumstances. The works in this section were not commenced until August 1863, and up to the close of 1863-64, the progress made was small, so that it is probable that the section will be completed in less time than has been found necessary for any of the upper sections.

9th Section Main Canal, 36 miles.

Eleventh.—This section has not been commenced as yet. It will be supplied by an anicut across the Kundar, the river into which the Caulee falls, and will carry off the water not taken up for the seventh and eighth sections.

Distribution

210. Very little has been done towards the formation of distribution works during the year. In the first section some few yards of minor channels have been constructed, and one channel has been commenced in the fourth section. The sluices built in the banks of the main canal in the first five sections, are the only other works existing at present. The amount sanctioned on account of these works is only Rupees 37,622, and the total expenditure thereon up to the close of the year under review was only Rupees 5,512-7-5. No estimates for distribution were received during the year, except in connection with the sixth and ninth sections.

The Somaiswa-

211. The progress made at this dam is very small. Some block wells have been sunk, but were not found to answer, owing partly to difficulties in their management, and partly to the sub-soil being unfavorable for sinking wells having such a large bearing. Circular wells have recently been substituted. These wells are on the line of the tail or toe of the sloping apron, and below them a narrow bank of rubble stone has been laid down from side to side of the river. The quarry railway and the preparation of bricks and lime have made some progress, and the station buildings have been completed.

Rellary Division investigation.

212. The principal project which has engaged the attention of the Executive Engineer and his subordinates is a line of canal from the Toombuddra at Walavapore, viâ Darojee, to Bellary. Thence it is intended to carry it ultimately across the Huggry, and the watershed between that river and the Hindry, and finally to Kurnool. The rough surveys of nearly all the line up to Bellary have been completed, and most of the line finally selected, and the detailed surveys have made considerable progress.

- 213. Surveys and investigations have been carried on at several IRRIGATION sites in the Mysore Territory, but without definite results. On the AND CANAL eastern confines of the Bellary District, an apparently favorable site COMPANY. near Parnapulli on the Chittravutty has been selected and surveyed, vere. and the design for the dam or bund, with an estimate, has been sent home to the Board of Directors. The cost of the reservoir is estimated at ten to twelve lacs, and the capacity at 1,000 millions of cubic yards.
- The average labor employed on the canal works during the supply of labor. year compared with that for the preceding year is as follows:--

						1864-65.	186 <b>3-</b> 64.
Coolies		•••	•••		•••	16,707	15,043
Artificers	•••	•••	•••	•••		1,231	944
Carts	•••		•••	•••	•••	750	. 397
Cattle	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,966	861

The amount of unskilled labor shews an increase of 11 per cent. and under the other heads the increase is in every case very considerable.

215. These rules, after considerable discussion and sundry amend- Rules for the of ments, were sanctioned by Government in their Order of the 5th, water and collec-October 1864, No. 1830, Revenue Department, on trial for one year. It will probably be two or three years, however, before their suitability will have been fairly tested.

These subjects have been under consideration; draft rules Rules for keepand forms of account have been prepared and forwarded to the Agent, and Navigation Revenue and but no settlement has yet been effected, though at the close of the year for navigation rates, and for rat the maximum rate for exceptional supplies of water, bid fair to be for exceptional supplies speedily arranged.

- 217. The amount drawn by the Company's Agent from the Amount drawn Government Treasury in India during the year was Rs. 26,21,306-2-7, and up to its close in India. and the total amount up to its close Rupees 75,14,212-14-0.
- 218. The amount expended under all heads during 1864-65 was Expenditure in and up to end of Rupees 25,93,966-11-9,\* and the total up to the close of the year year. Rupees 69,58,779-15-10. The cash balance on the 30th April, and the value of Stores on hand, have not yet been communicated to this office.
- 219. Up to the latest accounts received—that to the close of Expenditure by April 1865, the expenditure in England incurred by the Board Directors in England. amounted to Rupees 6,49,170.

<sup>\*</sup> Stores included only up to 31st January 1865.

MADRAS

The abstract statement of expenditure during the year IRRIGATION received from the Agent is submitted. It shows the expenditure COMPANY, under the several heads during, and up to the close of the year.

Abstract statement of expenditure received from the Agent. expenditure incurred by the Company. 221. The following is a summary of the state of audit of the

State of Audit

diture incurred by the Company.			
Amount drawn from Government	Rs.		P.
up to 30th April 1864	48,92,906	11	5
Amount during 1864-65	26,21,306	2	7
Value of Stores supplied by the			
Board of Directors up to 30th			
April 1864	2,64,150	14	5
Do. do. from 1st May 1864 to			
31st January 1865	94,028	15	4
Liability of the Agent	78,72,392	11	9
	10,12,002		<u> </u>
Expenditure passed and adjusted in			
the accounts up to 30th April 1864.	42,13,323	5	2
Do. do. in the accounts from			
May 1864 to January 1865	18,19,577	2	4
Do. objected to pending explana-			
tion	9,153	0	8
Accounts rendered by the Agent but	-		
under audit on the 30th April 1865.	12,178	0	9
Amount remaining to be accounted	,		
for by the Agent on the 30th			
April 1865	18,18,161	2	10
•			
Total	78,72,392	11	9

Extent of land

222. The extent of land made over to the Company's Chief made over to the Comp made over to the Comp April to March

Tinder Class A

```
Under Class A.
                                  ... Acres 741 35 531
            B.
                                            603 41 461
            C.
                                              4 7 63
                          ...
```

The extent of land provided for road diversions under class D was acres 5-16-3.

223. The extent of land transferred up to the close of the year and the amount of compensation paid are subjoined.

Class	ΥA.	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Acres	8,084	15	81
,,	В,	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	٠,	2,721	37	211
<b>,,</b>	C.	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	<b>))</b>	14	3	59
	D.	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	<b>)1</b>	40	2	7
				Tota	al Ac	res.	. ī	0,860	18	317
Comp Dedu	ensa et f	tion or tre					76 11 55 12			
Net a	mou	int pa	aid	•,••	••	47,	720 1	4 11		

#### SECTION VI.—MARINE

- 224. In the report of last year it was noticed that the Office of ESTABLISH-MENTS. Superintendent of Marine would be abolished and the duties of that Officer be performed by the Master Attendant whenever either of the present incumbents of these offices should retire: at the same time reduction was effected in the office. With a view to further reductions being effected, a Committee was assembled in July 1864, but it was found that it was not practicable to reduce the establishment further.
- 225. During the year three infractions of the Native Passengers' Native Passen Act (XXV of 1859) have occurred. In two cases fines were imposed The third was a case in which the Ship "Canton Carpenter" having been refused a license at Negapatam went on to Karikal and there embarked unwards of 300 passengers for the Straits. She will be proceeded against on her return to India.

The Ports are, with one exception, self-supporting, the Receipts and disbursements. exception being Vizagapatam; it is expected however that its debt will be liquidated during the current year. The receipts for the year from all the ports were Rupees 1,20,316; the disbursements being only Rupees 72,009, and the various port funds have at their credit Rupees 2,14,346.

There were 12 wrecks during the year, all, with one excep- wrecks. tion, being caused by stress of weather. Fifteen lives were lost, nine in one case, five in another, and one in the third.

228. Under a contract (to which reference was made last year) Line of steamers with the British India Steam Navigation Company, a monthly line of und Raugoon, Steamers is now established between Madras and Rangoon, calling at Masulipatam, Cocanada, and Vizagapatam. The service began on the 9th February 1865.

229. At Cocanada the shipping operations have largely increased. Exports and Im-The value of exports and imports having been in Rupees 29,09,442, in 1863-64 Rupees 44,75,468, and in 1864-65 Rupees 53,54,882, made up of Rupees 4,45,404 imports, and Rupees 49,10,478 exports. The channel at Coringa continues to grow more and more shallow, and this, of course, greatly impedes the trade.

230. The state of the Negapatam harbour is reported to be very Negapatam harbad, the bar having so little water on it that empty boats cannot pass at low water. The operations at the Paumben channel progress

Paumben channel slowly. The reef channel having now a depth of 12 feet throughout at low water, and the sand bank channel 11 to 12 feet. The trade through the channel has increased by 189 vessels. The light at Cochin light. Cochin, which has long been unsatisfactory, is to be shewn hereafter from a column on the most commanding site near the beach. A landing Mangalore Sea place and jetty are being constructed here. At Mangalore a sea wall is being erected, to form (by the reclamation of the land behind it) a quay, and, by its action in narrowing the breakwater, to deepen the channel.

Madras Fier. 231. The Pier at Madras is now fully employed. In the Appendix will be found a statement of the fees levied, which include the clearing and loading of boats, the transport of goods over the pier, and loading or unloading them at the shore end. This is carried out by contract, the contractors being liable for all damages and losses. The whole of the old standing cranes have been repaired and altered, and two ten ton cranes have been fitted, the one on the cross head, and the other at the shore end, to load and unload goods on to and from the trucks. An English Diver with Heinke's Apparatus has been engaged and employed during the year.

232. The trade of the Madras port has shared the depression general throughout the shipping business, and shews a considerable diminution when compared with the trade of former years.

#### SECTION VII.—FINANCIAL

233. During the year under review, the Government of India GENERAL. have, on the recommendation of the English Commissioners, Messrs. Account Foster and Whiffin, appointed to revise the Indian system of Accounts. Audit. directed the introduction of several important reforms in the present system of Account and Audit. But so far as this Presidency is concerned, no part of the above reforms having taken place in the official vear, they will form the subject of detailed review in the next Administration Report.

234. The total amount sanctioned for the Madras Presidency for Review of the the year 1864-65, as the Budget Grant for expenditure on account of sults of 1864-65. the several Services or Departments, excluding the Postal and Telegraph Departments, which are treated as Imperial charges, was Rupees

Financial Ros

1.82,000 Allowances, Refunds, &c. Rs. 1.01,95,000 Charges against Income 2,92,92,000 Army ... ,, Public Works . 75,22,000 ,, 1,35,85,000 Civil Services .. ... ,, Local Interest ... 8,23,000 ,, Rupees .. 6,15,99,000

6,15,99,000, the total estimated Income being Rupees 6,91,95,000. So far as at present known, the actual expenditure has exceeded the sanctioned Budget Grant by Rupees 7,03,000, and this sum de-

ducted from the excess of Actual over the estimated Income, viz: Rupees 7,36,000, leaves a small surplus of Income of Rupees 33,000.

The abovementioned excess of actual expenditure over the Excess of Actual 235 sanctioned grant occurs in the Military Department, and full explana- Budget Grant tion of the cause of it will be found in that Section of the Report.

under Army, about 13 lacs.

The total actual receipts of Territorial Income of 1864-65

Comparison of the Actual Inand 1863-64.

Revenue Receipts, in Rs. 6,36,31,000 cluding Mint Law and Justice 4,39,000 73,000 Police ... 38,000 Marine Public Works 3,11,000 Tributes 34,46,000 Miscellaneous, including Interest 19,93,000

Rupees... 6,99,31,000

amount to Rupees 6,99,31,000, and come of 1864-65 shew a decrease of Rupees 4,37,000. or 0.62 per cent. below those of This decrease occurs 1863-64. under the Revenue heads generally. Public Works, and Miscellaneous-Military, the causes of which are heads, given in detail in the appropriate Miscellaneous-

Sections of the Report.

Variations under Revenue Works and Military.

Under Miscellaneous-Civil, there is a decrease of about a Variations under Miscellaneous lac and a half of Rupees in the Receipts of 1864-65 below those of Civil. 1863-64, in consequence of certain large sums having been brought to the credit of the State in the last mentioned year, on account of unclaimed deposits, and value of gold linings in certain state carriages of His Highness the Rajah of Tanjore.

FINANCIAL RESULTS.		There	are
Variations under other heads of Receipts.  Comparison of the Actual Expenditure of 1864-65 and 1863-64.	Allowances Charges ag Army Public Wo Civil Servi Local Inter	ainst Inc rks ces	
	Heads of Service.	Accordance	

re no material variations under the other heads of

1,27,000 payments on account 96, 55,000 3,05,90,000 of the Territorial ex-75,67,000 ,35,73,000 penditure of 1864-65. 7,90,000 amount, in the aggre-

Rupces... 6,23,02.000

Heads of Service.	Actual charges of 1863-64.	Actual charges of 1864-65.	In crease. Decrease.
Allowances, Re		1.07.000	
funds, &c		1,27,000	1,26,000
Charges agains	t		i i
Income	1,03,07,000	96,53,000	6,52,000
Army	3,00,05,000	3, 05, 90,000	5,85,000
Public Works	71,23,000	3,05,90,000 75,67,000	4,44,000
Civil Services	.38.12.000	1,35,73,000	2.39.000
Local Interest	5,66,000	7.90,000	2,24,000
Total			12,53,000 10,17,000

&c.

Variations under Charges

Deduct \_ 10,17,000

6,52,000, under the head "Charges against Income," is

239

gate, to Rs. 6,23,02,000. and exhibit, on comparison with the expenditure of 1863-64. an increase of Rupees 2.36.000, or 0.4 per cent., as shewn in the marginal table.

240. The decrease.

The actual

not due to actual reduction of expenditure, but to the transfer of about Runees three and a quarter lacs in 1864-65, from the Imperial expenditure to Local Funds, on account of allowances to District and Village Officers: to the transfer to other Governments of the charges on account of the Pension of the family of Mysore Princes hitherto borne by this Presidency; and to the non-payment of a portion of the stipend due to His Highness Prince Azeem Jah.

2.36.000

Variations under Revenue Public Works.

Explanation as to the cause of the excess which occurs Heads, Army, and under "Salt," subordinate to Revenue Departments, as also of the variations under other Revenue heads, and Public Works, will be found in detail elsewhere.

Variations. under Civil Sei vices.

242. The decrease in the expenditure under "Civil Services." of Rupees 2,39,000, is mainly under the head of "Superannuation and Retired Allowances, &c.," and is owing to the actuals of 1863-64 having embraced two years adjustments of Annuities paid in England to Annuitants of the old Civil Annuity Fund up to 30th April 1825, and also to a gradual diminution of the deficiency in the unapproprinted branch of the Civil Service Annuity Fund, which is made good to it by Government.

243. Lastly, under the head "Local Interest," the increase is FINANCIAL owing to the non-adjustment in the Accounts of 1863-64, of Interest due on 1st May 1864, to certain Service Funds, which, in assimilation under Local Interest. with the practice which obtains in Calcutta, have been properly omitted in the Accounts of 1863-64 and brought in those of 1864-65. the Interest falling due, and therefore becoming payable, in the last mentioned vear.

244. The following statement exhibits in one view, as in last Comparison of the Actuals year, the Budget sanctions, and the actual income and expenditure with the Budget sanctions. for the different Departments of the Administration for the year 1864-65. 1864-65, together with the proportion of the Revenue contributed by each source to the aggregate income, and the proportion which the charges for each service bear to the aggregate expenditure.

aliotments

Statement showing the estimated and actual Income and Expenditure for 1864-65.

		Actual Inc	rome 65.		Budget		actual Expendi- ure for 1864–65,	
INCOME.	Budget Estimate for1864-55.	Amount.	Per centage.	EXPENDITURE.	Estimate for 1864-65.	Amount.	: Per	
I-Land Revenue, &c.								
1. Land Revenue	419,17,000	118,77,000	59•9	A. Allowances, Refunds & Drawbacks }  B. I—Revenue Departments	1,82,000	1,27,000	•2	
2. Forest	3,50,000	2,92 000	-4	2 Assessed Taxes	45,72,000 38,000 1,73,000	42,76,000 33,000 1,69,000	6.9	
3. Abkaree	39,57,000	39,63,000	5.7	3. Customs 4. Salt 6. Stamps	1,35,000	14,32,000	2.3	
II.—Assessed Taxes	14,00,000	14,54,000	2.1	7. Mint	2,12,000	3,43,000	٠5	
III—Customs	22,00,000	20,38,60	29	II.—Allowances and As- signments under Treaties and Engagements	33,38,000	80,02,000	4.8	
IVSalt	103,00,000	143,61,000	14.8	IV.—Miscellaneous V.—Contingencies, Special	2,15,000 60,000	2,05,000 66,000	.8	
VI-Stamps	23,00,000	,	3-9	and Temporary			٠,	
VII-Mint	7,10,000	0,1,1	1.4	C. Army		305,90,000		
X-Law and Justice.	4,50,000	4,39,00%	.6	E & F. I -Public Works	75,22,000	+75,67,000	122	
XI-Police XII-Marine	32,000	73,006	''	F. 11.—Salaries and Expen- ses of Public Departments	20,27,000	19,91,000	3.2	
	15,000	38,000		III.—Law and Justice	38,12,000 39,00,000	36,81,000 85,65,000	5·9 5·7	
X111—Public Works	4,26,000	3,11,000	-4	V.—Education, Science and	8,50,000	7,35,000	1.2	
XIV-Tributes and Contributions	31,46,000	34,46,000	4.8	VI.—Political Agencies and other Foreign Services	97,000	68,000	٠.	
XV—Miscellaneous, Civil}	4,48,000	4,56,600	.7	VII.—Superannuation and Retired Allowances, &c.,	23,81,000 1,02,006	29,51,000 78,000		
• Ditto. Military	11,70,000	* 14,46,000	2.1	IX.—Miscellaneous	4,41,000	4,97,000	-8	
XVI-Interest	74,000	91,600	-1	X.—Civil Contingencies	25,000 8,28,000	1	1.3	
Total Rupres	691,95,000	699,31,000	100	Total Rupess	615,99,000	623,02,000	1	

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated Receipts.

<sup>+</sup> Estimated charges.

INCOME AND EX-PRDITURE

past 25 years.

Quinquennial averages for the

At foot are shown the quinquennial averages of the Income and expenditure for the past twenty-five years, with the percentage of increase or degrease in each period compared with the average of the preceding five years.\* The annual average income for the last twenty-five years is Rupees 574,29,000, and the expenditure Rupees 577,31,800.

Cash Balance on 30th April 1865.

246. The actual Cash Balance on the 30th April 1865 amounted to about Rupees 2,39,31,700, which falls short of that on the 30th April 1864 by Rupees 78,46,300. This large decrease is chiefly due to the fact of very large remittances having been made during the past official year to Calcutta, Bombay, and Hydrabad; and which, inclusive of the remittances in transit to those Governments on the 30th April 1864, amount to nearly Rupees 1451 lacs.

Comparison of Cash Balance for

The amount of the actual Cash Balances in the several the past five Trensuries at the beginning and end of each of the last five official years. vears, are as follows:-

Years.			Increase.	Decr <b>e</b> ase.	Per centage of increase or decrease.
1861-62 1862-63 1863-64	2,42,46,900 2,18,39,800 2,92,87,900 3,77,81,700 3,17,78,000	2,92,87,900 3,77,81,700 3,17,78,000	74,48,100 84,93,800 		34·1 29 15·9
		Deduct	1,59,41,900 Increase		

• INCOME.	Amount.	Increase.	Decrease.	Percent- age.
	RS.	Rs.	Rs.	RS,
Average from 1840-41 to 1844-45				•2
Do. from 1845-46 to 1849-50	580,64,500	3.61,500		.7
Do. from 1850-51 to 1854-55	526,67,600	l	3,96,900	•7
Do. from 1855-56 to 1859-60	594,11,700	67,44,100	,	12.3
Do. from 1860-61 to 1864-65	693,00,400	98,88,700		14.8
EXPENDITURE.				
Average from 1840-41 to 1844-45	514.94.600	15,80,400		3.2
Do. from 1845-46 to 1849-50	517 88 300	2,88,700	*****	6
Do. from 1850-51 to 1854-55	£17,00,000		******	•
	017,80,800	7,500	*****	
Do from 1855-56 to 1859-60	673,31,800	155,41,000		30.
Do. from 1860-61 to 1864-65	662,58,400	******	10,73;400	1.6
		-		

The demand for small coins in the interior has become less from year to year. The value of small silver sent in 1864-65 amount- the Mojussil. ed to Rupees 4,03,000 only, and of copper Rupees 3,39,700, shewing a reduction of Rupees 95,000, or 19:1 per cent., in the former, and of Rupees 4.57.000, or 57.4 per cent., in the latter, compared with the preceding year; and from the explanations received from the Collectors on the subject, it is apparent that the stock in hand in many of the Districts is much in excess of their actual wants. So large, indeed. is the supply in some of the Districts, that the balances in the Huzur and Taluq Treasuries continue to increase, notwithstanding no remittances of new coins are sent from the Mint. It becomes a question. therefore, whether some measures ought not to be taken to reduce the small silver and copper balances in these Districts.

Demand for

249. In the Appendix will be found a Statement shewing the Receipts an Dishurgements receipts and disbursements for the years 18 62-63 and 1863-64.

Receipts and of 1862-63 and 1863-64

250. With a view to the more speedy audit of bills, the late Civil Paymaster recast the internal arrangements of this office, with PAYMASTER effect from the beginning of the official year 1864-1865, in accordance office. with the views enunciated in para. 19 of his letter to Government No. 20, dated 11th January 1864. The result has been that the Presidency and Mofussil bills have been passed with little or no delay, and, as a rule, by the evening of the day of receipt. The printed form of abstracts which was introduced last year has also tended much to the above result. While the audit of bills has been expeditious, care has been taken to see that the general rules relating to audit and the local regulations regarding the passing of tests required for certain appointments have in no way been infringed.

CIVIL

In accordance with the propositions of the English Finance Abolition of the Commissioners, which have been adopted by the Government of India, system of the commissioners and the commissioners are the commissioners. the system of pre-audit has been abolished, after it had been in ex-Paymoster, and istence nine years; with it, the appointment of Civil Paymaster (formerly bhshment with that of the Ac-Civil Auditor), and the existence of his office as a separate establish-countant General, ment, cease. In this Presidency these changes will take effect from 1st July 1865, from which date the office staff of the Civil Paymaster will be amalgamated with that of the Accountant General.

MINT The receipt of silver into the Mint and the value of the coin Silver receipts. hy weight delivered to the Bank of Madras during 1864-65 has been as follows :--

. 0.0	Rs.	A.	P.
Balance in the Mint on the 1st May 1864	5,77,114		
	61,88,427	3	6
Uncurrent silver coin received from the Bank of			١.
Madras for recoinage	1,51,822	13	7
	69,17,364	15	3
Weight of coin delivered to the Bank Rs. A. P.	05,11,001	"	)
of Madras 64,48.727 6 0 Balance in the Mint 4,77,785 9 2			ļ
	69,26,512	15	2
Excess	9,147	17.5	11
Excess	3,111	1.,	- 1

Excess of silver.

The excess above exhibited is exclusive of silver in the dross, and is at the rate of about 141 Rupees for each lac in value coined and remitted to the Bank of Madras. The particulars are as follows :--

Mint Treasury. 3		-		•		л. 11	P. 0
Pre-melting Room	. Recoveri	es from the	refuse dr	oss and			
swecpings	• •	•••	•••	•••	949	6	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Melting Room. D	ifference o	of the valu	ie of meta	l with			
which the melt	ter is debi	ited and o	of the wei	ght re-			
turned	•••	•••	•••	•••	7,936	14	105
Laminating Room	. Differer	ce of weig	tht deliver	ed and			
returned	•••	•••	•••	•••	5,714	3	5
					14,624	3	
Deduct wastage in	milling,	cleaning, a	nd stamp	ing the			
coin	•••	•••	•••	•••	5,476	3	91
			Net ex	cess	9,147	15	11

254. The following is a statement of the number and value of copper pieces each denomination of silver and copper pieces coined and remitted, together with the rates at which the coin has been manufactured.

MINT.

	Pieces.	Value.										
			-	-	¦						_	-
		RS.	<b>A.</b>	P.	l				RS.		۸.	P.
Single Rupees	52,80,700	52,80,700	0	0	Aι	13.	per	cent.	58,3	23	10	1
Half do	8,60,682	4,30,341	0		,,		,,,	21			13	Ì
Quarter do	26,66,420	6,66,605	0	0	,,	3	,,	"	19,9	98	2	4
Double Annas	5,65,116	70,639	8	0	,,		,,	,	2,8	25	9	1 :
			-	-								
	93,72,918	64,48,285	8	0	ŀ				Ì			j
TT-10 Amman	154 47 100	- 45 3 40		-	١							i
Half Annas	174,45,120	5,45,160	0		At		Es.	per lac.			13	!
Quarter do	439,87,200	6,87,300	0	0	٠,,	100	,,	>9	43,9	87	3	1
Single Pies	182,47,680	95,040	0	0	,,	50	,,	,,	9,1	23	13	1
			-		1						-	_
	796,80,000	13,27,500	0	0	[							
			-	-					ł			
Grand Total	890,52,918	77,75,785	8	0					1,73,7	43	1	1

255. The receipts of merchants silver bullion during each month Receipts of merchants bullion for the past six years are given below.

from May 1859.

	1859-60.	1860-61.	1861-62.	1862-63.	1863-64.	1864-65.
	Tolas.	Tolas.	Tolas.	Tolas.	Tolas.	Tolas.
May	10,60,480	4,29,404	3,84,604	2,59,498	61,463	6,44,696
June	3,12,901	8,19,407	1,61,830	2,21,975	2,45,589	13,82,769
July	5,70,549	5,75,206	3,01,685	2,81,604	3,55,680	5,41,942
August	6,18,535	1,86,245	2,66,005	3,38,456	2,19,595	4,97,943
September	3,23,143	3,11,678	6,66,915	4,33,815	47,918	5,15,469
October	1,98,382	1,33,606	3,98,430	5,79,118	2,73,147	4,75,872
November	1,54,807	2,47,657	1,50,606	8,56,814	67,300	4,74,015
December	2,30,480	6,59,861	3,16,198	7,95,869	77,470	2,38,215
January	4,69,528	1,12,276	5,09.695	12,22,370	3,01,455	8,50,335
February	3,04,502	1,38,825	3,02,926	2,30,651	26,662	59,386
March	5,17,201	4,23,104	2,82,443	3,67,793	18,42,581	3,97,350
April	5,42,292	4,79,394	7,23,662	4,23,268	4,86,312	1,10,435
Total	53,02,800	45,16,663	44,64,999	60,11,231	40,05,172	61,88,427

The charges for seignorage and refinage on merchants silver Mint receipts bullion received for coinage, with the gain on the coinage of copper and sale of copper scissel, the excess of silver found in the different departments of the Mint, and of cash received into the Mint for work done for private parties, and for articles made for other departments. amounts to Rupees 9,68,202-3-0. The expenses of the Mint and of the Assay Department, with the amount written off on account of loss on the remelting of copper scissel is Rupees 2,49,057-7-9. The sum left in favor of the Mint is Rupees 7,19,144-11-3 as shewn in the following statement.

MINT.

RECEIPTS.		RS.	A	. Р.	Rs.	A.	1
Seignorage and refining charg	es on						
silver bullion		1,30,000	1	8			
Gain on copper coins, after de							
ing value of the copper		7,86,385		2			
Gain on copper scissel sold		8,098	9	10			
Excess of silver found in the d							
ent departments		9,147	15	11			
Amount of cash received for							
done for private parties, art							
made and supplied to							
public departments, acids							
unserviceable articles solo		00.00					
the Mint		22,091	13	4			
Amount of articles made and	-						
plied for other departments							
which cash payments have							
been received as per ord							
Government No. 822, dated		10.450	٥	,			
December 1863	•••	12,478	O	l			
Carrie	ed over	••••••		•	9.68,202	3	(
DISBURSEMENTS.							
Mint Master's salary	***	21,000	ď	0			
Mint Establishment	•••	45,771	1	2			
Contingent servants	•••	75,290	9	10			
Gram, straw, &c., and purch	ased						
articles	•••	17,108	10	3			
	•••	17,108 12,000		3 0			
Coal		•	0	0			
Coal	•••	12,000	0 1	0 6			
Coal Coke Store articles	•••	12,000 5,398	0 1 13	0 6			
Coal		12,000 5,398 26,550	0 1 13 0	0 6 7			
Coal	 	12,000 5,398 26,550 3,180	0 1 13 0	0 6 7 0			
Coal	 	12,000 5,398 26,550 3,180	0 1 13 0 0	0 6 7 0 2			

Cash receipts 257. The total amount of cash received on bills on the sale of gold, copper scissel, &c., and for articles made and supplied to other public departments, and private parties, is shewn in the following statement.

RECEIPTS.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	MINT.
To gold sold at the Mint	1,334	3 11			
To copper scissel, ingots, and cakes,					
&c. do	2,22,628	15 5			
To iron castings and other arti-					
cles made and supplied to public departments	4,699	6 6			
To do do do for private			•		
parties, nitric and sulphuric acid, and unserviceable articles sold	17,392	6 10			
By cash remitted to the Bank of					
Madras	2,32,204	14 8			
By deductions from the contingent abstracts on account of cash re-					
ceived for articles made and supplied to other public depart-					
ments, and work done for private					
parties	13,850	2 0			
			0.40.000		

2,46,055 0 8

Total... 148

do

 257.6
 The weight of castings from the Mint foundry has been For the Mint ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 24½ Tons

 For public departments ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 94¼ do

 For private parties
 ...
 ...
 ...
 28½ do

Castings from the Mut foundry.

257b The following statement exhibits the coinage of the past conage for the ten years:—

Years.	Buve	er.	Cop	per	Total silver	Total value.	
I Cais.	Pieces.	Value.	Pieces.	Value.	pieces.	Total value.	
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
855-56	82,77,360	54,52,049	67,83,102	1,20,676	150,60,462	55,72,725	
856-57	151,31,526	86,78,139	151,29,884	2,59,435	302,61,410	89,37,574	
857-58	163,38,249	96,21,933	348,95,280	6,50,791	512,33.529	102,72,724	
858-59	67,63,524	48,53,440	305,25,947	5,64.131	372,89,471	54,17,571	
859-60	110,78,847	56,62,073	654,68,832	9,02,991	765,47,679	65,65,064	
860-61	66,18,433	51,34,699	723,50,400	10,22,420	789,68,833	61,57,119	
861-62	60,59,977	43,99,068	709,49,760	10,76,750	770,09,737	54,75,818	
862-63	120,54,231	67,32,248	627,65,760	9,93,280	748,19,991	77,25,528	
863-64	160,06,926	127,76,704	953,21,280	17,69,630	113,20,206	145,46,331	
864-65	93,72,918	64,48,285	796,80,000	13,27,500	890,52,918	77,75,785	
l	856-57 857-58 858-59 859-60 860-61 861-62 862-63 863-64	855-56 82,77,360 856-57 151,31,526 857-58 163,38,249 858-59 67,63,524 859-60 110,78,847 860-61 66,18,433 861-62 60,59,977 862-63 160,06,926	Rs. 855-56 82,77,360 54,52,049 856-57 151,31,526 86,78,139 857-58 163,38,249 96,21,933 858-59 67,63,524 48,53,440 859-60 110,78,847 56,62,073 860-61 66,18,433 51,34,699 861-62 60,59,97 43,99,068 862-63 120,54,231 67,32,248 863-64 160,06,926 127,76,704	855-56 82,77,360 54,52,049 67,83,102 856-57 151,31,526 86,78,139 151,29,884 857-58 163,38,249 96,21,933 348,95,280 858-59 67,53,524 48,53,440 305,25,947 859-60 110,78,847 56,62,073 654,68,832 860-61 66,18,433 51,34,699 723,50,400 861-62 60,59,977 43,99,068 709,49,760 862-63 120,54,231 67,32,248 627,65,760 863-64 160,06,926 127,76,704 953,21,280	Rs.	Rs. Rs. 150,60,462 855-56 82,77,360 86,78,139 151,29,884 2,59,435 302,61,410 857-58 163,38,249 96,21,933 348,95,280 6,50,791 512,33.529 858-59 67,63,524 48,53,440 305,25,947 5,64.131 372,89,471 859-60 110,78,847 56,62,073 654,68,832 9,02,991 765,47,679 860-61 66,18,433 51,34,699 723,50,400 10,22,420 789,68,833 861-62 60,59,977 43,99,068 709,49,760 10,76,750 770,99,737 862-63 120,54,231 67,32,248 627,65,760 9,93,280 748,19,991 863-64 160,06,926 127,76,704 953,21,280 17,69,630 113,22,206	

SECTION VIL -FINANCIAI Madras. 1 257c Under Notification of the Government of India, No. 3.274. DEPARTdated 15th November 1864. New Circles of Issue were established on MENT OF ISSUE OF the 1st January 1865 at Calicut, Trichinopoly, and Vizagapatam. The PAPER first Circle comprises the Districts of Malabar, South Canara, and CURRENCY. Coimbatore; the second, Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madura, and Tinne-Formation of Circles. velly; and the third, Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavery, and Kistna. Notes is ded to the Madras Bank in exchange for cash. 100 Rupees in value 2 000 Notes of 2.00.000 do do 400 do of 1500 2.00,000 200 do of 1.000 do do 2,00,000 6.00,000 2.600Notes issued to the Bank in exchange for cancelled notes. Notes of 10 Rupees in value 1,25,000 12.500 20 1.50,000 7.500 do of do do 7,500 do of 50 do do 3,75,000 do of 100 do do 6,000 6,00,000 800 do of 500 do do 4,00,000 do 1,150 do of 1,000 do 11,50,000

Good notes returned by the Bank in exchange for cash.

28.00.000

7,00,000

1,000	Notes	$\mathbf{of}$	50	Rupees	in	value	50,000
2,000	do	of	100	do	do		2,00,000
500	do	of		do	do		2,50,000
200	do	of 1	,000	do	do		2,00,000

Old Notes returned by the Bank in exchange for cash.

			•			0
1,550	Notes	$\mathbf{of}$	10	Rupees	in v	value 15,500
1,145	do	of	20	do	do	22,900
1,100	do	of	50	do	do	55,000
911	do	$\mathbf{of}$	100	do ·	do	91,100
463	do	oť	500	do	do	2,31,500
384	do	οf	1,000	do	do	3,84,000

5,553 8,00,000

]	Notes i	ssued b	y Ca	licut	Circle in exchange for cas				
	1,306	Notes	of	10	Rupees in	value	13,060		
	1,164	do	of	20	do	do	23,280		
	872	do	$\mathbf{of}$	50	do .	do	43,600		
	843	do	of	100	do	do	84,300		
٠.	123	do	of	500	do	do	61,500		
	59	do	of 1	,000	do	do	59,000		
	4,367					-	2,84,740		

35,450

3.700

Notes is	sued by	Tr	ichino	poly Circle	in exc	change for cash
1,132	Notes	of	10	Rupees in	value	11,320
1,022	do	of	20	do	do	20,440
665	do	of	50	do	do	33,250
614	$\mathbf{do}$	of	100	do	do	61,400
· 183	do	of	500	do	do	91,500
111	do	$\mathbf{of}$	1,000	do	do	1,11,000
3,727					-	3,28,910

PAPER CURRENCY.

Notes issued by Vizagapatam Circle in exchange for cash.

						_
3,671	Notes	$\mathbf{of}$	10	Rupees in	value	36,710
1,935	do	of	20	do	do	38,700
805	do	οf	50	do	do	40,250
549	do	of	100	do	do	54,900
99	do	of	500	do	do	49,500
103	do	$\mathbf{of}$	1,000	do	do 1	,03,000
${7,162}$					3	,23,060

Notes cancelled in the year.

		No.	Value Rupees.		
Madras Circle	4:	3,143	41,50,000		
Calicut do		2	110		
Trichinopoly	do	72	1,140		
Vizagapatam	do	137	7,530		
Total	43,354		41,58,780		

· 257d The circulation of notes at the end of the official year Notes in circulation. amounted to Rupees 65,00,000, and that on the 30th April 1865, including new Circles, Rupees 66,36,710, shewing an increase of Rupees 1,36,710, or 2.1032 per cent.

257e The total value of notes cancelled in the Madras and other Notes cancelled, Circles during the year was Rupers 41,58,780, and of those cancelled in the previous year, Rupees 35,25,000, shewing an increase of Rupees 6,33,780 this year.

257/ Out of Rupees 35,03,863-5-0 invested in Government Securities, and held by the Head Commissioner to the credit of the Department, Rupees 5,01,018-10-0, for which securities were transferred to the Circles of Lahore, Allahabad, and Nagpore, were paid into the mmissioner's Treasury; hence the investment now held on account of the Madras Circle is Rupees 30,02,844-11-0, Add to this Rupees 26,97,155-5-0,

Securities and cash in deposit. PAPER cash in deposit in the vaults of the Madras Bank, which makes a CURRENCY. total of Rupees 57,00,000, the value of notes in circulation on the 30th April 1865.

Of the cash in deposit at the close of the year with the Circles of Issue at Calicut, Trichinopoly, and Vizagapatam, viz., Rupees 9,36,710, being the value of notes in circulation on that date, three lacs of Rupees, (one from each Circle,) were transferred to the Collector's Treasuries on account of Government, under orders from the Government of India, for which amount Government Securities were purchased by the Head Commissioner, and held by him to the credit of the circle offices respectively.

Receipts and disbursements. 277g Receipts and Disbursements of the Department during the year.

RECEIPTS.	Rs.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	Р.
Profit by Interest calculated upon						
Government Securities				1,74,962	0	10
DISBURSEMENTS.						
Establishment, including Circles.	20,076	11	9			
Contingent charges do	3,776	8	10			
Commission paid to the Bank of						
Madras on daily average cir-						
culation, under Clause XVII of						
its agreement with Government	45,435	4	4			
Cost of 53,517 note forms issued						
at the average price, inclusive						
of freight and other charges	1,448	9	11			
				70,737	2	10
	Saving			1,04,224	14	0

#### SECTION VIII -- POLITICAL

257% In the administration of Civil and Criminal Justice in Travancore during the Malabar year, there is nothing particular to remark, except that the benefits of the Civil Procedure Code are increasingly felt, particularly in cases coming within the jurisdiction of the Moonsiff's Courts.

TRAVAN-CORE. Civil and Cri-

Considerable reforms, have, however, been initiated since the close of the Malabar year in the Courts of Travancore. The services of an able Principal Sudr Ameen have been obtained from the British Service for the post of First Judge of the Sudr Court; the salaries of the Judges in that and the other Courts have been considerably increased. as have also those of the ministerial officers. Superannuated and incompetent persons have been pensioned, and their places supplied by men of superior qualifications. A higher tone has been imparted to the Courts, which are now rising rapidly in the respect and confidence of the people.

The procedure in the Courts has been simplified, and the business facilitated by getting rid of cumbrous returns, which indicated the absence of trust in the subordinate Courts by aiming at a rigid but impossible scrutiny into minute details. Pleaders have been enrolled, after examination, for all the Courts. Provision has also been made for supplying the requisite qualifications in legal knowledge in future incumbents of office, by establishing a Law Class in connection with the High School.

2577 The Police is working as well as may be expected in its present organization, and efforts have been successfully made to prevent arrears of business and delay in disposing of cases. Cases of smuggling are much reduced in number since the duty on tobacco has been lowered.

12377 The rate of mortality in the jail at Travancore, which was so enormous a few years since, has been gradually diminishing, and is now reduced to less than 41 per cent. A system of dieting the prisoners has been introduced.

257k The revenue from land, which was increased in the previous Land Revenue, year by raising the commutation price, maintains the same standard.

2571 Applications for coffee lands in the Travancore hills continue Coffee plantato increase. It has been found desirable to issue rules for their sale at an upset price of one Rupee an acre. A survey party has also been organized for the survey of these lands.

TRAVAN-

257m. The trade of Travancore shews an advance in both imports and exports.

Customs.

The long contemplated interportal arrangements between these States and British India may be noticed here, as having been accomplished, since the close of the year under report.

Tobacco

25... The duty on tobacco has been considerably reduced during the year, and a further large reduction, of upwards of a lac of Rupees, will be made in connection with the interportal arrangements just alluded to. The revenue is now about four lacs of Rupees lower than the former standard under the monopoly. Considerable progress is thus being made towards bringing the revenue to its proper footing, and smuggling, with its concomitant evils, has proportionately decreased.

Education.

25%. The Rajah's School at Trevandrum continues to hold its high position, and there are signs of some of the more deeply rooted caste prejudices yielding to the advantages of education. The efficiency of the school has been tested by the fact of several of the scholars having passed the matriculation standard at the last two Government examinations, and one also the first examination in arts. As above alluded to, a Law Class, under a qualified teacher, has been formed, and His Highness the Rajah is taking steps to increase the efficiency of the school, by procuring another Master from England, especially for the branches of Mathematics and Science.

Forest.

25.77 The Forest Department has been re-organized, with the addition of Assistant Conservators.

Medical.

2574 In the Medical Department may be noticed the new Dispensary, which will be shortly completed, with a branch institution for a Lying-in-hospital.

Observatory.

257. His Highness' Observatory, in which attention for many years past has been contined to Magnetic Observations, has now been closed, on the retirement of the Director, Mr. Broun. Arrangements are being made for the publication of the series of observations taken during past years.

Public Gardens.

25%. Public gardens have been formed by His Highness the Rajah in connection with the Museum, and will, it is hoped, have the effect of encouraging horticulture, and promoting the growth of useful products, as well as affording recreation to the people. The Museum was visited by 10,000 persons during the year.

2574 The correspondence passing through the Sirkar post continues rapidly to increase, and is "an index to the progress of primary "instruction in the country, as well as to the growth of social and ment." commercial relations among a people hitherto remarkable for a spirit "of isolation"

CORE.

Postal Depart

258. The Public Works Department has considerably increased in efficiency, and important works have been pressed on with vigor, particularly the Victoria Canal. This work has, however, proved more difficult than was expected, owing to the intervention of rocky barriers which involve heavy blasting. Roads have been formed to connect the section of the canal under operation with the trunk road, and the communication is also thus opened out from the Tinnevelly side to the port of Colachel in the south.

Public Works.

259. Lines of communication are being opened out to the hill tracts of Asamboo, Augusteer, and Peermade, where lands have been taken up for coffee plantations.

Roads.

The latter line is one of great importance, as leading across the ghauts into the Madura District. It commences at Cottyam on the backwater, and has been formed, with the exception of the bridges, which are only temporary, for thirty miles, to the foot of the ghauts, up which a trace for bullocks has also for some time been opened. This is now being converted into a cart road on an easy gradient. This communication, when completed and extended down the Madura side, will tend greatly to develope the resources of the country.

A scheme is now under preparation for completing the water communication between Trevandrum and Cochin, which has hitherto been interrupted by a formidable barrier five miles in length, and in parts not much less than 200 feet in height.

l'mances.

260. The finances of this State are in a flourishing condition, there being a considerable surplus revenue, notwithstanding the large expense of the sexennial festival of the Morajapum, and the reduction in the tobacco revenue. This satisfactory state of things has enabled the State to apply its resources in many ways with confidence for the benefit of the people. As above alluded to, the salaries of the Judges of the several Courts have been considerably raised, and about three-quarters of a lac of Rupees a year has been employed in augmenting those of the lower officials. The grant, also, of retiring pensions, on nearly the same scale as that in the British Indian Service, has also been a great boon to the public service.

TRAVAN-CORE.

Those two measures are proving the means of greatly improving the administration, by enabling the State to secure higher qualifications and greater efficiency and trustworthiness in the servants by whom it is conducted.

The recent removal of the restrictions on trade, above alluded to, must give a stimulus in developing the resources of this favored country, and improving its resources; and the State is now in a more favorable position, perhaps, than it ever was, for extending its reforms and improving the administration, and there appears every disposition on its part to avail itself of the opportunities thus afforded for the advancement of the prosperity of the State and the welfare of His Highness' subjects.

COCHIN-

261. A few points deserve notice in the administration of the Cochin State.

Civil Justice.

262. The Code of Civil Procedure has been recently introduced, and its advantages will no doubt be apparent in the next year.

Education.

263. Education has received a stimulus in the re-organization of His Highness' School at the capital. The services of a well qualified European gentleman, a graduate of Cambridge, have been secured for it, and in a few months the number of scholars has been trebled, while also school fees have been instituted.

Coffee planta-

264. Fresh lands continue to be taken up for coffee plantations, and this promises, as in Travancore, to become shortly an additional source of revenue.

Public Works, ihoranoor bridge,

265. The Shoranoor bridge, intended to connect His Highness' territory with British India, and also to carry a branch railway, is now progressing towards completion, the iron work having arrived from England, and now being placed on the granite pillars which are ready for its reception. Measures have been taken for improving the present line of communication between the Railway at Shoranoor and Cochin, by cutting new lines of canal where necessary, and thoroughly repairing the road on the portion to be travelled by land.

Proposed Rail.

266. A scheme has been under discussion for forming a branch railway from Shoranoor to the ports of Narakal and Cochin, and the Government has expressed itself disposed to give countenance to the project, when satisfactorily matured, though it is not prepared to afford any guarantee of interest on the expenditure.

267. The port of Narakal has maintained its reputation as a safe harbour throughout the monsoon, when the other ports on this coast are . Port of Notaclosed. The Coasting Steamers touched regularly at it during the last monsoon, and landed mails, passengers, cargo, &c., always in smooth water

The subject of conveying the Overland Mails from Bombay to this port, as an auxiliary to that of Cochin, and thence to the Madras Railway at Shoranoor, has been under consideration.

The finances of this State, also, are in a flourishing condition, Figures. and a great stimulus will be given to its trade by the interportal arrangements recently completed.

The State has applied its resources largely in public works, and has also been enabled to increase the salaries of its public servants, and is now on the eve of following the example of Travancore, in establishing rules for the grant of retiring pensions,

Appended will be found statements of the financial position of the States, the operations of the Courts, the Imports and Exports, and Public Works in progress.

The payments to stipendiaries (including Jaghiredars) CARNATIC. amounted during the official year to Rupees 8,17,999. Of this amount, Rupees 1,68,000 was drawn by His Highness Prince Azeem Jah Bahadur as arrears of his stipend.

The number of persons receiving stipends on the 1st May 1865 was 2,040, the lapses having been 208 stipends, amounting in the aggregate to Rupees 12,606.

Bonuses, to the amount of Rupees 49,341, were granted in commutation of 130 annual stipends of small value, amounting to Rupees 5.818.

Petty claims against the estate of the late Nabob were settled to the amount of Rupees 14,842.

### SECTION IX.—MILITARY.

During the past official year, there have been few subjects calling for special notice in the Military Department.

Reduction one of the divi-

It has been decided to convert the Divisional Command of sional commands the Northern Division in this Presidency into a District Command. under a Brigadier General of the 1st Class; the Assistant Adjutant General of the Division being replaced by a Brigade Major, and the appointment of the Deputy Judge Advocate General abolished. arrangements will not affect present incumbents, but be carried out on the occurrence of vacancies, the Assistant Adjutant General having already been replaced by a Brigade Major.

Artillery Force.

The cost of the Artillery Force serving in this Presidency has been reduced by the conversion of three Field Batteries of Royal Artillery into Garrison Batteries; the Supernumerary Non-Commissioned Officers, Gunners, Drivers, and Artificers being transferred to other Batteries, with the pay and allowances of rank, until absorbed Two of the Batteries have been already converted, the third (now in Burmah) will be so, on its return to the coast.

Supply of mut-

The diet of the European Troops serving in the Straits ton rations to Eur pean Troops Settlements has been prospectively improved, arrangements having been sanctioned for the issue of a mutton ration twice weekly, in lieu The result of the change will be reported on after of salt meat. a twelve months' trial.

Station Butchers.

274. Station Butchers to superintend the slaughtering of cattle, for rations, have been experimentally appointed to Bangalore and Secunderabad.

Substitution of Rum for Arrack to the European Troops.

The Commissary General, with advertence to the high price of Colombo Arrack, suggested the substitution of Rum for Arrack, as being an article of local manufacture, equally wholesome, and procurable even on more favorable terms than Arrack. It was brought to notice that previous proposals to introduce Rum had been objected to. consequent upon the inferiority of the article. Improved apparatus having, however, been recently introduced, a spirit is now distilled equal to the best English Rum, in proof of which a sample, obtained from one of the factories,\* was furnished, and reported upon by the Chemical Examiner, who pronounced it to be a wholesome, agreeable spirit, and well suited for issue to the Troops. The Commander-in-

Chief, the Sanitary Commission, and the Principal Inspector General MILITARY. Medical Department, were likewise in favor of the proposed change, and Government concurring, its introduction was accordingly sanctioned.

276. The 19th Regiment Native Infantry, which was quartered Relief to Military sufferers by at Masulipatam, on the occurrence of the terrible calamity which befell Masulipatam. that station by the cyclone of the 1st November 1864, has been removed to Samulcottah, to be there stationed; and adverting to the unprecedented and distressing character of the calamity, under which the Troops suffered most severe losses, Government specially sanctioned the grant of hutting money to the Corps for Samulcottah, in addition to compensation for the huts destroyed at Masulipatam, as well as compensation for the personal losses of the Officers and men. The expense of transporting the Regiment to Samulcottali was likewise borne by Government, who further authorized the distribution of a certain sum\* of money among the native ranks of the Corps, to relieve their immediate necessities; the nearest surviving heirs of those who perished by the calamity, being allowed a gratuity of two months' pay of the rank of the casualty, together with travelling batta, to return to their villages.

Upon representations of the Military authorities, with re- Native Troops at Port Blair. ference to the health of the Detachments of Madras Sappers and Miners and Native Infantry stationed at Port Blair, the Government of India sanctioned the erection of Barracks adapted to the nature of the climate. and the issue of fresh meat twice a week to the men, at a moderate fixed rate; also a dram of Arrack daily, on payment, when recommended by the Medical Officer. It has further been determined to relieve the Detachments at short intervals.

The Head Quarters of the Sappers and Miners, which had Removal of Sapbeen stationed at Dowlaishweram since 1855, have been removed to from Dowlaish-Bangalore, as a Military position of importance, and possessing superior galore. advantages in every respect for the drill and instruction of the Corps.

The health of the Troops, European and Native, serving in Health of Troops. the Madras Presidency, has not been so satisfactory as in the previous year. The excess of sickness in European Corps is no doubt partly attributable to the influx of a considerable body of unacclimatized

<sup>\*</sup> Rupces 500 per company.

Troops, the Regiments noted below \*having all been undergoing their first year of Indian service, during the period under review. The introduction of so large a body, new to the tropics, has tended to swell the number of hospital admissions beyond the average of the past four or

Additional cause of the excess of sickness.

five years.

280. In addition to this, the past year has been a sickly one at several Military Stations, epidemic cholera having prevailed in a virulent form throughout many parts of Southern India.

The Troops have suffered from the epidemic chiefly at Kamptee and Bellary.

Strength and mortility in the European Army, 281. The average strength of the European Army (omitting Pegu Division Returns for the last four months of the year, which have not come to hand) was 13,058. The total deaths 245.

Proportion of sickness and mortality,

Average daily sick...... 68 "

Highest ratio in the Presidency Division.

283. The highest ratio of admissions and deaths has been in the Presidency Division; but this has been partly due to the reception of Invalids from other Stations at the General Hospital, Madras, and the Depôt at Poonamallee. Her Majesty's 76th Regiment has also had a heavy sick list during the year. Next to this the mortality has been higher than usual in Nagpore, Pegu, and Ceded Districts.

In the Mysore Division and Hyderabad Subsidiary Force, the deaths have been only at the rate of 12 per thousand.

Sickness and mortality in Native Troop 4. 284. The average strength of the Native Troops included in the Returns has been 30,070. Of this number 21,923 have been treated in hospital, and 332 have died.

Cho! sa on the march.

285. The mortality has been increased by the occurrence of epidemic cholera in the 4th Regiment Native Infantry, when on route from Madras to Secunderabad.

Fever in Mysore

286. There has been a good deal of sickness (malarious fever) in the 6th Regiment Native Infantry, at the new Cantonment of Mysore.

<sup>\* 2</sup>nd Battn 10th Regiment of Foot. 2nd ... 19th ... ... 2nd ... 21st ... ... 76th Regiment of Foot 18th Hussas

It is hoped that when the lines are completed, and the Troops are less exposed, they will regain their health.

SICKNESS AND MOR-TALITY.

The Native Corps stationed at Kamptee have suffered severely from cholera, thought to have been introduced by pilgrims returning from the Mahadeo festival.

Cholera at

288. A Tabular Return giving the proportion of sickness and Tabular Return. mortality of the European and Native Troops in each Division of the Army will be found in the Appendix.

- Lock Hospitals have been maintained at the Stations Lock Hospitals. named at foot\* during the year.
- Venereal diseases are still very common amongst the Troops; State of Venereal but at Cannanore the Deputy Inspector General reports, "not a single the Troops. case has come under notice during the last three months of this Return." from which it may be inferred that at this Station (the head quarters of a European Regiment and a Battery of Artillery) marked benefit has resulted from the establishment of a Lock Hospital.

At Bangalore from sixty to seventy women are constantly under treatment.

The withdrawal of this number of the class cohabiting with European Soldiers probably tends to lower the spread of the disease, which, nevertheless, is still rife amongst the Military at this. Station.

A table shewing the number of persons treated and died in Lock Hospitals, during the last official year 1864-65, is given in the Appendix.

The appointment of a Sanitary Commission at this Presi-nussion. dency was noticed in the last Administration Report. The field which has engaged the attention of the Commission during the past year has been extensive, and the subjects which have come before them have been various. The following may be enumerated as the Chief Military points which have engaged their attention, the subjects being grouped together, so as to show the different details entered upon as regards

Sanitary Com-

\* Bangalore, Bellary. Cannauore. Kamptee. St. Thomas' Mount. Secunderabad. Trichinopoly. Vizagapatam. Wellington

SANITA-

European and Native Troops, Military works of construction, health &c:-

- I. The health of Troops stationed on the Andaman Islands, including suggestions for the prevention of disease.
- II. A detailed report was submitted regarding the General Hospital, Madras, then in the course of construction, and now nearly completed; the allotment of the several wards and rooms, capacity of hospital, segregation of sick, &c., being fully considered.
- III. The important Military Stations, Bangalore and Wellington, were carefully examined, on the principles laid down by the Home Commission, and detailed reports submitted, as regards barracks, hospitals, water supply, and drainage, and all the details of accommodation and recreation for Soldiers.
- IV. The Commission prepared a scheme for the institution of a Public Health Service. The proposals included the consideration of the duties of both Administrative and Executive Health Officers, who would also be Registrars of births and deaths in all Cantonments occupied by European or Native Troops. They would also undertake the analysis of the water supply of the Chief Military Stations. Tthis enquiry would include suggestion for the storage of water, for flushing out sewage, and for distribution through the various Barracks and Hospitals occupied by European Troops.
- V. Draft Rules, under Section XVI of the new Cantonment Act have also been considered and prepared by the President and Mr. Robinson, Inspector General of Mofussil Police, and which are now under the consideration of the Supreme Government.
- VI. Attention was also drawn to the necessity for the selection of encamping grounds for Troops arriving at, or departing from, stations, and for camps of refuge in case of epidemic disease.
- VII. Rules for the marching of Troops, European and Native, and the measures to be adopted on the outbreak of epidemic disease have also been considered, after careful enquiry into the apparent causes of cholera in Troops on movement, or in Cantonments.
- VIII. The Commission have also considered plans for various Military buildings, including Barracks, Hospitals, Lavatories, Latrines, &c.
- IX. They also reported upon various proposed principles of construction of Barracks and Hospitals on the plains and hill stations and submitted detailed suggestions and plans illustrative of their views.

SANITA-TION.

X. The conservancy of Latrines in Barracks and Lines of European and Native Troops, and the management of similar places in Military Hospitals and Prisons, has been carefully experimented on; and a full report on the comparative values of the several deoderants-Coal-tar. McDougall's fluid and powder, Carbornic acid, Zanthorrhæa Australis, lime, dry earth, &c.,—have been submitted to Government.

The following, also, received especial consideration:

- XI. The control of the sale of spirituous and intoxicating drinks in the vicinity of Military Cantonments.
- XII. The supply of spirits and malt liquor to Soldiers on boardship, in canteens, and the regulation of these places.
- XIII. The substitution of Rum for Arrack, and the issue of Beer. extra to one quart, to men not using Arrack or Rum.
  - XIV. The improvement of existing means for cooking.
- XV. The institution of recreation rooms, workshops, gymnasia and swimming baths.
- XVI. The reconstruction and improved conservancy of old Lavatories and Latrines.
- The improvement of family quarters for married Soldiers.
- XVIII. The preparation of designs for stabling for Cavalry Horses throughout the Presidency was undertaken, and the plans are now before Government.
- XIX. The administration of Civil and Military Hospitals for Natives, and the institution for the latter of a Corps of trained attendants. in supersession of the present system of detaching comrades to wait on the sick in hospital, received the attention of the Commission, and a full statement of the different views of the members of the Commission has been laid before Government.
- 292. The system of audit and account brought into operation Financial. under the provisions of G. O. G. G., No. 710, dated 6th July ant's Department.

  8th Same system of Auditand account the Auditand account Resolution of the Government of India, No. 2,695, dated 30th September 1864, having been carried out.

The machinery is working well—the audit is current, and Machinery works every effort is made to reduce outstanding balances, which are closely watched and adjusted as speedily as possible,

FINANCIAL. the Pay Department

In the Pay Department, according to the latest accounts of Outstandings in the year, the outstanding retrenchments, with an annual expenditure of 250 lakhs, amounted to only Rupees 7,199-6-8, the outstanding advances. to Rupees 8.19.566-12-6.

Outstandings of the Commissariat Department.

Outstanding retrenchments in the Commissariat Department amounted to Rupees 67.969-12-6, the outstanding advances, to Rupees 1.30,624-13-1.

Expenditure of the Commissariat Department.

The expenditure of the Commissariat Department continues to be affected by the high price of supplies generally.

Cost of the Army.

The estimated cost of the Army for 1865-66 is Rupees 315.91.290. The Budget estimate of the previous year was Rupees 292,93,400, which was increased to Rupecs 315,09,000 in the regular estimate, in consequence of the unforeseen allowances, &c., which were authorized. The actual cost of the Army in 1863-64 was Rupees 307.19.564-4-0.

Increased cost of the Army.

The cost of the Army has been considerably increased by the grant of increased rates of pay and existing allowances, and the admission of new allowances to Officers and men of the European and Native Armies, such as :-

Some of the causes of increased cost specified.

299. Carriage to the families of European Troops in movement, Rupees 10,000.

Increased rate of compensation in lieu of rice to Native Troops within frontier—Rupees 3,55,760.

rate of pay to Commissioned Medical Officers-Rupees 1,39,800.

Increased rate of subsistence to the families of European Troops— Rupees 40,880.

Increased rate of reward to Officers passing in the Native languages—Rupees 8,000.

The exemption of the Corps of Sappers and Miners from operation of the rule, which precludes the admission of compensation for rice, on the ordinary terms, in conjunction with full batta,—Rupees 33,000.

The extension of full batta to all the Troops, irrespective of locality—Rupees 25,500.

The grant of compensation to mahouts and elephant coolies attached to heavy Batteries of Artillery-Rupees 6,440.

- 300. By the reduction, during the year, of four Native Regiments, FINANCIAL. and by the conversion of three Field Batteries of Royal Artillery into Garrison Batteries, the estimated saving is Rupees 5.12,600.
- 301. Light Sick Carts of Hawkes' pattern are being substituted tution of light for a considerable portion of the dooly carriage, at a lower cost. Dooles Carts for Dooles Estimated saving, Rupees 40,456.
- It has been ruled that the Ordnance Departments shall supplies. 302 hereafter make its own arrangements for obtaining supplies of stores instead of, as heretofore, through the Commissariat; the system of procuring them through the latter department not being considered to work satisfactorily.

In consequence of the admitted superiority of English made Manufacturing leather and accoutrements, both buff and tanned, over the manufacture of the Hoonsoor Tannery, and the greater durability of the former. a result arrived at, after giving this establishment a fair trial-, it has been determined to abolish the Tannery, as also the Wood Yard and the Blanket Factory connected with it, which were likewise considered to be no longer required.

Establ shinents at Hoonsoer.

Departmental

From a report submitted in last year of the results of the Remount Deptt cultivation of a portion of the Remount Depôt Farm at Oossoor (about 214 acres), it was observed that, notwithstanding certain disadvantage under which the Depôt labored, a considerable profit was realized, after paying the expenses of cultivation and cutting. It has, therefore, been considered desirable to extend the Stud Farm by an addition of two or three hundred acres of land, and arrangements have been sanctioned for the purchase, in the first instance, of about ninety-eight acres of dry, and sixty-four acres of wet, land, at a fair valuation.

The encouragement afforded by Government towards the Sepoys' Gardens. establishment of Regimental gardens in the Native Army was noticed in the Administration Report for 1863-64. The results of the establishment, during the past year, of gardens in the corps noted at foot\* have been considered to be very satisfactory and praise-worthy; the experiment, sofar as it has extended, proving decidedly successful and deserving encouragement. The Commander-in-Chief recommended the grant

2nd Light Cavalry, Secunderabada 27th Native Infantry, Cuddapah. 7th Native Infantry, Raipore. 33rd do. do. Bangalore, 38th do. 14th do. Bangalore. qo. do٠ Secunderabad. 22nd do. do. do. 34th do. do. Singapore. 23rd Light Trichinopoly, 40th do. do. do. Cannanore.

#### Madras.

Senov's Gardens, by prizes on the scale laid down for European Troops; but the gardens having with one or two exceptions, been established for less than a year, it has been considered, for the present at least, sufficient to grant a fixed sum not exceeding 50 Rupees, to be divided into three or four prizes for general competition in each Regiment; the amount being, however, issuable only to those corps in which gardens have been established a full twelve month.

Removal of the Mount.

With the view of limiting the stowage of Gun Powder in Laboratory from
Fort Saint George to actual requirements for defence and salutes, arrangements have been sanctioned for the removal of the Ordnance Laboratory Establishment from the Fortress to Saint Thomas' Mount where suitable buildings were available, and where the Officer in charge of the Ordnance Establishments was qualified to conduct the Laboratory duties.

Conduct of the Troops.

The highly orderly conduct of the Troops serving under this Presidency during the past year has been prominently brought to notice of Government by Sir Hope Grant, the late Commander-in-Chief, as deserving of special mention in this report.

#### SECTION X.—EDUCATIONAL.

308. At the beginning of the year under review, the number of Schools connected with the Department of Public Instruction was Papile.

375, and the number of pupils 34,709. At the close of the year the number of schools had increased to 983, and the number of pupils to 39,100. There was thus an increase of 108 schools and 4,391 pupils.

309. The following is a classification of the schools with reference of Schools.

		No. of	No. of
		Schools.	Pupils.
Government Schools	•••	110	9.177
Schools supported by a rate	•••	75	1,521
Aided Schools	•••	501	22,351
Schools under simple inspection	•••	297	6,051

or, with reference to the standard of instruction imparted in them-

				7	No. of	No. of
				8	Schools.	Pupils.
First Class So	chools	•••	•••	•••	27	5,991
Middle Class	do	•••	•••	•••	210	13,614
Lower Class	do	•••	•••	•••	658	14,561
Girls'	do	• • •	***	,,,	74	3,114
Normal School	ols	•••	• •	•••	10	1,369
Schools and	College	s for	special	or		
professional	linstruc	tion	•••	•••	4	451

Of the 39,100 pupils-

418 were Europeans

2,694 " Eurasians.

6.963 .. Native Christians.

27,579 ,, Hindus.

1,446 , Mahomedans.

Of the entire number, 3,963 were girls—

of whom 125 were Europeans.

907 . Eurasians.

2.148 " Native Christians.

766 " Hindus.

17 " Mahomedans.

Inspecting Off-	310. The number of inspecting officers employed at the close
60 Fg.	of the year was 26, viz.:
	5 Inspectors of Schools.
	13 Deputy Inspectors of Schools.
	7 Inspecting School Masters.
	1 Superintendent of Hill Schools.
Expenditure.	311. The aggregate expenditure was Rupees 7,12,714-15-7 dis-
	tributed as follows:—
	RS. A. P.
	Direction 35,253 3 9
	Inspection 94,564 7 7
	Instruction 5,82,897 4 3
	The sum entered under the head of instruction may be sub-
	divided as follows :—
	Expenditure from the public Treasury on Government Rs. A. P.
	Colleges and Schools 3,31,052 15 11
	Charges in Government Colleges and Schools met by
	School fees 29,155 12 8
	Do. do. by donations and subscriptions 6,960 13 2
	Building grants to Government Schools 57,184 10 10
	Grants in aid of the salaries of teachers, &c., employed
	in private schools 89,802 13 0
	Building grants to private schools 23,023 5 1
	Grant to the Madras School Book Society 2,000 0 0
	Public Instruction Press, maintained for the publica-
	tion principally of Vernacular School works 2,337 12 11
	Preparation and purchase of school books 19,875 8 6
1	Charges of the Central Book Depôt 4,548 0 0
	University of Madras 16,955 8 2
	From the total expenditure amounting to Rupees 7,12,714 15 7 the following items have to be deducted—
	* University . fees paid to the
	credit of Government 5,610 0 0
	* School fees do do 7,533 14 10
	Proceeds of the sale of books 31,206 8 8
	44,350 7 6
	leaving a net expenditure of Rupees 6,68,364 8 1
	2021 2 - mos exhemitionis of trahees 0,00,004 0 T

The total amount of fees collected in Government Institutions, including those paid by the University candidates, was Rupees 51,199-2 6.

The following is a statement of the number of candidates EXAMINA-312. who attended and passed the several Examinations held by the University during the year:-

PKOIT University Examinations.

·	Number of candidates	No. of CA DI		
•	examined.		From Private Institutions.	Total passed.
Matriculation Examination First Examination in Arts	565 167	137 39	86 11	223 50
Bachelor of Arts Examination Bachelor of Civil Engineering	29	10	1	11
Examination Bachelor of Laws Examination	5 3	4 1	 1	4 2

The increase in the number of passed candidates at the Matriculation and First Arts Examinations is very satisfactory. The corresponding numbers in the previous year were

> Matriculation Examination First Arts Examination ... 23

The Presidency College appears to have done well during Reports Government the year under review, and the reports on the Provincial Schools at Schools. Combaconum, Bellary, and Calicut, are all more or less favorable. Combaconum School was again very successful at the University Examinations, and, on the recommendation of the Director of Public Instruction, arrangements are now being made for strengthening its staff of teachers, in order that it may educate up to the standard of the B. A. Degree. The reports on the Government Zillah Schools, and on the Government Anglo-Vernacular Schools, with the exception of that on the Zillah School Berhampore, are generally satisfactory. Those on the Government Taluq Schools vary considerably. As in former years, most of the Schools of this class in the Northern Circars compare very unfavorably, both as regards the attendance and the efficiency of the instruction, with the Taluq Schools in the Southern Districts; but as there has been a Normal School for some time in operation at Vizagapatam, and the more inefficient Masters are being replaced by more competent men, it may be hoped that the schools in the North will gradually improve.

314. The report on the Medical College does not call for any Medical College.

MEDICAL COLLEGE.

lengthened remarks. The general tenor of the reports of the Principal and Professors and of the Committee who conducted the final examination of the students leaving the College is very similar to that of the reports of the last few years, though perhaps in some respects more favorable. It was stated in the last Administration Report that, in future, all Candidates for admission into the second and junior Departments of the College are to be attached for a period of not less than one year to a Hospital or Dispensary, previous to their admission into the College. It has since been determined that this period of preliminary hospital attendance shall be extended to two years, and that an arrangement, hitherto in force, under which instruction in the English language has been given to the pupils in the Junior Department, in addition to the instruction in professional subjects, shall be discontinued. Candidates for the Junior Department are in future to attend an English School, while going through the course of preliminary hospital training, at the station at which the hospital to which they are attached is situated.

Civil Engineering College.

315. Four students of the Civil Engineering College, obtained the degree of Bachelor of Civil Engineering at the University Examination held in February 1865. The results of the Annual Examination of the College, which was held in May, were favorable as regards the second, but not as regards the first Department. At the close of the official year, the College contained eighty-nine Students, distributed as follows:—

First Department, which qualifies for the Degree of	
B. C. E., and for the appointment of Assistant Engineer	
in the Department of Public Works	5
Second Department, which qualifies for the grade of	
Taluq Overseer	43
Surveying Class	33
Drawing and Estimating Class	8

Normal Schools.

316. The Government Normal Schools at Vellore, Trichinopoly, and Cannanore are all doing well. The report on the Normal School at Madras is not particularly favorable, and, owing to the removal of the Inspector of the Division to another appointment, and the delay which unavoidably occurred in filling up his place, the Normal School at Vizagapatam had not been inspected since the Director's last report was written.

The number of students from these Schools, who, during the STUDENTS IN year, were appointed to Masterships, was as follows:-

2 00 22000000	r-,			SCHOOLS AP-
Madras Norn	nal School	16		POINTED TO
Vizagapatam	, do.	9		MASTER-
Vellore,	do.	8		SHIPs.
Trichinopoly,	do.	17		
Cannanore,	do.	8	*	
	Total	58		

- 318. It may be noted here that at the Annual Examination of Teachers' cortifi-Candidates for teachers' certificates, 298 male and 12 female candidates tionobtained certificates of qualification.
- 319. The number of Private Schools connected with the Depart- Private Schools, ment has risen during the year from 754 to 873. This is mainly attributable to the extension of the system of improving the Indigenous Village Schools, which was commenced in Coimbatore in 1861. and which is now in operation in North Arcot, Nellore, and Madura. The number of Schools under the operation of this system, at the close of the year under review, was as follows:-

Nellore	65
North Arcot	30
Coimbatore	183
Madura	25
Vizaganatam	13

The reports of the Inspectors on many of the Aided Schools of the Aided Schools. tirst and middle classes are very favorable, and the results of the University Examination show that the standard of instruction in these Schools is steadily advancing. Several new Schools have been established or brought under inspection during the year, among which may be mentioned the Hindu Anglo-Vernacular Schools at Guntoor, at Pullumpet in the Cuddapah District, at Hurpunhully in Bellary, at Kovilguntla and Kumbum in Kurnool, and at Attoor, in the Nellore District—the Saidapett Rate School and several Anglo-Vernacular Schools under Native management in the Districts of Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, and Madura. Only three Schools had been actually established under the Madras Education Act when the official year closed, Madras Education but several have been since established under its provisions in the Districts of Malabar and Coimbatore, and in the Sub-division of the Godavery District the Act in question has been applied to seventy-two

In thirty-three villages in this Sub-division, the inhabitants having objected to the introduction of the Act, the Schools have had to be closed.

Decrease in Schools.

It was stated in the last report that there had been a connumber of pu-pils in Tinne- siderable falling off in the number of pupils in attendance at the Tinne-velly Mission velly Mission Schools, the number having fallen from 8.335 in 1862-63 to 7.677 in 1863-64. The diminution of numbers has continued during the year under review, when the number of pupils in these Schools was 7,593. The decrease, however, as compared with the Returns for 1863-64, is confined to the Schools under simple inspection and not receiving grants-in-aid. In the Aided Schools, the number was 6,071, against 5.892 for the previous year.

Revised grantin-aid-rules.

The Revised Code of Rules for regulating grants-in-aid, of which a copy was appended to the last Administration Report, has been brought into operation, and appears to be working satisfactorily. When the year closed, the introduction of these rules had been too recent to exercise any material influence\* in the development of the grant-in-aid system, but the returns show that the expenditure under this head, amounting to Rupees 1,03,826-2-1, and also the number of Aided Schools throughout the Presidency, have considerably increased.

Uncovenanted Civil Service Examinations

During the year under review there were no examinations in the subjects composing the Tests for special appointments, the time for holding them having been altered from February to August, in order to avoid the interference with official work, which was involved in the withdrawal from their duties of many public servants in the busiest time of the year. The General Test Examination, qualifying for admission to posts above 25 Rupees a month, was held in February The number of Candidates registered was 2,442, the number in 1864 having been 1,563. The number examined was 2.332 against 1,447 in 1864, and the number passed was 468, the number in the previous year having been 633. It is difficult to assign grounds for this falling off in the number of successful Candidates.

The amount expended directly on the examination was Rupees 8,971, and, on the Commissioner's Office, Rupees 2,128, giving a total cost of Rupees 11,099—while the amount received for fees was Rupees 12.210. The examinations are therefore now more than self-supporting,

In 1864-65. Rs. 1,03,826-2-1

In 1863-64.

Expenditure in grants-in-aid of private Schools....Rs. 72,428-7-7

Number of Aided Schools...

#### SECTION XI.—ECCLESIASTICAL

- 323. The Clergymen belonging to the diocese at the close of the year had diminished by two, the number being 162. Of these, thirty-eight were Government Chaplains, seventeen received grants from Government, six of the latter are included in one or other of the classes which follow, and eight are connected with the Colonial and Continental Church Society. One hundred and three were Missionaries (forty-one being Native Clergymen, the remainder European or Eurasian), four engaged in teaching, and six retired Missionaries. Two vacancies were caused in the list of Chaplains by retirement. Government allowances have been given to three clergymen at Madras, the Wynaad, and Trichinopoly, and two clergymen receiving such allowances have retired.
- 324. During the year ordinations were held at Tanjore, and the Cathedral, Madras. At the former, on the 5th February, one Native was admitted Deacon, and at the latter, on the 12th March, three Europeans and one Native were ordained Priests, and one Native Deacon. Five hundred and sixty-one persons have been confirmed, 365 being Natives, and the remainder Europeans or Eurasians. At Calicut, a church has been consecrated, and at Trichinopoly a new Cemetery.
- 325. The Bishop continued his tour of visitation, in the month of October, through Calicut, Tranquebar, Mercava, Mysore, and Bangalore to Madras—and resuming it in January, visited Negapatam, Tanjore and the Mission Stations of that District, Trichinopoly, Salem, and Yercaud, and after remaining at Madras for a few days proceeded to Pondicherry, Cuddalore, and Tranquebar.
- 326. Arrangements have been made for the more regular visitation by the Chaplain of the out-stations of Vellore, Oossoor, Bimlipatam, and Aurungabad. Trimulgherry has been constituted a distinct Chaplaincy, one of the Chaplains of Secunderabad being permanently detached, leaving two for duty at that Station. At Pondicherry, His Excellency the Governor of the French Settlements in India has made over a piece of ground for a cemetery for English residents, the existing burial ground being filled up.
- 327. The Cathedral Church St. George's, has been greatly improved; the chancel has been thrown back, a painted window of three lights being placed at the east end—and the removal of the organ to the recess north of the chancel has left the west entrance open, and given

ECCLESI-ASTICAL greatly increased space at that end of the Church. The pulpit and reading desk, and the seats throughout the Church, have been removed, and greatly improved ones substituted, and the whole arrangement of the building has been altered, with great benefit not only to the appearance but to the accommodation and convenience of the congregation. In St. Stephen's Church, Ootacamund, a large portion of the sittings were let during the year 1863-64, each person being allowed to take a sitting for one service only. This, however, has failed to give satisfaction to the congregation, and the project of increasing the accommodation of the Church is again under consideration. The Church at Mysore was offered to Government, but the offer was withdrawn when it was known that the system of letting the seats would be introduced on the transfer being effected.

- 328. The Diocesan Board of Education affords aid to seven Schools, four in Madras, and three in the Mofussil, giving instruction to between six and seven hundred children.
- 329. The duties of Archdeacon were performed by the Rev. J. Richards, in the interval between the departure of the Rev. A. H. Alcock and the return of Archdeacon Dealtry.

THE CY-CLONE AT MASULIPA-

#### SECTION XII.-MISCELLANEOUS.

#### THE CYCLONE AT MASULIPATAM

- 330. Reference has been made in the Military Section of this report to the Cyclone which on the night of the 1st November devastated the town of Masulipatam and its neighbourhood. The following are the particulars of this terrible calamity.
- 331. The weather assumed a threatening appearance soon after daylight on the 1st, and the Barometer began to fall, with indications of a gale from the N. N. E. From noon the wind increased, and at 7 P. M. there was a hard gale from the N. E. at 8 P. M. The Barometer had fallen to 29.500, the roofs of most of the houses in the Fort were off, and the doors and windows blown in; about 10 P. M. the wind veered to the E. N. E., and the sea broke in. After this time the rise of the sea was very rapid and accompanied with a heavy swell. About 10-30 P. M. the wave was at its height, and after 11 P. M. the water began to subside. The spring tide had been a very high one, and the storm wave, driven on by the Cyclone into the bight of the coast on which Masulipatam is situated, was forced on to the land. The return of the wave was almost as rapid as its advance. It was computed that the sea rose between 12 and 13 feet above ordinary high water. The water of the flood was of high temperature, and very phosphorescent; it left behind it a peculiar deposit of thick, slimy mud, which covered the countre. The wave extended over 80 miles of coast. and reached, on an average, 9 miles inland. In one place the storm wave reached a place 17 miles from the sea shore, and 780 square miles of country were for the time submerged. The centre of the cyclone is supposed to have passed a few miles to the south of Masulipatam.
- 332. All the houses in the Town and Fort which were not on substantial basements, and which were reached by the wave, came to the ground. And the boats, wrecks of vessels, and logs of timber which were horne on the advancing wave, brought destruction to many substantial buildings which might otherwise have escaped. Some of the boats of the Marine Department were discovered six miles inland. The Sepoys' lines were utterly destroyed, and 56 of the men of the 19th Regiment, Native Infantry, and 300 of their relatives were drowned. Of the Police Force 22 men were drowned, and 223 of their relations. No deaths took place among the European inhabitants.

THE CY-CLONE AT TAM

Six adults and several children of the East Indian community perished. MASULIPA- In Masulipatam itself the deaths were estimated at 15,000, and in the other portions of country submerged, at not less than as many more. In one Brahmin village in the outskirts of the Town, out of a population of 700 only 70 survived on the 2nd November.

- 333. The well built European houses on high ground did not suffer so seriously as the Native houses, but almost all were flooded and the property of the occupants ruined. The Treasury was blown downand the records of the various departments, if not absolutely destroyed, were rendered almost entirely uscless.
- 334. Every exertion was used by the Magistrate and other Officers of the Station, both Civil and Military, European and Native, to meet the emergency in which they were placed. Working parties were at once organized for the burial of the dead, who were to be found in all directions. The stores of food were not all destroyed, and public cookhouses were at once established for feeding the starving poor at the public cost. The wells were all with one exception filled with the sea water, and, although new wells were at once opened on high ground, great distress was experienced for want of water.
- 335. As soon as possible after the news of the disaster reached Madras, a Steamer was despatched with provisions, medicines, clothes, tools, &c, and a Medical Staff, under the control of the President of the Sanitary Commission, Mr. R. S. Ellis, and his Secretary Dr. Montgomery. Boats were sent down the coast from Cocanada, and also in the "Arabia" from Madras, the boats of the portmaying been all destroyed or carried miles inland. The "Arabia" reached Masulipatam on the 17th November, and was sent back again on the 22nd with all those of the European and East Indian community who chose to come in her, in all 13 adults and 31 children. All of her passengers who desired it, were accommodated in Hotels at the expense of Government, and were visited by members of a Relief Committee which had been established in Madras, who attended to their immediate wants.
- Before the arrival of Mr. Ellis ground had been broken for the opening of a channel from the Masulipatam canal, 5 miles distant, for the supply of fresh water to the town; and this was vigorously prosecuted, and sanctioned by Government as an emergent work. A system of drainage, designed to relieve the town of the stagnant water with which it was covered in all directions, was also proposed and sanctioned. Meanwhile, the roads and streets were cleared of

debris, the salt water was drained off as far as possible, all the corpses that could be found were burnt or buried, and the sanitary arrangements of the town put in thorough order.

THE CY-CLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

- 337. The inhabitants of the lower part of the town, which had suffered most, were induced to build houses in a higher part, which was laid out in regular lines, with provision for drainage. A conservancy establishment, at a cost of Rupees 963 per mensem, was sanctioned, to be kept up for a year at the public cost. The question of abandoning Masulipatam as a Civil and Military Station was brought forward, but it was decided that it should remain the head Civil Station of the District—the Regiment was, however, removed at once to Samulcottah as a temporary measure.
  - 338. Large subscriptions were raised throughout the Madras Presidency, and in Bombay, for the relief of the sufferers, which were devoted principally to assisting the poorer inhabitants in re-building their houses.
- 339 Owing, it is believed, in great measure to the sanitary measures adopted, comparatively little sickness of a serious character followed the flood. During the month of January there was an extensive prevalence of diarrhæa and dysentery, and it was stated, that, probably, one-fourth of the population were thus affected. The mortality however was not large.
- 340. The destruction to the Public Works of the District was not very great. The High Level Canal was breached in many places; but the damage done was repaired at comparatively small cost. Almost all the cattle of the neighbourhood were destroyed. No attempt was made to estimate the number. In tracts which were not flooded by the sea wave great injury was done by the force of the wind, the dry crops being nearly destroyed. The inundation of salt water destroyed all the crops which it reached, and the seed corn and ploughing cattle also being destroyed, it was found necessary to make extensive remissions of assessment, and also advances to the ryots to enable them to begin cultivation afresh. The amount remitted in Government villages was 3,53,905 Rupees, and Rupees 31,600 was expended in advances. To eight Zemindars remissions of Peshcush to the amount of Rupees 75,539 was granted. To Inam villages and Inamdars Rupees 2,532, and to the Abkary contractor a remission of Rupees 48.833 was granted, on account of the destruction of Toddy-yielding trees and

THE CY-CLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

the reduction of population. The whole amount of Revenue remitted was Rupees 4.80.870 out of a total demand of Rupees 17.41.092.

341. In their despatch on the subject to the Secretary of State for India, the Government brought to his special notice the very favourable opinion they had formed of the conduct of the Collector and Magistrate, Mr. Thornhill, in the trying emergency in which he was placed. They remarked "Mr. Thornhill's efforts to maintain order, and to ensure the immediate execution of the various measures which were necessary for the protection of the survivors, were ably seconded by the other European officers, and by many of the Native officers and residents of the station; but, as the chief Civil authority in the District, the main responsibility rested on him, and the Madras Government deemed it only due to him that they should place on record their high sense of the energy and judgment with which he discharged Sir Charles Wood, in replying to the despatch, expressed his cordial approval of the steps which had been taken by the Government to mark their appreciation of the services of Mr. Thornhill and the other gentlemen named in the despatch.

#### MEDICAL.

Public health. Extent of the Mousoup.

The first portion of the year under review may be regarded as generally healthy. The south-west and north-east monsoon rains were on the whole equal to the average.

Prevalence of Cholera and lever.

- 343. The most marked events as regards public health, have been the prevalence of cholera and fever in certain Districts.
- 344. Cholera prevailed extensively in June and July 1864, on the Western Coast; later in the year at Bellary and Kurnool. beginning of 1865 the epidemic was severe in North Arcot, Cuddapah, Nellore, and in the Northern Circars up to the banks of the Godavery The extreme south of the Presidency, with the exception of Madura, has apparently been freer than usual from the ravages of cholera.

Freedom of the Providency town from cholera,

345. The Presidency town, also, since the first three months of 1863, has been remarkably free of the disease. So have the various places of pilgrimage in the immediate neighbourhood of the chief city.

Cholern in the Circars, and its origin,

346. Towards the end of the official year, reports were received of Ceded Districts, and Northern the prevalence of cholera throughout the Ceded Districts. It seems to have attacked the pilgrims at the Humpy festival. The disease broke

out also about the same time amongst the pilgrims at Juggernaut, and MEDICAL. these people, in returning through the Northern Circars, appear to have left the pest in the chief towns they passed through. Heavy rain had fallen in many parts of the Presidency, and at the close of the year, the public health may have been said to be improving.

347. These institutions have been fully employed during the year Civil Dispension. in ministering to the wants of the people. They are beginning to be Support of Hospitals by the supported on a liberal scale by the natives of the several Districts. Tinnevelly, a sum of Rupees 79,769-6-0 was collected for the endowment of the Civil hospital and poor house.

- 348. Altogether the money invested for the support of medical Amount incharities, at the end of the calendar year 1864, amounted to Rupees end of 1864. 2.34.780-12-4.
- 349. The new hospital at Negapatam has been completed, and Opening opened to the public. It is supported by the local residents. A new Dispensary has been opened in south-east Wynaud, which is supported by the planters of the District. It is expected that this institution will be of great use to the native laborers who seek work in the

neighbourhood. From the subjoined table it will be observed that the total Numbers treat-

ed, &c., in Civil

new Hospitals,

number of sick treated during the year has been 275,643, or an in-limptole Dispensaries. crease of 1,354 over the previous year. Table shewing the number TREATED and DIED of In and Out-Patients in Civil Hospitals and Dispensaries

for the official year 1864-65. OUT-PATIENTS. TOTAL. In-PATIENTS. death deat Average daily sick ž DIVISION. Per centage of 5 Average daily Average daily treated. centage ( centage of Treated. Treated. Frestod. Died. \$ 124,434 72,415 12,821 0·08 0·05 0.6 Presidency ... ... 8,7**4**1 683 603 6.7 77 888 133,175 1,491 75,470 13,508 19,623 221 218 881 87 613 Southern ..... 8,055 181 5.9 138 0.8 Mysore..... 1,187 61 7.9 22 77 0.1 116 18,993 22,755 194 233 0.1 Ceded Districts 630 58 39 9.2 38 0.1 327 Northern. 1,192 5.1 252 0.08 23,947 76 0.3 61 Hyderabad Sub-4,242 39 65 70 0.8 20 32 10.3 4,619 sidiary Force 877 6.3 18 52 0.2 5,301 78 309 60 18 19.4 4,992 2,109 275,648 260,152 0.07 1,279 15,491 1.082 1,049 6.9 3,158 19.4 Total Total of 1863-64, ... 274,289 Increase in 1864-65, 1,854

103

The Vaccine Department has been under process of revision MEDICAL. 351. during the year. A General Superintendent, assisted by eleven Deputy Vaccination Re-organiza- Superintendents, will in future supervise the working of the establishtion of the Vac-Depart- ment, with a view to its greater efficiency. The number of vaccinators CHIE meut. has been reduced from 273 to 145, and the pay of the present staff in-Commencement creased considerably. Arrangements are now complete for beginning Of operations. work upon the new system, immediately that the season is suitable Free alonce of for the Superintendents taking the field. During the past year small-Small-Pox. pox appears to have been but slightly prevailing in this Presidency.

Obstacles to
the spread of ...
vacciustion. Inc.

352. The chief obstacles to vaccination are said to be apathy and indifference of the people. They have no violent prejudices against it, but are simply disinclined to put themselves to any inconvenience in getting the operation performed. With an improved staff of operators it is hoped that more satisfactory results (even if the numbers decrease) will be obtained.

Table showing the number of Vaccinations performed during the official year 1864-65 contrasted with 1863-64.

		1863-	31.	18-4-05.						
DIVISION.	Number vaccinated	Successful,	Failures,	Ratio per 1,000 of	Number vaccinated.	Successful,	Filures,	Ratio per 1,000 of	Increase,	Decrease.
Ceded Districts Nyore Ceded Districts Northern Hyderabad Sub- sidiary Force Nagpore Force	57,085 87,301 111,748 21,114 33,780 2,235 1,115	1,863 874	4,200 7,1.0 8,3:0 2,317 4,625 372 241	77.3 81.6 71.7 109.5 136.9 166.4 216.1	52,700 79,807 111,841 20,164 35,934 5,069 785	49,711 73,231 103,402 17,976 30,918 3,693	1,079 6,576 8,039 2,188 5,016 1,376 265	77 2 82 3 77 1 121 5 139 5 271 4 331 2	0 0 93 0 2,151 2,834	2,295 7,494 0 681 0
Total	312,412	285,117	27,295	87:3	300,090	278,256	28,434	92.7	0	5,722

Unheelthines if Juils.

353. Reference has already been made to the overcrowded state of the Jails, which in all parts of the Presidency, except the Ceded Districts, have been very unhealthy during the past year.

#### EMIGRATION.

Number of Emigrants.

354. The number of persons who emigrated during the year was 4,773, the number in the previous year being 5,229. The decrease is attributed to the high rate of wages prevailing in the country, and to the demand in Ceylon for laborers, who are obtained on the Continent of India, but are not considered to be Emigrants. The increase of plan-

EMIGRA-

- tations in the Wynaad, Travancore, and Cochin, also tends to keep in the country the unsettled population, from which Emigrants are recruited.
- 355. There has been no Emigration to the West Indies during the year.
- 356. Act XIII of 1864 repealed much of the former Acts relating to Emigration, and consolidated the law on the subject.
- 357. The mortality has been very light. Of the whole number of 4,773 persons embarked, only one adult, and one infant of four months, have died, so far as accounts have been received.
- 358. The depôts have also been very healthy, the number of deaths in the Mauritius depôt being only five during the year.
- 359: Seven ships were despatched to the Mauritius, with 2,327 persons, of whom 1,350 were men and 567 women. For Natal 1,586 persons were despatched in four vessels, 998 being males and 362 females. Five hundred and forty-six Emigrants have returned from the Mauritius in four ships, and there were ten deaths on the voyage. Many of these men return to recruit for their employers, and return in a few months with other Emigrants they have collected. From Demerara fifteen men, six women, and three children returned via Calcutta, who brought cheques for Rupees 4,948, and had probably from 2,000 to 3,000 Rupees more in gold and jewels: one death had occurred among them. A few invalids, thirty-two in all, were sent back from Natal. Seven hundred and fifteen return Emigrants have also been landed at Pondicherry.
- 360. The collections on account of Emigration to British Colonies during the year were Rupees 6,778, and the disbursements Rupees 5,187.
- 361. Emigration to the French Colonies has ceased from Madras, and is now carried on only from Pondicherry and Karical.
- 362. From Madras 869 persons emigrated, in four ships, for Reunion. The whole number exported from all ports amounted to 2,047.
- 363. The receipts and disbursements on account of French Emigration were, respectively, 6,131 Rupees and 13,845 Rupees.
- 364. The Protector bears testimony to the care and attention displayed by the Agents for Emigration to the well-being of the Emigrants under their charge, and their anxiety to repress all mal-practices among their subordinates.

EMIGRA-TION. 365. A Medical Inspector is now appointed by Government, who is responsible for the sanitary condition of the depôts, and the proper feeding and housing of the Emigrants, and for the proper furnishing of the Emigrant ships with supplies.

#### PRESIDENCY MUNICIPALITY.

- 366. The income of the Municipal Commissioners of the town of Madras for the year 1864 was Rupees 4,32,172-12-11, and the assets on the 31st December 1865 were Rupees 1,84,412-11-6, consisting chiefly of investments, arrears due, and value of office premises. The main items of income were assessment, Rupees 2,25,115-11-5; Wheel tax, Rupees 39,209-0-0; Wheel tax arrears, Rupees 13,081-0-0; slaughter house fees. Rupees 6,728-14-0; proceeds of sale of land and buildings, &c., Rupees 40,714; Government contributions, Rupees 94,837-13-4. The expenditure was Rupees 3,74,402-5-3 against Rupees 4,00,332-9-9 expended in 1863. The principal charges are road works, Rupees 1,31,557-5-5; establishment and salaries, Rupees 58,215-0-0; scavenging, Rupees 72,668-4-1; Government works, Rupees 34,757-9-10; Lighting, Rupees 7,230-4-1; new works, Rupees 13.510-9-11. A full statement of the receipts and disbursements will be found in the appendix. The total length of roads reformed was 421 miles, and 911 miles were partially repaired or maintained, at an average cost per mile of Rupecs 870-9-1.
- 367. The Town esplanades and Fort glacis are being fenced in with iron wire railings.
- 368. In Royapooram the clearance of huts is being continued, and the proceeds of the ground will be applied to the improvement of Black Town.

#### OBSERVATORY.

- 369. The work of the Observatory has again this year been retarded by the want of efficient assistance. The attempt to find competent native assistants has entirely failed, and, with the exception of the observations with the Transit Circle, all the labor of the Observatory has fallen on the Astronomer.
- 370. In anticipation of the arrival of the new Equatorial by Troughton and Simms, a circular room with revolving dome, sixteen feet in diameter, was built on the roof of the Astronomer's dwelling house during the year 1863-64. The dome, however, was not found to answer, being too heavy, and not running smoothly. It was found necessary, towards the close of the year, to connect the great Trigono-

metrical Survey with the Observatory, and advantage was taken of OBSERVAthis to remove the dome, and on the foundation stone of the pier of the new Equatorial, was erected a temporary tower thirty feet above the roof, to carry the theodolite of the Survey Department. The operation was satisfactorily carried out, and the temporary buildings removed before the close of the year. The dome has not been replaced, and its place is to be filled by one of lighter and more convenient construction.

TORY.

The fine Meridian Circle, by Messrs. Troughton and Simms. Transit Circle

continues to furnish the most important share of the year's results. and worthily to maintain the high reputation of its makers. The pursuits in which it has been chiefly employed may be thus enumerated. Regular observations of the standard, or Nautical Almanac stars, and of the moon and moon-culminating stars: determinations of the positions of anonymous stars, carefully selected as zero points for the Southern Celestial Survey, between 110° and 150° of North Polar distance: of the comparison stars used for past equatorial observations: of variable stars, at the time of their maximum brilliancy; and of minor planets, especially those which come to opposition

372. The total number of complete observations registered was 2,592; a steady increase upon the work of former years, and 161 above the average of the past three years. Ninety-five observations were taken of twenty-six of the minor planets. Above 7,100 complete observations now await publication, but in the crippled state of the staff, owing to the want of European aid, this is all but impossible to the Astronomer. the Mathematician, and the Surveyor.

south of the equator.

Equatorials.

373. The almost daily expected arrival of a new Equatorial telescope has already been mentioned, and the probable delay arising from the failure of the dome intended for its reception. Meanwhile, the older instrument, by Messrs. Lerebours and Secretan, under a new and convenient revolving dome, continues to render fair service in the extra-meridional line. It has been chiefly employed in pushing forward the Atlas of Variable Stars in hand, and in carrying on regular and systematic investigations of the periodic changes of these interesting objects. A second series of observations of the planet Mars, at rising and setting, during the opposition of November 1864, awaits reduction and discussion. Twenty-two observations of the five minor planets, Isis, Ariadne, Hestia, Asia, and Sappho, discovered by the Astronomer, have also been secured.

- TORY.

  Variable Star
  Atlas and Southment in 1859. It has become past year; but as half the stars included in the Atlas are extremely minute objects under the best conditions, and are quite invisible in moonlight, or when the slightest haze is present, the date of completion of such an undertaking is necessarily very indefinite. A few of the maps, within ten degrees of the North Pole, are inaccessible to the Lerebour's Equatorial, owing to the interference of its English form of polar axis, and these must stand over until the new instrument (which is of the German construction, and therefore available for every spot in the visible heavens.) has been mounted and brought into use.
  - The Madras Survey of the Southern Hemisphere remains in abeyance until the Atlas is out of hand, only a few zones being occasionally observed towards it on nights not fine enough for the formation of the Variable Star maps.

Investigation of the Solar Parallax

376. In compliance with the wishes of the Astronomer Royal, a by means of the series of measurements of the apparent displacement of the planet Mars. by parallax in right ascension, at his rising and setting, when in opposition and nearest to the earth was taken, in September and October 1862. The final result only recently deduced, is, however, less satisfactory than was hoped for; but it contributes strong evidence towards the now accepted opinion, that the earth's mean distance from the sun is considerably less than has been hitherto assumed. The old adopted parallax, resulting from Prof. Encke's discussion of the transit of Venus in 1769, was 8".5776, corresponding to a mean distance of Agreeably to the above named series of 95,298,260 English miles Mars observations, the parallax must be increased to 9"156, and the distance thereby reduced to 89,275,000 miles. The most probable value yet arrived at is that by Mr. E. J. Stone, of the Royal Observatory, from a comparison of the observed declinations of Mars, at Greenwich and at Williamstown, in Australia, which makes the distance approximately 91,516,000 miles; but Prof. Hansen's Lunar Theory requires a further reduction of about 386,000 miles. The low power employed in 1862, magnifying only sixty-three times; the enforced use of a ring micrometer—the kind of all others one would least naturally select for such measurements, no other being then available the unsteadiness of the instrument at that time unprotected from wind by a dome; all conspired to defeat the object in view, and to deprive the method suggested by Mr. Airy of what it so well merited, a favorable trial. The second set of similar observations, in November 1864

was made with the same telescope, exposed, as before to frequent interruptions by wind; but as a much higher power, 164, and a different kind of micrometer were employed, it may be hoped that the discussion of the series will yield a more encouraging result than was deducible from the first attempt. The Astronomer regrets his inability to accomplish the reduction and discussion of observations, of such especial interest, until so long after the time of making them; but no more striking proof can be offered of the crippled condition of the Observatory, for want of better assistance, than the circumstance that the positions of the planet Sappho, discovered here in May 1864, are yet unreduced.

OBSERVA-TORY.

377. The Mean Madras Time of the Evening Gun Flash is noted, and published in the Fort Saint George Gazette and local papers. The proposed arrangement of electrical clocks and discharge of the Fort and Mount guns by currents from the Observatory has been delayed from the pressure of other work.

Time Signals.

378. The reduced system of magnetical and meteorological obser- Magnetism and Meteorology. vations, adopted since March 1861, has been continued uninterruptedly throughout the past year. The daily results and half monthly abstracts are published in the Fort Saint George Gazette, and in one of the local papers also. The printing of the third volume of magnetical hourly observations, from 1851 to 1855, has been nearly completed; and that of the fourth meteorological volume, 1856 to 1860, has also been commenced. Copies of a meteorological register, carefully kept at Secunderabad, are forwarded by Dr. Arnold Smith from that station. It is intended, as early as possible, to equip a few volunteer observers with instruments, all previously compared with the Madras standards. so as to secure a better knowledge of the Meteorology of Southern India.

#### GOVERNMENT CENTRAL MUSEUM.

379. The Museum has been enlarged during the year by the completion of new rooms, which have been built over the old portion of the building. The arrangements for giving light to the Museum have been also much improved. The objects have been re-arranged in consequence of this addition of space.

380. During the year the collection of birds has been largely in- Birds. creased by the receipt of a collection of British Birds, sent in exchange for those of Madras; also of 100 Australian Birds, presented by G. Krefft, Esq., Curator of the Australian Museum, and of a collection of 150 birds of the Tenasserim Provinces, presented by Major McMaster.

Madras.]

MUSEUM.

381. The fish collection has been enlarged by 700 specimens, which have been obtained during the year. These are chiefly preserved in spirit.

Insects.

Dis.

382. A contribution of 250 Coleopterous Insects and 50 Lepedoptera was received from Mr. G. Krefft, who has been already mentioned above. But the insect collection is far from complete, and it must mainly depend on residents in the interior whether this part of the Museum is kept up satisfactorily.

Shells.

383. His Excellency the Governor contributed to the shell collection 523 specimens, including a small selection from Western Australia, 4,000 specimens have also been collected during the year.

Coins.

- 384. This collection has been increased by 467 coins.
- 385. Contributions have been sent from the Museum to the British Museum of Birds, to Mauritius of shells, and to the Derby Museum at Liverpool of fish.
- 386. The whole number of additions to the Museum during the year has been 9,127.
- 387. The Library has been increased by 150 standard works, chiefly Zoological and by other reports, and numbers of the transactions of Scientific Societies. It is, however, little used, although as a Natural History Library it is, perhaps, the most complete in India.
- 388. The Museum was closed from the 15th August to 21st December 1864 for the alterations. The number of visitors during the 8 months it was open was 81,001.

#### ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

New lines.

- 389. During the year the extension from Mercara to Mangalore and Cundapore has been completed. A line has also been constructed from Tuticorin to Palamcottah, and from the latter place to Nagercoil. The line from this place to Trevandrum is now under construction.
- 390. Interruptions on the lines have been as follows:—On the 1st Division, Madras to Bangalore, nine interruptions, averaging thirty-one hours each; on the 2nd Division, twenty-three stoppages of nearly forty-eight days (on an average, each stoppage was fifty hours); on the 3rd, Bangalore to Mysore and Ootacamund, four stoppages of twenty hours each; on the 4th, Mercara to Cannanore and Calicut (the old line), thirteen stoppages of sixty-one days, being four days sixteen hours each; on the 5th, Calicut to Cochin (the old line, which

was utterly disorganized during the greater part of May, June, and TELEGRAPH July) there were twenty-four stoppages, of an aggregate period of ninety-four days, ten hours, showing, four and three-quarter days for each stoppage; on the 6th, Madras to Negapatam, six stoppages of thirty hours each; 7th Division, from Negapatam to Poodoocottah and Tonitory point, three stoppages of eleven hours each; 8th, from Tonitory point to Tanicar point and Tuticorin and on to Palamcottah, eight interruptions of seventeen hours each; 9th, the new line from Cochin to Palamcottah, four stoppages of twenty hours each; and on the 10th Division, the new line from Mercara to Mangalore and Cundapore, one stoppage of forty-one hours.

- 391. One temporary office was closed, and eight new offices were opened, two being temporary only. Of the twenty-seven offices open, only six pay the expenses of their establishment, four other offices nearly meeting their expenditure.
- 392. The receipts of the year were Rupees 1,22,464, being an Receipts and increase over the last year of Rupees 2,682; of this, Rupees 1,09.634 was on account of private messages, and Rupees 12,436 for service messages; the total number of messages being 65,700 against 60,206 last year. The expenditure has been Rupees 1,56,097.

### APPENDIX I.

#### A.

List of Bills pending before the Council of the Governor of Fort Saint George for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, on the 30th April 1865. A.
BILLS
PENDING.

No.	Title.	What stage Bill has reached.
No. 9 of 1862 No. 10 of 1863.	a popular form of Municipal Corporation, in lieu of the present Municipal Board for the Town of Madras.  A Bill to make better provision for the protection and due appro-	In accordance with the recommenda- tion of the Select Committee, contained in their report of the 16th December 1863, it was ordered that this Bill should remain in abeyance for the pre- sent.—Vide Proceedings of the Coun- cil, dated 16th January 1864. Introduced on the 20th December 1862. First reading postponed till the sanction of the Governor General for
No. 4 of 1863.	priation, for the purposes for which they were made, of all Hindu and Mahomedan religious endowments.  A Bill to declare more precisely the legal efficacy of Wills among Hindus, and to legalize the alienations of self-acquired property of Hindus in land.	taking the Bill into consideration has been received under the provisions of Section 43 of the Indian Council's Act.—Vide Proceedings of the Council, dated 26th December 1862.  Read a first time on the 28th February 1863, and referred to a Select Committee, now consisting of the Honorable T. Pychoft.  "A. J. Arbuthnot. "J. B. Norton, and ", G. Lutchmenarasu
No. 4 of 1865,	A Bill to provide for the appointment of Municipal Commissioners in towns in the Presidency of Fort St. George, and to make better provision for the Police conservancy and improvement thereof, and for the levying of rates and taxes therein.	CHETTI, GARU. This Bill was introduced on the 8th April 1865, and referred to a Select Committee with instruction to make their report in two months.
	A Bill to vest the property of the town of Madras, and the management of its Municipal affairs in Municipal Commissioners, and to make better provision for the Police conservancy and improvement of the Town, and for levying of rates and taxes therein.	Introduced, and read a first time on the 29th April 1865, and referred to a Select Committee.

B.

LIST OF PETITIONS

## APPENDIX I.

with Rule XII.-Vide ed for the consider-Select Committee appointed to report on the Rent Recovery Bill No. 6 of Ordered to be forward-1863.-Vide Proceedngs of Council, dated Petition rejected as not being in conformity Proceedings of Council, How disposed of. 19th November 1864. dated 4th June 1864. ation of the a tenant after the expiry of his term and offering it to on the following points, viz. : - 1st, As regards the right of landlord to raise the rent, whenever necessary, prices of the times; and, 2nd, As to the concession, to he landlord, the freedom of withholding lease from translations of all Bills of the Government of India District Gazettes, to enable the people to offer their Submitting observations on some of the provisions ing that the proposed law may be made more explicit with reference to the extended commerce and high of publishing vernacular and that of Madras in the Fort Saint George and opinion for or against any proposed measure before it which was recently passed, and which is to come into operation from the 1st of May is not acceptable to the people generally; and submits, in lieu thereof, a draft Act prepared by him, providing for the Registration of all Deeds, Assurances, Wills, &c., and prays that it may be taken into consideration and passed. States also that he is prepared to defray all charges which may of the Rent (Recovery) Bill, No. 6 of 1863, and prayis passed into Law. States that the Registration Act, be incurred in printing and circulating the Draft Act. List of Petitions received and disposed of during the year 1864-65. Substance of Petitions. Suggests the necessity Cloth Merchant at Cudnager of the Vizianaga-Chinnasawmi Iyen, a Jagganatha Raj, Ma-From whom received. rum Samustanum. Date of Petitions. 29th April 1864 20th June 1864. No. 6 of 1864. No. 7 of 1864. Ņ. ii

B. LIST OF PETITIONS.

Petition rejected as not being in conformity with Rule XII.—Vide Proceedings of Council, dated 19th November 1864.	Do. do. do.	Do. do. do.	Ordered to be forwarded for the consideration of the Select Committee.
Brings to notice that in a recent case the High Court has refused to forward an appeal to the Privy Gouncil on behalf of Petitioner; that there is no provision in the Criminal and Civil Procedure Codes for appeals to the Privy Council being preferred direct; that some of the Barristers of the High Court do not bestow that attention and care to the conduct of cases entrusted to them as would secure decisions in their favor; that complaints against officials, under Section 167 of the Indian Penal Code, are generally not entertained. Prays, therefore, that distinct provisions may be made on all these points, so as to enable the aggrieved parties to obtain redress.	Brings to notice that the Procedure in the High Court, Appellate side, is defective and irregular; that vague and indistinct replies are given to Peritioners; and praying that a short legislative enactment, may be passed, regulating the Proceedings of the High Court, and prescribing definite rules for the reception and disposal of Petitions.	Brings to notice that some of the Revenue and Judicial authorities dispose of suits in thorough contravention of the rules and regulations laid down for their guidance; that appeals against their acts, if preferred to the High Court, Government, or the Privy Council, are unnoticed. Prays, therefore, that these evils may be remedied.	Bringing to notice that the provision in the Rent Recovery Bill, No. 6 of 1863, restricting the rights of landholders to eject tenants from the lands allotted to them
Karutasawmi Augarien, Moniagar of Mettupattee Village, in the Taluq of Laulgudi, in the Zillah of Trichinopoly.	Caroopa Thondamaun of the village of Maungoodi, in the Taluq of Laulgudi, attached to the Zillah of Trichinopoly.	Naugier, residing in Salem.	Sreesaghy Soobadriah Garu, Proprietrix of Ooratala Hunda in
No. 8 of 1864.   19th July 1864.	6th August 1864.	No. 10 of 1864, 12th August 1864,	lst July 1864.
No. 8 of 1864.	No. 9 of 1864.	No. 10 of 1864.	No. 11 of 1864.

B. list of

PETITIONS

# APPENDIX I.

List of Petitions received and disposed of during the year 1864-65. B.—(Continued.)

not being in conformity with Rule XII.-Vide appointed to report on the Rent Recovery Bill, No. 6 of 1863.-Vide the Rent Recovery Bill, No. 6 of 1863.—Vide dated 19th November Ordered to be forwarded for the consideration of the Select Committee appointed to report on Proceedings of Council, dated 19th November Proceedings of Council, How disposed of. Petition rejected 1864. ryots keeping up the rent in arrears to a large extent for cultivation is not advantageous to them; that the want of such power will subject the land-holders to much inconvenience and loss; that on account of the many Taluqs of the proprietors have lapsed to Govern-States that the Judges and Magistrates put wrong constructions on some of the provisions of the Indian Penal Code, and Criminal Proredure Code, and Act of Rent Recovery Bill, No. 6 of 1863, and prays that nent, and they have been reduced to difficult circum-Submits his observations on some of the Sections stances; praying, therefore, that provisions may be made in the said Bill empowering land-holders to raise the rent whenever necessary, with reference to XXVII of 1860, and requests explanations on certain provisions may be made therein on the following the extended commerce and high prices of the times, and to eject defaulting tenants from the lands held by 1st. As regards the rights of Zemindars to compel the attendance of tenants for agrarian purposes. Substance of Petitions. points :-oints. the Zillah of Vizagapagheerdar of Tinnanore Chinnasawmi Iyer, a Cloth Merchant at Cud-C. Narrainapa, Jaand Zemindar of Vassun-From whom received, napett. Date of Petitions. No. 12 of 1864. | 11th Oct. 1864. 21st Oct. 1864. No. 13 of 1864. Š.

Proceedings of Council, dated 19th November ġ. do. 1864. Ď. As to what constitutes tendering of puttah. As to the power of landlords to raise the rent tenant compulsory in the event of his possessing no 8th. As to prohibiting the removal of the produce without the knowledge of the landlord where rent is 5th. As to ejectment of tenants on refusing to As to the extension of the time within which notice of distraint should be made to Collector, from 7th. As to rendering the taking of security from As to compelling Mauniamdars to obtain permission of the landlord to cut and remove the produce of the Mauniam lands, whether the rent is pay-10th. As to the recovery of Tuccavy, &c., as ar-As to the division of produce being adopted No. 6 of 1863, and praying that certain amendments Submitting observations on the Rent Recovery Bill, where rates of money assessment are in dispute. whenever there is a just and due cause for it. able in money or by division of produce. property in the village except the crops. payable by a division of the produce. seven days to one month. may be made therein. rears of rent. ake puttabs. 6th. Woodiaghery Singa-Vencataramanjum Naidoo, and Naidoo, Shrotriamdars of Utta-Conjeveram, in the Dis-trict of Madras. kadu, in the Taluq of Kistnasawmi dewakum 26th Oct. 1864.

B. list of petitions.

No. 14 of 1864.

B.

LIST OF PETITIONS.

A PPENDIX I.

B.—(Continued.)

of the Select Committee. ed for the consideration Ordered to be forward-ed for the consideration appointed to report on the Rent Recovery Bill, No. 6 of 1863.-Vide Procs. Ordered to be recorded .- Vide Proceedings Ordered to beforwardof the Select Committee of Council, dated 19th November 186 of Council, dated 19th How disposed of. do. November 1864. Submitting certain amendments to the Rent Recovery Bill, No. 6 of 1863. Suggesting the substitution of certain provisions in by the late Honorable V. Sadagopah Charlu, may be re-considered and passed at an early date, which, if Bill, No. 6 of 1863, Inamdars will be precluded from lieu of Section 10 of the Rent Bill now pending before Praving that the Bill " for organizing a popular form of Municipal Corporation in lieu of the present States that under Section 13 of the Rent Recovery leasing out their lands to renters on the occasion of done, would effect a saving in the Municipal funds, Municipal Board for the Town of Madras," introduced and exempt the poor inhabitants from the payment of List of Petitions received and disposed of during the year 1864-65. Substance of Petitions. the Legislative Council. additional tax. sawmi Mudali, Metta Moonagapaka and other Vizagapatam. V. Maruntha Pillay raina Gajapati Raujoogaru, residing at Anan-Rama. and 96 others, residing in Poonamallee, in the in the Town of Madras Streeduntalore Nar-Zemindar of Koratoor Taluq of Sydapett, in the District of Madras. Srigoday Janakaiyam-Hundas, in the Zillah of Date of Petitions. | From whom received. mah, Proprietrix and its suburbs. Thundalum 26th Oct. 1864. No. 17 of 1864. 17th Nov. 1864. No. 18 of 1864. 14th Oct. 1864, No. 16 of 1864. | 31st Oct. 1864. No. 15 of 1864. No. ٧i

B. LIST OF PETITIONS.

sppointed to report on the Rent Recovery .Bill, No. 6 of 1863.—Vide Proceedings of Council, dated 3rd December 1864.	Do. do. do.	Do. do.	Petition rejected as not being in conformity with Rule XII.—Vide Pro- ceedings of Council, dated 14th January 1865.
tapoor, in the Zillah of their leaving the village, and from resuming them (the lands) on their return; prays, therefore, that the provisions of the said Section may not be declared applicable to Inam lands. Prays also, that Section 27 may be amended so as to provide, that where the property may, on a second sale, sell for a higher price than at the first sale, the difference or increase shall be the property of the defaulting purchaser, and not of the person on whose account the first sale was made.	Praying that the provisions of the Rent Recovery Bill, No. 6 of 1863, may be declared inapplicable to freehold lands held under the Inam Rules made and published by Sir Charles Trevelyan, the late Governor of Madras.	Stater that in some of the Sections of the Rent Recovery Bill, No. 6 of 1863, it is stated that landlords have no power to take away their lands from their cultivating ryots even after the expiration of the contract time, and that the cultivating ryots are at liberty to relinquish the land whenever they are disposed to do so; that these provisions will subject the landlords to much inconvenience and loss; inasmuch as the ryots are not punctual in paying the proprietor's shares. Prays, therefore, that the Bill may be amended so as to protect the rights and interests of both the landlord and ryot.	Bringing to notice the intolerable nuisance and disturb. Petition rejected as not ance created by the ferocious dogs which infest the being in conformity with Town, and praying that an Act may be passed providing Rule XII.—Vide Profor the levy of a tax on the owners of dogs, and for ceedings of Council, comprling the owners to confine their dogs within dated 14th January 1865.
tapoor, in the Zillah of Vizagapatam.	A. Kamavadani Iyah, P. Veneataramiah, Kasi- nada Sastry, and 273 others, landed proprie- tors in the Vizagapatam District.	A. Kamavadani Iyah, P. Vencataramiah, and 230 others, landed pro- prictors in the District of Vizagapatam.	Mr. James Perry, Major Hodges, and 92 others. residing in the Town of Madras.
	24th Oct, 1864.	24th Oct. 1864.	15th Dec. 1864.
	No. 19 of 1864.	No. 20 of 1864.	No. 21 of 1864.

B. LIST OF PETITIONS.

## A DDFN:DIV

**B.—**(Concluded.) List of Petitions received and disposed of during the year 1864-65.

vii		7877	of 1 etitions received a	nest of 1 etitions received and aisposed of waring one year 1004-00.		
i	No.	Date of Petitions.	From whom received.	Substance of Petitions.	How disposed of.	
	No. 1 of 1865.	27th Dec. 1864.	Poorooshotama Vautiar, Durmakurta of Teroolokanada Sawmy's Temple in Terooparetee Coondrum, in the Taluq of Conjeveram, in the District of Madras.	Appeals against the order of the Executive Government, dated 1st February 1864, No. 378, and brings to notice that he has been unjustly and illegally dispossessed of his sole Durmakurtaship to the Teroolokanada Sawny's Temple; that under Section 4 of Act XX, of 1863, no new Trustee or Committee can be appointed by the Government to the said Durmakurtaship, inasmuch as the Temple was made over to Petitiouer's ancestors more than a century and half ago, and prays, therefore, that an order may be passed confirming him in the Durmakurtaship of the said Temple.	Petition rejected as not being in conformity with Rule XII.—Vide Proceedings of Council, dated 14th January 1865.	
	No. 2 of 1865.	17th Jan, 1865.	Chinnasawmi Iyer, a Cloth Merchant at Cud- dalore.	Requesting that vernacular translations of the Petition Rules of the Council may be published in all the District Gazettes for general information.	Do. do. do.	
	No. 3 of 1865.	Feb. 1865.	T. Theroomala Row, residing in Triplicane.	Suggesting the insertion, in the Rent Recovery Bill, No. 6 of 1863, of certain provisions so as to meet fully the requirements of Zemindary Estates settled without reference to assets.	Petition was brought under the consideration of Council by the As- sistant Secretary.—Vide Proceedings of Council, dated 18th February 1865.	

A. LIST OF PETITIONS.

No. 6 of 1865. 25th March 1865.  No. 6 of 1865			
No. 4 of 1865. 25th March 1865. Ramasawmi Iyer, residing in Madura.  No. 6 of 1865. 28th April 1865. V. Maruntha Pillay, and 67 others, residing by at Madras.  No. 6 of 1865. Do. V. Maruntha Pillay brand 67 others, residing by at Madras.  Madras.		# 5 € € €	0 0 ≪
No. 5 of 1865. 25th March 1865. sid No. 6 of 1865. Psth April 1865. res	Ä		
	Ramasawmi Iyer, residing in Madura.	V. Maruntha Pillay, residing at Madras.	V. Maruntha Pillay and 67 others, residing at Madras.
	25th March 1865.		. <b>°</b>
	No. 4 of 1865.	No. 5 of 1865.	No. 6 of 1865.

A. CIVIL. HIGH COURT.

# APPENDIX II.

#### A.

Statement showing the number of Suits instituted and disposed of by the High Court of Judicature at Madras, in its ordinary Original Jurisdiction during the year 1864.

Suits.		ed of on rits.	default.	Withdr	awn.	Adjusted.		osed of	on 31st 1864.	g from eme id of.
from 1863 Instituted in 1864.	At settlement of Issues.	On final disposal.	Dismissed for o	With leave to bring fresh suit.	Absolutely.	Before hearing	At hearing.	Otherwise disposed	Depending on December 18	Cases remaining the late Suprer Court disposed
76 368	161	57	23	10	95			:	98	16

B. CIVIL. ABSTRACT.

#### B.

#### GENERAL ABSTRACT STATEMENT.

#### CIVIL.

#### No. 1.—Punchayets.

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Depending 1st January Instituted during the year	63 62	49 88	69 95	58 122	47 348
Total	125	137	164	180	395
Decided on merits	36	28	43	59	67
Dismissed on default	10	7	8	22	15
Adjusted or withdrawn	29	25	36	33	111
Otherwise disposed of	1	8	19	19	131
Total	76	68	106	133	324
Depending 31st December	49	69	58	47	71

B. CIVIL. ABSTRACT,

No. 2.-Village Moonsiffs.

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Depending 1st Jan. Instituted during	6,550	7,557	20,523	15,341	14,503
Instituted during the year	30,515	64,520	49,824	42,910	38,181
Total	37,065	69,077	70,347	58,251	52,684
Decided on merits Dismissed on default Adjusted or with-	11,050 4,159	17,945 6,518	20,876 9,685	16,946 8,213	15,359 8,153
Adjusted or with- drawn Otherwise disposed of	1,339 990	21,706 2,385	21,045 3,400	15,399 3,190	15,685 1,602
Total	29,508	48,554	55,006	43,748	40,799
Depending 31st Dec.	7,557	20,523:	15,341	14,503	11,885

No. 3.—District Moonsiffs.

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Depending 1st Jan. Instituted during	78,013	58,471	1,40,146	1,09,345	73,173
the year	88,793	2,05,741	1,12,860	75,823	99,988
Remanded	769	772	592	447	376
Received by transfer	10,227	4,083	18,405	18,315	6,590
Total	1,77,802	2,69,067	2,72,003	2,03,930	1,80,127
Decided on merits.	48,620	58,072	64,555	61,555	73,336
Dismissed on default Adjusted or with-	8,915	9,768	16,065	13,620	12,548
drawn	48,330	49,241	51,591	33,799	34,107
Otherwise disposed of	13,466	11,840	30,447	21,783	13,074
Total	1,19,331	1,28,921	1,62,658	1,30,757	1,33,065
Depending 31st Dec.	58,471	1,40,146	1,09,345	73,173	47,062

B. CIVIL, ABSTRACT.

No. 4.-Sudder Ameens.

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Depending 1st Jan.	2,160	1,546	3,357	•••	
Instituted during the year	2,015	3,789	1,359	,.,	
Remanded	55	73	70	•••	
Received by transfer	267	1,445	502	•••	•••
Total	4,497	6,852	5,288	•••	•••
Decided on merits	1,400	1,895	1,246		
Dismissed on default	401	435	466	***	111
Adjusted or with-	964	973	695	•••	•••
Otherwise disposed of	186	282	2,881		•••
Total	2,951	3,495	5,288		
Depending 31st Dec.	1,546	3,357	•••	•••	•••

No. 5.—Principal Sudder Ameens.

	18	60.	186	31.	186	2.	186	3.	186	4.
	Original.	Appeal.	Original.	Appeal.	Original.	Appeal.	Original.	Appeal.	Original.	Appeal.
Depending 1st Jan. Instituted during the	282	1,102	262	1,349	680	1,232	2,117	1,047	1,203	1,329
year Remanded Received by transfer	230 5 262	14 25 3,452	470 12 581	9 34 3,905	653 12 2,019		1,125 17 79	16 20 3,404		50 21 3,503
Total	779	4,593	1,325	5,290	3,361	4,424	3,338	4,487	3,833	4,903
Decreed for Plaintiff or Appellant Decreed for Defend-	257	1,121	268	1,393	571	986	747	982	1,149	1,000
ant or Respondent Remanded	75	1,424 86		2,102 92	207	1,657 122	307	1,758 83		1,723 80
Dismissed on default Adjusted or with-	6	94		110						
drawn Otherwise disposed of	121 58						457 336			
Total	517	3,244	645	4,058	1,247	3,377	2,135	3,158	2,468	3,062
Depending 31st Dec.	262	1,349	680	1,232	2,117	1,047	1,203	1,329	1,365	1,841

No. 6.—Judges of the Court of Small Causes.

B. CIVIL. ABSTRACT.

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
	Original	Original.	Original.	Original.	Original
Depending 1st January Instituted during the year Received by transfer				1,439 10,033 	8,251 
Total			7,084	11,472	8,957
Decreed for Plaintiff or Appellant Decreed for Defendant or Res-	•••		2,598	6,103	4,967
pondent	•••	\	418	894	
Dismissed on default	•••		401		
Adjusted or withdrawn			2,228	2,764	2,207
Otherwise disposed of	•••		•••	•••	•••
Total			5,645	10,766	8,286
Depending 31st December			1,439	706	671

No. 7.—Assistant Agents.

	18	50.	186	61. 180		2.	1863.		1864.
	Original.	Appeal.	Original.	Appeal.	Original.	Appeal.	Original.	Appeal.	Original.
Depending 1st January Instituted during the year. Remanded Received by transfer	691 680 12 219	906 81 7 1,214	653 1,275 16 161	1,026 45 2 791	1,060 893 14 287	437 26  414	391 286 8 18	115 24  19	32
Total	1,602	2,208	2,105	1,864	2,254	874	703	158	35
Decreed for Plaintiff or Appellant Decreedfor Defendant or	350	229	461	275	608	100	287	18	19
Respondent	118  51 330 100	449 34 34 41 395	73  41 350 120	587 55 43 41 426	140 203 430 482	368 25 27 16 223	1 34		6
Total	949	1,182	1,045	1,427	1,863	759	702	158	30
Depending 31st December.	653	1,026	1,060	437	391	115	1		5

B. CIVII. ABSTRACT.

No. 8.—Civil Judges.

	18	360.	18	861.	18	362-	1863.		1864.	
	Original.	Appeal.	Original.	Appeal.	Original.	Appeal.	Original-	Appeal.	Original.	Appeal.
Depending 1st January Instituted during the year Remanded Received by transfer	373 310 16 3 403	6·180 34	354	7,144 19	345 457 5 7,682	5,726 14	434 455 15 8,197	5,677 16	503 532 2 2,469	3 755 6,053 13 62
Total	4,096	11,665	3,268	12,062	8,489	10,515	9,031	10,002	3,506	9,883
Decreed for Plaintiff or Appellant Decreed for Defendant or	5)	848	63	944	87	868	147	812	170	711
Respondent	5+		47	1,708	64	1.649	88	1,333 118	120	1,491
Remanded	13	123 78	10	125 151	17	183 149	<b>3</b> 0	132	40	112 128
Adjusted or withdrawn .	69	158	78	175	100	160	110	153	143	161
Otherwise disposed of	3.592	4.561	2,725	4 596	7,781	8 572	8,153	3,699	2,451	3.498
Total	8,779	7,177	2,923	7,690	8,055	6526	8,528	6,247	2,924	6.101
Depending 31st Dec	317	4,488	345	4.363	434	3,989	503	3.755	582	3,782

No. 9.—High Court.

	18	860.	1	861.	18	362.	18	363.	18	64.
	Regular.	Special	Regular	Special.	Regular.	Special.	Regular.	Special.	Regular.	Special.
Depending 1st Jan. Admitted during the year.	22 38		21 67	592 869	63 58		76 76			252 487
Total	60	930	88	1,461	121	1,412	152	1,078	146	739
Dismissed on default. Adjstd. or withdrawn	2	14	1	57 16	6	104 5	6 2	57 4	5 2	30 5
Confirmed	19 9	171 17	15 2 4	513	27 4	626 9	55 6	690 11	68 7	
Reversed Remanded	8	87 53		5	6 1	108 8	11 9	49 15	10 4	31 8
Otherwise disposed of	•••	2	1	2	•••		•••	]	2	2
Total	39	<b>33</b> 8	25	691	45	860	89	826	98	583
Depending 31st Dec.	21	592	63	770	76	552	63	252	48	56

B. CIVIL ABSTRACT.

No. 10.—Aggregate of Original Jurisdiction.

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Depending 1st Jan. Instituted during	88,132	68,855	1,66,180	1,29,125	90,136
the year	1,37,834	2,82,976	2,02,813	1,57,780	1,59,401
Total	2,25,966	3,51,831	3,68,993	2,86,905	2,49,537
Decided on merits Dismissed on default	62,011 13,555	78,872 16,804	91,413 26,962	87,155 23,212	96,095 <b>21,4</b> 81
Adjusted or with- drawn Otherwise disposed	63,152	72,557	76,390	52,608	52,911
of Depending 31st Dec.	18,393 68,855	17,418 1,66,180	45,103 1,29,125	33,794 90,136	17,409 61,641
Decided by European Judges Decided by Native	4,728	3,968	15,563	19,679	11,536
Judges	1,52,307	1,81,615	2,24,199	1,76,957	1,76,036
Do. by Puncha- yets	76	68	106	133	324
Total decided	1,57,111	1,85,651	2,39,868	1,96,769	1,87,896

B. CIVIL. ABSTRACT,

No. 11.—Aggregate of Appellate Jurisdiction.

Special. 1864. Kegular. . 5 31 Special. 1863. 10.0 28 182 891 Regular. ABSISTANT AGENTS. 8 69 31 Special. 1862. 138 68 73 95 Kegular. 55 54 ĕ 188 Special. 186I. 289 123 Regular. 5 30.0 55 g Special. ċ 107 8 221 tegular, APPEALS FROM 8 301 363 Special. 1864. 87 219 Kegular. 337 979 181 Special. 1863. 213 83 8 regular. 2.512 CIVIL JUDGES. 317 350 376 Special. 1862. 136 58 76 121 Regular. 376 2,652 348 427 297 Special. 1861. 8 67 Kegular. 2,254 185 297 32 482 Special. 1860. 21 Regular. ī Appealed .... Appeals depending on 1st Jan. Total. Depending 31st December Suits appealable ... Modified ... Reversed... Affirmed ... Remanded

xvi

No. 11.—Aggregate of Appellate Jurisdiction.—(Continued.)

		1864.	Regular.	1 60	9,404	4,503	13,907	1	1,145		208	3,553	8,573	3
	NSIFFS.	1863.	Regular	03	8,928	4,301	13,229	1 64	1,279		245	3,602	8,726	
	DISTRICT MOONSIFFS.	1862.	Regular.	25,182	8,943	5,169	14,112	1	1,277		230	4,131	9,804	
	DISTRIC	1861.	Regular.	03	11,463	660'9	17,562	1 00	1,528	285	355	5,097	12,393	
		1860.	Regular.	25,800	10,918	5,963	16,881	1	1,175	193	282	5,275	10,782	1 8
		1864	Regular.	18	1	127	128	<u> </u>	9 6	IJ	6	:	101	١٠٠
	X8.	1863	Regular.	17	=	537	548	<u> </u>	583	13	9	115	121	6
	AMEEN	1862	Regular.	748	535	574	1,109	1 04	139	55	23	35	572	5
ROM	SUDDER	1981 098	Rogular.	1 ~	589	479	1,068	213	_		23	82	464	
APPEALS FROM	Str	-	Regular.	1442	485	541	1,026	1 "	116	<b>0</b> 0	17	68	547	
APPE		1864	Regular.	186	23	134	187	106	_	11	12	63	159	1 8
	RS.	1863	Regular.	214	141	59	200	32	16		70	ري	99	=
	Collectors.	1862	Regular.	97	189	53	82	7		÷	Ø	e 20	23	
	Cor	1861	Regular.	36	98	9	140	ឌ្ណក		<u></u>		46	87	
		1860	Regular.	7.4	1.83	48	113	02		69		4	53	1 4
		1864.	Special	3250	186	2 107	5 293	1 ==	<u> </u>	3 14		: ന	217	]
	SNS.	ñ	Regular.	528	244	4 292	1 536		3 45	3 12	15		305	8
•	AMEENS.	863.	Special.	159	237	184	1431	25	<u>e</u> 4	2.28	:_	:	182 314	9
		18	Kegular.	755	315	159	474		38		4	4		556
	SUDDER	862.	Special.	125	246	340	586	64	52	58		<u>:</u>	405	340159184959107934
	Su	188	Regular.	573	384 185	112	297		0,9	un .	6	:	145	159
	PRINCIPAL	<u> </u>	Special.	91	384	239	623	G/I	წ _	8		23	283	350
	RINC	1861.	Regular.	324	136	16	227	66	455	4	4		115	0113
	P.	9	Special.	21	321	36	357		<del>2</del> 4	9	<u>:</u>	7	118	
-		1860.	Regular.	333	933	1st 132	225	138		01	<b>63</b>	: ]	134	- 6
	· · · · ·		•	Suits appealable 333.1	Appealed	ding on let January	Total 225 3	Affirmed		default	M A	posed of	Total 134	Depending 31st

B. CIVIL. ABSTRACT.

B.
CIVIL.
ABSTRACT.

No. 12.—Description of Original Suits instituted.

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Connected with land				0.010	
and revenue Otherwise connected	2,882	5,388	3,549	2,852	3,420
with land For houses or other	7,774	13,010	11,560	10,442	1,2111
fixed property Connected with	2,868	4,981	3,813	3,845	4,484
debts, wages, &c  Do. do. caste, re-		2,43,673	1	1,11,837	1,27,328
ligion, &c Do. do. Indigo,		449	380	421	420
Sugar, Silk, &c.	2,734	5,735	2,143	1,357	1,757
Total	1,21,915	2,73,236	1,73,225	1,30,754	1,49,771

No. 13.—Result of Original Suits.

In favor of Plaintiff.	In favor of Defendant.
74,964	21,131

No. 14.—Average duration of Suits.

	1	860	).	18	361			186	32.	1	868	3.	18	364	
	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
High Court, Appellate Side Civil Judges Assistant Agents Judges of the Small Cause	1	4	21 11 16	1	4 2	20 16 9	1	9 4 3		1	8 3 9	5		6 2 	]0 23 23
Courts Principal Sudder Ameens. Sudder Ameens.		 10 9	 23 1	•••	8	18			21	•••	<b></b>	19 25		10	
District Moonsiffs	•••	7	11	•••	6	25	•••	9	29		10	28	•••	10	17

#### No. 15 .- Total value of Suits depending.

B. CIVII. ABSTRACT.

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.
Do. do. Appeal	7,22,555 1,48,15,664 15,57,562	1,42,85,591 16,03,052	1,54 86,761 14,73,585	1,20,18,282 14,76,546	1,27,77,335

C.

#### NOTIFICATION.

C.
NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, 6th December 1864.

The following Rules are published for general information:-

Rules for the guidance of District and Deputy Registrars.

- 1. The offices of all District and Deputy Registrars shall be open daily, Sundays and holidays excepted, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.
- 2. The Books and Indexes prescribed in the Registration Act shall be kept in the Forms A, B, C, D, E, and F, hereunto appended.
- 3. The Books of all District Registrars shall be kept in English, provided that all copies of instruments shall be entered in the language of the instrument, and that any interlineations, erasures, or alterations in such instruments shall also be noted in the language of the instrument.
- 4. Every Deputy Registrar shall keep his books in the vernacular language of his District.
- 5. No person shall be permitted to remove any of the books from the office in which they are deposited; and except during office hours, the books shall be kept locked up in a box or almirah, of which the key shall remain in the possession of the District or Deputy Registrar.
- Every precaution shall be taken to protect all books, papers, and instruments from the ravages of white auts, accidents from fire, &c.
- 7. The sanction of the Registrar General must be obtained for the destruction of any books, papers, or instruments, which it may be deemed no longer necessary to keep.

C. notification.

- 8. Every Deputy Registrar shall submit to the District Registrar, on the first day of every month, the monthly Returns G and H, hereunto appended.
- 9 Every District Registrar shall submit to the Registrar General, on or before the 7th day of every month, the monthly Returns 1 and J, hereunto appended.
- 10. The Returns H and J, shall be accompanied by receipts for such sums as may have been remitted to the Treasury, under Section 54 of the Registration Act.
- 11. Every District Registrar shall fill up such forms of Annual Returns as may be called for by the Registrar General, and shall, on or before the 15th January, submit to the Registrar General a brief Annual Report containing such general remarks as he may deem necessarv, on the amount of registration work done by himself and the Deputies during the year, distinguishing compulsory from voluntary registration, the nature of the instruments registered, cases of registered instruments having been declared to be invalid or forged, the extent to which the special registration provided by Sections 51 and 52 has been resorted to, the number and result of suits filed with reference to his own proceedings and those of his Deputies under Section 15, the number and result of appeals from the orders of his Deputies under Section 62, the amount of fees collected in his own office and those of his Deputies, and the inconvenience, if any, attending the table of fees prescribed, with any suggestions which he may have to offer for facilitating, extending, or improving registration.
- 12: The Summons of a District or Deputy Registrar shall be in the Form K, hereunto appended.
- 13. Two complete copies of every entry in every Register, except of those columns which are headed "note of interlineations, erasures or alterations," and "copy of instruments," shall be forwarded by every Deputy Registrar to the District Registrar, within seven days from the date of such registration. The District Registrar shall enter one of these copies in full in his own Registers, assigning to it his own number in addition to the number given to it by the Deputy Registrar, and this second number shall be entered by him in the spare copy, which he is required to forward to the Registrar General.
- 14. All copies of entries received by the District Registrar from the Deputy Registrars, for record in his Office, shall be filed in con-

secutive order, and shall be so arranged as to admit of immediate comparison with various Registers in which they are entered.

C. NOTIFICA-TION.

- 15. One complete copy of every entry in every Register, except of those columns which are headed "note of interlineations, erasures, or alterations," and "copy of instruments," shall be forwarded by every District Registrar to the Registrar General, within seven days from the date of such registration.
- 16. All abstracts of registered instruments, whether relating to movable or immovable property, or of the nature of deeds, bonds, contracts or other obligations, shall contain every material fact stated in the original instrument, and shall be so prepared as to enable any person searching the books of the General Register Office to acquire an accurate knowledge of the contents of such instrument.
- 17. Whenever any instrument shall be presented by the heir, representative, or assign, or by the agent of any party, the words heir, representative, assign, or agent, as the case may be, shall be inserted in the Register after the name of such heir, representative, assign, or agent.
- 18. Parties searching are to be confined to the inspection of the entries searched for.
- 19. The orders issued by a District Registrar, under Section 60, shall be in the form of a letter or memorandum; but when an appeal shall be preferred to a District Registrar, under Section 62, the decision on such appeal shall be recorded in the form of proceedings.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.

A. J. ARBUTHNOT, Chief Secretary.

K.

Form of Summons.



Whereas your evidence is required for the registration of an instrument under Act XVI of 1864, you are hereby summoned to appear before the District (or Deputy) Registrar of on the

day of

at

in the forenoon.

Hereof fail not,

Date

Signature.

#### D.

	, , , , ,		una me
		Оре	RATIONS
NATURE OF OFFENCES.	Number of cases remaining under trial on 31st December 1863.	No. of offences commit- ted in 1864.	Total.
	1	2	3
No. 1.—Offences against the person.			
Murder	10	272	282
Attempt to Murder	3	64	ľ
Culpable Homicide	3	82	
Attempt at do		5	5
Abetment of Suicide	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4	4
Attempt to commit Suicide	8	261	269
Being a Thug	'	-01	200
Causing miscarriage	3	69	72
Exposure or abandonment of children	,	29	
Concealment of Birth	ï	40	
~ · 'IT'	7	173	180
	2	831	833
Causing Hurt	14	5,894	
~ • ~ **	7.1	J,0J4	0,000
Causing Hurt or grievous Hurt to extort	4	42	46
777 07 1 1	$\overset{\mathbf{r}}{2}$	1,469	1,471
De to autout conforcion		1,400	1,471
Assault	3	81	84
	47,	18,000	
Petty Assault	Ŧ4,	88	88
Kidnapping or Abducting	•••	106	106
Kidnapping with intent to take property	•••	6	6
Slave dealing	•••	ĭ	1
Prostitution of Minors	1	19	20
Compulsory labor	-	9	9
Rape	•••	102	102
Unnatural offences.	***	102	13
Total of No. 1	108	27,664	27,772

D.—(Continued.)

and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, STATISTICS, result of the Proceedings.

ΛĽ	mur	POLICE.
OF.	7111	PULICE.

oncerned.	Prope	rty.	No. of cases detected.	etected.	arrested.	Persons summoned.	Persons remaining under trial on 31st Dec. 1863.	sons.
Persons' concerned.	Lost.	Re- cover- ed,	No. of cas	Cases undetected	Persons	Persons s	Persons retrial on 3	Total persons.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
983 222 236 13 13 262  142 34 52 509 2,366 15,473	42	317 14       33 18	125 21 35 1  106  13 8 20 75 289 2,296	146 41 46 3 4 57  58 21 19 92 512 1,818	588 134 164 11 13 216  107 13 42 280 445 1,736	25 7 17  30  15 5 3 91 1,405 11,896	22 6 3  10  7  1 11 2 37	635 147 184 11 13 256  129 18 46 382 1,852 13,669
157 2,971 10 213 45,608 306 211 10 1 54 42 140	60 11 10  220 82 391 58 	9  33 33 53 11 	8 368  28 4,958 26 11 4  7 4 10	38 408 3 49 3,173 49 77 2 1 1 12 5 86 10	100 432 9 113 2,501 162 147 9  40 9 112	36 2,589 48 37,119 96 36  10 32 12		144 2,973 9 185 39,745 258 183 9  52 41 124 12
70,042	1,711	522	8,416	6,830	7,894	53,423	260	61,077

# D.—(Continued.)

					J	JDICIAL
				By Hea	ds of V	illages.
NATURE OF	OFFEN	ICES.		No. of cases tried.	Persons released.	Persons convicted.
				13	14	15
No. 1.—Offences ag	ainst t	he perso	n.			
Murder		***	•••		•••	•••
Attempt to Murder	•••	•••	• • •	•••		
Culpable Homicide	•••	•••				•••
Attempt at do		•••	• • •			
Abetment of Suicide	•••	•••			• • • •	•••
Attempt to commit Suice	ide	•••			•	
Being a Thug	•••	•••	• • •	•••		***
Causing miscarriage	•••	•••	•••			•
Exposure or abandonme		ildren	•••			
Concealment of Birth	,,,	•••			•••	•••
Causing grievous Hurt	•••	***	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Causing Hurt		•••			•••	
Causing Hurt (petty case	 (e.	•••	•			
Causing Hurt or griev	rous H		extort		'''	
Confession	•••			•••		
Wrongful restraint		•••				
Do. to extort Confess	ion	•••			·	
Assault	***	•••			,	
Petty Assault		•••		637	390	714
Assault in attempting Th	eft	•••				
Kidnapping or Abducting		•••				
Kidnapping with intent	to takin					
Slave dealing	. vanali	P L. Oher			•••	:::
Prostitution of Minors	•••	•••	1	- ::-		
Compulsory labor	•••	•••	•••	••• 1		
Rape	•••	•••	•••	•••		- :::
Unnatural offences	•	•••				
O						
	То	tal of No	o. 1	637	390	714

D.—(Continued.) and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, STATISTICS.

D.

1,223

78(

11,319 14,775 11,801

# D.—(Continued.)

	J • ·						
			Judi	CIAL	OPER	ATIC	ONS
			By Magis				
NATURE OF OFFI	ENCES.		tried.	ان	Fed	Con	
				886	vic	mitte	ва.
			of cases	ele	uo	1	
			8	S	3S C		13.
			g	SOI	SOI	es.	SOL
,			Ö	Persons released	Persons convicted	Cases.	Persons.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						-
			26	27	28	29	30
No. 1. Offences against t	the person.						
Murder	•••	•••	7	20		5	11
Attempt to Murder	•••	•••	1	3	•••	1	4
Culpable Homicide	•••	•••	1	3	•••	2	6
Attempt at do	•••	•••			••	• • •	•••
Abetment of Suicide	•••	•••				•••	•••
Attempt to commit Suicide	•••	• • •	100	26	78	2	2
Being a Thug	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••
Causing miscarriage	.1 11 1	•••	2	2	•••	1	4
Exposure or abandonment of	children	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••
Concealment of Birth	•••	•••	2	3		1	1
Causing grievous Hurt	•••	•••	10	13	9	7	
Causing Hurt	•••	•••	49	35	40	4	4
Causing Hurt (petty cases)	U 40	٠٠٠	76	69	99	•••	
	Hurt to ex	tort	ß	0 =			10
Confession	•••	•••	8 57	25 56	46	4	13
Wrongful restraint	•••	•••	57	56		•••	
Do. to extort Confession Assault	•••	•••	97	3		•••	····
	•••	•••	27	11	29 186	•••	
Petty Assault Theff	•••	•••	178	239	100	•.•	
Assault in attempting Theft Kidnapping or Abducting	•••	•••	1 9	16 10		5	7
Kidnapping with intent to te	ke property	•••	1	10	1	9	. '
Slave dealing	we broberry	•••	4	- 4	•••	•••	
Prostitution of Minors	•••	•••	2	6	•••	1	2
Compulsory labor	•••		4				I
Rape	•••	•••	5	6	:::	3	3
Unnatural offences	***	•••	ا" ا			I	١. ١
•••	matal of Ma		5.017	547	480	90	
	Total of No.	1	537	547	488	36	64
veri							

D.—(Continued.)

and of persons concerned in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, STATISTICS. result of the Proceedings.

OF N	IAG Pe	is:	rr <i>i</i>	TE:	s' Co	ourts er Co	s, Jus	STIC	CES	OF 7	THE		Тот	AL.
By Sudo	Pr ler	inc Aı	ips ne	l ens	Ву	Sess Sudge	sion s.	N Bi	o. ll.	В	y Hi Court	gh 		
No. of cases tried.	Persons released.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons.	No. of cases tried.	Persons released.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons.	No. of cases tried.	Persons released.	Persons convicted.	No. of cases tried.	Persons released.
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
22  3 12 4  5	5  1 8 1  2	17 3  1  8 			165 31 50 1 2 9 26 69 22 1 9 4  26 4  26 6 6	164 37 52 29 17 54 24 15 6 3 7 24 2 23 3	26 42 3  9  19 22 80 19 1	1	1	5	3 2 3 3	6	229 54 75 3 4 216 62 16 32 143 741 3,834 41 704 2 66 7,352 72 69 5 17 8 83 11	396 94 129 2 13 119  105 9 22 227 1,267 4,869 131 904 7 117 8,135 178 126 4  30 100 9
51	<b>3</b> 0	50			498	458	470	3,	3	17	12	13	13,839	114

# D.—(Continued.)

No. 1.—Number of Offences against the Indian Penal Code, for the year 1864; and the

				C	onvi	CTED	•
						Juve	niles.
NATURE OF	OFF	ENCES.	•				
					•		
					e.		Je.
				Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
				M	F	K	Ē
Andrea of the Victima and agree constitution of the fifth of the constitution and restriction and		***************************************	*************	46	47	48	49
		#		70	T,		F"
No. 1. Offences ag	ainst	the person.					
Murder	•••	•••	•	169			•••
Attempt to Murder	•••	•••	•••	22	4	•••	•••
Culpable Homicide	•••	•••	•••	40	2	•••	•••
Attempt at do Abetment of Suicide	•••	•••	•••	3	•••		•••
Attempt to commit Suic	ido	•••	•••	82	 25	•••	•••
77 ' 701	···	•••	•••	OZ		•••	•••
Causing miscarriage	•••	•••	•••	4	15		•••
Exposure or abandonme		childrep	•••	4	5		•••
Concealment of Birth				3	19		
Causing grievous Hurt	•••	•••		119	3		
Causing Hurt	•••	•••		463	21	4	•••
Causing Hurt (petty case	s)	•••		4,003	197	13	1
Causing Hurt or grie	vous	Hurt to ex	tort	_,	,		
Confession	<b>;··</b>	•••	•••	11	2		
Wrongful restraint	•	•••	•••	651	21		•••
Do. to extort Confess	sion	•••	•••	•••	•••		,
Assault	•••	•••	•••	50	•••	•••	•••
Petty Assault	•••	•••		7,685	640	12	6
Assault in attempting Th	eft	•••		47	•••	•••	•••
Kidnapping or Abductin	g		•••	10	1	•••	•••
Kidnapping with intent	to ta	ke property	••1	4	1		•••
Slave dealing	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••
Prostitution of Minors	•••	•••	•••	10	8	•••	• •
Compulsory labor	•••	•••	•••	5	***	•••	•••
Rape	•••	•••	•••	12	•••	***	•••
Unnatural offences	•••	•••	• • •	3	•••	•••	•••
		Total of No.	1	13,400	974	29	7
vyviii						·	

D.—(Continued.)

D.

and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, STATISTICS. result of the Proceedings.

CRIMINAL

				Pun	IISHI	ÆN	TS.									
Fine	es.	ion to	ent.		Im	pris	oni	nen	ıt.					Tra		
Persons.	Amount.	Flogged.	other punishment.	Not exceeding one month.	Do. six months.	Do. one year.	Do. two years.	Do. three years.	Do. nve years.	Do. ten years.	Do. fourteen years.	Life.	Seven years.	Ten years.	Life.	Death.
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59 6	0 61	62	63	64	65	66	67
1	40 2,38 20,42 11 30  21 26,64 14	3 4 0 3 2 9 1			2 2 2 7 7 3 3 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 1 1	3 8 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 9 3 3 1 7 5 2 4 3 3 1 7 5 2 4 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 2 3	2 1 10 7	4	5.	2		993	3 4	1	
10,98	3 50,7	48 5		2,73	1 26	34 7	84	3 4	1 35	15	8	.	1	19,	8 6	5 10

# D.—(Continued.)

		J	T live ye		- , 	
NATURE OF OFF	ENCES.		punish	other ments.	٧.	Total convicted and released.
			Persons.	Amount	Insane.	Total co
	ŧ		68	69	70	71
No. 1. Offences against	the perso	n.			_	
Murder	rice Poisse	•			1	575
Attempt to Murder	•••		5	620		120
Culpable Homicide	•••	•••	ĭ	200		171
411	•••	•••	3	400	• • •	5
Attempt at do Abetment of Suicide	•••	•••	0	700	•••	13
Attempt to commit Suicide	***			•••	•••	$\begin{array}{c} 15 \\ 226 \end{array}$
	•••	•••	1	•••		220
Being a Thug	•••	• • • •		•••	1	124
Causing miscarriage Exposure or abandonment of	ahildran	•	•••	•••		18
Concealment of Birth	CHIMIEN	•••	1	35		44
Causing grievous Hurt	•••	• •	14	868		349
Causing grievous Huru	•••	• • •	32	596		
Causing Hurt	•••	••••	681	3,233		1,755
Causing Hurt (petty cases) Causing Hurt or grievous l	Tant to	extort	001	0,400	•••	9,074
	Ture to		1	12		144
Confession Wrongful restraint	•••	•••	22	174		
Do. to extort Confession.	•••	•••		417	•••	1,578
Assault	•••	•	4	100	•••	167
Da44 4 14	•••	••• I	311	2,400		
Assault in attempting Theft	***	••••	311			225
Kidnapping or Abducting	•••	•••	1	300		137
Kidnapping with intent to ta	ka neana	etar	il	300		107
Slave dealing	we brobe		4	-		3
Prostitution of Minors	•••	•••		***	***	48
Compulsory labor	•••	•••	•••	•••		35
Dama	•••		1	•••	•••	112
Unnatural offences	•••	•••	-1	50		12
Ommoder of Clicites.	•••		•••			12
T	otal of N	lo. 1	1,081	9,004	2	31,424

D.

D.—(Continued.) CRIMINAL and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, STATISTICS. result of the Proceedings.

		CASES	NOT B	ROUGH	TO AN	ISSUE.		Other		Un	der
by	iled Po- ce.	Dismis default a lect to p	sed for and neg- rosecute.	Withdr amical justn	awn by ble ad- nent.	To	otal.	dispos	ed of.	tri	ial.
Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.
72 —	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83
1 5 3 21 2 10 6 11	55 33 21 3 14 18	  1    1 6 457	  6     3 18 1236	      2 15 1,263	     2 38 3,157	1 5 3 1  21  2  13 27 1,731	3 6  21	•••	66	11 4 4  6  1  10 11 74	53 11 9  6  1 2 14 23 169
	20 1 19 1 10  2	 169  1 2,248 2 9  	335 2 4,939 .4 8 1 2	 478  4 7,387 7 6 	 895  10 17,467 .9 25   5	 654  6 9,644 10 22   2	 1,250  13 22,425 24 43   2 6 8	3	5 	278 43 3 	143 2 5 842 9 3 2
92	171	2,896	6,554	9,162	21,618	12,150	28,343	6	19	462	1,298

		OPE	RATIONS
NATURE OF OFFENCES.	Number of cases remaining under trial on 31st December 1863.	No. of offences committed in 1864.	Total.
	1	2	3
No. 2. Offences against property with violence. Robbery Robbery on the high way Robbery (aggravated) Attempt at Robbery Dacoity Dacoity (aggravated) Attempt to commit Dacoity Being a Dacoit, &c Preparing or assembling for Dacoity. House-trespass with intent to commit an offence. Lurking House-trespass, House-breaking House-breaking by night Do. with aggravating circumstances Breaking open closed receptacle of property Total of No. 2	19 6  2 26 2   17 69 1	317 80 96 860 56 23 5 12 95	323 80 98 886 58 23 5 12 96 540 8,029 27 143
No.3. Offences against property without violence. Frauds relating to weights and measures	3	106	109
Theft	194 3 10 2 30 6	410 1,513 685 753	1,523 687 783
Total of No. 3 No. 4. Malicious Offences against property.	248	21,552	21,800
Mischief Mischief to animals Mischief with aggravating circumstances Mischief by fire Mischief by causing inundation to a public drainage.	24 4 2 	4,172 376 196 173	198
Total of No. 4		4,919	4,949

D.—(Continued.)

D. and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, CHIMINAL STATISTICS.

OF THE	POLICE.	•						
oncerned.	Prop	erty.	No. of Cases detected.	letected.	arrested.	summoned.	remaining under 31st Dec. 1863.	sons.
Persons concerned	Lost.	Re- covered.	No. of Ca.	Cases undetected	Persons a	Persons s	Persons retrial on 3	Total persons
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1,930 784 237	16,236 7,211 2,780	1,338 1,856 1,128	108 57 22 8	660 <b>263</b> 56 89	97	45 14 24	13	761 294 121 59
259 9,525 717 254	1,68,084 6,663	6,082 288	144 13	726 41 22	2,331 204	20	115 21	
51 105	 	•••	3 4	2 8	30 45	•••	•••	30 45
234 779 12,827	751 21,548 3,89,933	307 7,755 39,720	33 180 845	60 351 7,108	508	75 39 111		194 554 4,041
89 269	1,158 2,621	15 705	7 27	20 115	45 138	6	7 4	52 148
28,060	6,16,985	59,194		9,521	8,361	334	306	
183 31,934 1,0 <b>2</b> 1	20 3,74,592 1,585	 1,38,211 430	47 6,067 67	55 11,212 304	64 16,868 430	106 3,319 451		177 20,466 884
3,629 1,108	26,004 39,530	8,182 7,087	594 161	566 <b>4</b> 57	1,402 622	1,726 340	12 6	3,140 968
1,527 1,077	13,667 12,258	6,664 808	310 123	408 390	541	95 426	13	980
40,479		1,61,382	7,369		21,252	6,463		28,081
13,443 728 783	6,809 2,984 1,675	409 261 16	1,107 63 41	1,307 277 136		8,683 290 332	5 9	628 703
656 8	6,463		22 1	146 1	426 2	<b>37</b>	···	463
15,618	17,931	686	1,234	1,867	2,838	9,347	84	12,269

## D.—(Continued.)

				•	- 0	
No. 2. Offences against property with violence. Robbery			ATIONS			
				By Hea	ds of V	illages.
NATURE OF	OFFE	NCES.		jo	sons released.	Persons convicted.
				S. E.	Per	Per
				13	14	15
No. 2. Offences against	property	with violer	rce.			
Robbery	••••	•••	•••		••.	•••
Robbery on the highwa	y	•••			•••	• • •
Robbery (aggravated)	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Attempt at Robbery	• • •	•••	• • •	•••		• • •
Dacoity	•••	•••	• • •	•••		•••
Dacoity (aggravated)	••••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••
Attempt to commit Dac	coity	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Being a Dacoity, &c.		•••	•	•••	•••	•••
				•••	•••	•••
House-trespass with inte	enttoco	mmit an offe	nce.	•••	•••	•••
		-breaking	•••	•••	•••	•••
		. •••	•••	•••	• · ·	•••
				•••		
Breaking open closed re	ceptacl	e of propert	<b>y</b>	•••	•••	
•	T	otal of No.	2	•••		•••
No. 3. Offences against pr	operty i	without viole	ence.			
			• • •			
Theft	•••	•••	•••	209	32	318
Tratortion	•••			1		1
		•••	• • •	•••	1	• • • •
Misappropriation	•••	•••	•••	:::		
Misappropriation Criminal Breach of Tru	 ıst		•••		•••	•••
Misappropriation Criminal Breach of Tru Receiving or possessing	st stolen		•••	•••	•••	•••
Misappropriation Criminal Breach of Tru Receiving or possessing	stolen		•••	•••	•••	•••
Misappropriation Criminal Breach of Tru Receiving or possessing	stolen 	property 	•••	•••	32	318
Misappropriation Criminal Breach of Tru Receiving or possessing Cheating	stolen	property Cotal of No.		•••	32	
Misappropriation Criminal Breach of Tru Receiving or possessing Cheating  No. 4. Malicious Offer	stolen   nces aga	property Cotal of No.		•••	32	-
Misappropriation Criminal Breach of Tru Receiving or possessing Cheating  No. 4. Malicious Offer Mischief	stolen   nces aga	property Cotal of No.		•••	32	-
Misappropriation Criminal Breach of Tru Receiving or possessing Cheating  No. 4. Malicious Offer Mischief Mischief to animals	stolen  nces ago	property Fotal of No. winst prope		•••	32	-
Misappropriation Criminal Breach of Tru Receiving or possessing Cheating  No. 4. Malicious Offer Mischief	stolen  nces ago	property Fotal of No. winst prope		•••	32	
Misappropriation Criminal Breach of Tru Receiving or possessing Cheating  No. 4. Malicious Offer Mischief Mischief to animals Mischief with aggravat	stolen nces aga ing circ	property Fotal of No. winst prope cumstances	3	209	32	-

D.—(Continued.)

D.

and of persons concerned in the Districts of the Mulius Presidency, STATISTICS.

OF MAGISTRATES' COURTS, JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, AND OTHER

Ma	agistrat	By es of 21	nd Clas	s.	Mag	gistrates	By of 1st	Class	5.
es tried.	eleased.	onvict-	Comm	itted.	Cases	eleased.	convict-	Comr ted	nit-
No. of cases tried	Persons released	Persons convicted.	Савев.	Persons,	No. of tried.	Persons released	Persons ed.	Cases.	Persons.
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
130	326		159	313	9	14	1	1	1
54 16	110 48		75 22	149 59	3 1	10 4	•••	2 1	
8 124 18	19 880 80	•••	14 233 20	27 1,056 113	 5 2	30 7	•••	6	20
1	3 7		2	8		•••			•••
4 32	3 95	1	5 29	15 46	9	 15	 5	2	
105 528	192 1,453	8	135 723	171 1,372	32 123	8 124	29 106	2 38	68
5 24	26 59	2	4 15	5 29		14	10		
1,050	3,301	11	1,438	3,367	195	226	151	53	108
34 6,228		1 6,404	23 1,285	42 2,040	24 600	15 <b>4</b> 17	37 766		4(
190 889	1,176	11 764	37 67	78 108	34 49	73 32	12 63	3	•••
265 197 242	474 454 445	6 14 4	92 <b>292</b> 69	128 474 130	50 91 68	51 84 52	34 93 40	13	20
8,045		7,204	1,865	3,000	916	724	1,045	48	7
1,854		2,367	26	43	99	118	508	1	
188 94 52		22 12 2	43 20 30	73 46 43	30 27 3	45 38 299	34 52 1	 3 2	ï
1	5			•••	_:_	•••	***		•
2,189	3,503	2,403	119	205	159	500	595	6	]

# D.—(Continued)

)	nee gen				
	JUD.	CIAL	OPE	RATI	ONS
		ates po	with wers.	full	
NATURE OF OFFENCES.	No. of Cases tried	Persons released	convict-	Com- ted	
	Case	ns re	ns co		ns.
	No.0f	Perso	Persons ed.	Cases.	Persons.
	26	27	28	29	30
No. 2. Offences against property with violence.					
Robbery	6	15	2	2	3
Robbery on the highway	2	4		3	5
Robbery (aggravated.)	•••	•••		•••	
Attempt at Robbery		•••	•••		
Dacoity	8	38			216
Dacoity (aggravated)		•••	•••	1	10
Attempt to commit Dacoity			10	• • •	
Being a Dacoit, &c Preparing or assembling for Dacoity	2	2 7		_	
House-trespass with intent to commit an offence	19	1 .	29	••••	
Lurking House-trespass, House-breaking	145		ł.		17
House-breaking by night	661	316			I
Do. with aggravating circumstances				3	1
Breaking open closed receptacle of property	21	9	35		
Total of No. 2	864	469	981	51	289
No. 3. Offences against property with violence.				1	
Frauds relating to weights and measures	36		,		
Theft	1,650	817	1,855		
Extortion	86	96			5
Misappropriation		86			
Criminal Breach of Trust	160				
Receiving or possessing stolen property	274				
Cheating	114				
Total of No. 3	2.431	1,391	2,546	118	146
No. 4. Malicious Offences against property.  Mischief	46	103	66		
Mischief to animals	42		,		2
Mischief with aggravating circumstances	27	25			
Mischiel by fire	2	1	1 -	1	9
Mischief by causing inundation to a public drainage	1		2	•	
Total of No. 4		156	167	3	11
10th 01 10. 4	1 110	1 100	101	1 0	111

D.—(Continued.)

D.

and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, STATISTICS. result of the Proceedings.

OF MAGISTRATES' COURTS JUSTICES OF THE PRADE

F MAGISTRA	TES' CO	R COUR	USTICES TS.	OF T	не Ры	ACE,	_	TOTAL	_
By Princ Sudder A	cipal		ession	No Bill.		High ourt.	-   -	-	
No. of Cases tried.  Persons released.  Persons convict-	1 1	No. of Cases tried.	Persons released.  Persons convicted.	Cases. Persons.	, _eo	Persons released.  Persons convicted		No. of Cases tried	Persons released.
	33 34 3	1	37 38	39 40	41	42 4	3	44	45
	9 21 152 	160 77 25 16 247 19 2 6 5 20 20 228 7 3	3 16 10 11 228 32 5 	3 7 3 7 3 1 8 9 4	6 12	2		305 136 42 24 384 39 3 5 10 77 336 1,699 12 60 3,132	490 174 67 36 1,684 133 10 12 26 137 294 2,202 31 82 5,378
4 276 96 6 4 6 8 15 17 39 22 11 5	10	121 5 3 15 54 14	5 49 8	9 1 4 11 46 13	1 43 1 2 20 14 7	13 5 1 2 5 1 27	 2 17 15 8	98 9,127 322 1,060 525 669 456 12,257	74 8,679 651 1,305 651 810 595
3 11 5 5 6 5	3	]	11 .	27	2		 2   2	2,003 273 156 92 2,526	50. 40'

## D.—(Continued.)

No. 1—Number of Offences against the Indian Penal Code, for the year 1864; and the

	C	ONVIO	TED.	
			Juve	eniles
NATURE OF OFFENCES.				
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
	46	47	48	49
No. 2. Offences against property with violence.				1
Robbery	176		•••	•••
Robbery on the highway	97	1		•••
Robbery (aggravated) Attempt at Robbery	47 13	1		•••
Descition	599	1	3	•••
Dacoity (aggravated)	73		.,	•••
Attempt to commit Descity	1	•…		
Being a Dacoit, &c	18	•••		•••
Preparing or assembling for Dacoity.	10			•••
House-trespass withintent to commit an offence.	45	1		•••
Lurking House-trespass, House-breaking	197	5	5	
House-breaking by night	1,363		7	
Do. with aggravating circumstances	19		'	
Breaking open closed receptacle of property	52			
Total of No. 2	2,710	28	15	•••
No. 3. Offences against property without violence				
Frauds relating to weights and measures	82	11	•••	
Theft	9,214	421	146	31
Extortion	99	•••		•
Misappropriation	859	55	8	
Criminal Breach of Trust	196	3	1	
Receiving or possessing stolen property	427	40	3	
Cheating	177	5		
Total of No. 3	11,054	535	158	31
No. 4. Malicious Offences against property. Mischief	2000	اُ آ		
Mischief to animal	2,866	39	39	•••
Mischief to animals	105		2	•••
Mischief with aggravating circumstances	125	1		•••
	28	1	2	•••
Mischief by causing inundation to a public drainage.	2	•••	•••	•••
Total of No. 4	3,126	41	43	

xxxviii

D.—(Continued.)

and of persons concerned in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, STATISTICS.

					Pun	ısıı	MEN'	rs.									
Fine	es,		er punish-		 - -	Imp	- riso	nm	en	t.		-	• •	Tı porı	ans	- )D.	
	Amount.	Flogged.	Florged in addition to other punish mente.	Not exceeding one month.	Do. six months.	Do. one year.	Do. two years.	Do. three years.	Do. five years.	Do. seven years.	Do. ten years.	1)0. fourteen years.	Life.	Seven years.	Ten years.	Life.	. Heath.
	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67
22 1 3 3 226	     187 3 285 	 11	3 14	 2     7 13 91  4	4   8 1   16 65 316  21		12 7  34  1 27 210 11 5	64 4 	4 1 3 48 1	21 10 2 2 1111 2 1  2 44  195	39	4	2	26 12 2 105	9516	1 1 1 37 17  7 5	1
91 75 30 46 51 35 38	7,753 8,736 1,152 3,629 699 876 1,109 23,954	40 40 2	1 1	2 5,481 5 399 36 79 29	907 16 52 58 167 92	5 14 34 85 19	13 49 	1 4 2 2	6	 6  1			9	9  1 7 	6		
77 38 06 3			5 2	14	15 5 4	10 1	•••		11		5						
38 06 3	1,	449 021 20 10	449 021 20 10	449 5 021 20 2 10	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

## D.—(Continued.)

NATURE OF OFFENCES	3.	tion	Vunout.	O Insane.	Total convicted and released.
		UO	09	10	11
No. 2. Offences against property with Robbery Robbery on the highway Robbery (aggravated) Attempt at Robbery Dacoity Dacoity (aggravated) Attempt to commit Dacoity, &c. Being a Dacoit, &c. Preparing or assembling for Dacoity House-trespass with intent to commit Lurking House-trespass, House-bread House-breaking by night Do. with aggravating circumstates Breaking open closed receptacle of property of the service	an offence	44 7  1 35   1 6 34 	270 650  100 3,190  20 218 1,547		666 272 114 49 2,291 206 111 30 36 183 501 3,588 50 134
Total	of No. 2	88	5,995	2	8,131
No. 3 Offences against property without Frauds relating to weights and means Theft  Extortion	utviolence. sures	 599 13 69 30 17 27	5,485 570 1,230 4,282 1,026 1,005	1 	167 18,491 750 2,227 851 1,280 777
No. 4. Malicious Offences against Mischief Mischief to animals Mischief with aggravating circumsta Mischief by fire Mischief by causing inundation to a publi	property	76 17 4 2	583 387 175 150	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	5,837 511 631 438 7 7,424

D.—(Continued.)

D. STATISTICS.

and of Persons concerned in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, CRIMINAL result of the Proceedings.

Bail Pol	ed by lice.	Dis for and r	NOT BRomissed default neglect to secute.	With by an	drawn drable tment.	Tot	tal.	Otherwise	disposed o	Un tr	der ial.
Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.
72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83
43 5 1 5 13  20 153 1 7	73 12 3 7 56 9 8 36 262 2 10	    1 1 4  1	     1 2 15  4	       1	      1	43 5 11 5 13   2 4 21 158 1 8 261	12 3 7	1	64 142 1 49	2 2 1	177 64 22 777 18  21 11 165 
1 600 18 16 12 30 5 682 24 12 1 12 	1 991 34 25 17 47 7 1,122 46 24 1 14	2 163 12 190 16 5 45 433 539 15 8 2	3 470 35 482 29 6 83 1,108 1,465 31 14 5	1 30 8 1111 23 6 47 226 1,227 15 2 	1 9 16 290 27 9 81 518 2,898 36 7	4 793 38 317 51 41 97 1,341 1,790 42 11 14	1,555 85 797 73 62 171 2,748 4,409 91 22 19	2	1 52	4 183 22 62 30 54 23 378 16 10 11 3	5 420 49 116 44 124 31 789 222 26 50 6
49	85	564	1.515	1,241	2,941	1,857	4,541			40	304

# D.—(Continued.)

V	o your					
		OPER	ATIONS			
NATURE OF OFFENCES.	Number of cases remaining under trial on 31st December 1863.	No. of offences commit- ted in 1864.	Total.			
	1	2	3			
No. 5. Forgery and offences against the Currency. Counterfeiting or altering coin Uttering or possessing counterfeit or altered Coin. Other offences relating to Coin	. 1		26 93 2			
Frauds relating to Stamps	3	4	162 2			
Total of No. 5	. 5	284	289			
No.6. Contempt and offences against public justice Contempt of legal Process or Orders  Withholding information		112 88 35 174  121 53 8 2 2 101 44 3 79 22 17	115 90 35 174  124 53 8 39 103 45 82 222			
Negligent escape Escape		3 136 8 370	139 378			
Rescue Return from transportation Contempt of Court		165	2			
Total of No. 6.	2	8 3,200	3,234			

D.—(Continued.) and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, STATISTICS. result of the Proceedings.

D. CRIMINAL

Persons concerned.	Property.		No. of cases detected.	detected.		Persons summoned.	Persons remaining under trial on 31st Dec. 1863.	sons.	
Persons of	Lost.	Re- cover- ed.	No. of cas	Cases undetected	Persons	Persons :	Personsre trial on 3	Total persons.	
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	lacksquare	
35 140	3 3	3 14	13 34	13 59	27 136	3	1 2	31 138	
2			2		1	1		2	
4	•••	اءِ	1	2	2	1	٠ ا	383	
475 2	860 7	5 7	29 1	$\begin{array}{c} 126 \\ 1 \end{array}$	234 2	144 	5	383	
658	873	29	80	201	402	149	8	539	
3,936	30	30	1,299	279	2,679	1,028 115	14	3,721 186 125	
198 127	•••		32 40	75 43	65 46	115 77	6 2	186	
41	•••		22	9	2	14	آ	36	
416	•••		70	95	2 169	187	•••	356	
 192	•••		47	65	132	 46	8	180	
108	•••	"	14	32	47	55	]	102	
14			3	4	9	5		14	
98 161 73	3,936 15		3 8 41	25 55 33 48 10	53	35 <b>4</b> 9	6	94 143	
73		19	9	33	92 53	11	2	143 67	
138	7	43	33	48	80	44	4	128	
138 46 27	286	231	4	10	23 20	]	•••	24	
216	•••		8 93 <b>2</b> 15	7 41	172	5 27	7	128 24 28 200	
516	•••		215	144	447	18	9	474	
292	•••		22	25	165	13	•••	178	
2 177	• • • •		1 156	1 6	2 103	70	•••	17	

## D.—(Continued.)

jui www		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	JUDICL	AL OPE	RATIONS
	By Hea	ds of V	illages.
NATURE OF OFFENCES.	cases	Persons released.	Persons convicted.
	No. of tried.	<u> </u>	8
	ed.	ons	ono
	S th	e S	ed.
	A	μ.	) н
•	13	14	15
No. 5. Forgery and offences against the Currency.			
Counterfeiting or altering Coin	•••		
Uttering or possessing counterfeit or altered Coin.	•••		
Other offences relating to Coin	•••	•••	
Frauds relating to Stamps	•••	•••	•••
Forgery	•••	•••	•••
Offences relating to trade and property-marks	•••		•••
Total of No. 5	•••		
No. 6. Contemptand offences against public justice		}	
Contempt of legal Process or Orders	•••		
Withholding information	•••		•••
Giving false information	•••	<b></b>	}
False statement to a Public Servant on oath			
Obstructing or omitting to aid Public Servant	•••		<b>!</b> •••
Illegal bidding at authorized sale	•••	•••	
False evidence	•••	•••	1
Causing disappearance of evidence False personation in Judicial proceeding		•••	
Fraudulent disposal of property and false claims	•••		1
False charge	ł		1
Harbouring offenders	1		
Compounding Offences	i		
Taking gift to recover stolen property	•••		
Omission to apprehend by Public Servant	•••		
Negligent escape	•••		
Escape	•		•••
Rescue	• • • •		•••
Return from transportation	•••	•••	•••
Contempt of Court	•••	•••	
Total of No. 6			
vliv			

D.—(Continued.)

D.

and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, STATISTICS. result of the Proceedings. OF MACROMPANES' COMPANY INCOME OF THE DRACE AND OTHER

•	OF MAGISTRATES' COURTS, JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, AND OTHER COURTS.									
	By Magistrates of 2nd Class.					By Magistrates of 1st Class.				
	cases	leased.	onvict-	Comm	itted.	casek		onvict-	Committed.	
	No. of tried.	Persons released.	Persons convicted.	Ca ses.	Persons.	No. of tried.	Persons released	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons.
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	5 · 28	6 41	•••	15 37	21 63	1 4	3	1 2	•••	•••
			•••	1 2	1 2	1		1	1	 
	77 1	251 1	•••	36 1	82 1	2		•••		10 
	111	299	•••	92	170	8	6	4	4	11
	1,292 46	618 76	<b>2,47</b> 6	99 23	139 44	70 4	19	135 2		•••
	21 3	27 3	1	24 8	43	10	2 4	 	•••	•••
	64	150 	6		122		24	22		
	25 25 2	52 51	 5	30 9	45 18	3 2	4	3		
	19 18	7 32 24	1	5 7 48	5 25 67	1		3	2	 4
	17 40	25 60	 10	13 19	18 25	1 4	1	3		•••
	3	6 5	•••	6 4	11 6	1 1		4 ]	•••	•••
-	12 23 15	15 51 73	3 3	46 141 14	68 234 57	22 52 6	18	28 45 19	4	4
	145	5	148	1		6		6	•••	•••
ŀ	1,773	1,280	2,654	550	936	202	82	282	11	16

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 1.—Number of Offences against the Indian Penal Code, for the year 1864; and the

•	•		• •		
	Judi	CIAL	OPER	ATIC	N
	By Magis	Just strate pow	s wi		
NATURE OF OFFENCES.	tried.	ased.	victed	Con	
	No. of cases	Persons released	Persons convicted	Cases.	Persons
•	26	27	28	29	3
No.5. Forgery and offences against the Currency.					
Counterfeiting or altering Coin Uttering or possessing counterfeit or altered Coin	21	4 15	1 15	3	•
Other offences relating to Coin		•••		•••	١.,
Frauds relating to Stamps	1	5	1	10	1
Forgery Offences relating to trade and property-marks	•	9	1	10	1
					-
Total of No. 5	30	24	18	13	1
No. 6. Contempt and offences against public justice					
Contempt of legal Process or Orders	194			•••	ŀ
Withholding information	47	37	35	•••	٠.
Giving false information	45		50 23	•••	ŀ
False statement to a Public Servant on oath		3 34	64		ŀ
Obstructing or omitting to aid Public Servant Illegal bidding at authorized sale	1				ľ
False evidence	1 1 2			18	19
Causing disappearance of evidence	10		4		Ī.
False personation in Judicial proceeding				1	l
Fraudulent disposal of property and false claims	10	17	13		ŀ
False charge	35	•			
Harbouring offenders				_	
Compounding Offences	1 -			1	1
Taking gift to recover stolen property					
Omission to apprehend by Public Servant					1
Negligent escape					ľ
Escape	00				1
Return from transportation	1				1
Contempt of Count	10		11		ı
Total of No. 6		403		_	-
			· WA.		497

D.—(Continued.)

and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, STATISTICS. result of the Proceedings.

of M.	AGIST	RAT	es'	Cor othe	R Co	Jus ourts	TIC	ES	OF T	HE		Тота	L.
By I Sudd	Princ er Ar	ipal neer	ns	By	Sess udge	ion 3.	N Bi	o. 11.	By C	y Hig Court.	h		
No. of cases tried.	Persons released. Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons.	No. of cases tried.	Persons released.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons.	No. of cases tried.	Persons released.	Persons convicted.	No. of cases tried.	Persons released,
31	32 33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
2  1	2 1	1	1	14 27 1 1 53	6 18  1 63	30 1	•••		 2 	 2 		24 84 2 2 136 2	16 81  1 323 1
3	3	1	1	96	88	86			2	2	<u>1</u>	250	422
10 2 3 1 11 	9	5 1 9 1	1 2	 3  2 4  64 7	10	54		1	  4		   3	1,566 102 79 29 152  111 45	119 53 7 217  112 76 9
	9 9	5 1 8		30 9 8 	16	3 29 3 3	2					30 90 39 78 10 14 131 274	49 74 49 80 9 12
	1 7	4		2			3					16:	100
6	5 40	36	2 3	16	8 8	8 20	5	1 1	1 4	1	1	3 2,96	5 1,895

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 1.—Number of Offences against the Indian Penal Code, for the year 1864; and the

7	· · · · · ·			
	C	CONV	CTED	•
			Juve	niles.
NAMES OF OTHER DESIGNATION				1
NATURE OF OFFENCES.			1	
		نو		je.
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female
	Me	Fe	K	H
	46	47	48	49
No.5. Forgery and offences against the Currency.		_		
Counterfeiting or altering Coin	14 43	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ 3 \end{array}$		•••
Uttering or possessing counterfeit or altered Coin Other offences relating to Coin	2			•••
Frauds relating to Stamps	ī	•••		•••
Forgery	42	•••	•••	•••
Offences relating to trade and property-marks.	1	•••	•••	•••
Total of No. 5	103	4	3	
No. 6. Contempt and offences against public justice				
Contempt of legal Process or Orders	2,816	88	4	
Witholding information	40	•••	[	•••
Giving false information	63			••••
False statement to a Public Servant on oath	23 98	1 5	-1	•••
Obstructing or omitting to aid Public Servant Illegal bidding at authorized sale	90	9		
False evidence	54	2	1	
Causing disappearance of evidence	16	,.,		
False personation in Judicial proceeding	4			
Fraudulent disposal of property and false claims	16	1		•••
False charge	54	2		
Harbouring offenders	9			]
Taking gift to recover stolen property	41 9	1	•••	
Omission to apprehend by Public Servant	9	•••		::: 1
Negligent escape	126	}		
Escape	319	7	3	
Rescue	72			
Return from transportation	1		]	
Contempt of Court	162	3		•••
Total of No. 6	3,932	110	9	•
Tlyiii				

D.—(Continued.)

and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency STATISTICS.

result of the Proceedings.

Punishments.																	
Fir	168.		tion to ents.		Im	pr	iso	nın	ent	 t,				por	l'rai tati	ıs- ou.	
Persons.	Amount.	Flogged.	Flogged in addition other punishments.	Not exceeding one month.	Do. six months.	Do. one year.	Do. two years.	Do. three years.	Do. five years.	Do. seven years.	Do. ten years.	Do. fourteen years.	Life.	Seven years.	Ten years.	Life.	Death.
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	39	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67
 1 1  	 10 3 20 	••	:: :: :: 3	4   	4	1 11  8 1		7 3  3 	7	3 2				1 1  1 			
2,726 31 45 3 61 4 8 27 3 88 14 152	6,166 342 934 37 985  730 28 10 608  12 640 432 428  798	1 3  2   8		175 3 10 7 21  1 1  8 7 4 8  23 72 23 	55 66 77 111 122 11 44 22 14 46 222 32 	8 1 	1	2	3 3  7  42 1	1	1			9			
3,136	12,433	15	2	387	280	75	62	19	56	2	1			16			

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 1.—Number of Offences against the Indian Penal Code, for the year 1864; and the

,	Fined tion	shments in addi- to other shments.		nd released.
NATURE OF OFFENCES.	Persons.	Amount.	Insane.	Total convicted and released
	68	69	70	71
No. 5, Forgery and offences against the Currency.				
Counterfeiting or altering Coin	2	100		31
Uttering or possessing counterfeit or altered Coin				130
Other offences relating to Coin		•••	<b>  </b>	2
Frauds relating to Stamps		•••		2
Forgery	2	110		365
Offences relating to trade and property-marks				2
	_		-	
Total of No. 5	. 5	220		532
No.6.Contempt and offences against public justice				
	32	191		3,665
Contempt of legal Process or Orders   Withholding information	1			159
Giving false information	3	1,005		116
False statement to a Public Servant on oath	4			32
Obstructing or omitting to aid Public Servant		15		320
Illegal bidding at authorized sale		10		020
Toler swidenes	4	915		169
Causing disappearance of evidence				92
False personation in Judicial proceeding	1			13
Fraudulent disposal of property and false claims		7		66
False charge	. 5		1 1	130
Harbouring offenders	1	1	i	58
Compounding offences	۱ ۵	23	1 - 1	122
Taking gift to recover stolen property		٠ ا		18
Omission to apprehend by Public Servant	]			21
Negligent escape	. 9	150		197
Escape	1		1	424
Rescue	$\cdot \mid \bar{6}$			172
Return from transportation				2
Contempt of Court	. 2	1 5	2	170
_ :	-		-	
Total of No. 6	. 73	2,699	4 2	5,946

D.—(Continued.)

and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, STATISTICS. result of the Proceedings.

			S NOT E		IA OT 1			Otl	her- ise	1		
l t	iled by lice.		ssed for and neg- rosecute.	Withdi amica justii	awn by ble ad- nent.	То	otal.	dist		Un tri	der ial.	
Cases	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	
72	73	74	<b>7</b> 5	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	
7	8 ::	:: :: :: :: 3	   10	::- ::: ::: :::	  	7  3 	 8  10 			 1 4 	 1 8 	
1	2 3 5	4 1 5 3 1 5	30  1 9  3  1  1 2	11 33 33 33 33 1	29 3	5 3 6 1 5 3 3 6 1	32 9 6 1 9  3  6 4  1		7	11 5 3 4 9 7 1 2 4 3 2 2 5 18 2 1	24 18 3 3 26  13 10 1 7 7 9  2 4 9 37 6 	
6	11	22	49	15	33	43	93	1	21	82	180	

No. 1.—Number of Offences against the Indian Penal Code, for the year 1864; and the

		OPER	ATIONS
NATURE OF OFFENCES.	Number of cases remaining under trial on 31st December 1863.	No. of offences commit- ted in 1864.	Total.
	1	2	3
No. 7. Offences not included in the above classe	8.		
Abetment	. 4	43	47
Concealment of Criminal designs		3	3
Offences against the State		1	1
Spreading false and alarming rumours .		1	ī
Abetment of Military and Naval offences .			
Unlawful assembly	1	147	148
l Distinu		169	169
T I Talla		<b></b>	•
Affray		330	330
Ciring an acceptain at illegal amplification	4	241	245
Property of duty by Dublic Soment		62	62
Dangangting Dublic Sanyant		37	37
Spreading dangerous diseases, &c		8	8
Adulteration and selling noxious food, &c.		20	
Nuicana	. 5	183	
Acts against public safety		153	153
A star a main at discomers		19	19
Office and against religion	. 1	46	
Cuincian I Anomaga	21	9,510	
Haura transage	5	306	
China I Passah of santus of	i	60	61
Ricomy		21	21
1 Adultowy	. 1	102	
Other offences relating to marriage	. 2	168	
Defenation		166	
Ingult	. 4	2,719	
Criminal intimidation	. 4	157	
Misconduct in public by a drupten namen		324	
Attempts not otherwise manifed for	31	1,588	
Total of No. 7	84	16,584	16,668
Grand Total	639	85,170	85,809

D.—(Continued.)
and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, result of the Proceedings.

THE	Police.				-			
. [	Prop	erty.	No. of cases detected.	detected.	arrested.	Persons summoned.	31st Dec. 1863.	rsons.
Persons concerned	Lost.	Re- covered.	No. of cas	Cases undetected	Persons arrested	Persons	trial on	Total persons.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
70 10 10 4  1,510 1,681  1,331 494 137 57 32 22 28,100 80 20 80 41 6,59 41 48 2,19	10	5	87 89  298 67 7 24 11 18 75 79 11 13 2,290 7 68 18 19 25 25 8 90 34 293 0 7	2,411 213 35 12 57 121 89 487 95 25 1,542	55 2,047 306 21 22 82 173 140 943 176 292 218	287 174 13 82 19,373 253 7 70 130 229 5,149 177 164		69 10 10 4  1,009 1,287  1,278 405 130 24 602 250 29 146 21,503 574 60 29 153 303 363 6,100 35,45 23
46,42		1,22 13 2,23,36		1				

D.—(Continued.)
No. 1.—Number of Offences against the Indian Penal Code,
for the year 1864; and the

		Judich	AL OPER	ATIONS
		Ву Неа	ds of V	illages.
NATURE OF OFFENCES.		No. of cases tried.	Persons released.	Persons convicted.
		13	14	15
No. 7. Offences not included in the above clas	88 <b>e</b> 8.			
Abetment	• • •		•••	•••
Concealment of Criminal designs	•••	•••	•••	•••
Offences against the State	•••	•••	•••	•••
Spreading false and alarming rumours	•••	•••	•••	•••
Abetment of Military and Naval offences	•••	•••	•••	•••
Unlawful assembly	•••	•••	•••	•••
Rioting	• • •		•••	•••
Land-holders, &c., failing to prevent a riot	•••		•••	•••
Affray	•••		•••	•••
Giving or receiving illegal gratification	•••		•••	•••
Breaches of duty by Public Servant	<b>*</b>		•••	•••
Personating Public Servant	•••	•••	•••	•••
Spreading dangerous diseases, &c	•••	•••		•••
Adulteration and selling noxious food, &c.	••	•••	•••	•••
Nuisance	•••	•••	•••	•••
Acts against public safety	•••	•••	•••	•••
Acts against decency	•••		•••	•••
Offences against religion	•••		••• _	•••
Criminal trespass	•••	2	1	ŧ
House-trespass	•••	•••	•••	•••
Criminal Breach of Contract	•••	•••	•••	•••
Bigamy	•••		•••	•••
Adultery	•••	•••	•••	•••
Other offences relating to marriage	•••	•••	•••	•••
Defamation	•••	···	•••	•••
Insult	•••	77	72	86
Criminal intimidation	•••	•••	•••	•••
Misconduct in public by a drunken person	•••		•••	***
Attempts not otherwise provided for	•••		•••	•••
Total of No. 7	7	79	73	91
Grand Total	,,,	925	495	1,123
liv				

D.—(Continued.)
and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, result of the Proceedings.

OF	MAGISTRATES'	Courts,	Jus	TICES	OF	THE	PEACE,	AND	OTHER	_
		Compr	c							

<del></del>		Cot	JRTS.						
Ву М	<b>Lag</b> is <b>tr</b>	ites of	2nd Cla	iss.	By M	[agistrat	es of 1s	st Cla	iss.
es tried.	leased.	nvict-	Commi	tted.	cases	leased.	convict-	Joinm ted.	
No. of cases tried	Persons released.	Persons convict- ed.	Cases.	Persons,	No. of tried.	Persons released.	Persons ed.	Cases.	Persons.
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
12 2  110 126  292 108 31 30 5 2 77	18 9  238 426  178 170 71 17 5 166 74 6	11   476 518  970 17 2 26  1 71	7 1 2 1 44 8 5 21 22 3	7 10 12 22 60 5 80 27	2 4 14 25 26 17 17 3	45  3  25	2         	. 1	1
18 3,669 105 7 5 24 80	77 5,043 290 15 6 53 183	4,346 8 	11 21 43 6 2 21	2) 5) 7( 1; 24	204 3 36 3 5 3 1	263 63 	270 38 6	 3 1 	
50 1,124 73 293 66	145 1,211 206 34	393	21 4 21 2	36 35	0 4 4 89 2 12 4 6	10 154 16	 74 6	3	
6,352							625		4:
30,839	42,146	32,121	5,075	9,47	2,742	2,998	3,576	167	30

D.—(Continued)
No. 1.—Number of Offences against the Indian Penal Code,
for the year 1864; and the

	,					
		Jui	CIA	LOPE	RAT	IONS
. ,		By J	rates	s and with wers.		
NATURE OF OFFENCES.		ed.	ed.	ict-	Com	
NATURE OF OFFENCES.		No. of cases tried	Persons released	convict		
		Ses	rel	8		
		8	ns	名.		ng
		0.0	80	Persons ed.	Cases.	Persons,
		Ä	Per	Pe	ပီ	Pe
						<del> </del>
		26	27	28	29	30
No. 7. Offences not included in the above cla	88 <i>0</i> 8					
Abetment		11	1	10		
Concealment of Criminal designs	•••	1		1		
Offences against the State		•••	•••			
Spreading false and alarming rumours	•••		•••			
Abetment of Military and Naval offences	•••					•••
Unlawful assembly		6	17		•••	•••
Rioting	•••	10	77	35	1	13
Land-holders, &c., failing to prevent a riot	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Affray	•••	10	12	28	•••	•••
Giving or receiving illegal gratification	•••	74	55	65	•••	•••
Breaches of duty by Public Servant	•••	18	36		•••	•••
Personating Public Servant	•••	2	•••	2	•••	•••
Spreading dangerous diseases, &c	•••		٠		•••	•••
Adulteration and selling noxious food, &c.	•••	16	1	16		•••
Nuisance	•••	39	85			•••
Acts against public safety	•••	72	18			•••
Acts against decency	•••	8 13	7	10 28		•••
Offences against religion	•••	68	67		1	•••
Criminal trespass	•••	58	32			•••
House-trespass Criminal Breach of Contract	•••	15	4			•••
	•••				2	2
Bigamy Adultery	•••	16	21	3		
Other offences relating to marriage	•••	31	19			8
Defamation	•••	40	30			ĭ
Insult	• • •	37	14			•••
Criminal intimidation	•••	21	5		1	1
Misconduct in public by a drunken person	•••	13	•••	16		
Attempts not otherwise provided for	•••	45	12	50	•••	•••
Total of No. 7	·	624	513	780	17	<b>3</b> 6
Grand Total.		5,357	3,503	5,821	263	597
1.,;						-

D.

D.—(Continued.)

and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, result of the Proceedings.

STATISTICS.

OF M.	AGIST	RATE	s'(	COL	URTS,	Jusz RTs.	rices	OF	T	не Р	EACE	-	Тота	L.
	y Pri lder	ncipa	al		Bv	Sessi dges	on	N Bi	o ll.		y High	h		
of cases	-	convict-	Con	rd.	f cases	Persons released.	convict-		ni.	of cases tried.	s released.	Persons convicted.	No. of cases tried	Persons released.
No. o tried.	Persons	Persons ed.	Cases.	Persons	No. of tried	Persons	Persons ed.	Cases.	Persons	No. of	Persons	Person	No. of	Person
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	4.5
			•••		9	<b>4</b>	11 			6	2	4	40	25 9
		•••	:::		1	•••	10	 					1	•••
	•••	•••		•••	 2 6	 8 41	 5 39			•••	•••		120 146	286 551
	•••	•••				•••				•••			316 211	203 274
1	1	•••			3 1		3			•••			53 33	108 17
2	•••								ļ.,				6 20	8 2 277
3 7			)		"1						•••	••	145 136 16	101 8
1 7 2 6 2	6		2				•••			•••	•••		38 3,946	90 5,375
6 2	2		H				<b></b>		· -	•••	•••		207 29 10	388 19 10
1					20 2		2 1		1 1		 2	10 1	74 127	92 235
7	1		3		2			i					103 1,327	188 1,451
	2				12						•••		121 312 136	235 34 109
				-	1 75		-	- -	1 6	17	4	 15		10,095
731	.	-	-	- -	5 1,904		-	- -	-	147			42,645	

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 1—Number of Offences against the Indian Penal Code, for the year 1864; and the

NATURE OF OFFENCES.  No. 7. Offences not included in the above classes.  Abetment  Concealment of Criminal designs  Offences against the State  Spreading false and alarming rumours  Abetment of Military and Naval offences  Unlawful assembly  Rioting  Land-holders, &c., failing to prevent a riot	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
No. 7. Offences not included in the above classes.  Abetment  Concealment of Criminal designs  Offences against the State  Spreading false and alarming rumours  Abetment of Military and Naval offences  Unlawful assembly  Rioting		Female.		
No. 7. Offences not included in the above classes.  Abetment  Concealment of Criminal designs  Offences against the State  Spreading false and alarming rumours  Abetment of Military and Naval offences  Unlawful assembly  Rioting		Female.		
No. 7. Offences not included in the above classes.  Abetment  Concealment of Criminal designs  Offences against the State  Spreading false and alarming rumours  Abetment of Military and Naval offences  Unlawful assembly  Rioting			Male.	nale.
No. 7. Offences not included in the above classes.  Abetment  Concealment of Criminal designs  Offences against the State  Spreading false and alarming rumours  Abetment of Military and Naval offences  Unlawful assembly  Rioting			Male.	nale.
Abetment			Male.	nale.
Abetment			Male.	nale.
Abetment			Male.	nale
Abetment			Ma]	$\boldsymbol{\Xi}$
Abetment				ē
Abetment	46	47		
Abetment			48	49
Abetment				
Concealment of Criminal designs Offences against the State Spreading false and alarming rumours Abetment of Military and Naval offences Unlawful assembly	9.0	1	-	
Offences against the State Spreading false and alarming rumours Abetment of Military and Naval offences Unlawful assembly	<b>3</b> 6	1 1	1	•••
Spreading false and alarming rumours Abetment of Military and Naval offences Unlawful assembly Rioting	10		•••	•••
Abetment of Military and Naval offences Unlawful assembly Rioting				•••
Unlawful assembly				•••
Rioting	516		3	
Tand haldens for fulling to provent a rist	500	1		127
Land-holders. &c falling to drevent a riot 🗼				•••
Affray	916		5	
Giving or receiving illegal gratification	96			•••
Breaches of duty by Public Servant	10			
Personating Public Servant	29		•••	•••
Spreading dangerous diseases, &c	2			
Adulteration and selling noxious food, &c	22	•••	•••	
Nuisance	250	5		
Acts against public safety	127			
Acts against decency	16		•••	•••
Offences against religion	37		•••	•••
Criminal trespass	4,612			2
House-trespass	97		•••	•••
Criminal Breach of Contract	30		•••	•••
Bigamy	1		•••	•••
Adultery	25	1 .	•••	•••
Other offences relating to marriage	30			•••
Defamation	28		1	•••
Insult	1,208		1	•••
Criminal intimidation	45 409		1	
Misconduct in public by a drunken person Attempts not otherwise provided for	98	1		
Total of No. 7	9,151	-	23	129
Grand Total		!	1	1

D.—(Continued.)

D. STATISTICS.

and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

					Puni	ISHM	ENT	ß.									
Fin	es.		r punish-			Im	pris	1011	me	nt				T: port	ran: atio	on.	
Persons.	Amount.	Flogged.	Florged in addition to other punish-	Not exceeding one month.	Do. six months.	Do. one year.	Do. two years.	Do. three years.	Do. five years.	Do. seven years.	18		Life.			Life	, reath.
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	66	61	62	63	64	65	66	67
18   428 390  855 45 7 19 2 125 16 24 4,171 42 12  3 9 23 1,108 25 310 12	73: 4,10: 36: 97: 9	2 2 2 3	1	17  3 5 2 254 4 105 29	93 17 14 3 14 3 17 8 	20		8		-				-		1	
	37,72		-	1,359	1		_	_ _	_ _		_ _	- -	- -	1 30	_ -	 80 14	- -

## D.—(Continued.)

No. 1.—Number of Offences against the Indian Penal Code, for the year 1864; and the

NATURE OF OFFENCES.	į	Fined	in addio o other hments.	;	Total convicted and released
	:	Persons.	Amount,	Insane.	Total con
		68	69	70	71
No 7 Ofference not included in the above the					1
No. 7. Offences not included in the above class Abetment	ses.	1	200		63
Concealment of Criminal designs		1	500	i 1	10
Offences against the State			•••		10
Spreading false and alarming rumours			•••		
Abetment of Military and Naval offences			•••		
Unlawful assembly	•	25	705	1 1	805
Rioting	•••	76	1,114		1,187
Land-holders, &c., failing to prevent a riot	• • •		-,		-,
Affray	•••	32	656		1,239
Giving or receiving illegal gratification	•••	7	270	, ,	372
Breaches of duty by Public Servant		l'l	• •		118
Personating Public Servant		ıı	3		46
Spreading dangerous diseases, &c		1	·		10
Adulteration and selling noxious food, &c.		l I		<b></b>	24
Nuisance	•••		•••		532
Acts against public safety	•••	2	10	<b></b>	236
Acts against decency	•••	lT			26
Offences against religion		]	100	1	127
Criminal trespass	•••	162	1,620		10,077
House-trespass	•••	12	155	• • •	489
Criminal Breach of Contract	•••	1	250		49
Bigamy	• • •		•••		12
Adultery	•••	5	640		117
Other offences relating to marriage	• • •	5	365		266
Defamation	•••	3	520		217
Insult	•••	51	303		2,831
Criminal intimidation	••.	1	1		280
Misconduct in public by a drunken person	•••	18	99		449
Attempts not otherwise provided for	•••	5	167	•••	209
Total of No.	7	408	7,478	1	19,801
1	al			1-	

# D.—(Continued.)

and of persons concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, result of the Proceedings.

	C'A	ses n		UGHT TO		UE.		Othe	r-	113	
Baile Pol	• • • •	default :	sed for and neg- rosccute.	Withdra amicab justm	le ad-	Tota	al.	wise d posed		Und tria	ler l.
Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.
72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79 	80	31	82	83
 11 11  11 11 11 14 13 11  11  2 11 16		1 455 11 2 4 5 21 475 7	11	2 3,150 13 6 6 12 14 25 807 22 4 1	53 2,028 64 4 2	1,282 31 7 20	7 11 17 31 33 134 3, 8:		1	5  6 5  2 14 22 3 1  8 2 2 1 225 6   5 4 6 45 3         	5  37 49 15 20 4 9 1 1 14 2 2 3 10  5 8 18 92 3 3
1,151				14,754				_	ا	.	

D.
criminal
statistics.

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 3.-Comparative Return of Offences against the Indian Penal

				No	.1. O. the	fence pers	es aga	inst	
DISTR	LICTS.		Murder.	Attempt to murder.	Culpable homicide.	Attempt at do.	Abetment of suicide.	Attempt to commit suicide.	Being a Thug.
Ganjam Vizagapatam Godaveri Krishna Nellore Madras North Arcot Cuddapah Bellary Kurnul Salem Coimbatore South Malabar North Malabar North Malabar South Canara South Canara South Arcot Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinnevelly			28 25 14 18 12 7 19 10 27 19 11 7 18 10 19 5 6	,	3 6 2 	2 1	1	10 26 46 26 11 17 16 4 13 11 16 5 7 6 7 9 4 4 12	
Town of Madras		Total	272	64	81	5	4	259 2	
TOWN OF MEGISS	Grand	Total	272	64	82	5	4	261	

D.—(Continued.)

Code, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the year 1864.

			No. 1	. Offe	ences ag	gainst t	he per	son.		1.50	
Causing miscarriage.	Exposure or abandonment of children.	Concealment of birth.	Causing grievous hurt.	nurt.	Causing hurt (perty cases).  (Causing hurt or grievous	hurt, to extort confession.	Wrongful restraint.	Do. to extort confession.	Assault.	Petty assault.	
3 7 7 3 3 5 5 1 1 13 3 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1 2	1	 8 15 8 7 8	7 27 16 39 4 5 11 13 11 16 7 7 15 9 20 582 2 18 6	165 244 890 435 326 318 331 37 356 336 1,067 364 111 60 224 105  112 280 133	2 8 1 2 1 6 6 1 4 1 4 1	10 55 109 108 85 16 32 39 78 282 394 73 53 6 14 21 35 7 22	1 22	1 7 1 2 13 6 4 1 4 8 2 18 1 3 5 5	242 2,367 786 2,770 640 490 274 597 421 767 1,065 1,526 532 127 2,138 1,044 953 432 250	29 29 2 1 1 1 1 4:
69	9 29	40	170	826	5,894	42	1,469	4	81	18,000	8
			3	5	•••	•••	•••		/•••	•••	
6	9 2	9 40	0 173	831	5,894	42	1,469	4	81	18,000	8

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 3 - Comparative Return of Offences against the Indian Penal

				No	. 1. ( the	)ffenc pers	es a son.	gains	<i>t</i> .
DIST	RICTS.		Kidnapping or abducting.	Kidnapping with intent to take property.	Slave-dealing.	Prostitution of minors.	Compulsory labor.	Rape.	Unnatural offences.
Ganjam Vizagapatam Godaveri Krishna Nellore Madras North Arcot Cuddapah Bellary Kurnul Salem Coimbatore South Malabar North Malabar South Canara South Arcot Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinnevelly			1 3 12 3 1 9 2 2 2  13 5 9  19 11  6	 1 2 1 	1	4 1 3 1 4 1	1 1 1 1 3 1	1 9 9 10 10 6 2 2 1 6 14 3 1 3  8 5 2	1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1
e	Tota	ıl	92	6	1	19	9	98	13
Town of Madras	•••		14	•••			•••		•••
	Grand Total	•••	106	6	1	19	9	102	13

lxiv

D.-(Continued.)

Code in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the year 1864.

No. 2. Offence         No. 2. Offence         Roppers         Roppers	Dacoity (aggravated).	Being a Daroit, &c.	Preparing or assembling to for Dacoity.	House-trespass withintent to commit an offence.	68 24 58 50 11 58 house-breaking.	Honse-breaking by night.  Honse-breaking by night.  Honse-breaking by 411  422  433  444  444	1	Breaking open closed re-
8 4 5 6 9 1 1 1 1 16 24 1 3 64 36 4 45 73 46 4 5 38 17 14 22 62 41 7 5 125 50 52 9 17 151 89 56 31 117 61 11 3 7 61 108 2 29 13 57 42 3 8 4 22 16 6 6 3 21 12 7 6 4 42 30 1 81 27 2 36 19 3 4 23	Dacoity (aggravated).	Being a Dacoit		House-tress to committee to com	Lurking 53 548 53 56 57 56 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57	492 411 400 770 541 244 452 439	Do.	5 8 44 6 31  5
24      1      3       64     36     4      45       73     46     4     5     38       17     14       22       62     41     7     5     125       50     52     9     17     151       89     56      31     117       61     11     3     7     61       108     2     29     13     57       42     3     8     4     22       16     6     6     3     21       12        7       6        7       42     30      1     81       27      2     36       19     3      4     23	8 4 20 8 10 3 2 1 1	2	 1  1  7	6 3 3 5 5 1	21 14 10 39 25 48 53 29	411 400 770 541 244 452 439	    	44 6 31  5
15 2 3 10	1 1	  3 1 1	   1	6 5 6 4  3 29 2 1	34 ·76 37 15  7 4 29  6 14	478 583 312 273 79 49 487 705 222 380 239	 5 2  1 1 1 	19 1 3 5  2
758 317 80 96 860	56 23	5	12	95	494	7,943	26	140
	•••				39	17	•••	•••
758 317 80 96 860	56 23		12	95	533	7,960	26	140

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 3 .- Comparative Return of Offences against the Indian Penal

			No.	. 3. Offe with	ences out v	agains iolence	t prope	rty
DISTRI	CTS.		Frauds relating to weights and measures.	Theft.	Extortion.	Misappropriation.	criminal Breach of Trust.	Receiving or possessing stolen property.
Ganjam Vizagapatam Godaveri Krishna Nellore Madras North Arcot Cuddapah Bellary Kurnul Salem Coimbatore South Malabar North Malabar South Canara South Arcot Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinnevelly		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7 6 20 4 3 3 10 15 1 8 7 6 4 4	890 916 874 952 1,234 688 658 542 1,326 787 1,649 1,234 587 242 249 1,327 983 489 1,001 656	6 77 38 38 17 7 19 1 19 7 48 19 16 5 3 8 29 2 19 31	38 119 143 129 66 254 52 16 81 48 141 58 23 34 24 99 46 35 52	10 49 48 24 28 41 29 12 49 32 61 43 44 22 20 51 40 12 25	46 42 84 44 15 44 24 18 30 19 37 88 24 24 24 24 48 29 25 45
·		Total	106	17,284	409	1,512	656	733
Town of Madras	••	•••		179	1	1	<b>2</b> 9	20
	Grand	Total	106	17,463	410	1,513	685	753

D.—(Continued.)

Code in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the year 1864.

	No. 4.	Mala ainst	icious prope	offer erty.	nces	No.	5. Forg <b>e</b> gainst tl	re Cw	rrenc	y	
Cheating.	Mischief.	Mischief to animals.	miscillet with agglavaning circumstances.	Mischief by fire.	Mischief by causing inundation to a public drainage.	iting o	Uttering or possessing counterfeit or altered Coin.	Other offences reading, to Coin.	Frauds relating to Stamps.	Forgery.	and property-marks.
16 94 35 38 29 25 21 37 23 51 37 30 26 15 45 29 28 19	60 166 356 240 80 262 170 63 125 182 460 342 203 95 56 408 204 263 231	19 6 9	6 36 8 11 29 2 7  20 5 3 21 7 6 7 8 11	44 91 21 77 12 6 16 20 17 2 2 11 2 7 10 6 5 4 4 4		1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 3 3 3	2 3 1 21 3 11 7 2 1 1 14		1 1       	9 11 8 6 11 18 1 5 3 20 6 12 9 14 6 7	
610	4,172	372	196	178	3	2 2	91	2	4	159	
12	•••	4					1	•••	•••	•••	
	4,179	376	196	173	3	2 2	5 92	2 2	4	159	

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 3.-Comparative Return of Offences against the Indian Penul

		:		No. 6	6—C	ontempt	and
DISTR	ICTS.		Contempt of legal Process or Orders.	Withholding information.	Giving false information.	False statement to a Public Servant on oath.	Obstructing or omitting to aid Public Servant.
Ganjam Vizagapatam Godaveri Krishna Nellore Madras North Arcot Cuddapah Bellary Kurnul Salem Coimbatore South Malabar North Malabar South Canara South Arcot Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinnevelly			44 31 78 170 85 8 51 71 140 27 258 105 23 56 46 49 174 10 72 95	25 85 18 11 3  15 6 2 2 1 5  7 5	33 33 55 38 1 19 56 61 1 44 9 1 22	6 3 2 3 2 1 15 2 1	5 8 9  5
		Total	1,593	112	88	35	174
Town of Madras	•••		*			•••	
*	Grand	Total	1,598	112	88	35	174

lxviii

D.—(Continued.)

Code in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the year 1864.

Illegal bidding at authorized sale.	False evidence.	Causing disappearance of evidence.	False personation in Judicial proceeding.	Fraudulent disposal of property and false claims.	False charge.	Harbouring Offenders.	Compounding Offences.	Taking gift to recover stolen property.	Omission to apprehend by Public Servant.
	22 55 66 10 9 5 13 11 11 7 7 1 4 8 8 2 9 9 2 3 7 7	2 3 3 1 1 5 4 5 3 2 8 2 8 2 1 6 4		2 3 6 3 1  2  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 1 7 2 1	2 3 4 8 3 1 1 2 6 3 11 9 12 2  11 8 6 4	1 1  4 3 2 1  4  9  1  2 3 1  3 2 1  3 8	4 8 2  12 5 3  3 1 177 8 1  2 7 1 1 1  1 	         15	1 3 1 1 3 1
•••	110	53		8 37	101	44	79	22	1'
•••	11	•••		*	•••			•••	
	12	53	3	8 37	101	44	79	22	2 1

lxix

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 3.—Comparative Return of Offences against the Indian Penul

	-		No. 6	.—Convainst I	empt Public	and of	fences e.
DISTRI	CTS.		Negligent escape.	Escape.	Resoue.	Return from Transportation.	Contempt of Court.
Ganjam Vizagapatam Godaveri Krishna Nellore Madras North Arcot Cuddapah. Bellary Kurnul Salem Coimbatore South Malabar North Malabar South Canara South Arcot Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinnevelly			5 12 3 4 6 7 7 5 11 7 7 7 7 2 2 2 2 10 5 	13 24 13 10 21 15 23 15 41 20 28 22 20 13 4 39 12 10	1 3 2 2 3 1 1 8 1 5 9 1 4 6 1		16 4 2 14 20 6 1 4 1 6 21 11 4  16 13 7
		Total	136	370	49	2	165
Town of Madras	•••	•••	*	•••		•••	•••
	Grand	d Total	136	370	49	2	165

D.—(Continued.)

Code in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the year 1864.

	No	. 7.	Offen	ces n	ot in	clude	d in	the	foreg	oing	class	e <b>8.</b>	
Abetment.	Concealment of Criminal designs.	Offences against the State.	Spreading false and alarm- ing rumours.	Abetment of Military and Naval Offences.	Unlawful assembly.	Rioting.	Land-holders, &c., falling to prevent a riot.	Affray.	Giving or receiving illegal gratification.	luty by P	Personating Public Servant.	anger	Adulteration and selling noxious food, &c.
2 7 7 3 1 1 2 8 8 4 1 2 5	1 .				1 3 6  2 5 26 2 8 4 16 5 7 3 1 6 15 2 17 18	5 7 7 10 3 5 4 5 9 13 9 3 1 3 9 28 2 28 15		35 8 11 10 25 33 25 36 2 18 25 23 13 6 25 7 11 6 8	11 35 16 21 6 6 7 2 33 19 31 11  20 5	2	3  2  3 1	 1 2 1 2     2 	2 2 1 5 5 2 1
36	3	1	1		147	169		330	241	62	37	8	20
7						#	•••				•••		
48	3	1	1		147	169		330	241	62	37	8	20

lxxi

## D.--(Continued.)

STATISTICS.
No. 3.—Comparative Return of Offences against the Indian Penal

						No.	7. Offen	
						210.	. Oyen	
DISTR	ICTS.		Nuisance.	Acts against public safety.	Acts against decency.	Offences against religion.	Criminal trespass.	House-trespass.
Ganjam. Vizagapatam. Godaveri. Krishna. Nellore. Madras. North Arcot. Cuddapah. Bellary. Kurnul. Salem. Coimbatore. South Malabar. North Malabar. South Canara. South Arcot. Tanjore. Trichinopoly. Madura Tinnevelly.			4 11 19 7 8 4 31 3 9 29 1 4 10 2 11 7 3 4	9 25 8 3 6 4 1 1 9 1 5 4 8 5 5	22 5 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 1	4 4 8 1 4 2 2 3 1 1 3 1 1	43 122 441 352 355 663 237 206 61 574 1,072 224 835 358 86 1,288 1,746 58 661	19 29 13 17 5 12 2 8 17 22 20 12 30 9 2 11 47 8
		Total	183	153	19	<b>4</b> 6	9,510	306
Town of Madras.	•••	•••		•••	•••	¥ •••	•••	•••
	Grand	Total	183	153	19	46	9,510	306

lxxii

D. — (Continued.) CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

Code in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the year 1864.

include	d in th	e forego	oing cle	<b>18868.</b>				
Criminal Breach of Contract.	Bigamy.	Adultery.	Other offences relating to marriage.	Defamation.	Insult.	Criminal intimidation.	Misconduct in public by a drunken person.	Attempts not otherwise provided for.
1 4 1 3 2 2 2 4 7 24 3 3 1	5 3 1 1 2 1 5 2 1 5 1	5 3 3 1 5 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 7 1 1 2 1	3 19 7 4 11 14 7 6 3 8 21 7 6   11 20 2 5	32 77 76 12 17 4 30 11 77 4 22 3	39 978 135 241 157 149 16 48 42 10 236 31 20 24  562 14 12 	4 20 7 23 7 2 4  6  16 10 3 13 12 3 2	19 8 18 22 11 25 9 21 24 36 21 20 11 4  24 6 20 10	8 5 16 332 206 104 77  246 237 103  4 5 2 14 88 72 7 62
60	21	82	165	166	2,719	157	324	1,588
	•••	20	3	•••	••	•	•••	
60	21	102	168	166	2,719	157	324	1,588

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 5.—Comparative Return of the Castes and Callings Madras Presidency,

						N	o. 1.	Offences
CASTES A	ND CAL	LINGS.		Marder.	Attempt to Murder.	Culpable Homicide.	Attempt at do.	A betment of Suicide.
0	Castes.							
Europeans			•••					
East Indians	•••	•••	•••				•••	
Foreigners (not British	subjects)	•••	•••					***
Brahmins		•••	•••	4	2	3		
Rajpoots and Kshatrias	···	•••	•••	3			•••	•••
Mahrattas	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••	i				
Naidoos	•••	•••	•••	12		7	1	
Moodeliars, Reddies, G	lowdas, &c.	• •••	•••	16	4	3	•••	
Chetties, Vellalas, Con		•••	•••	11	2		1	
Jains, Linguites, Nairs,			•••	43		3	•••	
Murravers, Kullers, &c.		•••	•••	2		1	•••	
Christians	•••	***	•••	2				
Mussulmen	***	•••	•••	4		•••	1	
Moplays and Lubbays	•••	•••	•••	7				
Oriyahs	•••	•••	•••				•••	
Pariahs		•••		5	4	1		
Yerrakellers, Koravers,	Yenadies,	Tankdig	gers and					
other wandering Trib	es	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	4		•••	
Brinjaries	•••	•••	•••	1				
Mulcers, Burghers, Kho	onds, and o	other Hill	Tribes	23	1	9		
Other low castes	•••	•••	•••	29	2	6		
Not accounted for	•••	•••	•••	15		3		
			m					
			Total	179		42	3	
$\boldsymbol{c}$	allings.							
Land-owners and Meers		•••		10	5	3		
Farmers and Renters	•••	•••	•••	30		9	,	
Agricultural Laborers		•••		50		16	1	•••
Shepherds, &c.,	•••	•••	•	2		1		•••
Toddy Drawers	•••	•••		4	1			•••
Menial and other petty		5		45	12	5	2	•••
Artificers	•••	•••		4			•••	• •
Weavers and other many	ufacturers	•••	•••	1		2		•••
Merchants and Sahooka	PR.	•••	•••		•••			***
Shopkeepers and Trader	B	***		2	,	2		•••
Sailors and Fishermen		•••	•••]					•••
Wandering laborers and	wandering	Traders	•••	14	3		•••	•••
rudid servants	•••	•••		2	•••	1	•••	•••
Not accounted for	***	***		15	•••	3	•••	•••
			mat 3	170		40		
1			Total	179	26	42	3	

D.—(Continued.)

of Offenders against the Indian Penal Code in the Districts of the CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

D.

garnsı	the	pera	on.					9	<del></del>		<del></del>		<del></del> i	90
Attempt to commit Suicide.	Being a Thug.	Causing miscarriage.	Exposure or abandon- ment of children.	Concealment of birth.		Causing Hurt.	Cases).	causing Hurt or Grievous Hurt to extort Coufession.	Wanneful Restraint	Do. to extort Con-		Assault.	Petty Assault.	Assault in attempting Theft.
4 1 10 8 9 9 1 3 177 22 240			4	    5  4 1   2  1  1	      18 3 10 7 1 6 2 1   24	1 	3 8 1 103 55 16 489 448 431 127 161 35 252 72 25 434 66 1,072 345		1	44 3 3 88 135 79 28 16  44 1  23 115 47		   15 22 3  13 2  5	12 19 10 309 104 33 690 917 941 372 162 458 209 719 151 165 1,570 1,457	19
107		19	9	22	122	488	4,214	1	3	672		50	8,343	1
4	9 5		5 4	3 4 5 1 1 1	7 20 1 5 44 3 1 2 3 19 3		34	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2 2 7 1 1 1	75 125 184 21 3 143 14 8 11 23 3 9 6 47		4 7 1 29 1 6 2	1,4	9 7 7 1 2 6 0 2 5 0 0 0 0 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
100	)7	1	9	9 2	2 122	488	4,21	41	13	672	<u> </u>	50	8,34	10

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 5.—Comparative Return of the Castes and Calling Madras Presidency,

								_
				No.	1. <i>Oj</i>	fences	again	el -
CASTES AND CA	LLINGS.		Kidnapping or ab-	Kidnapping with in- tent to take property.	è.	Prostitution of minors.	Compulsory labor.	
Castes.								į
Europeans							•••	- [
East Indians	•••						•••	1
Foreigners (not British subject	a)			•••			•••	-
Brahmins	···				•••		•••	- [
Rajpoots and Kshatrias	•••			•••	•••		•••	1
M 1	•••		•••		•••		•••	1
Naidoos	•••	•••	2	2	• • •	1		1
Moodeliars, Reddies, Gowdas,	8.0	•••	ī		•••	4		1
Chetties, Vellalas, Comities, &		•••	2			8		2
Jains, Lingaites, Nairs, Bhunt		•••	Ĩ	ا ا				
Murravers, Kullers, &c	-	•••	2		,		•••	
Christians	•••	***	~	'''			•••	
Mussulmen	•••	•••	2	"1	•••	1	***	-
Moplays and Lubbays	•••	•••		"		l ˈ		1
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••			
Oriyahs	•••	••	•••		•••	l l	•••	
Pariahs		••• ••••	•••	•••	•••		•••	
Yerrakellers, Koravers, Yenad		ers and	1			1 1		
other wandering Tribes	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
Brinjaries	1 41 TENLE		•••		•••	•••	•••	1
Mulcers, Burghers, Khonds, a	nd other Hill	ribes	···,		•••	4		•
Other low castes	•••	•••	1	2	•••	1 -	•••	
Not accounted for	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
		Total	11	5	•••	18		5
			-					
Callings			1			1		
Land owners and Meerassidar	···	•••	2		'''		٠	
Farmers and Renters	•••	•••	3		•••	7	٠٠٠	A
Agricultural Laborers	•••	•••	1 .	7	•••	1 '		•
Shepherds, &c	•••	•••			•••	""		
Toddy Drawers		•••			•••	0	""	1
Menial and other petty occups	tions	•••	3	2	•••	1 3	1	•
Artificers	444	•••	•••		***	•••	•••	
Weavers and other manufactur	ers	•••	•••	•••	•••	1 ***	<b></b>	
Merchants and Sahookars	***	•••		···,	•••			
Shopkeepers and Traders	•••	•••	1	1	•••	2	•••	
Sailors and Fishermen	•••	•••		•••	•••		•••	
Wandering laborers and wand	ering Traders	• • •	.  1		•••	5	1	
Public servants	•••	•••		•••	•••	1	***	
Not accounted for	•••	•••	•••	•••	<u> </u>		•••	
			11	5	1	18	_	5

D.—(Continued.)

D. of Offenders against the Indian Penal Code in the Districts of the CRIMINAL for the year 1864. STATISTICS.

	<del></del> i										
Варе.	Unnatural offences.	Robbery.	Robbery on the High-way.	Robbery (aggravated).	Attempt at Robbery.	Dacoity.	Dacoity (aggravated).	Attempt to commit Dacoity.	Being a Dacoit, &c.	Preparing or assembling for Dacoity.	House-trespass with intent to commit an offence.
•••	1	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	***
•••	- 1	•••	•	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••
				•••	•	•••	•••			•••	
				•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	
	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
	1	9	16	1	•••	42	12	•••	4	2	
1	•••	4 17	7	2	3	16 25	•••		•••		
••• [	•••	1,1	4	7	•••	25 27	•••	•••	•••	1	
•••	•••	8 20	3	•	4	38	•••	•••	l ''' <sub>3</sub>	•••	]
			1	•••			• • •	•••		***	•••
1		14	7	3	•••	42	13		5	4	•••
	•••	14 5	6	3	•••	37	•••		•••	•••	
				•••	•••		•••		•••	•••	
6		13	10	3	1	85	•••	•••		•••	
	l	37	99	9	3	68	20		4	3	
***		37	22 3		J	4	3	•••	Ŧ	J	***
2	•••	3	1	4	•••	27		•••		•••	•••
2 2	1	34	19	3	1	130	25		2	***	
		12		12		66	•••	1	•••	•••	•••
12	3	176	98	47	13	607	73	1	18	10	4
		7	10			42					
1		6 14		•••	•••	42 32 97	•••			•••	•••
8	2	14	18	9	1	97	4			2	
	•••		1			3	•••			•••	•••
		2 68			•••	3 1 187		•••	16	••• 4	2
2	,	1	48 1	13	5	2	48		10	2	2
•••	1	4	4		***	1		***		•••	
•••		1	1			î				•••	
***		î	1						2	•••	•••
	•••	1				2 1	•••			•••	
1		60	15	13	4	172	16			4	
			•••		3		5	·•· _ {		•••	
	•••	12	•••	12	•••	66	•••	1		•••	•••
12		176	98	47	13	607	73	1	18	10	4

### D.—(Continued.)

No. 5.—Comparative Return of the Castes and Callings Madras Presidency,

				No. 2. O	fences ag with vic	ainst pro lence.	per-
CASTES AN	D CALLIN	1GS.		ig house-tres- house-breaking.	House-breaking by night.	Do. with aggravating circumstances.	Sreaking open closed receptacle of property.
				3	e l	# 5	프웨
				20,28	اندة	2.2	E 2
				Lurking pass, ho	House night.	Do.	Breaking open receptacle of pro-
C	astes.			<u>-                                    </u>			
					1		
Europeans	•••	•••	••••	•••	1	•••	
East Indians		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
Foreigners (not British	subjects)	•••	•••	2	14	•••	
Brahmins	•••	•••	••••	2		•••	}
Rajpoots and Kshatrias	•••	•••	•••		2		•••
Mahrattas	•••	•••	•••	2		•••	";;
Naidoos	•••	•••	•••	12	63	•••	11
Moodeliars, Reddies, Go		***		7	38	•••	2
Chetties, Vellalas, Comi	ties, &c.	•••	•••	22	64	•••	1
Jains, Lingaites, Nairs,	Bhunts, &c.		•••	8	69	•••	2
Murravers, Kullers, &c.	•••		•••		77	•••	•••
Christians	•••	•••	••	2	14	1	•••
Mussulmen	•••	•••	•••	22	83	***	3
Moplays and Lubbays	•••	•••		2	104	***	2
Oriyahs	•••	•••	•••	• 1	12		
Pariahs	***	•••	•••	37	288	3	10
Yerrakellers, Koravers,	Yenadies, 7	l'ank-dig	gers and				10
other wandering Tribe			•••	1.4	153	•••	15
Briniaries	•••	•••	•••		***	•••	
Mulcers, Burghers, Kho	nds, and oth	er Hill	Tribes	6	59		
Other low castes	•••	•••		47	280	1.5	2
Not accounted for	•••	•••	•••	23	65		4
1100 11000 111100 1011		•••					
			Total	207	1,386	19	
Ca	ıllings.						_
Land-owners and Meers		•••	•••	5	37	•••	7
Farmers and Renters	•••	•••	•••	4			•••
Agricultural Laborers	***	•••	•••	45	306	6	10
Shepherds, &c.			•••	1	7	•••	•
Toddy Drawers"			•••	1	34		•••
Menial and other petty			•••	75	511	10	20
Artificers			•	3	1		•••
Weavers and other man	ufacturers	•••	•••	4			
Merchant and Sahookar	a		•••	9		I .	
Shopkeepers and Trader	8	•••	•••	1 1		1	2
Sailors and Fishermen	••••	•••		i	3		
Wandering laborers and	wandaring	Tradera	•••	4.9			7
Public servants	"amering		•••	1	48	I	2
Not accounted for	***	•••	• •	1 99			4
			•••			·	
			Total	. 207	1,380	3 19	52
1							-

#### APPENDIX II.-JUDICIAL.

D.—(Continued.)

of Offenders against the Indian Penal Code in the Districts of the STATISTICS.

for the year 1864.

N	o. 3. 0	fences without	aga t viole	inst pro ence.	perty		No.	4. Ma agains	licious C t proper	ty.	- 1
Frauds relating to weights and measures.	Theft.	Extortion.	Misappropriation.	Criminal breach of trust.	Receiving or possessing stolen property.	Cheating.	Mischief.	Mischief to animals.	Mischief with aggra- vating circumstances	Mischief by hre-	inundation to a public drainage.
5 4 2 48 2 2 11 4 1	1 3 2 134 55 13 894 860 826 444 461 107 658 209 219 1,620 678 62 143 1,667 756	10 2 12 6 11 2 1 10 8 3 1 9 21 3	13 38 13 2 71 96 104 19 15 4 36 9 1 152 6 6 17 219 87	1 17 1 2 18 13 27 6 2 12 12 7 7 1 18 6 6 34 23	1 2 2 2 2 45 32 55 20 21 5 24 14 10 57 19 17 96 48	1 1 7 1 17 51 20 12  3 6 3  6 1  6 29 17	1  136 45 1 419 302 561 83 119 18 87 30 6 336 57  35 594	9 7 1 1 4 7  28  3 13 18	4 19 18 34 34 1 4 3	    5 5   1  7	2
93 4 1 3	9,812 302 712 2,707 177 178 2,350 206	30 2  16	922 46 97 285 16 9 227 22	50 7	4 18 102 8 13 120	24 39  47	2,944 519 1,155 108 57 359	1 2 9 18 3 18 2 34 8 2		11  13  10	•••
2 13 57 6 2  5	214 141 137 69 1,805 58	9  10 10 3	20 5 93 5 87	47 12 23	29 15 2 72 20 48	9 5 18 8 17	33 29 18 18 20 11	3 1 5 4 3 8 17 8 4 18	2 2 1	2	

lxxix

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 5.—Comparative Return of the Castes and Callings Madras Presidency,

East Indians Foreigners (not British subjects) Brahmins Rajpoots and Kshatrias Mahrattas Naidoos Modeliars, Reddies, Gowdas, &c. Chetties, Vellalas, Comities, &c. Jains, Linguites, Nairs, Bhuuts, &c Oristians Mussulmen Moplays and Lubbays Oriyahs Pariahs Yerrakellers, Koravers, Yenadies, Tank-diggers and other wandering Tribes Brinjaries Mulcers, Burghers, Khonds, and other Hill Tribes Other low castes Not accounted for  Callings.  Land-owners and Meerassidars Farmers and Renters Agricultural Laborers Shepherds, &c. Toddy Drawers Menial and other petty occupations Menial and other petty occupations Menial and other manufacturers Merchants and Sahookars Sholpseepers and Traders Mendering laborers and wandering Traders Mendering laborers and Mandering Traders Mendering laborers and Wandering Traders					No.			d Off	
CASTES AND CALLINGS	• -					ngainst t	he cui	rency	
CASTES AND CALLINGS	•				= 1	÷ 0	4	to	
CASTES AND CALLINGS.   Same   Same	ļ				_	ses	rels		
Castes   C					6	feit	60	gu	
Europeans   East Indians   Street	CASTE	S AND CALLI	ngs.		80 .	- te -	<b>8</b> .	ati	
Europeans   East Indians   Street					ii ii	<u>o</u> #.ö	fer oin	IS	
Europeans   East Indians   Street					5 8	Po 8 4	S S	. 6	÷
Europeans   East Indians   Street					a g	.EE.	الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	spr Lu	3er
Europeans   East Indians   Street					e e	tte alt	15 元	ral Sta	org
Europeans East Indians Foreigners (uot British subjects) Brahmins Rajpoots and Kshatrias Mahrattas Naidoos Moodeliars, Reddies, Gowdas, &c. Cleetties, Vellalas, Comities, &c. Jains, Lingaites, Nairs, Bhunts, &c Murravers, Kullers, &c Christians Mussulmen Moplays and Lubbays Oriyahs Pariahs		,			0	Р.	0	۳ ا	124
East Indians Foreigners (not British subjects) Brahmins Rajpoots and Kshatrias Mahrattas Naidoos Naidoos Chetties, Vellalas, Comities, &c. Jains, Lingaites, Nairs, Bhuuts, &c Murravers, Kullers, &c Coristians Musulmen Moplays and Lubbays Oriyahs Pariahs Yerrakellers, Koravers, Yenadies, Tank-diggers and other wandering Tribes Briujaries Not accounted for  Callings.  Land-owners and Meerassidars Farmers and Renters Agricultural Laborers Shepherds, &c Callings.  Land-owners and other manufacturers Menial and other manufacturers Menial and other manufacturers Merokants and Sahookars Shilors and Fishermen Wandering laborers and wandering Traders Snilors and Fishermen Wandering laborers and wandering Traders		Oastes.							
Foreigners (not British subjects)	Europeans	•••	•••	••.	•••	***	•••	•••	···,
Brahmins	East Indians		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1
Rajpoots and Kshatrias  Mahrattas  Naidoos  Moodeliars, Reddies, Gowdas, &c  Chetties, Vellalas, Comities, &c  Jains, Lingaites, Nairs, Bhunts, &c  Murravers, Kullers, &c  Murravers, Kullers, &c  Mussulmen  Moplays and Lubbays  Oriyahs  Pariahs  Yerrakellers, Koravers, Yenadies, Tank-diggers and other wandering Tribes  Brinjaries  Mulcers, Burghers, Khonds, and other Hill Tribes  Not accounted for  Callings.  Land-owners and Meerassidars  Farmers and Renters  Agricultural Laborers  Menial and other petty occupations  Arthficers  Weavers and other manufacturers  Merchants and Sahookars  Shopkeepers and Traders  Sailors and Fishermen  Wandering laborers and wandering Traders  Not accounted for  Wandering laborers and wandering Traders  Not accounted for  Wandering laborers and wandering Traders  Public Servants  Not accounted for  Wandering laborers and wandering Traders  Wandering laborers and wandering Traders  Not accounted for  Wandering laborers and wandering Traders  Not accounted for  Wandering laborers and wandering Traders  Not accounted for  Not accounted for  Manuer  3 4  4  1 5 4  1 6  2 1 4  1 7  1 8  1 1  1 9  1 1 1 .		itish subjects)	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	٠
Mairattas       Naidoos        3       4           6             6	Beahmins	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	4
Naidoos        3       4           6           6 </td <td></td> <td>hatrias</td> <td>••.</td> <td>•••</td> <td>•••</td> <td>•••</td> <td>•••</td> <td>  •••  </td> <td>2</td>		hatrias	••.	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2
Jains, Lingaites, Nairs, Bhuuts, &c       3       2          Murravers, Kullers, &c       1       2          Mussulmen       1       3           Moplays and Lubbays               Oriyahs	Mahrattas	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	··· ^
Jains, Lingaites, Nairs, Bhuuts, &c       3       2          Murravers, Kullers, &c       1       2          Mussulmen       1       3           Moplays and Lubbays               Oriyahs	Naidoos		•••	•••	3		•••	•••	٥
Jains, Lingaites, Nairs, Bhuuts, &c       3       2          Murravers, Kullers, &c       1       2          Mussulmen       1       3           Moplays and Lubbays               Oriyahs			•••	•••	•••				3
Murravers, Kullers, &c				•••			2	1	2
Christians			••	•••			•••	•••	2
Mussalmen		rs, &c	•••	•••	1	2	•••	***	***
Moplays and Lubbays   .	•	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••		
Oriyalis		•••	•••	***	1	" 3	•••	•••	3
Pariahs         1       6           Yerrakellers, Koravers, Yenadies, Tank-diggers and other wandering Tribes <td></td> <td>bays</td> <td>•••</td> <td>•••</td> <td>•••</td> <td>••</td> <td>•••</td> <td>•••</td> <td>•••</td>		bays	•••	•••	•••	••	•••	•••	•••
Yerrakellers, Koravers, Yenadies, Tank-diggers and other wandering Tribes       1         Brinjaries       1         Mulcers, Burghers, Khonds, and other Hill Tribes       1         Other low castes       1         Not accounted for       4         Total       15         49       2         1       1         Callings.       1         Land-owners and Meerassidars       1         Farmers and Renters       3         Agricultural Laborers       2         Shepherds, &c.       1         Toddy Drawers       1         Menial and other petty occupations       4         Arthficers       1         Merchants and Sahookars       1         Shopkeepers and Traders       1         Shilors and Fishermen       1         Wandering laborers and wandering Traders       1         Public Servants       1         Not accounted for       4		•••	•••	9.01	***		•.•		
other wandering Tribes   .	Pariahs				1	6	•••	•••	1
Rrinjaries   Rri	Yerrakellers, Kor	avers, Yenadies, I	Cank-oig	gers and					
Mulcers, Burghers, Khonds, and other Hill Tribes		Tribes .	••	•••	•••	_	•••	•••	
Other low castes  Not accounted for	Brinjaries	*** 1 1 1	******		•••	1	•••	•••	***
Total		, Khonds, and oth	er Hill	LTIOES	•••	111	•••		•••
Callings.   1   49   2   1   49   2   1   49   2   1   49   49   2   1   49   49   2   1   49   49   49   49   49   49   49	•	•••	•••		•••	* 17	•••	•••	7
Callings.  Land-owners and Meerassidars  Farmers and Renters	Not accounted for	•••	•••	•••	4	•••	•••	٠	4
Callings.  Land-owners and Meerassidars  Farmers and Renters				Total	15	49	2	1	42
Land-owners and Meerassidars       1  <		a 111					-		
Farmers and Renters					,				
Agricultural Laborers			•••	•••	1	0	***	•••	5
Shepherds, &c.  Toddy Drawers  Menial and other petty occupations  Artificers  Weavers and other manufacturers  Merchants and Sahookars  Shopkeepers and Traders  Sailors and Fishermen  Wandering laborers and wandering Traders  Public Servants  Not accounted for		•••	•••	•••			•••	-	٠
Toddy Drawers		rers	•••	•••	2	14	•••	4	6
Menial and other petty occupations 4 12 11 Artificers 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2		•••	•••	•••	** ,	•••	•••	•••	•••
Artificers 2 Weavers and other manufacturers 1 2 Shopkeepers and Traders 1 1 1 1			•••	••••			***	•••	
Weavers and other manufacturers 1 2 Shopkeepers and Traders 1 1 Shilors and Fishermen 1 1 1 1	Menial and other	etty occupations	•••	••	4	•	•••	•••	_
Sailors and Fishermen  Wandering laborers and wandering Traders  Public Servants  Not accounted for  1 15 1  4	Artincers	•••	•••	•••	••• ,		•••	•••	2
Sailors and Fishermen  Wandering laborers and wandering Traders  Public Servants  Not accounted for  1 15 1  4	weavers and other	manufacturers	•••	•••		2	•••	7**	٦
Sailors and Fishermen  Wandering laborers and wandering Traders  Public Servants  Not accounted for  1 15 1  4	wterchants and Sah	ookars	•••	•••	Ţ	••• _	•••	•••	2
Wandering laborers and wandering Traders 1 15 1 Public Servants 4	Shopkeepers and I	raders	•••	•••	•••	1	1	•••	3
Public Servants Not accounted for 4	Mandania Fisher	men		•••	-1	••• ] _	•••		•••
Not accounted for 4	wandering laborer	s and wandering	Traders	•••	1	15	1	•••	5
		•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	2
Total 15 49 2 1 4:	TAGE SECONDIECT TOL	•••	•••	•••	4	•••	•••	***	4
10tat  10  20  2  1  42				Total	15	40	9		46
lxxx				I OLEL	10	70		1 1	42

D.—(Continued.)

 $\mathbf{D}$ 

of Offenders against the Indian Penal Code, in the Districts of the CRIMINAL for the year 1864.

	No. 6. Contempt and Offences against Public Justice.								
Offences relating to trade and property-marks.	Contempt of legal pro- cess or orders.	Withholding informa- tion.	Giving false informa- tion.	False statement to a public servant on oath.	Obstructing or omit- ting to aid public servant.	Illegal bidding at authorized sale.	False evidence.	Causing disappearance of evidence.	False personation in Judicial proceeding.
1	3  293 13 22 411 331 424 100 150 12 138 26 8 129 17  6 362 463	5 1 11 5 1 1 1 1 1 2	5 6 6 6 3 3	6 2 77 3 1 2 2 2 2	7 3 3 3 9 2 2 12 2 1 5 3 3 36 2		6 11 12 2 1 4 1 1 10 2	3 1 2 2 2 2	1 1 1 1
1	<b>2,908</b>	40	63 	25	103		57	16	4
1	395 422 748 27 43 214 93 61 125 84 4 197 32 463		3 10 1 6 19	10  5 2  2  2 	26 6 24 27 27 2 3 2 9 2 2 2		8 10 14 1 1 10 11 2 2 3 1 1 2 3 2 2	7 2 1 1 1 1	1 1
1	2,908	40	63	25	103		57	16	

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 5.—Comparative Return of the Castes and Callings, Madras Presidency,

			1	No. 6	Cont iinst	empt Publi	and c J	Offe ustice	n-
CASTES AN	ND CALLI	NGS.		Fraudulent disposal of property and false	Ciatura	False charge.		Harbouring offenders.	
C	astes.						ł		
Europeans	***	•••		•••			- 1		
East Indians	•••	•••		•••	- 1	•••	- 1	•••	
Foreigners (not British	subjects)	•••			1	•••		•••	
Brahmins	•••	•••		•••			6	•••	
Rajpoots and Kshatrias	•••	•••	•	•••				•••	
Mahrattas	•••	•••	•••			•••		•••	
Naidoos	•••	•••		•••			6		
Moodeliars, Reddies, G	owdas, &c.	•••			2		11		2
Chetties, Vellalas, Com	ities, &c.	•••	•••	7	2		5	• • •	
Jains, Lingaites, Nairs,		·		•••	- i		5	•••	
Murravers, Kullers, &c.	• •••	•••	•••	•••	- 1		2		2
Christians	•••	•••	•••		- 1	•••		•••	
Mussulmen	•••	•••	•••		1		3		1
Moplays and Lubbays	•••	•••	•••				2		]
Oriyahs	•••	***	•••	•••		•••		•••	
Pariahs	•••	•••					5		
Yerrakellers, Koravers,	Yenadies, T	ank-dig	gers and						
other wandering Tribe	8	•••		•••	- {		2	•	
Brinjaries	•••	•••	•••	•••	- 1	•••	- 1	•••	
Mulcers, Burghers, Kho	onds, and otl	her Hill	Tribes			***	- 1		1
Other low castes	•••		•••		5		8		2
Not accounted for	•••	•••			7		1	•••	
					- -		-		_
			Total		17		56		9
<b>C</b> a	ıllings.								
Land-owners and Meers	assidars	•••	•••				5		1
Farmers and Renters	•••	•••	•••				3		1
Agricultural Laborers	•••	•••	•.•	1	6		11		9
Shepherds, &c.	•••	•••	•••				3	•••	
Toddy Drawers,	•••	•••	•••			•••			
Menial and other petty	occupations	•••	•••				14		2
Artificers	***	•••	•••		1			•••	
Weavers and other man	ufacturers	•••	•••				1	•••	
Merchants and Sahooka	rs	•••	•••		1		4		1
Shopkeepers and Trader	8		•••	1	2		6		1
Sailors and Fishermen		•••	•••			•••		•••	
Wandering laborers and	wandering	Traders	•••		- 1		8	•••	
Public Servants	•••	•••	•••			•••	1	•••	
Not accounted for	•••	•••	•••		7		1	•••	
			Total		17		56		9
			1 (MI	1	AII		001		3

lxxxii

D,-(Continued.)

of Offenders against the Indian Penal Code, in the Districts of the for the year 1864.

D.
CRIMINAL
STATISTICS.

	No. 6	. Contempt	and Offenc	es against .	Public Jus	tice.	
Compounding offen- ces.	Taking gift to recover	Omission to apprehend by public servant.	Negligent escape.	Escape.	Rescue.	Return from transportation.	Contempt of Court.
 	•••		•••			•••	
2	•••	1	2 1	1		•••	
	•••	•••	1 97	63	8	•••	··· 21
$\frac{6}{8}$		1	27 7	21	9		21 25 30 6
8 5		•••	6 5 1	63 21 16 15	5	•••	30
•••	6	3	1	26	8		4
•••	•••		$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 26 \end{array}$	10	9	• •	*** P
]	•••	1	26	10 7 2 43,	2 4	•••	•••
•••	•••			2		•••	•••
1	1	. 1	11	43	16		5
4		1	3	34 1		1	1
•••		•••	9	16	9	•••	•••
11	••• 1	" 1	2 26 5	16 64	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 17 \end{array}$		39 18
•••		•••	5	7	•••	•••	18
42		9	126	329	72	1	168
		-					
2	1	1 2	5	8	11		1
2 6 7	]			8 8 110	8 17	•••	1 3 5
7	{	5 1	6	110 2	17	•••	5
4				1		•••	
4 16	2	2 3	42 18	110	28 2	1	1
•••		•••	10	6	2	•••	
•••		1	"	4	1	***	
8				4	3	•••	
***	• • • •		6	65	1	•••	
1		2	1 4.1	1	•••	•••	
•••		•••	5	7	•••	•••	1
45		9 9	126	329	72		16

lxxxiii

#### D.—(Continued.)

No. 5.—Comparative Return of the Castes and Callings Madras Presidency,

			1			na not inc	
						oing Cla	8848.
					ia	the	and
					Lin C		# E
CASTES AN	D CALLE	JGS.	į		ot (	ins	alse
	D CHILDLE				ent	age	T Z
			1	ent	line	<b>9</b> 2	. E. E.
				Ħ	oncealment nal designs.	ffence State.	ead
				A betment.	Concealment of Criminal designs.	Offences against State.	Spreading false as alarming rumours.
			<u> </u>		1		
_	isles.						
Europeans	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
East Indians	bioata)	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••
Foreigners (not British Brahmins	Publicus	•••	•••	•••	3		***
Rajpoots and Kshatrias	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••
Mahrattas	•••	•••		•••			•••
Naidoos	***	•••			6		
Moodeliars, Reddies, G	owdas, &c.				8		•••
Chetties, Vellalas, Comi	ties, &c.	•••	•••		4	•••	•••
Jains, Lingaites, Nairs,		• • • •	••.	•••		•••	•••
Murravers, Kullers, &c.	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Christians	***	•••	•••	•••			•••
Mussulmen	•••	•••	•••		1	•••	•••
Moplays and Lubbays		•••	•••		2		•••
Oriyahs Pariahs	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	•••	•••
Yerrakellers, Koravers,	Venadies T	 onkadim	gers and		1	•••	•••
other wandering Triber		alik-uig	Pers and		1		
Brinjaries	***	•••		•••	•••		
Mulcers, Burghers, Kho	nds, and oth	her Hill			1	10	•••
Other low Castes	•••	•••	•••		4 1	•••	•••
Not accounted for	•••	•••			8		•••
			M-4-1		-		
			Total	3	3 1	10	
	llings.		į				
Land-owners and Meera	ssidars	•••	•••		2 1		•••
Farmers and Renters	•••	•••			3	•••	•••
	•••	•••	•••	1		10	•••
Shepherds, &c.	•••	•••	•••		l	•••	•••
Toddy Drawers,		•••	•••}	;	•••	***	•••
Menial and other petty Artificers	occubattons	•••	••			•••	•••
Weavers and other man	ofacturers	•••	. ***	•	•  •••	•••	•••
Merchants and Sahooka		•••	•••	•••		***	•••
Shopkeepers and Trader	<b>'</b> 5	***				:::	•••
Sailors and Fishermen	•••	•••		•			•••
Wandering laborers and	wandering 7	<b>Fraders</b>		1			0.00
Public Servants	•••	•••		•••		•••	•••
Not accounted for	•••	•••		1	3		•••
			Total	38	3 1	10	

D.—(Continued.)
of offenders against the Indian Penal Code, in the Districts of the for the year 1864.

D.
CRIMINAL
STATISTICS.

# D.—(Continued.) No. 5.—Comparative Return of the Caste and Callings Madras Presidency,

				in th		es not in going Cl	
C <b>astes</b> a	ND CALLI	NGS.		Acts against public safety.	Acts against decency.	Offences against religion.	Criminal trespass.
	Castes.						
Europeans							1
East Indians.	•••	•••					2
Foreigners (not Britis	h subjects.)	***	•••				•••
Brahmins.				3	2		215
Rajpoots and Kahatria	18.					"	29
Mahrattas.		•••	• •				32
Naidoos		•••	•••	5	2	1	430
Moodeliars, Reddies,	Gowdas. &c.	•••	•••	1	•		838
Chetties, Vellalas, Con		•••	•••	5	5	4	981
Jains, Lingaites, Nair			•••	31	100	1	231
Murravers, Kullers, &		•••	•••				307
Christians.	•••	•••	•••	2			31
Mussulmen.	•••	• • •		25	1	4	44
Moplays and Lubbays	•	•••		33		1	112
Oriyahs.	•••	•••		•••			2
Pariahs.	•••	•••		9	5	2	347
Yerrakellers, Koravers	Yenadies, T	ank-dig	gers and				
other wandering Trib	es.				1	1	28
Brinjaries.	•••	•••			•••		•••
Mulcers, Burghers, Kl	honds, and ot	her Hil	l Tribes.	1	1	•••	1
Other low castes.	***	***		20	1	13	780
Not accounted for.	***	•••			***	10	291
			i				
`			Total	135	18	37	4,702
C	allings.						
Land-owners and Mee	rassidars.	•••			1	ا ا	449
Farmers and Renters.		•••		4			1,060
Agricultural Laborers		•••		35	4	2	1,643
Shepherds, &c.	•••	•••				ا آ	45
Toddy Drawers.	***	•••		3			52
Menial and other pett	v occupations			55	7	20	603
Artificers.	,						41
Weavers and other ma	nufacturers.	***				1	53
Merchants and Sahool	kars.	•••		13	4	3	111
Shopkeepers and Trade	ers.	•••		15	1		74
Sailors and Fishermen.		•••	•				15
Wandering laborers av	d wandering	Trader		9	•••	1	237
Public Servants.		•••		1	1		28
Not accounted for.	•••	•••	*		•••	10	291
			_ :				
1			Total	135	18	37	4,702

lxxxvi

D.—(Continued.)

of offenders against the Indian Penal Code, in the Districts of the for the year 1864.

D.
CRIMINAL
STATISTICS.

		No. 7	1. Of	ences not	included	in the	foregoing	Classes	1.	
House trespass.	Criminal Breach of Contract.	Bigamy.	Adultery.	Other offences relating to marriage.	Defamation.	Insult.	imid	ic by a drunken per-	Attempts not other- wise provided for.	Total.
2 5 1 2 8 7 100 12 1 5 5 8	1 2 6 1 5 11 4	2		6 6 3 5	6 1 3 4 100 1	1 7 7 13 13 167 110 30 8 10 116 6 7 160 47 45 224 114	5 5 5 5 5 3 2 3 3 5 5 10	1 3 3 1 2 26 42 5 49 1 67 22 9 97	1 1 9 3 4 3 5 2 16 14 2 28 12	28 49 5 1,642 381 193 4,762 4,832 5,471 1,943 1,908 408 2,531 1,026 350 5,231 1,623 97 685 8,566 4,287
101	30	2	25	31	29	1,380	45	415	100	46,018
2 4 32  28 5 8 3  2 13	1	     2	1 4 1 5 1 2 2 9	3 10 6 1 2 4 2 2 3	2 7 6 1 1 5 4 1 2	81 137 398 35 235 43 51 41 41 117 148 14	 12  12 1    9 1 10	13 9 77 2 7 120 17 12 20 7 7 6 6 7 2 7 16 37	2 12	3,063 4,952 12,381 705 737 9,647 983 1,042 1,187 1,046 333 5,105 550 4,287
101	30	2	25	31	29	1,380	45	415	100	46,018

E.

No. 2.—Number of offences against Special Laws, and of Persons year 1864, and the

	<u> </u>	OPE	BATIONS
PROVISIONS OF THE LAW UNDER WHICH CASES HAVE BEEN DISPOSED OF.	No. of cases remaining under trial on 31st December 1863.	No. of offences committed in 1864.	Total.
	1	2	3
Contempt and Disobedience and frivolous charge, Act XXV of 1861	8 14 8   2	10,672 837 16 380	817 10,686 845 16 380 1,302 1 7 149
Petty Assault (triable by Heads of Villages), Regulation XI of 1816  Petty Thefts (triable by Heads of Villages), Regulation IV of 1821 Offences against Port Regulation XXII of 1855 and Boat Rules. Offences against over-crowding Native Passengers Act XXV of 1859	 10  12	10,182 6,659 48	10,183 6,669 48 3 977
of 1852	3	46 3	3 186 5
Security for good behaviour, Act XXV of 1861 and Vagabonds Maintenance of wives and children, Act XXV of 1861 Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861 Disposal of lunatics, XXV of 1861 and XXVI of 1858 Offences against property without violence under Police Act XIII		164 871 2 9	167 871 2 9 2,407
of 1856  Miscellaneous offences under Police Act XIII of 1856  Assault and Breaches of Peace under XIII of 1856  Mutiny Act under XIII of 1856  Apprentice Act XIX of 1850  Abkari Act XIV of 1852	11 	8,364 5,260 7 2 10	8,373 5,271 7 2 10
Conservancy Act XIV of 1856  Assessment Act XXV of 1856  Wheel Tax Act XXVI of 1856  Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858  Total		96 1 30 10	30 10
1	1 70	00,000	56,097

E.—(Continued.)
concerned, in the Districts of the Mudras Presidency, for the result of the Proceedings.

THE	Police.								JUI		ßс.	
Ġ.			led.	-d	.	ned.	1563.			By H Vill	ages.	
Persons concerned.	Proper		No. of cases detected	Cases undetected.	Persons arrested.	Persons summoned.	trial on 31st Dec. 18	Tutal nersons	No of cases	tried.	~i	resous convicted.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11 	1	2 -	13	14	15
2,968 3,438 18,925			1,027 673 9,831	126 127 791	2,572 2,012 2,811	379 978 5,803	10	3	,952 ,000 ,640			
1,469 20 512	27	276 27	446 7 272	334 8 98	586 14 253	801 204		9 1	,396 19 457			
3,634 1 21 358 6,702	2		135 1 3 85 1,049	752  4 53 1,014	627  104 679	10	l) B)		3,118 1 1 352 6,652			:::
238 18,494 10,56	3 5 4 2	 5 2 1,381	64 4 6,208 5,991	20 1	227 • 4 11,425 9,840	4,63 11	3' 1' 8'		238 7 6,060 9,968	6,410		8,051 8,770
2,08	3	3	38	10 1 413	78 1 436		$2_1$		185 3 1,409	1	 1	
1,81 73 15	6 43 6	705 63		36 195 10	1,446 408 49	28	12	15	1,769 702 143 7			 
28 37	8 .		163 4 103	23  58	10 30	4 1: 3 0	18 3 53	25	247 6 360 862			
87	78 8 9		210 9	310 1 		8	١.		9			
3,13 9,75 9,4		6,27	6,567	1.488	8,71 2 8,41	3 8	8 21 02	6 9 12	2,648 9,543 9,333			
	9 2 11 01		9 66	27	1	9	2 92		11 101			
	1 44 10		28				44		1	0		16 89
002	82 22,77	2 8.73	5 39,556	9,65	6 63,8	26  26,	298	159	90,28	3 13,9	30  4,62	7 16,82

E.—(Continued.)
No. 2.—Number of offences against Special Laws, and of Persons
year 1864, and the

Andrews and the same and the sa			
	JUDIC	IAL OPE	RATIONS
		Magistri 2nd Clas	
PROVISIONS OF THE LAW UNDER WHICH CASES HAVE BEEN DISPOSED OF.	No. of cases tried.	Persons released.	Persons convicted.
	16	17	18
Contempt and Disobedience and frivolous charge, Act XXV			
of 1861	1,095 644 3,738	571	2,190
of 1853 Offences against Post Office Act VII of 1854	2 1		3
Offences against Railway Act XVIII of 1854 Offences against Cattle Trespass and Pound Acts III of 1857 and	288	60	350
XXII of 1861 Breach of Moplai (Malabar) Act XXIV of 1854	785	1,680	357
Offences against Compulsory Labour Act I of 1858 Offences against Madras Boundary Marks Act XXVIII of 1860	5 127		1
Trespass, &c., by European Subjects, II of 1820 and VII of 1853 Offences against Merchant Seaman Act I of 1859			
Offences against Arms Act XXXI of 1861 Petty Assault (triable by Heads of Villages), Regulation XI	1	2	
of 1816	18 <b>3</b> 9		
Offences against Port Regulation XXII of 1855 and Boat Rules Offences against over-crowding Native Passengers, Act XXV of 1859	ì		
Offences against Breach of Contract Act XIII of 1859  Offences against Salt Laws, I of 1820, XVII of 1840, and VII of 1852	183 392		
Offences against Abkari Law, I of 1820 Offences against Stamp Act X of 1862	190		118
Offences against Consolidated Soa Custom Act VI of 1863	) 6	5	
Security to kerp the Peace, Act XXV of 1861 Security for good behaviour, Act XXV of 1861 and Vagabonds	•••		
Maintenance of wives and children, Act XXV of 1861	20 3	38 2	ĵ
Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861 Disposal of lunatics, XXV of 1861 and XXVI of 1858 Offences against property without violence under Police Act	·••		
1 XIII of 1856	•••		
Miscellaneous offences under Police Act XIII of 1856 Assault and Breaches of Peace under XIII of 1856 Musica Act and Processing States and Processing Stat		•••	
Mutiny Act under XIII of 1856 Apprentice Act XIX of 1850	•••	•••	
Abkari Act XIV of 1852	•••		
Wheel Tax Act XXVI of 1856	•••		
Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858			
Total	7.541	4,794	16,553

E.—(Continued.)
concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the result of the Proceedings.

E. CRIMINAL. STATISTICS.

MAGIST	TRATES	' Court	lings. rs, Justi	CES OF	THE F	PEACE,	AND O	THEI	Cou	RTS.		_	
Mayist	rates		[agistrate					Kv	les w	th ful	nd l powe	rs.	
f 2nd C Commit		<b>s</b>	sed.	Committed.				ses eased			Committed.		
Савев.	Persons.	No. of cases tried.	Persons released	ed.	Cases.	Persons.	No. of cases tried.	Persons released		ed.	Cases.	Persons.	
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	2	7	28	29	30	
1 12 9	1 19 30	1 41 136	 18 62	1 36 696		•••	1! 10 6,64	7	1 42 537	14 117 6,253			
2	2 12	1		1		•••	679	9	494 5 6	698 4 19		2 2	
  1	111   4	32	34  8	70 1	 	•••	2,09	1 28 1	100	100  1,320 189		•••	
2	2	:::			•••			3	47	:	3 1		
		3 7	66	39 	•••			1 40 3 92	" 9 1 80	7	2		
** 8 5 100	7	5 43 9 21	68	163 279 14			6	8 65 20	2 44 5	12		1	
6	1	8	5 17	52 3	•••		1	2 67 4 24	13	17	2 4 5 26		
35	5		2 3 4 2 		•••			505 1 9	301		9		
			•••				7,	970 851 844	85° 1,79° 1,53	9 7,3	51	- 1	
							:   "	10 93	2	1	10 :		
	•••			1,36			•	30 10		2 2 27 26,	8 .	3	

E.—(Continued.)

No. 2.—Number of offences against Special Laws, and of Persons

year 1864, and the

	Judi	CIAL	OPE	KATI	DN8
	Ву	Ar	ipal l		er
PROVISIONS OF THE LAW UNDER WHICH CASES HAVE BEEN DISPOSED OF.	No. of cases tried	eased.	ons convict- ed.	ted ted	
	cases	ersons released	ed.		ès.
	0. of	ers	ers	Cases.	Persons
	31	32	33		35
					-
Contempt and Disobedience and frivolous charge, Act XXV of 1861	5		5		ļ
Offences against Police Act (by Policemen) XXIV of 1859 Offences against Police Act (by others) XXIV of 1859	·"ı	"1			
Offences against Cantonment Regulation VII of 1832 and XVII of 1853					
Offences against Post Office Act VII of 1854 Offences against Railway Act XVIII of 1854					
Offences against Cattle Trespass and Pound Acts III of 1857 and XXII of 1861	() 6	3			
Breach of Moplai (Malabar) Act XXIV of 1854 Offences against compulsory Labour Act I of 1858					Ĭ.,
Offences against Madres Boundary Marks Act XXVIII of 1860 Trepass, &c., by European Subjects, II of 1820 and VII of 185:	3	:::		:::	::
Offences against Merchant Seaman Act 1 of 1859 Offences against Arms Act XXXI of 1861	"1	1	1		
Petty Assault (triable by Heads of Vilages), Regulation X of 1816					Ī
Petty Thefts (triable by Heads of Villages), Regulation IV of 1821 Offences against Port Regulation XXII of 1855 and Boat Rules	• • • •	::			
Offences against over-crowding Native Passengers, Act XXV			,		
Offences against Breach of Contract Act XIII of 1859  Offences against Salt Laws, 1 of 1820, XVII of 1840, and VII of 1852					
Offences against Abkari Law, I of 1820	4.9		77	•••	
Offences against Stamp Act X of 1862 Offences against Consolidated Sea Custom Act VI of 1863	1				
Miscellaneous and old Laws Security to keep the Peace, Act XXV of 1861		3			
Security for good behaviour, Act XXV of 1861 and Vagabonds Maintenance of wives and children, Act XXV of 1861	6				
Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861 Disposal of lunation, XXV of 1861 and XXVI of 1858		:::		•••	
Offences against property without violence under Police Act XIII of 1856	1				
Miscellaneous offences under Police Act XIII of 1856  Assault and Breaches of Peace under XIII of 1856					
Mutiny Act under XIII of 1856 Apprentice Act XIX of 1850	1::			***	<b>.</b> .
Abkari Act XIV of 1852				:::	::
Assessment Act XXV of 1856			:::	:::	:
Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858	<u> </u>			<u></u>	-
Total	75	33	111	<u> </u>	_

E.—(Continued.)
concerned, in the Districts of the Madrus Presidency, for the result of the Proceedings.

E.
CRIMINAL
STATISTICS.

OF MAG	ISTRA	TES'	Cour	TS, J	USTIC	ES OF	THE	Тот	AL.	C	ONVICT	ED.	
By 8	essio lges.	n		Bill.		igh C	ourt.	đ.				Juvei	niles
No. of cases tried.	Persons released.	Persons convict-	Сакев.	Persons.	No. of cases.	Persons releas-	Persons convicted.	No. of cases tried.	Persons released.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
 		2						1,118 792 10,519	416 631 1,625	2,434 2,341 15,850	84 2 681	78	
 3 2	 1 1	<sub>2</sub>	•••			 		681 14 310	494 11 67	630 7 <b>3</b> 60	55  10	16 2	:::
	::	•••	•••					937 1 6 135 2,028 84 5	1,817 2 133 1,841 47	1,091 189	22  1 235 	•••	
•••		 						7,538 6,453 48	3,538 1,124 76	7,235 8,157 109	767 <b>49</b> 8 	57 132	30 30
	 		•••					3 504 443	1 417 297	2 473 1,084	 334	 15	1
12	9	9						336 41 3	347 19 5	271 119	13	1	
7	3	 		•				186 4 152	63  120	172 5 231	<sub>12</sub>		•••
•••								512 1 9	305 1 	210  8	1		
								1,970 7,651 4,844	857 1,799 1,531	1,432 7,062 5,236	147 262 1,986		9
***								10 93 1	 28	10 51	19		•••
								10	2		2	1	 
27	18	22	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	····	<u>;</u>	47,479	17,620	55,536	5,136	533	68

E.—(Continued.)
No. 2.—Number of offences against Special Laws, and of Persons
year 1864, and the

PROVISIONS OF THE LAW UNDER WHICH CASES HAVE BEEN DISPOSED OF.    Fines.		gour .	2004, 0	
PROVISIONS OF THE LAW UNDER WHICH CASES HAVE BEEN DISPOSED OF.    Contempt and Disobedience and frivolous charge, Act XXV of 1861		Pu	NISHME	NTS.
Contempt and Disobedience and frivolous charge, Act XXV of 1861		Fi	nes.	
Contempt and Disobedience and frivolous charge, Act XXV of 1861  Offences against Police Act (by Policemen) XXIV of 1859  Offences against Police Act (by Policemen) XXIV of 1859  Offences against Police Act (by Policemen) XXIV of 1859  Offences against Police Act (by Policemen) XXIV of 1859  Offences against Cantonment Hegulation VII of 1832 and XVIII of 1850  Offences against Railway Act XVIII of 1854  Offences against Railway Act XVIII of 1854  Offences against Railway Act XVIII of 1854  Offences against Compulsory Labour Act I of 1853  Offences against Compulsory Labour Act I of 1858  Offences against Compulsory Labour Act I of 1858  Offences against Compulsory Labour Act I of 1859  Offences against Merchant Seamen Act I of 1859  Offences against Merchant Seamen Act I of 1859  Offences against Amark Act XXVIII of 1850  Offences against Amark Act XXVIII of 1850  Offences against Port Regulation XII of 1850  Offences against Port Regulation XII of 1859  Offences against Seam Act XXI of 1860  Offences against Seam Act XXI of 1860  Offences against Stamp Act X of 1862  Offences against Stamp Act X of 1862  Offences against Consolidated Sea Custom Act VI of 1863  Said Seamer Act XXI of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Offences against Consolidated Sea Custom Act VII of 1858  Offences	PROVISIONS OF THE LAW UNDER WHICH CASES		1	
Contempt and Disobedience and frivolous charge, Act XXV of 1851   Coffences against Police Act (by Policemen) XXIV of 1859   1,472   3,905   6   1,472   3,905	HAVE BEEN DISPOSED OF.	, is	it i	-gi
Contempt and Disobedience and frivolous charge, Act XXV of 1851   Coffences against Police Act (by Policemen) XXIV of 1859   1,472   3,905   6   1,472   3,905	*	erson	mom	logg
Contempt and Disobedience and frivolous charge, Act XXV of 1861 Offences against Police Act (by Policemen) XXIV of 1859 1,472 3,905 Offences against Police Act (by others) XXIV of 1850 16,023 16,990 6 Offences against Police Act (by others) XXIV of 1850 16,023 16,990 6 Offences against Police Act VII of 1854 547 1,888 103 Offences against Railway Act XVIII of 1854 359 1,888 103 Offences against Cattle Trespass and Pound Acts III of 1857 and XXII of 1861 506 2,549 150 Offences against Compulsory Labour Act I of 1858 506 2,549 506 Offences against Compulsory Labour Act I of 1858 506 2,549 506 Offences against Marka Act XXVIII of 1860 of 1860 Offences against Merchant Seaman Act I of 1859 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		<u> </u>		
Offences against Police Act (by Policemen) XXIV of 1859   16,023   16,990   6	Management of the Control of the Con	50	51	52
Offences against Police Act (by Policemen) XXIV of 1859   1,479   3,905   16,023   16,990   6   00ffences against Cantonment Regulation VII of 1852 and XVIII of 1853   1,888   103   103   105   10	Contempt and Disobedience and frivolous charge, Act XXV of 1861	1	2 244	
Offences against Police Act (by others) XXIV of 1850   16,023   16,990   6   Offences against Cantonment Regulation VII of 1852 and XVIII of 1853	Offences against Police Act (by Policemen) XXIV of 1859			•••
Offences against Post Office Act VII of 1854	Offences against Police Act (by others) XXIV of 1850			6
Offences against Railway Act XVIII of 1854	of 1853			
Offences against Railway Act XVIII of 1854   359   1,392   359			1 ' !	103
Breach of Moplai (Malabar) Act XXIV of 1854   505   555   556   556   10	Offences against Railway Act XVIII of 1854			•••
Offences against Madras Boundary Marks Act XXVIII of 1850   1,261   4,639	and XXII of 1861		1 °	
Offences against Madras Boundary Marks Act XXVIII of 1860   178   4,639   1,261   4,639   1,261   1,	Offences against Compulsory Labour Act I of 1858	_		
Trespass, &c., by European Subjects, 11 of 1820 and VII of 1853.   1,261   4,630	Offences against Madras Boundary Marks Act XXVIII of 1860	179		1
Offences against Arms Act XXXI of 1861	Trespass, &c., by European Subjects, II of 1820 and VII of 1853.			
Petty Assault (triable by Heads of Villages), Regulation XI of 1816	Officies against Arms Act XXXI of 1861			
Petty Thefts (triable by Heads of Villages), Regulation IV of 1921   3   1	Petty Assault (triable by Heads of Villages), Regulation XI			•••
Offences against Port Regulation XXII of 1855 and Boat Rules   73   374   35   374   35   Offences against over-crowding Native Passengers, Act XXV of 1859   2   450		-		
Offences against Breach of Contract Act XIII of 1859	Offences against Port Regulation XXII of 1855 and Boat Rules		_	35
Offences against Breach of Contract Act XIII of 1859	of 1859	2	450	
Offences against Abkari Law, I of 1820	Offences against Breach of Contract Act XIII of 1859 Offences against Sat Laws, 1 of 1820. XVII of 1840, and VII		1	1
Offences against Stamp Act X of 1862  Offences against Consolidated Sea Custom Act VI of 1863  Miscellaneous and old Laws  Security to keep the Peace, Act XXV of 1861  Security for good behaviour, Act XXV of 1861  Maintenance of wives and children, Act XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Disposal of lunatics, XXV of 1861 and XXVI of 1858  Offences against, property without violence under Police Act  XII of 1856  Miscellaneous offences under Police Act XIII of 1856  Miscellaneous offences under Police Act XIII of 1856  Mutiny Act under XIII of 1856  Abkari Act XIV of 1852  Abkari Act XIV of 1856  Absaesament Act XXV of 1856  Wheel Tax Act XXVI of 1856  Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858  Total 38,922 63,486  983	of 1852	827	1,911	4
Offence's against Consolidated Sea Custom Act VI of 1863 2 600 Miscellaneous and old Laws 151 620 Security to keep the Peace, Act XXV of 1861 151 620 Security for good behaviour, Act XXV of 1861 and Vagabonds 6 110 Maintenance of wives and children, Act XXV of 1861 78 412 Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861 178 1.644 814 Offences against, property without violence under Police Act XIII of 1856 178 1.644 814 Miscellaneous offences under Police Act XIII of 1856 7,231 7,888 17 Assault and Breaches of Peace under XIII of 1856 8 72 8 Apprentice Act XIV of 1850 8 72 Abkari Act XIV of 1856 10 232 Conservancy Act XIV of 1856 10 232 Conservancy Act XIV of 1856 150 150 178 1.50		-1		1
Miscellaneous and old Laws  Security to keep the Peace, Act XXV of 1861  Security for good behaviour, Act XXV of 1861 and Vagabonds  Maintenance of wives and children, Act XXV of 1861  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Disposal of lunatics, XXV of 1861 and-XXVI of 1858  Offences against, property without violence under Police Act  XIII of 1856  Miscellaneous offences under Police Act XIII of 1856  Miscellaneous offences under Police Act XIII of 1856  Assault and Breaches of Peace under XIII of 1856  Apprentice Act XIX of 1850  Apprentice Act XIV of 1850  Abkari Act XIV of 1852  Conservancy Act XIV of 1856  Massessment Act XXV of 1856  Wheel Tax Act XXVI of 1856  Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858  Total 38,922 63,486  983		- 1		
Security to keep the Peace, Act XXV of 1861	Miscellaneous and old Laws			***
Maintenance of wives and children, Act XXV of 1861 78 412  Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861  Disposal of lunatics, XXV of 1861 and XXVI of 1858  Offences against, property without violence under Police Act XIII of 1856  Miscellaneous offences under Police Act XIII of 1856 7,231 7,888 17  Assault and Breaches of Peace under XIII of 1856 7,177 6,512 1  Mutiny Act under XIII of 1856 8 72  Apprentice Act XIX of 1850 10 232  Conservancy Act XIV of 1856 70 470  Assessment Act XXV of 1856 150  Wheel Tax Act XXVI of 1856 7 105 1  Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858 7 105 1	Security to keep the Peace, Act XXV of 1861		- 1	
Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c. XXV of 1861	Security for good behaviour, Act XXV of 1861 and Vagabonds		1	•••
Disposal of lunatics, XXV of 1861 and XXVI of 1858	Dispute concerning occupancy of land &c XXV of 1861	78	412	
Offences against, property without violence under Police Act XIII of 1856         178       1,644       814         Miscellaneous offences under Police Act XIII of 1856         7,231       7,888       17         Assault and Breaches of Peace under XIII of 1856          6,512       1         Mutiny Act under XIII of 1856              Apprentice Act XIV of 1850              Conservancy Act XIV of 1856                Assessment Act XXV of 1856	Disposal of lunctice YYV of 1881 and YYVI of 1850	•••		- 1
Miscellaneous offences under Police Act XIII of 1856 7,231 7,888 17 Assault and Breaches of Peace under XIII of 1856 7,177 6,512 1 Mutiny Act under XIII of 1856 8 72 Apprentice Act XIX of 1850 10 232 Conservancy Act XIV of 1856 70 470 Assessment Act XXV of 1856 150 Wheel Tax Act XXVI of 1856 42 173 Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858 7 105 1 Total 38,922 63,486 983	Offences against property without violence under Police Act		1 644	
Assault and Breaches of Peace under XIII of 1856 7,177 6,512 1  Mutiny Act under XIII of 1856 8 72  Apprentice Act XIX of 1850 10 232  Conservancy Act XIV of 1856 70 470  Assessment Act XXV of 1856 1 50  Wheel Tax Act XXVI of 1856 42 173  Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858 7 105 1  Total 38,922 63,436 983				
Apprentice Act XIX of 1856	Assault and Breaches of Peace under XIII of 1856	7,177	6,512	
Abkari Act XIV of 1852 10 232 Conservancy Act XIV of 1856 70 470 Assessment Act XXV of 1856 1 50 Wheel Tax Act XXVI of 1856 42 173 Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858 7 105 1  Total 38,922 63,436 983	Apprentice Act VIV of 1856		72	•••
Conservancy Act XIV of 1856 70 470 Assessment Act XXV of 1856 1 50 Wheel Tax Act XXVI of 1856 42 173 Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858 7 105 1  Total 38,922 63,436 983	Abkari Act XIV of 1852	10		- 1
Assessment Act XXV of 1856 1 50 Wheel Tax Act XXVI of 1856 7 105 1  Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858 7 105 1  Total 38,922 63,436 983	Conservancy Act XIV of 1856			
Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858 7 105 1 Total 38,922 63,486 983	Assessment Act XXV of 1856	1	50	1
Total 38,922 63,486 983	Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1050			(
		7	100	1
		38,922	63,486	983

E.—(Continued.)
concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the result of the Proceedings.

67						Puni	1211	DE E	M 10.							
nts.	··		Imp	risonn	nen	t.	•			-	frans	porta	tion.	ŀ	Fined in ad other pun	dition to ishment.
Flugged in addition to other punishments.	Not exceeding one mouth.	Do. six months.	Do. one year.	Do. two years.	Do. three years.	Do. five years.	Do. seven years.	Do. ten years.	Do. fourteen years.	Life.	Seven years.	Ten years.	Life.	Death.	Persons.	Amount.
53	54	55	56	57	54	59	60	61	69	63 —	64	65	66	67	68	69
	253 818 565	 53 16						•••		 					25 14 19	38 116 172
 	48 1 •0	3 ] 3	 <sub>]</sub>			<sub>1</sub>	•••	•••			 		 		 4	 35
	25 1	 	·• ···	 		·•·		 				 			 	11 :::
	 53 90	11 93		 	 •••	•••									   1	25
	8,063 8,810														•••	
	279	iï4	1			•••				:					2	2
	605	2			•			.[:							33	65 
	25	109	1	1 1 4											1	 
::			•••							-						•••
	379 97 78		1					- 1							 	 
								1							•••	•••
		8 80	0 8		7		3		ì			-	-	<u>  :::</u>	•••	•

E.—(Continued.)

No. 2.—Number of offences against Special Laws and of Persons
year 1864, and the

		convicted and sed.	Case Baile Pol	
PROVISIONS OF THE LAW UNDER WHICH CASES HAVE BEEN DISPOSED OF.	Insane.	Total convreiensed.	Cases.	Persons.
	70	71	72	73
Contempt and Disobedience and frivolous charge, Act XXV		0.005		
of 1861		2,935 2,974 18,244	1	 5!
of 1853		1,195 18 439		
Offences against Cattle Trespass and Pound Acts III of 1857 and XXII of 1861 Breach of Moplai (Malabar) Act XXIV of 1854 Offences against Compulsory Labour Act 1 of 1858	• 4	2,356 1		
Offences against Madras Boundary Marks Act XXVIII of 1860 Frespass, &c., by European Subjects, II of 1820 and VII of 1853 Offences against Merchant Seaman Act I of 1859. Offences against Arms Act XXXI of 1861 Petty Assault (triable by Heads of Villages), Regulation XI		311 3,167 236 7	•••	
of 1816		11,603 9,941 185	9	ï:
of 1859		892		•••
VII of 1852	•••	1.733 632 141	3	. –
discellaneous and old Laws ecurity to keep the Peace, Act XXV of 1861 curity for good behaviour, Act XXV of 1861 and Vagabonds	 	247 5		•••
Asintenance of wives and children, Act XXV of 1861 Dispute concerning occupancy of land, &c., XXV of 1861. Disposal of lunatics, XXV of 1861 and XXVI of 1858	18  9	]		
Offences against property without violence under Police Act		2,623		
Assault and Breaches of Peace under Act XIII of 1856 Assault and Breaches of Peace under Act XIII of 1856 Autiny Act under Act XIII of 1856	•••	9,150 8,787 9		
Apprentice Act XIX of 1850	•••			
Conservancy Act XIV of 1856	•••	98 1 44	,	•••
Marine Police Act XXVIII of 1858		10		٠

E.—(Continued.)
concerned, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the result of the Proceedings.

BROUG	the Pro					Other	wise	Under	trial.
missed 1	or default o prosecute.	Withdraw	by ami- ustment.	Tota	l.				
Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases,	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.
74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83
1 1 22	] ] 246	4	 4 16	1 6 50	1 6 317	 	  8	10 12 <b>34</b>	16 20 79
14		28	42		75  16	22 	125 	1 1 2	1 1 2
118		1	438	269	626 	·		146	•
 2,345	3,47	7 3 6 7	4 7	2,352 2	 21 3,483			5	
 420			 3,635	2,515 16	4,457	7			, s
•••		5 2	<b>.</b>						
10	1	-			<sub>499</sub>		4		7 18 3 4
	3 4	12 1 11 6	25 	1 .1				2 1	3 30
•••	1	1		1	•••	1			2 3
	3	1 14 3 1		<b>-</b> 1 1	 		3 10		3
29	96 3	10		7 296	36			5 5	2 1 22 2 9 9
	90	2		390	•••	2		 	***
	3	3		3	•••	3	***		
			08 4,54	6,609	10,8		25 3	29 2	9? 4

#### E.—(Continued.)

# No. 4.—Comparative Return of Offences against Special Laws

	DISTRICTS	<b>3</b> .		Contempt, disobedience, and frivolous	Breach of Police Act (by Policemen).	Do. (by individuals).	Breach of Cantonment Regulation.	Breach of Post Office Act.
Ganjam Vizagapatam Godaveri Kistna Nellore Madras North Arcot Cuddapah Bellary Kurnul Salem Coimbatore South Malabar North Malabar North Malabar Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinnevelly				34 30 97 107 171 39 95  44 2 30 18 14 360 18 64 9		212 315 225 130 189 202 82 593 50 171 240 221 107 480 2609 288	550  128  157	4 1 
Town of Madras		•••	Total	1,157 6	795 14	4,236 6,436	837	16
		Grand	Total	1,163	809	10,672	837	16

E. CRIMINAL STATISTICS,

# E.—(Continued.)

in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the year 1864.

Breach of Railway Act.	Breach of Cattle Trespass Act.	Breach of Moplai (Malabar) Act.	Breach of Compulsory Labour Act.	Breach of Boundary Mark Act.	Trespass, &c., by European British Sub- jects.	Breach of Merchant Seaman's Act.	Breach of Arms Act.	Petty Assault.	Petty Theft.	Offences against Port and Boat Rules.
8 163 21 14 160 11	22 70 87 226 87 68 69 14 65 27 110 48 22 18 1 96 	···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·	1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20 21 20 21 25 1  27	1 4 4 15 2 2 1		1	1,867 254 10 22 290 271 85 642 92 45 1,175 1,986 424 760 1,259	604 1 306 478 500 31 683 141 429 307 315 43 60 815 876 229 424 416	8
377	1,300	1	7	149	34 4,382	12 74	5	10,182	6,659	10
380	1,300	1	7	149				10,182	6,659	4

# E.-(Continued.)

No. A .- Comparative Return of Offences against Special Laws,

* D	ISTRICTS.			Breach of Native Passengers' Act.		Breach of Contract Act.	Breach of Salt Laws.	Breach of Abkarri Laws.	Breach of Stamp Act.
Ganjam Vizagapatam Godaveri Kistna Nellore Madras North Arcot Cuddapah Bellary Kurnul Salem Coimbatore South Malabar North Malabar North Malabar South Canara South Arcot Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinnevelly					3	5 7 10 8  7 3 260 98 175 64 12 35 158 7 5	17 35 2	17 2	
Town of Madras		4.0	Total		3	866		375	
		Gran	d Total		3	965	462	375	

### E.—(Continued.)

in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the year 1864.

Breach of Sea Custom Act.	Breach of Miscellaneous and Old Laws.	Security to keep the peace.	Security for good behaviour.	Maintenance of wives and children.	Disputes concerning occupancy of land.	Disposal of Lunatics.	Offences against property with violence.	Miscellaneous offences under Police Act.	Assault and Breaches of Peace (Act XIII of 1856).	Breach of Mutiny Act.
	5 1 1 159 3 5	2 2 2	10 3 13 6 27 5 6 19 6 5 31 18 4 11	20 99 1 34 31 14 3 2 13 1	   1	8				
3	176 7		164 	128 743			2,401	 8,364	 . <b>5,2</b> 60	7
3	183	5	164	871	2	9	2,401	8,364	5,260	7

#### E.—(Continued.)

No. 4.—Comparative Return of Offences against Special Laws, in the Districts of the Mudras Presidency, for the year 1864.

				1		1	18 	<u> </u>	
	4								
*	DISTRICTS.			Breach of Apprentice Act.	Breach of Abkarri Act.	Breach of Conservancy Act.	Breach of Assessment Act.	Breach of Wheel Tax Act.	Breach of Marine Police Act.
				Breac	Breac	Breac	Breac	Breac	Breac
Ganjam	•••	•••	•••		•••				
Vizagapatam	•••	•••	•••			•••	•••		•••
Godaveri	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••
Kistna	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Nellore	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Madras	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		
North Arcot	•••	···	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Cuddapah Rollom	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Bellary Kurnul	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••
~ 1	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Salem Coimbatore	•••	***		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
South Malabar	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••
North Malabar	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
South Canara	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•.•
South Arcot	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••
Tanjore	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Trichinopoly	•••			•••	•••	•••	•••		•••
Madura	***	•••			•••	•••	•••		•••
Tinuevelly.	•••		•••		•••				•••
•	ų								,
	•		Total						
Town of Madras	•••	·	•••	2	10	96	1	30	10

E.—(Continued.)

No. 6.—Comparative Return of the Castes and Callings of offenders CRIMINAL against Special Laws, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency, STATISTICS. for the year 1864.

			CAS	TES.	
PROVISIONS OF THE LAV WHICH CASES HAVE DISPOSED OF.	V UNDER BEEN	Europeans.	· Si	Foreigners (not pritish Subjects.)	Brahmins.
Contempt, disobedience, and friv	olous charge	T	2		153
Breach of Police Act (by Policem	nen)		_		19
Breach of Police Act (by individu	inls).	ا مما	16	1	642
Breach of Cantonneut Regulation	in	61	19	ī	3
Breach of Post Office Act	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				1
Breach of Railway Act	•••	1 1	1		30
Breach of Cattle Trespass Act.	•••	1 -1			15
Breach of Monley (Malabar) Act.		-			
Breach of Moplay (Malabar) Act Breach of Compulsory Labour A	.ct	1			1
Breach of Boundary Mark Act	•••	1			22
Trespass, &c., by European Britis			29	3	7
Breach of Merchant's and Seama	n's Act				1
Breach of Arms Act					
Petty Assault	•••	1	1	29	152
Petty Theft	•••	_	]		38
Offences against Port and Boat I		1			
Breach of Native Passengers' Act		1			
Breach of Contract Act	,	1	2		
Breach of Salt Laws	•••				2
Breach of Abkarri Laws	•••	1 -		1	6
Breach of Stamp Act		. 1	1		32
Breach of Sea Custom Act	•••				1
Breach of Miscellaneous and old	Laws				
Security to keep the peace					
Security for good behaviour		. 1			4
Maintenance of wives and child		. 2	2		
Disputes concerning occupancy	of land, &c				
Disposal of Lunatics					
Offences against property with v	iolence		10	1	6
Miscellaneous offences under Pol	ice Act	1	37		24
Assault & breaches of peace (Act	XIII of 1850		1	3	21
Breach of Mutiny Act	•••		1		
Breach of Apprentice Act	,			*	•••
Breach of Abkarri Act	•••	.			•••
Breach of Conservancy Act	•••				•••
Breach of Assessment Act	,,,				,,,
Breach of Wheel Tax Act	***				•••
Breach of Marine Police Act	•••	1.	•••		••• 1
			-	·	
	Total.	. 38	7 168	39	1,179

E.—(Continued.)

No. 6.—Comparative Return of the Castes and Callings of

Presidency, for

	1	CA	STES.	
PROVISIONS OF THE LAW UNDER WHICH CASES HAVE BEEN DISPOSED OF.	Rajpootsand Kshatrias	Mahruttas.	Naidus.	Moodaliars, Reddies, Gowdas, &c.
Contempt, Disobedience and frivolous charge Breach of Police Act (by Policemen).  Breach of Police Act (by individuals).  Breach of Cantonment Regulation  Breach of Post Office Act  Breach of Railway Act  Breach of Cattle Trespass Act  Breach of Moplay (Malabar) Act	19 1 233 1 1 5 2 2	1 4 88  5 3	263 62 1,760 42  18 94	66 1 44 60
Breach of Compulsory Labour Act Breach of Boundary Mark Act Trespass, &c., by European British Subjects. Breach of Merchant's and Seamau's Act Breach of Arms Act Petty Assault Petty Theft		1 i	36 67 17  536 470	
Offences against Port and Boat Rules Breach of Native Passengers' Act Breach of Contract Act Breach of Salt Laws Breach of Abkarri Laws	1	4 	14 247 16	 18 104
Breach of Sea Custom Act Breach of Miscellaneous and old Laws Security to keep the peace Security for good behaviour Maintenance of wives and children	1	  2 2	2 1 18 16	  32
Disputes concerning occupancy of land, &c. Disposal of Lunatics Offence against property with violence Miscellaneous offences under Police Act Assault & breaches of Peace (Act XIII of 1850 Breach of Mutiny Act	$\begin{bmatrix} \cdot \cdot \\ \cdot \cdot \\ \cdot \cdot \\ \cdot \cdot \end{bmatrix} $ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ \cdot \cdot \\ \cdot \end{bmatrix}$	24	 94 475 432	1,564
Breach of Apprentice Act Breach of Abkarri Act Breach of Conservancy Act Breach of Assessment Act Breach of Wheel Tax Act Breach of Marine Police Act		  1	   1	 14 17 2
Total	376	216	4,693	8,301

E.—(Continued.)
offenders against Special Laws, in the Districts of the Madras
the year 1864.

E.
CRIMINAL
STATISTICS.

				C.	ASTE	ES.			
Chetties, Vellalas, Co- mities, &c.	Jains, Lingaites, Nairs, Bhunts, &c.	Murravers, Kullers, &c.	Christians.	Mussulmen.	Moplays and Lubbays.	Pariahs.	Yerrakellers, Koravers, Yenadies, Tank-dig- gers, and other wan- dering Tribes.	Brinjaries.	Mulcers, Burghers, Khonds and other Hill Tribes.
425 14 2,298 59 1 62 44 42 1631 493 39 30 8 16 1 6	29 14 326 36  5 5   270 342 2  100 12 23 14 	119 3 1,696 43 46 17 5 10 92 11 16 6 14 8 74	10 3  21 4  51 68  12 1 2    20 20 56 	155 78 908 104 19 13 6 103 471 289 1 2 30 20 4 66 2 1 10 31 3 138 524 404 14 11	7 9 184 20 3 4 1 1 23 83 68 12 22 2 8 11 2 26 36 62 11 11	226 15 1,711 119 65 55 1 111 171 3 1,807 2,826 6 62 308 7 33 6 29 30 383 974 1,273 3 1,273 3 1,273			3 4 31
•••		2	2	•••	•••	1	•••		
4,189	1,179	2,986	484	3,332	585	10,102	968	3	154

E.—(Continued.)

No. 6.—Comparative Return of the Castes and Callings of Presidency, for

•	(	CASTE	S.
PROVISIONS OF THE LAW UNDER WHICH CASES HAVE BEEN DISPOSED OF.	Other low castes.	Not accounted for.	Total.
Contampt limbeliance and friedman	240	322	2,519
Contempt, disobedience, and frivolous charge.	217		2,343
Breach of Police Act (by Policemen.) Breach of Police Act (by individuals.)	2,082		
production 2 office 1200 (by that the transfer	103	-, L   E	701
Breach of Cantonment Regulation Breach of Post Office Act	100	2	7
Breach of Railway Act	59	•••	372
Breach of Cattle Trespass Act	150	56	539
Breach of Moplay (Malabar) Act		•••	1
Breach of Compulsory Labour Act	l		9
Breach of Boundary Mark Act	24	19	178
Trespass, &c., by European British Subjects	103	600	1,326
Breach of Merchant's and Seaman's Act		44	189
Breach of Arms Act		2	4
Petty Assault	2,338	•••	8,065
Petty Theft	2,296	90	8,817
Offences against Port and Boat Rules	38	4()	109
Breach of Native Passengers' Act	•••	•••	2
Breach of Contract Act	138	l .	475
Breach of Salt Laws	284	1	
Breach of Abkarri Laws	101	88	285
Breach of Stamp Act	23	20	122
Breach of Sea Custom Act			104
Breach of Miscellaneous and old Laws	9	146	
Security to keep the Peace	1		5
Security for good behaviour	23		
Maintenance of wives and children	19	52	210
Disputes concerning occupancy of land, &c		•••	٠ م
Disposal of Lunatics	131	680	1,766
Offences against property with violence	555		
Miscellaneous offences under Police Act			
Assault & breaches of Peace (Act XIII of 1856) Breach of Mutiny Act		2,735 4	. ΛI
Breach of Apprentice Act	1	. 7	
Breach of Abkarri Act	2	4	10
Breach of Conservancy Act	16		70
Breach of Assessment Act	1		1
Breach of Wheel Tax Act	1	30	42
Breach of Marine Police Act	l	1	8
Total	9,684	12,248	61,273
<u></u>			

E.—(Continued.)
offenders against Special Laws, in the Districts of the Madras
the year 1864.

				C7	LLIN(	S.				
Land-owners and Meerasidars.	Farmers and Renters	Agricultural laborers.	Shepherds.	Toddy drawers.	Menial and other petty occupations.	Artificers.	Weavers and other Manuelacturers.	62 1	Shopkeepers and Traders.	Sailors and Fishermen.
298 42 1,641  67 79	419 4 734 1  21 63	866 43 3,545 265  67 113	39  219 4  25 13	13 1 175 32  16 4	234 198 3,368 244 2 66 154	86 24 371 36 1 12 5	45 12 625 31 1 6	66 4 1,017 22  26	30 33 846 34 	13 8 6 <sup>11</sup> 
 12   408 222	1 30  452 403	1 2 92 136  2,473 2,870	2 8  253 126	30  59 294	344 41 2 1,857 2,448	 57  194 67	 20  163 83	30   147 47	33  42 89	78 66 49
  4 24	 3 110 7 5	77 471 28 21	 5 33 	 26 32 	20   153 270 100 34 11 8	 47 3 	 38 33  1	 32  3 6  3	 17 17 17 10	30 
 3 2 	7 9 	1 2 3 21 42 	1	 1 2  9	 55. 61  9	 7   27	  3   14	 6	 2  25	 13  33
		144 327 683  1	18 65 	26 131 	797 3,602 2,686 1  1 21	27 79 261  	14 21 87 	20 43 136  2	162 3  18	,
2,802	2,271	4 12,305	818	855	2 16,780	2 1,287	1,184	1,626		5 1,407

E. E.—(Continued.)
CRIMINAL No. 6.—Comparative Return of the Castes and Callings of offenders
STATISTICS. against Special Laws, in the Districts of the Madras Presidency,
for the year 1864.

	(	AL	LINGS	3.
PROVISIONS OF THE LAW UNDER WHICH CASES HAVE BEEN DISPOSED OF.	Wandering laborers & wandering traders.	Public Servants.	Not accounted for.	Total.
Contempt, disobedience, and frivolous charge. Breach of Police Act (by Policemen.)	70 98		322 1,831	
				16,619
Breach of Police Act (by individuals.)	30			701
Breach of Cantonment Regulation	1		ا ا	701
Breach of Post Office Act Breach of Railway Act	65	1	_	372
TO 1 COLUMN AT A L	41		56	
Described March (NG) bank And				1
Breach of Compulsory Labour Act	2	}		9
Breach of Boundary Mark Act	18		19	178
Trespass, &c., by European British Subjects	4	1	i	1,326
Breach of Merchant's and Seaman's Act			44	189
Breach of Arms Act			2	4
Petty Assault	1,924			8,065
Petty Theft	2,001	1	90	
Offences against Port and Boat Rules			40	109
Breach of Native Passengers' Act	•••		•••	2
Breach of Contract Act	101		• • • •	475
Breach of Salt Laws	209		225	1,436
Breach of Abkarri Laws	6		88	285
Breach of Stamp Act	1	<b></b>	20	122
Breach of Sea Custom Act	•••			2
Breach of Miscellaneous and old Laws	13	•••	146	184
Security to keep the Peace	1		•••	5
Security for good behaviour	118	1	13	<b>2</b> 32
Maintenance of wives and children	6	4	52	210
Disputes concerning occupancy of land, &c.			•••	•••
Disposal of Lunatics	•••	• • •	•••	9
Offences against property with violence	1	, ,,		1,766
Miscellaneous offences under Police Act	14			7,351
Assault & breaches of Peace (ActXIII of 1856)	•••	49		
Breach of Mutiny Act	•••	1	4	9
Breach of Apprentice Act	•••		ار …	
Breach of Abkarri Act	•••	2		10
Breach of Conservancy Act	•••		21	70
Breach of Assessment Act Breach of Wheel Tax Act	• • •	•••	30	19
Breach of Marine Police Act	-		1	<b>42</b> 8
Preact of Prairile Folice VCf	•••	•		9
Total	5.864	366	19 949	1 2 73

F.

F. POLICE.

-		I	POLICE ES		SHME YEAR				CO	ST FOR	тцк	
				Ī. I	ő			Por	acr I	ESTABLE	HMENT	s.
Ranges.	DISTRICTS.	Area.	Population.	Sa ctioned Strength.	Strength of Force 30th April 1864.	Supervising Staff	-		Inspectors.	Constables on ge-	Salt Guard.	Jail Guard.
	Inspr. Genl. of Police & Asst. Inspr. Genl. of Police includ- ing Establish- ments		<b></b>	42	42	2	·-		26	16		
Northern Range.	Dy. Inspector Genl of Police Ganjam Vizagapatam Godavery Kiishna Nellore	7,757 18,935 7,534 8,353 8,341	1,136,926 1,715,652 1,366,831 1,194,421 9,99,254	1,819 1,453 1,497 1,445	1,536 1,387 1,472 1,390	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	1 2 1 1 1	1 1 1	23 20	1,086	150 100 95 138 210	 47 59 20 57 68
	Total	50,920	6,413,084	7,613	7,102	1	€	6	119	6,220	693	251
Central Range.	Dy. Inspector Genl. ot Police Kurnool Bellary Cuddapah . North Arcot. Madras	 7,470 11,496 9,177 7,526 3,100	725,768 1,234,674 1,050,104 1,651,557 675,390	1,076 1,395 1,271 1,314 970	1,359 1,266 1,330		]	111	 19 26 24 27 17	 969 1,277 1,132 1,214 619	   262	 30 81 73 97 49
1	Total	38,769	5,340,493	6,056	5,903	1	5	4	113	5,211	262	330
Scuthern Range.	Dy. Inspector Genl. of Police South Arcot Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinnevelly	4,765 3,736 3,097 8,790 5,144 25,532	1,128,430 1,652,170 939,400 1,856,106 1,670,262 7,246,668	1,415 742 1,377 1,156	1,205 1,389 709 1,304 1,025		1 1 1 1 5	1 1	21 23 12 22 20	906 1,139 665 1,130 914 4,784	145 178  82 75	 59 48 41 68 34 
	Dy. Inspector Genl. of Police Salen Coimbatore South Malabar North Malabar South Canara.	7,617 8,417	1,493,221 1,215,920 1,709,081 788,042	1,162 1,182 1,182 { 1002 { 574 906	1,146 1,089 1,016	1	-	 1 1	24 24 20 12 13	1,083 920 896 472		78 140 91 48 41
	Total	26,498	5,206 264	4,826	4,654	1	5	3	93	4,006	107	398
	Grand Total.	1,41,719	21,206,509	24,442	23,333	6	21	17	449	20,237	1,542	1,229

F.
POLICE.

# F.—(Continued.)

	,	OF	FE	NC	ES (	)F WE	W.	HIC1	H I	POLI (ICT)	CE (	FFIC	CERS	
								By M	IA(	GISTRA	TE.			
Ranges.	districts.	Force.	Theft and receiving, &c.	Assault and criminal force.	Criminal breach of trust and misappropriation.	Bribery.	Negligent escape.	Causing disappearance of evidence.	Causing hurt.	Wilfully furnishing false infor- mation.	Cheating.	Causing hurt to extort confession.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
Northern Range.	Ganjam Vizagapatam Godavery Krishna Nellore	1,304 1,710 1,406 1,489 1,386	4	1  4 1 1	   1	1 11 8 3 2	3 :::8		2	: : :	<sub>2</sub>	 1 	18 8 7 3 9	26 33 20 8 24
	Total	7,295	9	7	1	25 —	19		2		2	1	45	111
Central Range.	Kurnool Bellary Cuddapah North Arcot Madras	1,020 1,386 1,231 1,340 948	6	3 2  6	 3 	 6 1 	6		: :: :::	  			3 11 4 12 6	11 39 10 21 22
	Total	5,925	16 —	_ 11 _	5	8	23	1	1	1	1		36	103
Southern Range.	South Arcot Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinnevelly	1,193 1,420 719 1,304 1,082	1	2  5 1	  	3 1  6	1					•••	16 8 8 9 4	42 18 15 18 9
	Total	5,718	8	9	1	10	29		-			·:	45	102
Wester Range	Salem Coimbatore South Malabar North Malabar South Canara	1,187 1,086 1,009 559 797		3 7 	   2	6 2 2	6 1 1	•••	1	 			6 20 6 4 1	16 48 16 7 4
	Total	4,638	1-1	_		16	-		1		1	<u> </u>	37	91
	Grand Total	23,576	46	37	9	59	80	1	4	3	4	1	163	407

F.—(Continued.)

F. POLICE.

	OFFE	nces (	HW 7C	ICH P	OLICE	OFFIC	ers w	ERE C	ONV	ICTE	D.
				Е	y Cou	R <b>T</b> .		*******			
Murder.	Attempt to commit suicide.	Burglary.	Adultery.	Perjury.	Causing grievous hurt.	Assault or criminal force.	Negligent escape.	Extortion.	Breach of Trust.	Robbery.	Total.
	   	  				3					
	1	1				3				-	
  1			  	1					     		 "1 2 3
1	-:-		1	1	2				1	-	6
•••	  			•••	•••				1 	1 2  	 
			•••			1	<u></u>		2	3	6
		2  	  				2  	::	 	 	3 5 
····	<u>;::</u> 1	3		1	5	1	2 2	 3	1 4	1 4	6 26

15

F. Police: F.—(Continued.)

						S					T	OI	٠ (	AS	ST.	ES.					
									]	[NS	PE	TO	RS.								-
Ranges.	DISTRICTS.	Europeans.	East Indians.	Brahmine.	Rajaputs, and Marattas.	Naidoos.	Moodelliars.	Sattanies.	Chetties.	Comatties.	Vanniers.	Weavers.	Yaddiers.	Conicopolis.	Nairs.	Moplas.	Teers.	Oryas.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Pariahs, &c.
Northern Kange.	Ganjam	2 1 8 4 1	3 4 3 2 4	2 6 5 9	1 2 1 1	7 11 6 5 4	  3		  			•••	  				 	 	1   1	6 3 2 2 :	 1  1
	Total	16	16	31 —	5	33 —	3	- : -	- -	 	- 	 	- -	- -		- :-	- :-	2	2	13	5
Central Range.	Kurnool	2 1 2 3 2	2 9 4 2 4	3 9 5 8 4	1 2 1 1	6 1 7 3 2	2  3 5 1		 	 1 	 		•••	 					 1 2	3 1 3 2	1
	Total	10	21 —	29 —	5	19 —	11 —	_ 	<u>-</u>	1	-	_		 ::: 		-	-	- 	_ 3 _	_ 12 _	]
Southern Range.	South Arcot	.   3	2 2 1 2 3	6 2 1 6 2	١	1 4 1 2 2	5 6 3 9 6	1			ï			2					2	11111	
	Total	17	10	17	-	10	29	1	-		1	-		2				-	3	5	
Western Range.	Salem	9 4 9 9		1 1	]	8 7	4 9 1								9	1	4		1	3	
	Total	_	-1-	15	. _	18	. -			1			-	2	14	. _	- -	- -	2	34	_ا.

cxiv

F. POLICE

#### · F.—(Continued.)

	STATEMENT OF CASTES.													
					·_									
	CONSTABULARY.													
· Europeans.	East Indians.	Brahmins.	Rajaputs and Marattas.	Naidoos.	Moodelliars.	Sattanies.	Chetties.	Comatties.	Vunniers.	Weavers.	Yaddiers,	Conicopolis.	Nairs.	Moplas.
2 3 2 3 2	 6 2 1 3	30 33 50 27	19 , 24 45 97 66	685 930 753 508 519	 1 4 3 97									
12	12	144	251	3,395	35		-						··	<u></u>
 6 1 3 6	  2	64 37 31 33 12	153 81 98 158 45	56 354 396 307 329	2 21 22 127 102					   				::: ::: :::
16	2	. 177	535	1,442	274	<u></u>		2		-			.:	
3 8 4 8 2	10 2 2 5 5	6 93 15 23	208 31 67 37	244 434 <b>23</b> 2 311 265	218 356 6 397 330	"3 1 …	 1 			  33	 8 200  52	 	  	
15	21	76	387	1,486	1,307	4	7			33	260			
2 2 	3 5 5	74 30  4 46	92 53 25 13 10	996 354 6	215 167 6 3 409	::		  		 	 17 13		 443 808 	39 13
5	15	154	193	586	793		2			1	30	•	761	52
48	50	551	1,366	6,909	2,409	4	9	8	•••	34	290	•••	751	52

F. POLICE.

### F.—(Continued.)

			STA		IENT C	F		IMBI RS AMI	ER C WHO NAT	F PO	LICE SSED DUR-
			C	ONSTA	BULARY		cted in		Pass MINA	ED TION.	
Ranges,	DISTRICTS.	Teers.	Oryas.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Pariabs, &c.	Number of men instructed Head Quarter School.	Head Constables.	Deputy Constables.	Constables.	Total.
Northern Range.	Ganjam Vizagapatam Godavery Krishna Nellore		489 233 		94 245 364 453 630	44	Inaccurate. Do 258 460 368	6	33 22	163 46	48 193 67
	Total	-	722	17	1,786	563	1,086	44	113	551	708
Central Range.	Kurnool Bellary Cuddapah North Arcot Madras			 16 22	662 779 65 <b>3</b> 499 341	18 77  140 54	87 <b>2</b> 27 145 175 137	4 11 10 2 5	10 27 3 24		34 38 99 117 91
	Total.	-:		43	2,934	289	771	32	66	281	379
Southern Range.	South Arcot Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinuevelly		 	16 19 18 40 26	380 193 197 374 237	218 133 11 75 11	122 106 85 92 62	2 8 2 4 1	5 17 13 5 3	17 32 16 38 <b>2</b> 0	24 57 31 47 24
	Total.			119	2,981	448	467	17	43	123	183
Western Range,	Salem	29 117		21 37 19 3 104	430 439 346 54 196	56 17 27 27 40	125 87 156 55 88	4 2 3  3	18 1 11 	24 37 48 55 50	46 40 62 55 59
	Total.	156		277	1,465	167	511	12	36	214	262
	Grand Total.	156	722	456	7,466	1,467	2,835	105	258	1,169	1,532

F.—(Continued.)

F. POLICE.

FAL P	L OF RICE O	RAIN A F FOOD.	ND	WA]	RRANT AN SERVE	D SUMMO	NS
Fall of	RAIN.	Valu Staple	E OF		GRAVE (	CASES.	
		OF F	оор.	WARR	ANTS.	Summon	8.
Average of 5 years.	1864-65.	Average of 5 years.	1864-65.	Number of Processes.	Number of Persons.	Number of Processes.	Number of Persons.
50·89 35·64 36·04 25·42 30 81	35·38 34·31 28·46 30·56 28·75		102 116 121 109 127	974 1,446 690 539 1,031	993 3,350 869 755 1,521	3,424 2,882 2,400 1,578 4,756	3,424 2,995 3,360 2,631 5,083
35.76	31.49		115	4,610	7,488	15,040	17,493
27·10 17·91 21·51 21·56 34·20	23·59 20·54 16·43 31·32 29·65		201 182 130 106 103	138 281 756 1,984 214	199 441 851 2,350 214	587 1,868 <b>2,</b> 813 5,091 110	854 1,983 2,930 5,652 110
24.45	24.30	100.	144	3,373	4,055	10,469	11,529
70·56 50·90 33·79 36·58 32·57	25·74 36·47 56·10 26·26 16·76	Take	143 125 118 119 125	1,665 885 604 1,590 1,221	1,730 885 604 1,737 1,223	4,116 3,851 1,511 6,300 6,663	4,124 3,864 1,511 6,330 6,663
44.48	32.26		124	5,965	6,179	22,441	22,499
30·24 28·10 109·97 173·33	83·23 139·9	5	99 107 { 117 119 135	732 1,142 368	1,340 734 1,166 378 852	3,473 2,903 2,979 1,273 3,072	3,47 2,90 2,98 1,29 3,07
85-41	83.87		115	4,361	4,470	13,700	13,73
47.59	42.9	3	124	18,309	22,192	61,650	65,24

F.
POLICE.

F.—(Continued.)

			<u>`</u>	ARRA			MMON	s serve	D.
			GRA CAS				MINO	R CASES.	
		ŀ	Тот	AL.		WARR	ANTS.	Sunn	ons.
Ranges.	DISTRICT	'S. •	Number of Processes.	Number of Persons.	Proportion to Population.	Number of Processes	Number of Persons.	Number of Processes.	Number of Persons.
Range.	Ganjam Vizagapatam Godavery Krishna Nellore		4,398 4,328 3,020 2,117 5,787	4,417 6,345 4,229 3,386 6,604	257 270 323 353 151	1,095 1,924 1,069 2,711 1,308	1,100 5,191 1,580 3,931 1,686	7,514 17,708 14,107 14,371 10,434	7,514 17,934 18,276 27,475 11,137
		Total	19,650	24,981	256	8,107	13,488	64,134	82,336
Central Range.	Kurnool Bellary Cuddapah North Arcot Madras		725 2,149 3,569 7,075 324	1,053 2,424 3,781 8,002 324	509 277		1,554 1,870 1,652 2,619 3,735	6,722 10,603 10,382 8,263 14,382	8,289 12,470 10,979 9,670 14,389
		Total	13,849	15,584	342	9,229	11,430	50,352	55,78
Southern Range.	South Arcot Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinnevelly	000 000 000 000	5,781 4,736 2,115 7,890 7,884	2,115	347 444 230	1,248 917 1,896	1,273 917 1,879	28,837 25,599 9,131 13,369 18,003	28,34 25,61 9,13 13,50 18,00
		Total	28,406	28,671	252	8,723	8,824	94,439	94,60
Westeri Range.	Salem Coimbators South Malabar North Malabar South Canara		3,635 4,121 1,641	4,814 3,637 4,149 1,676 3,924	310 334 293 201	1,070 { 1596 { 717	1,070 1,615 727	23,996 13,350 9,777 6,324 3,821	24,00 13,35 9,77 6,40 3,82
		Total	18,061	18,200	286	6,112	6,207	57,268	57,35
	Grand	Total	79,959	87,436	276	32,171	39,949	2,66,193	2,90,07

# F.—(Continued.)

F.
POLICE.

MINO	R CASES	S.			SUI						
Тот	ΔĽ.	on.	By Drov	VNING.	BY OTE		Тота	L.		Drov	-
Number of Processes.	Number of Persons.	Proportion to Population	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
8,609 19,632 15,176 17,082 11,742	8,614 23,125 19,856 31,406 12,823	131 74 68 38 77	78 148 98	41 40 98 95 156	112 205 88 80 97	62 62 36 35 30	155 283 236 178 186	103 102 134 130 186	258 385 370 308 372	6 5 23 20 37	27 93 5
72,241	95,824	66	456	430	582	225	1,038	658	1,693	91	18
7,679 11,753 11,692 10,341 18,116	9,843 14,340 12,624 12,289 18,119	86 83 134	102 60 212	80 99 103 145 75	75 45 22 57 44	38 21 10 30 17	140 147 82 269 146	118 120 113 275 92	258 267 195 544 238	14	25 55 36 40 11
59,581	67,215	79	541	602	243	116	784	718	1,502	51	17
31,182 26,847 10,048 15,195 19,890	31,199 26,883 10,048 15,388 19,907	61 84 120	102 56 115	121 103 62 106 119		19 20	217 200 93 141 174	170 154 81 126 140	387 354 174 267 314	3 8	1 3 2
1,03,162	1,03,425	70	509	511	316	160	825	671	1,496	30	9
26,180 14,420 11,373 7,041 4,366	26,250 14,420 11,394 7,128 4,367	86 }-83	186 { 92 62	181 197 76 36 86	92 70	23 9 17	183 318 184 132 159	195 220 85 53 101	538 269	33 4 3	3 4 1
63,380	63,559	79	565	576	411	<b>7</b> 8	976	654	1,630	54	1
2,98,364	3,30,023	7:	2,071	2,119	1,552	579	3,623	2,701	6,321	226	5

F. POLICE.

F.—(Continued.)

			AC	CIDEN	TAL	DEAT	HS AN	ID SUI	CIDES	J.
					su	ICIDES	3.			
		HANG	ING.	Pois	ON.		HER JS <b>H</b> S.	To	FAL.	
	DISTRICTS.	•								
Ranges.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Northern Range.	Ganjam Vizagapatam Godavery Krishna Nellore	35 15 4 8 10	15 14 6 1	1 	 1 1 1	2 9 2 2	1 5 	43 30 29 30 47	23 41 100 58 7	66 71 129 88 54
	Total	72	37	1	3	15	6	179	229	408
Central Range.	Kurnool Bellary Guddapah North Arcot Madras	9 3 1 10 4	 2 4 1	  1	  	 2 9 1	 1 7 1	24 12 17 33	28 55 39 48 21	52 67 56 91 31
	Total	27	7	4	1	14	9	96	191	287
Southern Range.	South Arcot Tanjore Trichinopoly Madura Tinnevelly	9 8 3 6 13	4 3 3 4 13	   3	 1  2 3	1 1	3	21 13 7 14 21	23 10 13 39 41	44 23 20 53 62
	Total	39	27	3	6	4	3	76	126	202
Western Range.	Salem Coimbatore South Malabar. North Malabar. South Canara	12 4 19 13 20	4 2 6 1 9	1		3 9 3	1 1	26 37 32 19 25	36 50 19 5 25	62 87 51 • 24 50
	Total	68	22	2	1	15	2	139	135	274
	Grand Total	206	93	10	11	48	20	490	681	1,171

F.—(Continued.)

F. POLICE.

				r.	-(00	ntınue	:a.)			
CAPE THE OF	D FRO SEVE THE M	PRISON OM CUST RAL DIS IADRAS BING TH B64 65.	TODY IN TRICTS PRESI-	RETUR STATE	N SHOW OF EDU THE FO	CATION	INCLUDIA	G REMANI	ANBOUS PR D WARRANT DMMITTALS,	S, LEVY
Unt	RIED.	Conv	ICTED.	)			•		rrants.	arched.
Males.	Females.	Malcs.	Females.	Cannot read and write.	Can read and write.	Total.	Number of Processes.	Number of Persons.	Number of Search Warrants	Number of Houses searched
26 45 5 3	2  	1 7 2 	  	774 930 888 1,064 1,135	774 493 379	1,704 1,381 1,443	1,956 2,008 2,159 1,214 1,263	2,088 4,208 3,509 2,681 2,144	212 125 176 173 60	240 318 231 292 103
113	2	10	1	4,791	2,357	7,148	8,600	14,630	746	1,184
19 39 20 16	 2 1 	1 8 2 8 3	  1 2 1	732 888 881 426 <b>2</b> 05	503 343	1,391 1,224 1,343	1,188 33 1,182 1,345 375	2,303 35 1,622 2,288 730	76 125 164 437 66	109 161 175 470 71
105	3	22	4	3,132	2,805	5,937	4,123	6,978	868	986
24 18 12 17	4 2 	3 2 1 3		604 733 326 588 403	652	1,385 731 1,316	4,654 430 997 664 1,366	6,929 582 1,702 1,109 2,341	375 393 138 100 104	463 401 162 134 126
83	6	10	1	2,654	2,966	5,620	8,111	12,663	1,110	1,286
52 19 24 4 5	 	102 9  12 3	 	590 405 648 250 454	541 359	946 1,007	1,050 1,305 1,907 2,949 374	1,537 1,457 2,980 3,599 397	77 73 215 157 71	100 79 <b>2</b> 73 197 73
104	1	126	2	2,347	2,072	4,419	7,585	9,970	593	722
405	12	168	٤	12,924	10,200	23,124	28,419	44,241	3,317	4,178

# G. Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

				NOR	THERN
				GANJAM.	
				Cascs	
DESCRIPTION	of offences	•	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.
No. 1. Offences ag	ainst the person.				
Murder Attempt to murder Culpable homicide		 	28 2 11	18 1 9	10 1 2
Attempt to commit do. Attempt to commit and abe Causing miscarriage Concealment of birth, expos	ure of children	•••	 10 3 1	9 1 1	 1 2
Causing grievous hurt and l Kidnapping and abducting Prostitution of minors Rape	urt to extort co	onfession	4 1 1	1	••• ••• •••
•	Total	of No. 1	61	45	16
No. 2. Offences agains	t property with vi	iolence.			
Robbery in houses		•••	1	1	••• <sub>Q</sub>
Do. in fields Do. on highway and the		•••	6 1	3	3 1
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses		•••	3	··· 1	2
Do. in fields Do. on highways	•••	•••	5 2	2	5
Attempting and assembling House-breaking and burglar	te commit dacoit	y	 546	105	 441
Do. with violence Breaking open closed recept		•••	5		5
Dicardia open closes recept		of No. 2	569	112	457
	2000				
No. 3. Offences against p	roperty without a	iolence.			
Theft Petty theft under Regulatio Extortion	n IV of 1821	•••	890 604 6	370 600 6	520 4
Criminal breach of trust and Receiving, &c., stolen prope Cheating	l misappropriatio	n	48 46 16	47 46 10	1
Frauds relating to weights a	nd measures	•••			•••
	Total	of No. 3	1,610	1,079	531

G.—(Continued.)
of Northern Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

RAN	GE.									
	Ganj	AM				Vız.	AGAPATA	M.		
Pers	ons	Prop	erty		Cases		Perso	ous	Prop	erty
Apprehended.	Couvicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended:	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
51 2 9  10 4 1 14 2  1	21 1 9  1 12 2  1 57	::		25 3 11 2 28 7  7 3  9	12 1 5 1 13   5  2	13 22 6 1 15 7  2 3  7	64 4 17 4 24 22  17 5  9	21 44 77 33 13   5 		
4 7  2  11  349  2 375	3 3  2  4  176	566 2299 10  881 20 95  9,850  9	40 164  13  1,472  1,702	 12 1 9 9 2 6 1 467  8	3 2 80 6	1 9 1 7 2 6 1 387 2		 36  138  11	897 7 136  8,125 	5 6 363 8 1,479 21
1,058 963 11 81 78 64 	943 11 69 63 44 	142 33 467 	26,240 138 23 222 249  26,872	916 1 77, 168 42 94, 7	374  21 44 15 22 1	542 11 56 124 27 72 6	2 82 230 62 82 11	23 68 39 31	\$,004 508 904 	163 755 356 23

Attempt to commit and abstinct of suicide Causing miscarriage Concealment of birth, exposure of children Causing grievous hurt and hurt to extort confession 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Annual Return of Criminal			
No. 1. Offences against the person.			NOR'	THERN
No. 1. Offences against the person.		G	ODAVERY.	
No. 1. Offences against the person.			Cases	
No. 1. Offences against the person.	DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.	Ī	1	
Murder        14       6       8         Attempt to murder         3        3         Culpable homicide <t< td=""><td></td><td>Reported.</td><td>Detected,</td><td>Undetected.</td></t<>		Reported.	Detected,	Undetected.
Attempt to murder	No. 1. Offences against the person.			
Attempt to murder Culpable homicide Attempt to commit and abetment of suicide Attempt to commit and abetment of suicide Causing miscarriage Concealment of birth, exposure of children Causing griovous hurt and hurt to extort confession  22 2 26 Concealment of birth, exposure of children Causing griovous hurt and hurt to extort confession Causing griovous hurt and hurt to extort confession Causing griovous hurt and hurt to extort confession Causing miscarriage Concealment of birth, exposure of children Causing griovous hurt and misappropriation Causing miscarriage Concealment of birth, exposure of children Concealment of birth, exposure of children Concealment of contents Content				8 n
Culpable homicide	Attempt to murder		1	
Attempt to commit and abetment of suicide	Culpable homicide	ا ،	•••	
Attempt to commit and abeliment of suicide Causing miscarriage Concealment of hirth, exposure of children Causing grievous hurt and hurt to extort confession 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Attempt to commit do.	46	11	35
Causing miscarriage Concealment of birth, exposure of children Causing grievous hurt and hurt to extort confession	Attempt to commit and abetinent of suicide	7		7
Causing grievous hurt and hurt to extert contession   12	Causing miscarriage	.1	:::	••
Ridnapping and abducting Prostitution of minors Rape  Total of No. 1  Potal of No. 1  Total of No. 1  Potal of No. 1  Total of No. 1  Total of No. 1  Potal of No. 1  Total of No. 2  Total of No. 3  Total of No.	Concealment of hirth, exposure of children	1 00	2	20
Prostitution of minors Rape	Causing grievous nurt and nurt to extert comession in	1 19		12
Rape   Total of No. 1   127   20   107	Kidnapping and abducting	1 1	***	4
Total of No. 1   127   20   107		0		9
Robbery in houses  Do. in fields  Do. on highway and thoroughfare  Bo. in fields  Do. on highway and thoroughfare  Do. in fields  Do. in fields  Do. in fields  Do. in fields  Do. on highways  Do. on highways  Attempt to commit robbery  Do. on highways  Do. on highways  Attempting and assembling to commit dacoity  House-breaking and burglary  Do. with violence  Breaking open closed receptacle of property  Total of No. 2  444 1 44  No. 3. Offences against property without violence.  Theft  Petty theft under Regulation IV of 1821  Petty theft under Regulation IV of 1821  Cruminal breach of trust and misappropriation  Breads relating  Cruminal breach of trust and misappropriation  Brauds relating to weights and measures  Cruminal breach of weights and measures  Crossing  Frauds relating to weights and measures  Crossing  Crossi	-			
Robbery in houses	Total of No. 1	127	20	107
Do. in fields   So.   Do. on highway and thoroughfare   So.   So	No. 2. Offences against properly with violence.			
Do. in fields   Do. on highway and thoroughfare   Statempt to commit robbery   Statempt to in fields   S	Dalbarrin houses			•••
Do. on highway and thoroughfare  Attempt to commit robbery	Do in fields			
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses  Do. in fields  Do. on highways  Attempting and assembling to commit dacoity House-breaking and burglary  Do. with violence Breaking open closed receptacle of property.  Total of No. 2  448	Do on highway and thoroughfare	9	3	5
Dacoities in houses	Attempt to countit robbery		•••	•••
Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and assembling to commit dacoity House-breaking and burglary Do. with violence Breaking open closed receptacle of property Total of No. 2  **Total of No. 2  **A4**  **No. 3. Offences against property without violence.**  Theft  **Petty theft under Regulation IV of 1821  **Extortion  **Cruminal breach of trust and misappropriation  **Cruminal breach of trust and misappropriation  **Receiving, &c., stolen property  **Cheating  **Cheating  **Frauds relating to weights and measures  **Total of No. 2  **A4**  **A4**  **A5**  **A4**  **A5**  **A4**  **A5**  **A5**  **A6**  **A6**  **A6**  **A7**  **A6**  **A6**  **A7**  **A6**  **Cheating  **A6**  **Cheating  **A6**  **Cheating  **A6**  **Cheating  **A6**	Dacoities in houses	2	2	•••
Do. on highways			•••	
Attempting and assembling to commit dacoity   1	Do on highways	•••		
House-breaking and burglary	Attempting and assembling to commit descrity	. 1	20	
Do. with violence   Breaking open closed receptacle of property     44	House-breaking and burglary		30	000
No. 3. Offences against property without violence.	Do. with violence	1 44	1	43
No. 3. Offences against property without violence.	" -		36	448
Theft				
Petty theft under Regulation IV of 1821   305   261   4	No. 3. Offences against property without violence.			
Petty theft under Regulation IV of 1821 305 201 38 2 3 3	Theft			
Extortion 191 54 13 Criminal breach of trust and misappropriation 191 54 17 Receiving, &c., stolen property 35 2 Cheating 6 3 Frauds relating to weights and measures 6	Petty theft under Regulation IV of 1821			
Receiving, &c., stolen property 84 17 66 Receiving, &c 35 2 33 Cheating 6 3	Extortion		1	
Cheating 35 2 3: Frauds relating to weights and measures 6 3			ام.	
Frauds relating to weights and measures 6 3				
Fradus tending to weights and measures		``  6		
Total of No. 3   1,533   602   93	Frauds relating to weights and measures	"		
	Total of No. 3.	1,533	602	931

G.—(Continued.)

Of Northern Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

#### RANGE.

	GODA	VERY.				· K	ISTN A.			
Per	rsons	Prop	erty		Cases		Pers	ous	Propo	erty
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
28 14 5  44 8  20 8 6 14 	12			18 6 6  27 3 7 12 3  10	4   5  2 2 2 	14 66 66 22 3 5 100 3 10	17 5 8  15 4 8 17 15  9	5 5 3 2 	69     50 	
9 24 2 180 38 253	4 12 40 3	294  23  13,233	 6 13 640 16 675	9 28 52  10 17 11 1 800  6 934	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 27 50  9 15 10  782  5	 52 54  64 32 6 1 164  1	1 4  23 6 5 1 27  1 ————————————————————————————————	16 364 2,564  2,783 560 697 24,655  453	 102  1,574  446
965 466 28 160 128 31	415 418 2 75 23 2	17,512 36 84 1,484 1,283 103	3,345 25  436 . 254	952  38 158 44 38 20	325  10 54 15 8 1	627  28 99 29 30 19	1,645  31 134 95 15 6	791  3 80 36 11	15,920  8,350 1,928 33	5,045  1,134 474
1,797	950	20,502	4,060	1,245	413	832	1,926	922	26,231	6,65

### G.—(Continued.)

### Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

				NOR'	THERN
		-		NELLORE.	
				Cases	
DESCRIPTION O	OF OFFENCES.		Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.
No. 1. Offences a	gainst the person.				
Murder			12	3	. 9
Attempt to murder	***	•••	1	1	2
Culpable homicide.	•••		2		Z
Attempt to commit do.  Attempt to commit and about	ment of suicide.		" n	3	8
Causing miscarriage			3		3 2 5
Concealment of birth, expos	sure of children.		3 7	1 2	2
Causing grievous hurt and l	urt to extort conies	s1011	1	"	1
Kidnapping and abducting Prostitution of minors	•••		il		1
Rape			10	1	9
	Total of	No. 1	51	11	40
No. 2. Offences against	property with violen	ce.			
Robbery in houses	•••		_1		1
Do in fields	•••		79 50	20 9	59 41
Do. on highway and the	oroughlare	•••	5	2	3
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses.	•••		ï	1	
Do. in fields	•••		25	4	21
Do. on highways			27	5	22 2
Attempting and assembling	to commit dacoity	. 1	58 <b>8</b>	93	495
House-breaking and burglar Do. with violence	y				•••
Breaking open closed recept	acle of property		31	10	21
	Total of	No. 2	809	144	665
No. 3. Offences against 1	property without viol	ence.			
_			1 934	330	895
Theft Petty theft under Regulation			306	275	31
Extortion	II T A OI 1021 ***		17	3	14
Criminal breach of trust and	misappropriation		94	40	54
Receiving, &c., stolen prope	rty		15 29	15 6	23
Cheating Frauds relating to weights		•••	4	3	-ŭ
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Total of	- 1	1,699	681	1,018

G.—(Continued.)
of Northern Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

RA	NGE.									
	NELLO	LE.					TOTAL.			
Per	sons	Propert	y	Ca	ses		Persons	_ _	Property	y
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
339	32 10 17 21 32 15 3 84 13 29 4 153 27 20 76 273	13,369 89	54  175	3,303 4,866 1,216 176 654	1,136 42 239	80 134 415	1,897 165 661	47 347	69 50 119 75 1,214 3,494 6,315 1,309 1,746 65,991 1,112 81,256 89,467 948 13,157 3,847	
	23 19	128	12 		108	123 164	386 200	180 94 20	3,847 1,040 	
1,8	_	14,438	3,871	7,392	3,252	4,140	9,185	5,492	1,08,726	47,728

					NO	RTHE	RI
					GANJAM.		
					Cases		
DESCRIPTION	OF C	offences.				,	
				Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	
No. 4. Malicious Of	Tences o	against porperty.					
Mischief to animals				6	3	•	3
Do. with aggravating o	arcum	BURINGES		• 6 4	6 3	•••	]
-		Total of No	0. 4	16	12		4
No. 5. Forgery and O	fences	against Currency	y.				
Forgery	,	•••		1	1		1
Counterfeiting coins	•••	•••	•••	1	1	•••	
Uttering coins Frauds relating to stamps	•••	•••		1	1	•••	
		Total of No	0. 5	3	2		1
No. 6. Offences not incl	luded i	n the above class	es.				_
Unlawful assembly	•••	••		1	1	•••	
Riot	•••	•••		5	5	•••	
Affray Harbouring escape and rescu	 e	Candon	•••	35	35	•••	
Return from transportation		menuers,		2	2	•••	
Negligent escape	•••	•••		. 5	3	•••	2
False evidence Nuisances and offences again	 ıst pub	lic health, safety	v. and	•••		•*•	
decency Nuisances and other offence	-	•	f	8	7		ונ
of 1859	s unac	er Police Act A	AIV	195	189		6
Breach of Post Office Act	•••	•••				•••	ì
Railway Act	•••	•••	•••			•••	
		Total of No.	6	251	242		9
No. 7. Offences	again <b>s</b>	t Revenue.	-				
Abkarri	•	***		11	10		1
Salt	•••	***	-	42	38		4
		Total of No	. 7	53	48		5
		Grand To	otal	2,563	1,540	1,02	23

G.—(Continued.)

of Northern Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

,	RANG	E.						_		
	Ganj	AM.				V:	ZAGAPA'	TAM.		
Perso	ns	Prope	rty	<del></del>	Cases		Perso	113	Propert	<b>y</b>
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
24 23 4	3 15 4	 		19 36 9	7 2 3	12 34 6	26 94 295	16 11 3	70) 363 75	
51	22	10		64	12	52	415	30	508	
1	1 1	 		9 4	3 	7 1	20 3	3		•••
2	2			13	5	8	23	6		•••
6 24 161 3	6 14 134 2			3 7 8 4	2 5 5 2	1 2 3 2	18 56 34 9	16 47 24 3		•••
6	4 			12 2	9	3 2	22 3	13		
19	12			25	13	12	39	22		•••
595 	497 	::: :::	•••	245 1 	223  	22 ] 	2,028 1 	1,768		
814	669	-		307	259	48	2,210	1,893		
44 194	33 177	4 79	79	16 87	86 86	8	493	435	118	11
238	210	83	82	103	94	9	523	446	125	
3,829	2,918	42,638	28,656	2,394	977	1,417	5,498	3,394	26,218	8,27

### G.—(Continued.) Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

					NOR	 MERN
				Ü	ODAVERY.	
					Cases	
DESCRIPTION O	F OFF	ENCES.		;;		
				Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.
No. 4. Malicious Offe	ences aga	uinst propert	y.		į	
Mischief to animals	•••	•••		16	.,.	16
Do. with aggravating c	irenmsta 	inces	•••	8 21	!	7 21
20. 07		Total of	No 4	45	1	44
				7./		
No. 5. Forgery and Of	Jenees ag	anst Curre	icy.			
Forgery Counterfeiting coins	•••	•••	•••	11 <sup>1</sup>	2	9
Uttering coins		•••	•• ;	9	1	8
Frauds relating to stamps	• •	•••				
		Total of	No. 5. ,;	21	3	18
No. 6. Offences not incl	uded in t	the above clu	ases.			•
Unlawful assembly	•••	•••		6	3	3
Riot Affray	•••	•••	•}	7	2! 10	5
Harbouring escape and rescu	e of offc	nders				
Return from transportation Negligent escape	•••	•••		3	1.	9
False evidence	•••			5		ā
Nuisances and offences again	***	•••		45	11	3-1
Nuisances and other offence	s under	Police Act	XXIV			61
of 1859 Breach of Post Office Act	••	•••	•••	335	27.4	1
Railway Act	•••	•••	•••}			•••
		Tetal of	No. 6	413	301	112
No. 7. Offences	<b>ag</b> ainst	Revenue.	i			
Abkarri				63	5	38
Salt				109	100	(
		Total of	No. 7	172	125	47
		Grand	Total	2,795	1,088	1,707

CXXX

G.—(Continued.)

G.

of Northern Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

(	HODAVER	Υ.				Kı	STNA.			
Persons	3	Prope	rty	,	Cases		Perso	ns	Proper	ty
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected,	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
27 3 19	1	61		41 11 7	6	35 11 7	77 15 9		104	
49	1	67		59			101	12	516	
5 9	1	650   650		8 3 1 12	1 1	2 1	 5  16	1 3	2 7	
20) 62) 46)  2	12 18 38 			 10 10 6  4	6 10 3	4 6 1	 97 57 2  6	 44 43  		
65	15			16	1	Jõ	6	5		
681	502 	 		238 4 	194 2 	44 2 	805 5 	653 2 	<sub>27</sub>	 2
883	586			293	216	77	983	751	97	2'
128 252 380	59 243 302	25 28 	25 13 38	34 26 60	16 16 32	18 10 28	69 103 172	29 82 111	395 396	37
3,523		35,283		2,695	709	1,986	3,670		59,388	9,21

### G.—(Continued.)

### Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

					NC	RTHERN
					NELLORE	
					Cases	
DESCRIPTION	N OF	OFFENCES.		Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.
No. 4. Malicious Offe	nces ag	ainst property.				
Mischief to animals Do. with aggravating circ Do. by fire	cumsta		••	27 29 12	2 2	
		Total of No	. 4	68	4	64
No. 5. Forgery and Offe	nces a	gainst Currency.				
Forgery Counterfeiting coins. Uttering coins		•••	•••	6 2 7	3 ] 4	3 1 3
Frauds relating to stamps.	•••	•••	•••			
		Total of No		15	8	7
No. 6. Offences not inclu	ded in	the above classes	•			
Unlawful assembly Riot	••	•••	 	2 27	1 2	1 25
Affray Harbouring escape and rescu	e of of	fenders.	•••	25 5	25 2	3
Return from transportation.	•••	•••		•••		
Negligent escape False evidence.	 	 Kalandae.		6 6	4	2 2
Nuisances and offences agains decency.				13	4	9
Nuisances and other offences	under	Police Act XXI	- 1	152	137	
Breach of Post Office Act. Railway Act.		***				15
••		Total of No. 6		237	179	58
No. 7. Offences age	zinst .	Revenue.		-		
Abkarri Salt	•••	•••		28 17	18 14	10 3
		Total of No.	7	45	32	13
		Grand Tot	al	2,924	1,059	1,865

G.—(Continued.)
of Northern Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

#### RANGE. NELLORE. TOTAL. Persons Property Property Cases Persons Apprehended. Apprehended. Undetected, Recovered. Convicted. Recovered. Convicted. Reported, Detected. Lost. Lost. 1.133 1.686 •--8 2 9 ... •• ••• ... 56 ... ٠.. ٠.. ••• ... ... ••• в 4,409 1,017 3,680 1,165 ... ••• ٠.. ٠.. ... ... ... ••• 5,381 4,320 1,501 1,197 ••• ...10 1,085 1,378 1,132

5,511 13,371

1,878 29,611

5,373

56,425

7,998 19,295 11,996 1,93,138

### G.—(Continued.)

### Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

					Ci	ENTRAL
			-	K	URNOOL.	
					Cases	
DESCRIPTION	OF OFFI	ENCES.	1		[	
			į			rei
				ted.	ed.	ecte
				Reported	Detected	Undetected
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
No. 1. Offences a	gainst the p	erson.	į			İ
Murder	•••	•••		19	9	10
Attempt to murder Culpable homicide	•••	•.•		3		3 3
Attempt to commit do.			•••			j
Attempt to commit and abet	ment of su	icide	•…	8	2	6
Causing miscarriage Concealment of birth, exposur	re of childr	en	:"	3	•••	1 3
Causing grievous hurt and hu	irt to extor	t confes	sion .	11	7	4
	••	•••	•••			
Prostitution of minors	•••			6	1	5
	,	Total of	No. 1	54	19	35
No. 2. Offences agains	t property e	with viole	nce.			
Robbery in houses			1	18		18
Do. in fields	•••	•••	•. '	36	1	35
Do. on highway and thore	ughfare	•••		31	4	27
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses		•••		7	,	7
Dacoities in houses Do. in fields	•••	•••	::	7 47	1	6 47
Do. on highways	•••	•••		25	2	23
Attempting and assembling to House-breaking and burglary	o commit d	acoit <del>y</del>		2		2
House-breaking and burglary Do. with violence	•••	•••	•••	540	76	464
Breaking open closed recepts	cle of pro	perty		19		19
<i>G</i> ,		•	No. 2			
	•	romi oi	140. Z	732	84	<b>-</b>
No. 3. Offences against pro	perty with	out violes	ice.			
Theft			i	202	924	553
Petty theft under Regulation	IV of 1821	ı		787 141	234 134	7
Extortion				7		7
Criminal breach of trust and	misappropr -	iation	•••	80	<b>39</b> 8	41 11
Receiving, &c., stolen propert, Chesting	•	•••	••	19 23	4	19
Frauds relating to weights an	d measures	•••		15	7	. 8
		Total of	No. 3	1,072	426	646
cxxxiv						

G.—(Continued.)

of Central Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

	• • • • • • •			-		-	-			•
	Kurn	00L.					UDDAPA	H,		
Perso	ns	Prope	rıy		Cases		Perso	ns i	Prop	erty
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	' Recovered.
41 2' 11'  7  1 24 	9 2 7 1	10     	19	10 6 1 4 1 2 10 2 2 2	5 3  2 1 2 3 1 1 	5 3 1 2 7 1 2 21	122 29 1  4 3 2 11 3  2 177	5 3  2 3 2 6 6 2 	137	11:
6. 17, 15  8 31 33 265  7	105		78 26 26  86 44 220 2,380  5	3, 57, 68, 17, 31, 63, 76, 9, 378, 1, 8,		3 53 57 15 25 57 69 4 316 1	30 54 9 93 126 85 26 281 9	 8 24 3 68 33 23 14 77  8	72 293 1,422 2,029 653 3,341 48,137 1 78 56,026	 19  24 4 16  3,35  1
636, 238, 10, 76, 49, 17, 8	214  54 11 4	30 1,600  274	43 25 366 600 30	31 28 18 3	29, 12, 7, 1,	309; 2; 1; 16; 11; 2; 	1	368 42  18 7	10	1,67 62 \$3 5 

### G.—(Continued.)

### Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

			<u> </u>		CE	NTRAL
			ŀ	No	вти Авсо	т.
					Cases	
DESCRIPTION (	OF OFFE	NCES.		Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.
No. 1. Offences	against the	e person.				
Murder	•••	•••		19	6	13
Attempt to murder	•••	•••	•••	3	2	1
Culpable homicide Attempt to commit do.	•••	•••	::·i	اق ا	3	•••
Attempt to commit and abetr	nent of su	icide		16	8	8
Causing miscarriage	••		•	5	2	3
Concealment of birth, exposu	tre of child	ren		7 23	4	3 16
Causing grievous hurt and hu Kidnapping and abducting	Lr to exto	i Contesti		23	1	2
Prostitution of minors	•••					~
Rape	•••	•••	•••	2		2
		tal of No.		80	32	48
No. 2. Offences against	property 1	oith violenc	e.			
Robbery in houses	•••	•••		5	1	4
Do in fields	··; e	•••	•••	55	1	54
Do. on highway and thore Attempt to commit robbery	ughiare	•••	•	55 5	6	49
Decoities in houses	•••	•••		39	5	5 34
Do. in fields	•••	•••		48	11	37
Do. on highways			•••	50	4	46
Attempting and assembling House-breaking and burglar	to commit	dacoity	•••	507		400
Do. with violence	,	•••		307	68	439 1
Breaking open closed recept	acle of pr	operty		5	2	3
	Tot	al of No.	2	774	98	676
No. 3. Offences" against pr	operty wit	hout violen	ce.			
m					- 1	
Theft	. 137 . 6 3	001		658	258	400
Petty theft under Regulation Extertion	n iv of l	<b>521</b>	••	500 19	434	66 18
Criminal breach of trust and	i misappro	priation	::	81	17	64
Receiving, &c. stolen proper	ty			24	9	15
Cheating Frauds relating to weights a	nd masses	•••	•••	21		21
Trans sources to Meights 8	ma measur	es		3		3
		Total of N	o. 3	1,306	719	587
			<del></del>			

G.—(Continued.)
of Central Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

RA	NGE.									
1	North	ARCOT.					Madras	S.		
Perso	ns	Prope	erty		Cases		Pers	ons	Prope	rty
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
34 3 4  14 8 9 54 3  2	7 22 44 8 4 5 9 39	   179	::	7 6 1 177 5 5 5 9 3 3 6 6 64	4 3  6 1 3 2 2 2 2 2 	3 3 3  1 11 4 2 3 7 1 6 	27 9  1 17 6 10 8 9 6 8	5 2  6 1 4 2 1 2 	    36	    36
4 8 30  172 60 78 3 327  4 686	11 3 9  15 21 17  91  4	308 292 1,002  13,000 690 3,099  42,698  4 61,093	3,208 3,671	9 9 14  8  284  339	2 2 1 47 52	9 9 12 8 5 7 237 287	 20  36 19 14  189  282	2 4 2 61 69	49 43 297  2,626 69 569  6,119 	11 7 43 605 668
612 670 11 74 41 10	396 659 1 23 11 	20,942 160 220 3,065 194 537  25,118	6,710 128  238 42  7,118	688 478 7 295 44 25 3	358 442 2 - 70 18 2 3	330 36 5 225 26 23 	808 790 14 166 73 10 3	542 735 2 155 24 2 3	8,040 107 42 3,308 81 49 	4,105 86 18 1,485 82 

		~_ ···	1		CE	NTRAL
			-		BELLARY	
			1		Cases	
DESCRIPTION	of offe	ENCES.	1			
			1	-		ted.
		•		Reported	Detected	Undetected
No. 1. Offences a	nainet the					
Murder	juines inc	ретвол.		97	10	17
Attempt to murder	•••	•••		27 8	3	5
Culpable homicide	•••	•••		3	1	2
Attempt to commit do.			}	,	٠٠٠ م	
Attempt to commit and about the Causing miscarriage	tment of s	uicide		13	6	7 12
Concealment of birth, expos	ure of chil	dren		10	2	8
Causing grievous hurt and	hurt to ex	tort conf	ession	20	6	14
Kidnapping and abducting	•••	•••		2		2 1
Prostitution of minors Rape	•••	•••	•••	1	:::	1
nape	•••	•••				
No. 2. Offences agains	t mronariu	Total of	-	98	29	69
	· property	icien viose	ACE.			7
Robbery in houses Do. in fields	•••	•••	•••	66	2	64
Do. on highway and the	oronghfare	•.•	:::	101	8	93
Attempt to commit robbery	•••	•••		31		31
Dacoities in houses	•••	•••		11	2	9
Do. in fields Do. on highways	•••	•••	•••	66 51	7 5	59 46
Attempting and assembling	to commit	decoity		11	1	11
House-breaking and burglar	y			494	74	420
Do. with violence	- •••			11	3	8
Breaking open closed recept	acle of pro	perty				•••
		Total of	No. 2	849	101	748
No. 3. Offences against p	roperty mi	thout vial	ence.			
Theft				1,326	357	969
Petty theft under Regulatio	n IV of 18	321		683	519	164
Extortion				19	1	18
Criminal breach of trust and	misappro	priation		129	57	72 23
Receiving, &c., stolen prope Cheating		***	` ••	30 37	7	23 34
Frauds relating to weights a	nd measur	es		10	6	4
		Total of	No. 3	2,234	950	1,284

G.—(Continued.)
of Central Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

RAN	GE									
	Bru	ARY.					Тота	L.		
Per	sons	Pro	perty		Cases		Pers	ons	Proper	rty
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detreted.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
53 14 2  11 17 5 40 9 5	14 3 1  6 1 9 7 				34 11 4  24 5 11 25 3 2	48 15 6 1 34 20 16 44 12 2	57 18 1 53 34 27 137 24	2	324 34     215	210 14    36
157	34	130	87	334	120	214	659	138	573	260
18, 30, 56, 11, 14, 54, 65, 5, 330, 6,	 3 9  5 7 9  101 3 	2,277 782 2,242 3,735  24,593 992	 54 371  2 223 651  4,402 12 	42 223 269 60 96 231 210 26 2,203 13 32	1 8 31 2 14 26 19 5 327 3 6	41 215 238 58 82 205 191 21 1,876 10 26	28 89 175 20 323 293 275 34 1,392 15 20	1 150 50 3 91 65 60 14 435 3 12	815 1,658 5,796  19,445 4,331 33,087  1,48,388 993 273 2,14,786	78 102 692 603 334 1,206  13,945 12 24
963 858 1 <b>9</b> 129 41 35 6	546 657 3 90 10 4 6	199 235 2,0 <b>2</b> 0 678 1,808	23,412 137 166 682 494 1,551 	4,001 1,833 53 613 135 109 31	1,440 1,558 4 195 49 10 16	2,561 275 49 418 86 99 15	3,677 2,607 47 495 224 74 17 7,141	2,223 2,307 6 340 63 11 10	1,389 2,722 	38,387 401 215 3,396 1,363 1,638

							_
					CE	NTR	ΑI
			ľ	K	URNOOL.		
			1		Cases		_
DESCRIPTION	OF OF	FENCES.			1		
						Ę.	
		•		ted.	ted.	tecte	
				Reported	Detected	Undetected	
25							
No. 4. Malicious Off	ences ag	ainst proper	ty.	27	2		25
Mischief to animals  Do. with aggravating c	 ircumst	ances	:::	5	2		2 U
Do. by fire	•••	•••		2			2
		Total of	No. 4	34	2		32
No. 5. Forgery and Of	Tences a	gainst Curre	ncy.				
Forgery				3			3
Counterfeiting coins	•••	•••				•••	
Uttering coins	•••	•••	•••	3	1		2
Frauds relating to stamps	•••	 				•••	_
** * ***		Total of	-	6	1		5
No. 6. Offences not inclu	ded in	the above clo	tsees.		į		
Unlawful assembly		•••		4	2		2
Riot Affray	•••	•••		13	10 2		3
Harbouring escape and rescu	e of offi	enders.		1	1	•••	
Return from transportation		***				***	
Negligent escape	•••	•••		7	5		2
False evidence	 bl	in hanlih and	انت بد	1	1	•••	
Nuisances and offences again decency	rer hans	TO HEATEN, SAI	ery, and	10	1		9
Nuisances and other offence	es unde	r Police Ac	XXIV	0.5	0-		
of 1859 Breach of Post Office Act	•••	••		65	65	•••	
Railway Act	•••	•••				•••	
e <sup>1</sup>	•••		-	102	86		16
N N OF		Total of	NO. B				_
No. 7. Offences of	gainst .	ilevenue.				į	6
Abkarri Salt	•••	•••		7	2 7	•••	2
•	•	Total of	No. 7	11	9		2
		2002.01	-			1,38	-

G. POLICE.

G.—(Continued.)
of Central Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

	Ku	rnool.		CUDDAPAH.							
Perso	ons	Prop	erty		Cases		Perso	ns	Prope	erty	
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	
20 13 2	4 •••	237 1,130 100	l	23  20	5 4	18  16		4	160  2,264	•••	
35	4	1,467		43	9	34	33	14	2,424		
 3  3				1	1 1 2		1	1 1 2			
35 164 18 	11 127 18 		  	25 25 1 5	2 4 25 1  5	  	J6 31 107 25 	16 29 99 4 8		***	
1	1	1		5	5		5	5		•••	
20 148 	144 	 	•••	85 	84 	1 	204	197 		 	
399	310			132	129	3	405	363		•••	
2 18	2 18			2				1		***	
20	1,133	64,945	6,389	1,551	547	1,004	2,121	1,097	69,357	6,61	

					CE	NTRAL
			1	Nor	тн Авсол	P.
					Cases	
DESCRIPTION	OF OF	FENCES.				
				Reported:	Detected.	Undetreted.
No. 4. Malicious Offer	nces aga	inst properts	y.			
Mischief to animals	•••			19	. 3	9
Do. with aggravating c	ircums		•••	16	2	8 15
Do, by ште	•••	•••	"-			
		Total of	No. 4.	35	6	29
No. 5. Forgery and Off	ences ag	ainst Current	cy.			
Forgery	•••	•••		18	3	15
Counterfeiting coins	•••	•••	•••	2		2
Uttering coins Frauds relating to stamps	•.•	•••		3	2	
		Total of	No 5	23		18
No. G. Offences not inclu	ded in t		-			10
Unlawful assembly.		a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	İ			
Riot	•••	•••		26	22	2
Affray				3	3	.,
Harbouring escape and rescu Return from transportation				2	1	1
Negligent escape	•••	•••		7	5	2
False evidence		•••		9	5	4
Nuisances and offences again	st publi	c health, saf	ety, and	2,	90	5
decency Nuisances and other offence	s unde	Police Act	XXIV	31	26	ð
of 1859	•••	•••		211	197	14
Breach of Post Office Act. Railway Act	•••	•.•		8	6	2
italiwaj Mov	•••	Total of !	-			
No. 7. Offences	anaiest		-	301	267	34
Abkarri.	-y wo Rati	evenue.				5
Salt	•••	•••		5	**:	
		Total of	No. 7	5		5
		Grand	Total	2,524	1,127	1,397

G.—(Continued.)
of Central Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

G.

	NORTH .	ARCOT.					Madra	5.		
Perso	na	Prop	erty		Cases		Pers	ons	Prope	rty
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
4 29 11	3 3 1	 327		6 2 6	1 1	5) 1 6	2 15 12	1 5	17  246	
44	7	386		14	2	12 	29	6	263	
22 3 3	10 2	175  	•••	11 9 2	3 1 2 	8 1 	16 1 12 	2 1 8		•••
28	12	175		15	6	9	29	11		
53 10 8 3	53 2 8 1	•••	•••	5 5 33 5	3 2 30 2	2 3 3 3	28 10 108 8	21 9 76 2	 41 	 2:
 13 14	 10 5	 	 	 7 10	 5 2	 2 8	 7 10	 5 3		•••
57	49			12	7	5	` 16	12		•••
404 8	351 6	•••		197 2 3	171  3	26 2 	3] 1 1 3	299  8	:::	***
570	485			279	225	54	502	430	41	2:
7	***	•••	••	35 49	10 45	25 4	13 164	2 146	107	10
7				84	55	29	177	148	109	10
2,884	1 704	87,023	10,789	2,335	1,258	1,077	2,984	9,150	21,848	6,61

clxiii

### G.—(Continued.) Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

			1		OP	NTRAL
			-			NIKAL
			_		BELLARY.	
			1		Cases	
DESCRIPTION	OF OF	FENCES.	-			
						ಡ
		•	1	ted.	ed.	ecte
				Reported	Detected	Undetected
No. 4. Malicious Oj	fences an	ainst porperty.				
Mischief to animals	,			44	2	42
Do. with aggravating	circumst	ances		20	7	13
Do. by fire	•••	•••		17	2	10
		Total of N	0. 4	81	11	70
No. 5. Forgery and C	Offences a	gainst Currenc	y.			
Forgery		•••		5	1	4
Counterfeiting coins	•••	•••	•••	21	2	19
Uttering coins Frauds relating to stamps	•••	•••				
		Total of N	o. 5	26	3	2:
No. 6. Offences not inc	cluded in	the above class	es.			
Unlawful assembly	•••			8	5	8
Riot	•••	•••	•••	9 36	9 32	
Affray Harbouring escape and reso	we of of	enders		12	32	•
Return from transportation				**	1	
Negligent escape	•••	•••		11	7	4
False evidence	 	. hasli * 4		13	4	9
Nuisances and offences again			0	13	6	•
Nuisances and other offend	es under	Police Act	XXIV	CER	03.0	
of 1859 Breach of Post Office Act	•••	•••	•••	656 2	610	40
Railway Act	•••	•••			1	•••
		Total of No.	6	760	677	8
No. 7. Offences	against	Revenue.	-			
Abkarri	•••	***		60	20	4
Salt	***	•••			•••	
		Total of N	0. 7	60	20	40
		Grand I	otal	4,108	1,791	2,31
Abkarri Salt	***	Total of N	o. 7	60	20	•••

clxiv

G.—(Continued.)
of Central Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

G. Police.

E.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Bel	LARY.		1			Total	L.		
ons	Pro	perty		Cases		Per	sons	Prop	erty
Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
	2 1,4 5 7 11 2 1,36	6 1	<b>6</b> i 34	1 10	) 2	4 71	5 2 9 2	0 1,931 5 1,246 7 4,306	11 16
2	2,94	3 2	4 207	30	17	7 19	5	2 7,483	27
		::: ::: :::	30		2:	3 4:	1	1 4	
56 114			45 36 99 20	34 27 92 7	7	274 389 71	923 316 17	41	23 
			37 38	27 17	10 21		40 19		***
64 1,842 1	•••		70 1,214 4 11	43 1,127 1 9	87 3	3,034	2,833 1		101 101 011 
2,101			1,574	1,394	190	4,330	3,749	41	23
12			106	33 52	73 4	66 182	164	107	107
	83,1 <b>69</b>	3 <b>2,</b> 268							109 62,679
	600 564 1,842 1 2,101	BELLARY.  Sons Pro  2 1,45 17 11 2 1,36 21 2,94:  1 3  60 566 114 10 9 61 1,842 1,842 2,101 2,101	Bellary.  Sons Property  2 1,458 17 116 2 1,369 21 2,943 2  1 2 3  60 56 114 10 9 110 9 110 1842 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2	Bellary.    Sons	Bellary.    Property   Cases   Property   Pr	Bellary.    Sons	BELLARY.   Cases   Persons   Property   Cases   Persons   Property   Persons   Perso	Soing   Property   Cases   Persons   Property   Prope	Sons

					SOU	THER	N
				Sc	UTH ABCO	r.	
					Cases		
DESCRIPTION (	of offer	NCES.					
				Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	
No. 1. Offences ag	ainst the p	erson.					
Murder	•••	•••		5			3
Attempt to murder	•••	•••	•••	3			3
Culpable homicide	•••	•••	•• [	•••		***	
Attempt to commit do.	***			1			1
Attempt to commit and abet	ment of su	iciae		9	2		7
Causing miscarriage			•••	3 6			3 5
Concealment of birth, exposu Causing grievous hurt and h	re or comu	reil	on "	19		7	16
Kidnapping and abducting	HILL TO CYLL	IL CONTESS		3		•	2
Prostitution of minors	•••	•••	""				-
Rape		•••	•	8	***	•••	8
Mape	•••	•••	" _				_
		Total of N	o. 1	57	9	4	48
No. 2. Offences against	property w	ilh violence					
Robbery in houses	***	•••		. 8		P.	5
Do. in flelds		•••	•••	34	1 "1		27
	NOUKHIRE	***	•••	30	7	1	23
Do. on highway and the				1	1 1		
Attempt to commit robbery		•••	••	31		•••	95
Attempt to commit robbery Decoities in houses.	•••	•••		31	. 8		
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields	•••	•••		31 28	8		2
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways	•••		•••	31	8		2
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and assembling	to commit		• •	31 28	8 3 2		2:
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and assembling House-breaking and burglar Do. with violence	to commit	dacoity	•••	31 21 21	8 3 2  43		2: 2:
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and assembling House-breaking and burglar	to commit	dacoity		31 21 21 45	8 3 2  43		28 28 28 419
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and assembling House-breaking and burglar Do. with violence	to commit	dacoity	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	31 21 21 45	8 3 2  43	 4	2: 2:
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and assembling House-breaking and burglar Do. with violence	to commit  J	dacoity perty. Total of N	io. 2	31 21 21 45	8 3 2  43	 4	2:
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and sasembling House-breaking and burglar Do. with violence Breaking open closed recepts	to commit y sacle of property with	dacoity perty. Total of N	io. 2	45: 	8 3 2 2 43 74	 4  5	29 21 119 530
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and sasembling House-breaking and burglar Do. with violence Breaking open closed recepts	to commit y sacle of property with	dacoity perty. Total of N	io. 2	31 22 23  45 610	8 3 2 2 43 74 453	4 5	29 21 119 53 87
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and sasembling House-breaking and burglar Do. with violence Breaking open closed recepts  No. 3. Offences against p Theft Petty theft under Regulation	to commit y sacle of property with	dacoity perty. Total of N	io. 2	31 22 23  45 610	8 3 2 2 3 43 3 4 3 3 4 5 3 7 3 9 5 7 3 9	4 5	2: 2: 41: 53: 87:7
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and sasembling House-breaking and burglar Do. with violence Breaking open closed recepts  No. 3. Offences against p  Theft Petty theft under Regulation Extortion	to commit  y  acle of property with	dacoity perty. Total of P	io. 2	31 22 22  45  610	7 453 7 39 7 453 7 39	4 5	29 21 119 530 87
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and sasembling House-breaking and burglar Do. with violence Breaking open closed recepts  No. 3. Offences against p  Theft Petty theft under Regulatio Extortion Criminal breach of trust and	to commit y sole of property with an IV of 18	dacoity perty. Total of N thout violen 21 priation	io. 2	31 22 24  610	8 3 2 2 3 43 3 453 5 739 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4 5	29 21 11: 53: 87 7
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and sasembling House-breaking and burglar Do. with violence Breaking open closed recepts  No. 3. Offences against p  Theft Petty theft under Regulatio Extortion Criminal breach of trust and Receiving, &c., stolen propes	to commit y sole of property with an IV of 18	dacoity perty. Total of N thout violen 21 priation	To. 2	31 22 24 35 45 616 1,32 81 15	74 75 74 75 75 74 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	4	2: 2: 31: 53: 7 9: 2
Attempt to commit robbery Dacoities in houses. Do. in fields Do. on highways Attempting and sesembling House-breaking and burglar Do. with violence Breaking open closed recepts  No. 3. Offences against p  Theft Petty theft under Regulation Extortion Criminal breach of trust and	to commit  y  roperty with  n IV of 18  misapproprix	dacoity perty. Total of N thout violen 21 priation	To. 2	1,32 81 1,56 1,56 1,56 1,56 1,56	74 75 74 75 75 74 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	4 5	29 21 119 530

### G.—(Continued.)

G.

of Southern Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

RANGE

KAI	14E									
	South A	RØOT.				TA	njore.			
Pers	ons	Proper	ty		Cases		Perso	ns	Proper	ty
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
10 12  6 8 1 3 3 2  11 83	2   7  1 18 1 	• 4      27	2        	6 1 10 9 6 1 1 9 19 1 5	1 9 3 3 1 4 1 15	5 1 8  6 3  5 19  5	18 2 20 7 9 2 17 292 1 5 103	1 2 3 8 1 6 1 17	50 	
9 28 27 1 150 49 79  207 	2 8 12 1 30 5 9  62 	2,291 114 497  29,909 449 1,310 14,754 1 	1 8 49  226 27 30  618 	13 4 12 2 32 4 3 810 	1 1 4 1 8 8 2  60 	12 3 8 1 24 2 3 3 750  1	20 12 20 5 152 37 7.  395	11 4 8 4 34 14  101 	1,003 10 170 18,745 18 496 35,861  51,303	19  14  323  3,843 
1,498 1,267 4 165 113 55 5	1,440 1,159 2 78 32 8	567 1 2,545 497 584 20	3,051 131  285 336 12	983 876 29 86 29 29	253 775  20 3 2	730 101 29 66 26 27	20 88 43 12 	1,092 	4,208 327 202	6,829 126 4 1,486 163 39
3,107	2,721	21,654	3,815	2,032	1,053	979	2,459	1,574	33,214	8,6

czlvii

G. POLICE,

					S	OU'	THERN
•			[	TR	CHINC	POLY	
					Cases	) 	
DESCRIPTION O	F OFFEN	CES.					
				Reported.	Detected.		Undetected.
No. 1. Offences ag	gainst the p	erson.					
Murder	•••	•••		1	•••		
Attempt to murder	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	ו	•••
Culpable homicide.	•••	•••	•••	1		4	•••
Attempt to commit do. Attempt to commit and abet	 nent of sni	cide-		4	•••	2	2
Causing miscarriage				1		3	
Concealment of hirth, exposi	are of child	lren.		, I	•••	_ [	***
Causing grievous hurt and h	urt to exto	rt confe	sion	7		1	6
Kidnapping and abducting	•••	•••		1		1	•••
Prostitution of minors	***	•••		•••	•••		
Rape	••	•••		2	•••		2
			-	10			33
		Total of	No. 1	17		6	11
No. 2. Offences against property in houses Do. in fields Do. on highway and the Attempt to commit robbery	•••	 	 	7 13 6	•••	. 2	5 13 6
Dacoities in houses.	•••	•••		8		1	7
Do. in fields	•••	• • •		13	•••		13
Do. on highways	•••	•••		3	•••	1	8
Attempting and assembling t	o commit o	dacoity		1	•••		1
House-breaking and burglary	•••	•••		232		12	220
Do. with violence	•••	'		2	•••		• 2
Breaking open closed recept	scie oi brol	perty			,	_ -	
	7	rotal of	No. 2	285		15	270
No. 3. Offences against p	roperty wit	hout vio	lence.			1	
Theft		•••		480		48	341
Petty theft under Regulation	IV of 183	F	•••	229	3	114	15
Extortion Criminal breach of trust and	misanna	minki	•••	47	•••	14	33
Receiving, &c., stolen proper	ta dinamin	118910 <u>1</u>	•••	25		5	20
Cheating	vj.	•••	***	9		2	7
Frauds relating to weights an	nd measure	 S		6		1	5
			No. 3	807	3	84	423
	1	OPET OF	T10. D			- 1	

G.-(Continued.)

of Southern Range, for the year ending, 31st December 1864.

T	RICHIMOR	OLY.	1			MADUI	3A. 			
Pers	ons	Propert	<b>y</b>	Ca	ses		Persons	_ _	Propert	y
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Keported.	Delected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
4 4 4 1 1 5	1 2 1 1 1 1	66 66	     17	7 2 6 2 4  3 12  	3 5 4 2 7 21	2 1 2  1 5 	11 8 26  6  2 31  	3 6 5 2 12 	332      	2d     
 44 4 5	5 1 2 3 5 9		9  75 280  392	10 3 14  6 9 1 1 404	3 2 4  3 2  1 53 	7 1 10 3 7 1  351	16 10 21  35 29 9 10 183 	7 3 7  16 8  76 	129 110 532  891 1,767 35  28,072 	51 31 32  6( 25;  2,33; 
34 33	0 199 7 329 5	238 298 2 48	132 205 47	1,001 424 19 77 45 28		17	582 561 19 51 93	426 546 13 36 28 13	24,666 139 1 5,980 1,777	4,65 15 1,2:
	91 55	1	4,585				1,342	1,064	32,636	6,9

					SOU	THERN
			- 1	Tin	NEVELLY	•
			-		Cases	
<b>DESCRIPTION</b> (	of offei	ices.		Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.
No. 1. Offences a	gainst the p	er80n.				
Murder		•••		9	1	8
Attempt to murder.	•••	•••				•••
Culpable homicide	***	•••	•••	2		2
Attempt to commit do.	***	:-	•••	30	•••	•••
Attempt to commit and abet	ment of su	icide	•	12	5	7
Causing miscarriage		,	•••	1	2	1
Concealment of birth, expos	ure of child	iren.		5	2	3 7
Causing grievous hurt and h		LL CODIER		6	-	é
Kidnapping and abducting	•••	•••	••	5	**	5
Prostitution of minors	•••	•••	••••	6		ě
Rape	***	•••	•••	٧		•
No. 2. Offences against	property wi	ith violenc			•	
					_	
Robbery in houses	•••	•••	•••	19	Б	14
Do. in fields Do. on highway and the	ronahfara	•••	•	•••	•••	•••
Attempt to commit robbery	iorRittere.	•••	1	3	•••	3
Dacoities in houses	•••	•••	}	8	***	ě
Do. in fields	•••	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	٩	•••	
Do. on highways	•••	•••	**:	2	2	•••
Attempting and assembling	o conumit	dacoity		ī		1
House-breaking and burglar	/			253	29	224
Do. with violence		•••		3	2	1
Breaking open closed recept	acle of pro	perty		2		5
		rotal of l	No. 2	291	38	253
No. 3. Offences against			-			
					1	
Theft	•••	.00	[	656	203	453
Petty theft under Regulation	1V of 189	1		416	344	79
Extortion				31	4	27
Criminal breach of trust and	l misapprop	riation	•••	70	21	49
receiving, &c., stolen prope	rty.	•••	•••	44	8	36
Cheaning		***	•••	19	2	17
Frauds relating to weights	ind measur	68	•••	4	1	3
			~	1,240	583	657

G.—(Continued.)
of Southern Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

Person	Convicted, 2 2 2 2 10	Proper	Recovered.	Reported. 885 885 885 885 885 885 885 885 885 88	Cases  Detected.  7 8 16 4 6	Undetected.	Perso Perso Whitehended Person	Convicted. 25	## Proper	Recovered.
29  3  12 2 5 5 5 11 7 6	  5  2			28 6 19 3 38 11 15 56	7  8  16 4	21 6 11 3 22	65 22 53 6 37	7 9	336	
3 12 2 5 5 11 7 6	2 9 	•••	··· ··· ···	6 19 3 38 11 15 56	 8  16 4	6 11 3 22	22 53 6 37	9	1	2  
73	10	-		6 21	17 2 1	9 39 27 5	13 12 97 36 8 27	4 6 39 2 1		1
j			•••	232	61	171	376	90	479	4
27  3 58  19 7 209 14 5		18 <b>,8</b> 06 86	12,634	57 54 62 6 85 51 34 6 2,154 4 5	14 10 15 2 20 7 4 1 197 2	43 44 47 45 44 30 5 1,957 2 2,246	79 55 71 9 435 157 110 22 1,053 14 15 2,020	19 15 27 5 104 27 21 10 293 6	4,117 295 1,259 48,016 2,444 26,182  1,22,513 87  2,04,913	199 33 384  650 361 12,944 8,777  23,344
1,203 838 63 136 80 40 3	358 492 5 42 13 2	16,309 45  	6,821 38 	4,456 2,760 89 430 191 130 19	1,355 2,472 1() 13 5, 2(	3,101 288 79 296 133 107	4,625 4,297 111 488 376 147 18	2,872 3,611 20 204 85 25	97,944 1,080 11 1 <b>3,966</b> 2,899 907 20	

		UO3	THERN
	Sou	тн Аксот	•
		Cases	
DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.
No. 4. Malicious Offences against the property.			
Mischief to animals	24	2	. 22
Do. with aggravating circumstances	8 5	1	7
Do. by fire		•••	
Total of No. 4	ა7	8	34
T. F. Thomas and Office are marine! Currences			
No. 5. Forgery and Offences against Currency.			
Forgery	9	3	•
Counterfeiting coins	] 14	4	10
Uttering coins	*		•••
	2		17
Total of No. 5			
No. 6. Offences not included in the above classes.			
Unlawful assembly	6	2	4
Riot	9	3	6
Affray	25	21	9
Harbouring escape and rescue of offenders	11	2	1
Return from transportation	1 22	18	4
Negligent escape	2		2
Nuisances and offences against public health, safety,			
and decency	18	4	14
Nuisances and other offences under Police Act XXIV	314	278	36
of 1859 Breach of Post Office Act	]	ĭ	•••
Railway Act			•••
Total of No. 6	409	329	80
No. 7. Offences against Revenue.	1		
Abkarri	15	7	8
Salt ,	43	36	
Total of No. 7	58	43	15
Grand Total	3,593	1,741	1,852
Grand Total	0,000	-,1 -2.4	-,000

G.—(Continued.)
of Southern Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

G. POLICE.

	RANGI	E.								
S	SOUTH A	ACOT.					TANJORI	2.		
Perso	ns	Proper	ty .	(	Cases		Person	19	Property	
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recorered.
45 7 4 56		120 30 131 281	64	19 1 4 24	<sub>2</sub>	18 1 2 21	8 4 12	3 4	25  	
15 1 26 	8 11	30 1 31	 12 	14 3 2 	1 3  4	13 2 15	26 3 5 	2 3		
16 47 52 16	9 20 48 3	  10		15 28 7 4	4 13 7 1	11 15  3	32 198 20 14	21 91 17 10		
24 5 30	18 20			10	6 2	4 7 10	11 8 17	7 3		***
570 1	526 1	•••		613  160	578  146	35 	1,624  1,199	1,514		•···
762	645	10		858	759	99		1,880		•••
18 119 137	119	1 5		37 17	<sub>16</sub>			 35 35		***
4,737	3,676	71,338	4,879	3,918	1,927	1,991	6,461	3,681	84,592	12,83

### G.—(Continued.) Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

					sou	THERN
			-	Tri	CHINOPOL	r.
					Cases	
DESCRIPTION (	)F OFF	ENCES.		Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.
No. 4. Mulicious Off	ences ag	ainst proper	ty.			
Mischief to animals	•••	*	_	G		6
Do. with aggravating c	ircumsta	nces				•••
Do. by fire	•••	•••		4	1	3
		Total of	No. 4	.10	1	9
No. 5. Forgery and O	Jences ag	ainst Curre	ncy.	-		
Forgery	•••			6	2	4
Counterfeiting coins	•••	•••		]		
Uttering coins	•••	•••		1	1	•••
Frauds relating to stamps	•••	•••				••
		Total of	No. 5	7	3	4
No. 6. Offences not incl	uded in t	he above clo	isses.		Ī	
Unlawful assembly	•••	•••		2	1	}
Riot	•••	***	•••	2	1	3
Affray			••	11	8	3 2
Harbouring escape and rescu Return from transportation	e or one	naers	•••	5		2
Negligent escape	•••	•••		5	2	3
False evidence	***			2		2
Nuisances and offences again	st publi	c health, saf	ety, and		1	2
decency Nuisances and other offence	a nuder	Police Ant	XXIV	3	1	z
of 1859	e Hunci	~ U1100 AU	AAIV	293	268	25
Breach of Post Office Act	•••	•••				•••
Railway Act	•••	•••				•••
géa		Total of	No. 6	323	284	39
No. 7. Offences	against I	Revenue.	-			-
Abkarri Salt	•••	•••		31 35	19 35	12
•	•••	Total of	No. 7	66	54	12
			-			
		Grand	Total	1,515	747	768

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G.—(Continued.)
of Southern Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

n,	RICIIINOP	nt V	1			M.	DURA.			
			·¦-			11.				
Person	S	Proper	rty 		Cases		Perso	ns -	Proper	t <b>y</b>
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Reco .ered.
7	 1	25  318		9 8 2	• 6 2 	3 6 2	13 4 2	11 2 	38	
2 	2 1 3			  6	5 5	1	 8  8	6 6	  3	
\$ 23 50 29  7	2 14 31 18 2			17 28 6 9 1	6 9 6 5 1 	11 19  4  2	25 77 12 14 1 	24 68 12 10 1		•••
860	742			8 95 1	3 91 1	<u>}</u> 5 4 	23 271 1	15 271 1	•••	
984	811			168	123	45	427	403		
35 113	19 76			4 2	2	4 	4	 4	4	•••
148	95			6	2	4	8	4	4	
2,142	1,486	40,994	5,358	2,281	989	1,292	2,194	1,645	6 <b>4,</b> 549	10,08

(i. Police.

## G.—(Continued.) Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

					SOT	JTHERN
				T	NNEVELLY	
					Cases	
DESCRIPTION	OF	offences	١.			
			water water a resident	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.
No. 4. Malicious Offen	ices ag	ainst property	<i>y</i> .			
Mischief to animals		•••		8	1	7
Do. with aggravating circ	umsta	inces		11	2	9
Do. by fire	•••		•••	8	1	7
-		Total of	No. 4	27	4	23
No. 5. Forgery and Offe	nces i					
No. 5. Pargery and Ope.		·gamer carrer	<b>y</b> .			
Forgery	•••	•••	•••	7		7
Counterfeiting coins.	•••	•••	•••	4		4
Uttering coins Frauds relating to stamps.	••	•••	••	"	···	1
France remained to stamps.	•••	 	•••			
			No. 5	9		9
No. 6. Offences not include	ded in	the above cla	sses.		1	
Unlawful assembly				18	9	9
Riot		•••	•••	15	5	10
Affray	•••		••.	8	2	6
Harbouring escape and rescu-	e of o	ffenders.		9	2	7
Return from transportation.		•••	•••			
Negligent escape	•••	•••		7	2	5
False evidence.	<b>,</b> .			7	5	2
Nuisances and offences agains decency	t pul	olic health, sa	fety, and	14	9	12
Nuisances and other offences	under	Police Act	XXIV of	14	2	12
1859				502	422	80
Breach of Post Office Act.	•••	•••		2	1	1
Railway Act.			l	•••		
•		Total of N	0. 6	582	450	132
No. 7. Offences ag	niu o t					
	<b>*</b>	TICKEURC.			1	_
Abkarri Salt		•••	i	1		1
F16FFF. 840 316	•••	•••				
		Total of	No. 7	1		1
		Grand	Total	2,205	1,085	1,120
almi						

G.—(Continued.)

of Southern Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

	ANGE.	VELLY.	1				TOTAL			
Perso		Proper	у	C	ases		Perso	ns	Property	r
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected,	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
13 63 19	2 5 4		:	66 28 23	10 5 4	56 23 19	84 74 36	21 11 8	208 30 449 .687	64   64
95	11			117		<b>9</b> 8	194			
15 1 				36 11 17 1	6 8 5	30 3 12 1	3:	7 3 9 9 9	30 3 1	 3 12
17				65	19	46	111	25	34	15
79 100 26 18	3 5			58 82 57 38 2 44 23	22 31 44 13 1 28	10	16 9 5	5 225 0 115 1 43 2 1	 10 	
5(	1	1		55	19		١	1		•••
2,50	1,97	i	•••	•1,817 4 160	1,637	tl .	11	4 3 9 213		
2,80	7 2,08	5		2,340	1,94	39	5 8,10	5,824	10	
	1	400		68 97	20 81		8 27	_	. 9	
	1	-		165	11	5 5	0 3	66 264	10	
5,69	2 10	9 60,48	21,228	13,512	6,48	9 7,02	3 21,2	32 13,59	3,21,960	54,38

## G.—(Continued.) Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

Murder	ERI
DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.    Total of No. 1. Offences against the person.	
Attempt to murder	
Murder	
Murder	onderected.
Attempt to murder	
Culpable homicide	ļ
Attempt to commit and abctment of suicide	
Attempt to commit and abetment of suicide  Causing miscarriage  Concealment of birth, exposure of children  Causing grievous hurt and hurt to extort confession  Kidnapping and abducting  Prostitution of minors  Rape  Total of No. 1  85  19  No. 2. Offences against property with violence.  Robbery in houses  Do. in fields  Do. on highway and thoroughfare  Attempt to commit robbery  Do. in fields  Do. in fields  Do. on highway and thoroughfare  Attempt to commit robbery  Do. in fields  Do. on highway and thoroughfare  Attempting and assembling to commit dacoity  House-breaking and burglary  Consider the property without violence  Total of No. 2  875  76  No. 3. Offences against property without violence.  Petty theft under Recoletion IV of 1891	
Causing miscarriage Concealment of birth, exposure of children Causing grievous hurt and hurt to extort confession Kidnapping and abducting Prostitution of minors Rape  Total of No. 1  Total of No. 1  No. 2. Offences against property with violence.  Robbery in houses  Do. in fields  Do. on highway and thoroughfare  Total of No. 1  Solutions in houses  Total of No. 1  Total of No. 1  Total of No. 1  Total of No. 1  Solutions in houses  Total of No. 2  Solutions in house  Total of No. 2	
Concealment of birth, exposure of children  Causing grievous hurt and hurt to extort confession  Kidnapping and abducting  Prostitution of minors  Rape  Total of No. 1  85 19  No. 2. Offences against property with violence.  Robbery in houses  Do. in fields  Do. on highway and thoroughfare  Causing grievous hurt and hurt to extort confession  Total of No. 1  S 2  Attempt to commit robbery  Do. in fields  Do. in fields  Do. on highways *  Attempting and assembling to commit dacoity  House-breaking and burglary  Breaking open closed receptacle of property  Total of No. 2  S 76  No. 3. Offences against property without violence.  Cheft  Petty theft under Regulation LV of 1891	,
Causing grievous hurt and hurt to extort confession 10 4 Kidnapping and abducting 13 1 Prostitution of minors 14 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
13	
Total of No. 1   14   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3	1
Total of No. 1 85 19  No. 2. Offences against property with violence.  Robbery in houses	
No. 2. Offences against property with violence.  Robbery in houses	1
Robbery in houses	6
Do. in fields	,
Do. on highway and thoroughfare 57 Attempt to commit robbery 13 Dacotties in houses 63 Do. in fields 32 Do. on highways 12 Attempting and assembling to commit dacoity 1 House-breaking and burglary 685 Do. with violence 5 Breaking open closed receptacle of property 1  Total of No. 2 875  No. 3. Offences against property without violence.  Petty theft 1,649  A37 Petty theft under Regulation IV of 1891	
Attempt to commit robbery	4
Do. in fields	1
Do. in fields	,
Attempting and assembling to commit dacoity 1 House-breaking and burglary 685 54 Do. with violence 5 Breaking open closed receptacle of property 1  Total of No. 2 875 76  No. 3. Offences against property without violence.  Cheft 1,649 437 Petty theft under Regulation LV of 1891	;
No. 3. Offences against property without violence.  Cheft	1
Do. with violence Breaking open closed receptacle of property 1  Total of No. 2 875 76  No. 3. Offences against property without violence.  Cheft 1,649 437  Petty theft under Regulation LV of 1891	_
Total of No. 2 875 76  No. 3. Offences against property without violence.  Cheft 1,649 437  Petty theft under Regulation LV of 1891	63
Total of No. 2 875 76  No. 3. Offences against property without violence.  Cheft 1,649 437  Petty theft under Regulation LV of 1891	
No. 3. Offences against property without violence.  Cheft 1,649 437  Potty theft under Regulation IV of 1891 499 403	79
Cheft 1,649 437	
Petty theft under Regulation IV of 1891	
CCLV LUCKE under Kegnistion IV of 1891   400   402	1,2
Criminal breach of trust and misappropriation 202 56	1
Receiving, &c., stolen property 97 91	1
Dieating 511 71	
Frauds relating to weights and measures 1	
Total of No. 3 2,417 916	1,5

G.—(Continued.)
of Western Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

Persons   Property   Cases   Persons   Property		RANG				··········					
Solution   Solution		SALE	м.		- •• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	··································	Cor	MBATORI	S.		
34     6       7     5     2     22     6     80     80       8     3       6     2     4     22     2         15     3       5     4     1     5     4         3        3     2     1     6     4         22     11     60      6     1     5     13     1         26     1       4     4      4     3          26     1       5     3 <t< th=""><th>Pers</th><th>ons</th><th>Prope</th><th>rty</th><th></th><th>Cases</th><th></th><th>Perso</th><th>ns .</th><th>Prop</th><th>erty</th></t<>	Pers	ons	Prope	rty		Cases		Perso	ns .	Prop	erty
20     5       2     1     1     2     1	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
	20 8  15 3 4 22 26  11 143	3 3 2 11 5 36 7 11 18	 60 231 648 2,258	45 26 132	5 3 4 6 5 4 3 45 7	2 4 2 4 1  4 2 25 25 12 2	1 4 1 1 5 5 1 20 6 6 4 4 4	2 22  5 6 4 13 3 15 2 91 	1 2 4 4 3 3 1 15 2 2 2 2 2 16	         	80
543 110 28,136 1,342 455 116 339 364 178 12,560 1,90	1,238 612 60 127 56 48	608 602 6 70	21,904 120 92 2,002 873		1,234 307 19 101 88 37	533 307 5 70 48		952 442 28 90 174 27	442 17 83 70 17	111 56 2,381 2,241 192	6,56 9 2 68 1,26
1,238 608 21,904 5,530 1,234 533 701 952 798 18,359 6,56 612 602 120 104 307 307 442 442 111 9 60 6 92 7 19 5 14 28 17 56 2 127 70 2,002 436 101 70 31 90 83 2,381 68 56 13 873 596 88 48 40 174 70 2,241 1,26	2,141	1.309	25,756	6,756	1,794		807	1,748	1,462	.	8,74

### G.—(Continued.) Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

			1		WI	STER	N
				Sout	H MALAB	AR.	
			j		Cases		-
DESCRIPTION (	OF OFFE	NCES.					
		,		Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	
No. 1. Offences	against th	e person.					
Murder	•••			18	15 1		3
Attempt to murder Culpable homicide	• •	•••	::1	2 3	1		3
Attenut to commit do.	•••	•••				•••	
Attempt to commit and abet	ment of su	icide		1			1
Causing misearriage		•••		2 2	***		2 2 3
Concealment of birth, expos Causing grievous hurt and h	ure of end art to exto	rt confession		11	8		3
Kidnapping and abducting		,		9	1		8
Prostitution of minors	• '	•••	•••			•••	
Rape	•••	•••	•••	1			l
	To	otal of No.	1	49	25		24
No. 2. Offences against	property	with violence					
Robbery in houses	•••	•••		18 4	4	1	14
Do. in fields Do. on highway and thor	oughfare	***		9	4	•••	K
Attempt to commit robbery	ouginare	•••		3	ī		5 2
Dacoities in houses	•••	***		10	8		2
Do. in fields	• •	•••	•••	2	2	•••	
Do. on highways Attempting and assembling	fo. oc====	deenit-	•••	٥	3	•••	
Attempting and assembling House-breaking and burglar	vo commi	ancosty		324	61	20	63
Do. with violence	•	•••		•			ا
Breaking open closed recep	tacle of p	roperty		3	1		2
	То	tal of No.	2	376	88	28	88
No. 3. Offences against p	roperty wi	thout violenc	e.				
Theft			1	587	949	2	44
Petty theft under Regulation	on IV of	1821		315	273		42
Extortion	•••	•••		16			16
Criminal breach of trust an	d misappr	opriation		67	11		56
Receiving, &c., stolen proper Cheating	erty	•••	•	24 30	3		20 27
Frauds relating to weights	and measu	res		- 1	4	•••	-1
,	money		i i				_
	•	Total of No	0. 3	1,039	534	50	05
cjz	·	<del></del>					

G.—(Continued.)
of Western Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

G. POLICE,

RAN	GE.							<del></del>
	South M	Lalabar.			Nort	H MALABA	AR.	
Perso	ns	Prope	rty		Cases		Persons	1
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.
31 6 3  1 5 1 10 5  4	25 2    10 1			10  1  6 1    3	4 4 	5 1 2 	24  6 4 •  3	4 4 
33 4 19 8 52 17 9  278  5	14 3 12 1 33 11 3  135  2 214	267 22 1,095  492 18 71  20,333 1,172 23,470	43 4 1,008 78  11 9,491 67	13   7   92  5	29 4 29 1	11  3  63  4	30  43  162  13	
697 418 13 55 34 13 	394 357  18 9 3	15,808 94  219 20 	5,060 62  119 3  5,244	242 43 5 56 24 26 7	125 35 9 13 12 6 4	117 8 3 43 12 20 3	342 49 6 30 32 30 8	216 46 316 22 320

#### G.—(Continued.)

#### Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

					W	ESTE	RN
				North M	ALABAR.	SOUT	
				Prop	ert <b>y</b>	Case	8
DESCRIPTION	OF OFFE	NCES.					
					•		
		,			Recovered	75	
				Şt.	COV	Reported	
				Lost.	<u>~</u>	<u> </u>	
No. 1. Offences ag	ainst the p	erson.					
Murder	•••	•••	,		•••		19
Attempt to murder	•••	•••	•••		•••	1	
Culpable homicide	•••	•••	•••	'''	•••		
Attempt to commit do. Attempt to commit and abe	tment of su	ucide	•••	:::	•••	"	,
Causing miscarriage	***		•••		•••	l	
Concealment of birth, exposi	are of child	lren	•••		•••	1	2
Causing grievous hart and I	ourt to exic	ort confes	sion		•••	1	1
Kidnapping and abducting Prostitution of minors	***	•••	•••		•••		
Rape	•••	•••	•••	::.	•••	::	
- ·	***	•••	•••				_
		Total of 1	Vo. 1			<u>'</u>	4
No. 2. Offences against	property i	oith violes	ice.				
Robbery in houses		•••	•••	255	79		
Do. in fields	•••	•••	•		•••		
Do. on highway and the	roughfare	•••	•••		•••		
Attempt to commit rebbery		•••	•••	190	236		
Dacoitics in houses Do. in fields	•••	•••	•••	1,130	•••		
Do. on highways	•••	•••	•••		•••		
Attempting and assembling t	to commit	dacoity	•••		•••		_
House-breaking and burglar	y	•••		12,629	1,289	1	5
Do. with violence Breaking open closed recept	acle of pro-	nerty	•••	37	3		
Promine obon oronog rosely		Total of	 No 9	14,051	1,607		6
		TOTAL OF	110. 2	- 1,001			_
No. 3. Offences against p	roperty with	hout viole	noc.				
Theft Petty theft under Regulation	 n IV of 18:	 21	***	9,110 <b>2</b> 3	1,68 <b>9</b> 3		24 6
Extortion		***	•••			1	4
Criminal breach of trust and	misappro		***	1,721	257 119		4
Receiving, &c., stolen prope Cheating	-	***	•.•	474 139	44		1
Frauds relating to weights a	nd measure	\$	***		•••	l	
•			No. 3	11,467	2,112		38

G.—(Continued.)
of Western Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

		SOUTH C	ANARA.				COTAL.	
C	ases	Perso	ns	Proper	ty	(	CASES	
Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.
13 1 4  5  1 6 1 	6  2 1 1 2  	49 1 10  6 4 1 7 1 	30 1 6  5  1 7 1 			65 10 19  35 10 16 35 28 4 21	40 5 8  16 2 7 7 19 3 4 5	2 
 1  1   16  	4  1  42 	4 1 6 	1 6 26 33	21 12 244 303 5,219 5,799	4 14 1,203 	62 89 75 20 31 45 22 1,525 7 10	20 22 12 2 19 7 10  238 1 3	1,28
165 60  16 3 3	84 6 3 28  12	263 84 7 51 14 12 5	230 84  22 4 3 5	7,735 94 34 1,461 1,723 375	1,115 19  704 107 52	3,961 1,160 91 470 176 159	1,503 1,078 - 11 166 76 35 15	2,45 8 8 30 10
250	133	436	348	11,352	1,997	6,036	2,884	3,1

clxiii

#### G.—(Continued.)

#### Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

			1		W	ESTERN
					CTAL.	
			-	Perso	ns	Property
DESCRIPTION	OF OFFE	NCES.		ded.	•	
	•			Apprehended	Convicted	Lost.
No. 1. Offences	gainst the	person.		ĺ		
Murder	•••			160	73	80
Attempt to murder	•••	***	•••	29	.9	
Culpable homicide	1+4	•••	•••	44	11	•••
Attempt to commit do. Attempt to commit and abe	tment of a	vicide		33	16	•••
Causing miscarriage	OHIGHE OF SC	uoiue		22	4	•••
Concealment of birth, expos	ure of chile	dren		10	6	
Causing grievous hurt and h				52	29	60
Kidnapping and abducting	•••	•••		35	3	9
Prostitution of minors	•••	•••	•••	15	15	
Rape	***	•••	••	20	7	•••
No. 2. Offences agains		l of No. 1	-	420	173	149
	i property	win bion	ince.			
Robbery in houses	•••	•••	••	110	43	
Do. in fields	man al favo	•••	••	87	31	
Do. on highway and the Attempt to commit robbery		•••	***	98 22	26 2	
Dacoities in houses	• • •	•••	::	194	79	1
Do. in fields	•••	•••		101	26	
Do. on highways	•••			61	16	
Attempting and assembling		dacoity		7	•••	
House-breaking and burgla		•••		941	418	
Do. with violence		•••		6	3	
Breaking open closed recept	tacle of pro	perty	•••	22	5	1,235
	Tota	l of No.	2	1,649	649	84,016
No. 3. Offences agains	t property	without vi	olence.			
Theft		***		3,492	2,246	72,916
Petty theft under Regulation	n IV of 1	821		1,605	1,53	379
Extortion		•••		114	20	182
Criminal breach of trust and	l misapprop	oriation		353	209	
Receiving, &c., stolen propo	erty		•••	310	123	
Cheating	***	•••	}	130	41	d .
Frauds relating to weights	and measur	cs	•••	48	44	
	Tota	l of No.	3	6,052	4,220	88,056

#### G.—(Continued.)

of Western Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

RANG	Œ.								<u> </u>
TOTAL.			GRANI	TOTAL	of the l	OUR RA	NGES.		
Property		Cas	ses		Person	18		Proper	ty
Recovered.	Reported.		Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.		Lost.	Recovered
80     		272 64 81 6 253 69 69 212 102 19 98	124 20 34 1 97 12 28 76 9 7 10	148 44, 47, 5, 156 57, 41, 136, 93, 12, 88, 827	690 134 162 11 221 107 60 377 125 40 110	1	79 26 41 3 04 18 30 131 10 18 12 	809 34   60 390  27	318 14    53  1 386
	87 95 76 59	172 480 529 92 237 376 313 39 8,711 24 141	36 64 75 8 60 46 41 7 1,088 6	136 416 454 84 177 330 272 32 7,623 18	221 339 467 56 1,181 631 524 81 4,690 35		66 97 130 13 355 137 135 25 ,680 12 52	6,113 4,125 14,065  77,274 11,427 63,171  4,05,028 1,148 2,620	2,301 2,203 759 14,255  43,661
16,7		11,114	1,458	9,656	8,367		2,702	5,84,97	65,07
2,	959 285 28 081 ,210 292	17,284 6,969 409 2,167 733 610		11,315 725 345 1,43 44 49 6	10,406 2 437 3 1,997 2 1,296 4 55	3 7 7 6 1	0,359 9,235 99 1,100 451 174 81	3,43,80 2,24 1,66 48,25 13,66 6,1	1,37 38 43 27 31,33 65 6,5
94	,855	28,278		14,81	2 32,44	0	21,499	4,15,7	84 1,48,8

#### G.—(Continued.)

#### Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

gar — digital disconnection of the control of the c					W.	ESTERN
					Salem.	
					Cases	
DESCRIPTION	- ·	OFFENCES.		Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.
No. 4. Malicious O	ffences a	yainst porperty	,.			
Mischief to animals	•••			24	1	23
Do with aggravating	circum	stances		3	1	2
Do. by fire	•••	•••		11	••	11
		Total of N	īo. 4	38	2	36
No. 5. Forgery and	)ffences	against Current	ry.			
Forgery		•••		20	3	17
Counterfeiting coins	•••	•••		1		1
Uttering coins	•••	•••	•••	11	4	7
Frauds relating to stamps	***	•••		•••	•••	
		Total of N	lo. 5	32	7	25
No. 6. Offences not inc	luded is	the above class	ses.			
Unlawful assembly	•••	••	•••	16	12	4
Riot	•••	***	•••	9	4	5
Affray Harbouring escape and resc	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	fondon.	•••	18	15 2	3 8
Return from transportation	ue or o	nenders		10	"	"
Negligent escape	•••	•••		7	3	4
False evidence		:	:	11	5	6
Nuisances and offences agai decency				30	9	21
Nuisances and other offence	es unde	r Police Act	XXIV	178	120	<b>3</b> 8
of 1859 Breach of Post Office Act	•••	•••	***	176	138	1
Railway Act	•••	•••		163	85	78
*		Total of No.	6	441	273	168
	agains	Revenue.				
No. 7. Offences				24	30	14
Abkarri	•.•	***	•••			
No. 7. Offenocs Ahkarri Salt	***	•••		1		1
Ahkarri	***	Total of No		- 1	1	15

G.—(Continued.)

of Western Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

RANG								
	SALP	ж.			Corn	BATORE.		,
Person	18	Prope	rty		Cases		Perso	ns
Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.
10 6 7 23	* 3	105  123 228	40  40	21 21 2 44	7 9 1	14 12 1 27	34 70 5 109	1; 3; 5
24  17  41	6 			31 77	5 6	2 1 2 	7 1 11 	•••
109 31 56 12  8 20	101 10 41 2  5 8			5 3 25 1 	5 3 23 1  7 5	 2  	39 17 93 4 	3 8 8 1
98 342  136	245  100	•••	•••	257 1	251 	6	547 3	538 
812	549			317	304	13	740	700
24				19	13	6	18	
24	15			19	13	6	18	1
3,727	2,034	54,180	8,138	2,685	1,468	1,217	3,092	2,45

### G.—(Continued.) Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

					W	ESTERN
			-	Colmbi	TORE.	South Malabar
			[	Prope	rty	Cases
DESCRIPTION	OF OFF	ENCES.	]	1		
				Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.
No. 4. Malicious Off	ences aga	inst properi	ty.			
Mischief to animals		•••		361	130	25
Do. with aggravating of	ircumsta	nces	•		*	7
Do. by fire	•••	•••	-	22		7
		Total of	No. 4	383	130	39
No. 5. Forgery and O	ffences ag	ainst Curre	ncy.			
Forgery	•••	•••			•••	10
Counterfeiting coins	•••	•••	•		•••	
Uttering coins Frauds relating to stamps	•••	•••			•••	í
		Total of	No. 5			14
No. 6. Offences not incli	ided in t	he above clo	288e8			
Unlawful assembly						,
Riot	•••	•••	•		***	
Affray	***		•••		•••	23
Harbouring escape and resc Return from transportation			••	•••	•••	(
Negligent escape	•••	•••	•		•••	''' 7
False evidence					•••	;
Nuisances and offences again	nst publi	c health, sal	fety, and	1	- · · · -	
decency Nuisances and other offen	ces under	r Police Ac	t XXIV		•••	35
of 1859	***				•••	231
Breach of Post Office Act	***	•••			•••	1 2
Railway Act	•••	•••				
•		Total of	No. 6		•••	309
No. 7. Offences	against .	Recenue:				
Abkarri	•••	***			***	4:
Salt	•• •	***		•••		23
		Total of	No. 7			60
			1-			

G.—(Continued.)
of Western Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

	S	South Ma	LABAH.			Nort	H MALA	BAR.
Cas	Cs	Perso	ns	Prop	erty		Cases	
Detected.	. Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.
5 2 2	20 5 5	9 5 3	7 2 2		 	6 6 10	4 2 2	
9	30	17	11	***		22	8	
2 1 1	1	22 2 3 	2 1 1			6 3 1 	1	•••
4	10	62	44			3	3	
3 2 20 3	4 1 3 3	51 75 23	11 71 8			13 1	13	,,,
6	1 1	13	8			2 4 58	48	
3	28 2	405 1 3	352 			 	92 	***
215	57	643	502			198	158	
17 19	26	44	23 33			6 2	1 2	•••
36	30	90	56			8	3	
941	944	2,498	1,606	39,611	15,946	779	413	3

G.

### G.—(Continued.) Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

Italiway Act	A TOTAL COLUMN		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Persons   Property   Persons   Persons   Property   Persons   Property   Persons   Persons   Property   Persons   Persons   Property   Persons   Persons   Property   Persons   Persons   Persons   Property   Persons							WES	TERN
DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.					N	овти 1	I A L A B A I	.
No. 4. Malicious Offences against property.   Solution   Solutio					Perso	ns	Proper	rty
Mischief to animals Jo. with aggravating circumstances	DESCRIPTION O	F OFF	ENCES.		Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.
Do.   with aggravating circumstances	No. 4. Malicious Offene	ces agaix	ist properly					
Do.   with aggravating circumstances	Mischief to animals				9	5	40	
Total of No. 4.   29   12   369	Do. with aggravating cir	rcurusta	nces	- 1	16	5		
Forgery Counterfeiting coins Uttering coins Total of No. 5 5 3  No. 6. Offences not included in the above classes.  Unlawful assembly. Riot	Do. by fire	•••	•••	•	4	2	329	
Forgery Counterfeiting coins Uttering coins Frauds relating to stamps  Total of No. 5 5 3  No. 6. Offences not included in the above classes.  Unlawful assembly. Riot			Total of	No. 4	29	12	369	•••
Counterfeiting coins Uttering coins Frauds relating to stamps  Total of No. 5 5 3  No. 6. Offences not included in the above classes.  Unlawful assembly.  Riot	No. 5. Forgery and Off	ences ag	ainst Curre	ncy.				
Counterfeiting coins Uttering coins Frauds relating to stamps  Total of No. 5 5 3  No. 6. Offences not included in the above classes.  Unlawful assembly.  Riot	Forgery		•••		1			
Total of No. 5	Counterfeiling coins	•••	•••					•••
Total of No. 5 5 3  No. 6. Offences not included in the above classes.  Unlawful assembly 24 21  Riot 23 33 31  Affray 33 31  Harbouring escape and rescue of offenders 1  Return from transportation 2 1  Negligent escape 2 1  False evidence 3 1  Nuisances and offences against public health, safety, and decency 128 107  Nuisances and other offences under Police Act XXIV of 1859 254 206  Breach of Post Office Act	Uttering coins	•••	•••	•••	1	1	1	•••
No. 6. Offences not included in the above classes.  Unlawful assembly	Frauds relating to stamps	***	•••	•••				
Unlawful assembly			Total of	No. 5	5	3		
Riot	No. 6. Offences not include	led in th	e above clas	ses.				
Riot	Unlawful assembly.	***	•••	\	24	21		•••
Harbouring escape and rescue of offenders	Riot	•••	•••	1				•••
Return from transportation Negligent escape False evidence Nuisances and offences against public health, safety, and decency Nuisances and other offences under Police Act XXIV of 1859 Breach of Post Office Act Railway Act  Total of No. 6 468 370  No. 7. Offences against Revenue.	Affray		,	••		31		•••
Negligent oscape	Raturn from transportation				1	•••		•••
False evidence					2			***
Nuisances and other offences under Police Act XXIV of 1859 Breach of Post Office Act	False evidence		•••	!	3	1		•••
Nuisances and other offences under Police Act XXIV of 1859	Nuisances and offences agains	st public	c health, sa	fety, and	700	107		•••
of 1859 Breach of Post Office Act	Nuisances and other offence	 s nados	Police Ac	+ vviv	128	107		•••
Reach of Post Office Act   .		o anacı	TOILG AC		254	206		•••
Total of No. 6, 468 370  No. 7. Offences against Revenue.  Abkarri		•••	•••		•••	•••		•••
No. 7. Offences against Revenue.  Abkarri	Railway Act	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••
Abkarri 3 2 1 3 3	•		Total of	No. 6	468	370		
Salt	No. 7. Offences of	gainst ]	Revenue.					
Salt	. Abkarrı.		*		3	2	1	
		,	•••		3	3		•••
			Total of		6	5	1	
Grand Total 1,291 834 25,888 3,7					1 201	874	95,999	3,720

### G.—(Continued.)

G. POLICE:

of Western Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

		So	UTH CAN	ARA.				Total.	_	
	Cases		Per	Persons Property				Cases		
Reported.	Detected.	Undetected.	Apprehended.	Convicted.		Lost.	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	
2:		3	6 7 6	6 5 2	3	83 36 		85 44 36 165	20 14 5	
1	2	1	12	31	1			51 6 22 1	12 	
	3 1 3 6 5 5 49	1 2 6 1 4 4 60	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	32 9 22 26 7 7 83	22 21  1 4 1 78  127			32 19 85 18  25 31 123 829 4 166	2 1 7  1 1 73	
	6	3 12 .	3	9 19 25	6 19 25		1	98 1 38 1 136	-	
	14	15	3			<u> </u>	-	-	0 4,	

alvvi

G. Police.

G.—(Continued.)

Annual Return of Criminal Statistics in the Districts

,					N	ESTERN
					Тотац.	
	•				Persons	
DESCRIPTION	7 OF (	OFFENCES	3.	cted.	ended.	ed.
				Lnde' ected	Apprehended	Convicted
No. 4. Malicious Offer	ices aga	iinst propert	y.			
Mischief to animals Do. with aggravating circ	umstar	16cs	••	65 30 31	68 102 21	29 42 9
2.04		Total of	No. 4	126	191	80
No. 5. Forgery and Offe	nces ag	gainst Curre	ıcy.			
Forgery.	•••	•••		45 4	85 6	9 3
Counterfeiting coins. Uttering coins Frauds relating to stamps.		•••	••• ••	10 1	3¥	15 
		Total of	No. 5	60	124	27
No. 6. Offences not include	ded in t	the above cla	<b>85</b> 03.			
Unlawful assembly	••	•••		9	243	203
Riot	•••	•••	•••	8 8	144 283	52
Affray Harbouring escape and rescu	e of off	enders.	••	12	40	247 14
Return from transportation.	•••	***				^ /
Negligent escape	•••	•••		7	32	26
False evidence Nuisances and offences agains	t publ	ic health, sa	cty, and	16	42	22
decency. Nuisances and other offcuces	under :	Police Act 2	XXIV of	51	261	162
1859 Breach of Post Office Act.	•••	•••		99 4	1,631	1,419
Railway Act.	•••	•••	•••	78	139	103
•		Total of N	o. 6	292	2,819	2,218
No. 7. Offences age	ainst I	Revenue.	ĺ			•
Abkarri	•••	•••		54 5	98 68	62, 55,
Cult pee	***	 Total of	 No. 7	59	166	117
			Total	· <b>5,3</b> 87	11,421	7,514

G.
POLICE.

G.—(Concluded.)
of Western Range, for the year ending 31st December 1864.

RA	NGE.		*									
To	TAL.	] .	Gr	AND TO	TAL OF TH	B Four	RANGES.					
Pro	perty		Cases		Pers	ons	Pro	perty				
Lost,	Recovered.	Reported.	Detected.	Undetected,	Apprehended.	Convicted.	Lost.	Recovered.				
589 36 474 1,099	170  	372 196 173 ———————————————————————————————————	61 40 22 123	156 151	393 418 426 1 237	105 116 31	1,675 6,362					
		160 25 92 4 	28 13 34 1 ———————————————————————————————	12 58 3	235 27 135 2 ———————————————————————————————————	40 18 49 1	3 3	5 3 14 				
  	  	147 193 320 93 2 136	86 89 298 32 1 93	61 104 22 61 1 43	682 1,119 1,258 219 2 187	514 636 1,036 82 1	41 10 	 23  				
	***	110 <b>35</b> 5	44 163	66 192	126 717	54 404		•••				
•••	111 111	5,025 19 337	4,511 6 943	514 13 94	14,958 16 1,349	12,957 6 325	 27 	27 				
		6,737	5,566	1,171	20,633	16,141	78	50				
1 1 2	1 1 2	424 472 896	180 428 608	244 44 	545 1,610 <b>2,</b> 158	263 1,431 1,694	41 747 788	61 705 766				
1,73,322	_	49,302		27,557	67,271		10,14,762	2,15,377				

H.
PENITENTIARY.

#### H.

## Annual Return of the Expenditure of the Madras Penitentiary, for the year 1864.

		Penitentiary,	1864		
	Heads of Expenditure.	Daily average number of European and East Indian Prisoners40.			
	Europeans.	RS.	<b>A.</b>	P.	
	TO 1.	4,717	14	3	
	Money allowance	2,121			
			_		
	Total	4,717	14	3	
	Cost per prisoner	117	15	1	
	Fixed Establishment	548	12	6	
	Cost per prisoner	13	11	6	
	Extra Establishment		•••		
	Cost per prisoner			•••	
	Total	548	12	6	
	Cost per prisoner	13	11	6	
(	European Medicines	39	5	_ <u>_</u>	
- 1	Cost per prisoner	l ő l	15	9	
.	Bazaar Medicines	ğ	9	1	
8	Cost per prisoner	ŏ	3	10	
5	Sick diet	444	8	7	
평 ]	Cost per prisoner	11	1	9	
٦,	Furniture, bedding, extra blankets				
Pits	Cost per prisoner		•••	•••	
Hospital charges.	Total	493	6	9	
	Cost per prisoner	12	5	4	
	Clathing including blankets and balls	624	11	0	
	Clothing including blankets and bedding Cost per prisoner	15	9	10	
	10 15	22	3	10	
	10 1	0	8	11	
1	Additions, alterations, and repairs	365	2	11	
1	Cost per prisoner	9	2	1	
		-			
1	Gross cost of maintenance	6,772	3	3	
1	Gross cost per prisoner	169	4	10	

#### H .- (Concluded.)

H. Peniten-Tiary.

### Annual Return of the Expenditure of the Madras Penitentiary, for the year 1864.

	jor un year 1004.				
	Peniten	tiary	, 18	64.	
	ber of	Daily average number of Native prisoners379.			
	Natives.	s.	Δ.	P.	
	Rations 15,0	10	3	1	
	Money allowance 15,0			•••	
	Total 15,0	10	3	1	
	Cost per prisoner	39	9	8	
	Fixed Establishment 5,1	99	11	9	
		13	11	6	
	[ ] [	.	•••	•••	
	Cost per prisoner	•	•••	•••	
	• Total 5,1	99	11	9	
	Cost per prisoner	13	11	6	
r	European Medicines 1	32	9	4	
ı	Cost per prisoner	ō	5	7	
,	Bazaar Medicines	29	8	0	
20	Cost per prisoner	0	1	6	
	Sick diet 3	63	6	2	
3 /	Cost per prisoner	0	15	4	
nospital cuarges.	Furniture, bedding, extra blankets	:	•••	•••	
9	Total 5	25	7	6	
l	Cost per prisoner	1	6	5	
		31	8	0	
	Clothing incidents prestron and poems 8.	ō	1	4	
		10	11	6	
	Cost per prisoner	Q ;	8	11	
	Additions, alterations, and repairs 3,4	_ 1	1	10	
	Cost per prisoner	9	2	1	
	Gross cost of maintenance 24,4	37	11	8	
	Gross cost of prisoner	64	7	11	

I. PENITEN-TIARY.

I.

Annual Statement of the Madrus Penitentiary from 1st January to 31st December 1864, inclusive of Prisoners received from the Mofussil

	Europeans.			AST IANS.	NATI	VES.	
4	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Remaining on the 31st December 1863 Admitted during the last	33		10	•••	326	33	402
12 months	170		21	10	1,687	217	2,105
Discharged	185		20	10	1,702	219	2,136
Died Remaining on the 31st		•••		•••	22	1	23
December 1864	18		11		291	30	350
							5,016

Average daily number of Prisoners during the year......425.

	Europeans.			ast Ians.	NATIVES.			
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Transpo rtation for life Do. periods between	1		•••		110	4	115	
7 and 14 years	4		•••		195	3	202	
Do. periods between 4 and 7 years	10		•••	•.•	208	1	219	
Rigorous imprisonment from 2 to 5 years	4	•	3		14	2	23	
Do. do. from 1 to 2 years	4		2	•••	29	1	36	
Do, do. from 6 to 12 months Imprisonment with hard			6		52	6	64	
labor from 1 to 6 months	113		5	2 8	712	84	916	
Do. under 1 month	31	•••	4	8	338	116	497	
Simple imprisonment from 1 to 6 months Do. under 1 month	1 2	<i></i>	1	•••	10 19		12 21	
Total	170		21	10	1,687	217	2,105	

clxxvi

#### I.—(Concluded.)

I.
PENITENTIARY.

#### Memorandum.

Realized by sale of ropes made in the Penitentiary	279	0	6
Do. rattan baskets, do	11	4	0
Estimated value of valises, &c., made up for the Arsenal.	821	7	5
Estimated cost of labor for Public Works calculated at			
*11 anna per man per day	3,088	3	6
Total	4,199	15	5

#### Hospital Return.

Remaining on the 31st December 1863 Admitted during the last 12 months		•••	24 363	387
Discharged, being cured during the last Died during the last 12 months Remaining on the 31st December 1864	12 mor	ths.	359 23	001
200000000000000000000000000000000000000		tal		

	Dise	eases.				Admissions.	Deaths.
Fevers Eruptive Fever Diseases of the	···		•••	•••		<b>3</b> 9	1 2 3
1)0.	Liver	•••	•••	•••	•••	16 1	3
Do. Do.	Brain	•••	•••	•••	•	91 11	4 3
Spasmodic Cho Dropsies Rheumatic Af	lera 	•••	•••	•••	•••	8 12	4 3 4 3
Rheumatic Af Venereal Affec	fections tions ar	 nd Dis	 eases of	e Ge	nital	14	1
Organs Abscesses and	Ulcers		•••	•••		45 30	•••
Wounds and I Diseases of the	njuries Eye	•••	•••	•••		4 14	•
Do.	Skin	•••	• • •	•••	•••	<b>33</b> 10	 2
Atrophy Parturition Other Diseases	 	•	•••	•••		4 17	•••
				T	otal	263	23

<sup>•</sup> N. B.—The average hire of a daily laborer is three annas.

clxxvii

J. Jails.

J.

Summary of Returns received from the several Jails under the

	Nu	(BER IN	Prison 18	o <b>n t</b> i 865.	HE 30:	гн А	PRIL	A TIBE	
JAILS.	Convicts.	On Security.	Committed and under trial.	State prisoners.	Debtors.	Insane.	Total.	Number of Convicts now in Jan. can read or write.	Deaths during the year.
Russelcondah Berhampore Vizagapatam Rajahmundry Masulipatam Guntoor Nellore Cuddapah Bellary Chittoor Chingleput Chingleput Gundy Ouddalore Tranjore Tranjore Trichinopoly Madura Paumben Tinnevelly Salem Coindadore Coindadore Tinnevelly Salem Coindadore Coindadore Tinnevelly Salem Coindadore Coindadore Tinnevelly Salem Coindadore Coohin Paulghaut Tellicherry Cannanore Lovedale, Lawrence		245 317 169 89 275 373 185 476 490 475 1 294 209 219 219 219 219 210 220 220 245 21 294 21 294 21 294 21 294 21 294 21 299 21 209 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	8 24 4 14 1 17 7 5 22 14  1 23 10 1 1 4  9		4 3 2 1 3 4 4 3 12 10 1 29 4 6 4 1 1 18 2 2 13 13	1 2 2 2 1 7 7 1	85 257 325 171 88 314 390 209 499 504 503 209 259 91 354 149 241 303 286 143 259 549 337 177 410 261 59 84 168 111	25 30 6 40 16 20 14 22 25 98 33 56  64 21 96 150 56 41 54 63 20 79 61 63 28 21 28	9 26 31 45 5 300 1050 17 32 22 26 15 5 6 6 6 6 4 4 4 4 8 8 5 3 3 1 1 12 2 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
Works	· ···   _	325	100	<u></u>	143	<u></u>		1,198	
European Prison at mund	-		71 180	12					
	Total	-	71 180		143	_	8,120	1,198	99

J. JAILS.

#### J.—(Continued.)

#### Presidency of Fort Saint George, for the Official year 1864-65.

Escap and i appreh	en.	in the													ries.		
Escapes.	Re-apprehensions.	Average number of prisoners Jail during the year.	Cost of fixed establishment.			Cost of extra establishment.	•		Cost of diet,			Cost of clothing and bedding.			Cost of buildings and sundries.		
			RS.	۸.	P.	B3.	۸.	P.	Rs.	Α.	P.	B.S.	Δ.	P.	Rs.	۸.	P.
2 2 3 3 2 1 1 1 7 4	2 2 3 1 2 3 1 7 7 7 28	69 243 324 139 101 273 453 228 460 506 430 192 292 93 339 114 201 338 261 162 213 460 371 141 141 141 146 107	2,013 1,661 1,983 2,520 2,749 2,579 2,926 1,187 2,975 2,515 1,932 2,184 2,133 1,292 2,126 2,352 2,352 2,512 703 694 1,896	11 0 14 0 11 12 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	009004010081001030209800060010 0 1	42 80 42 72 115 96 50 78 90 128 70 26 126 83 80 91 205 60 662 	10040808 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	:0040001 ; :000 :000000 ; :00 ; :10 ; 0   b	530 5,717 7,427 4,524 3,843 6,630 11,755 8,905 21,578 8,398 4,185 9,301 3,541 9,301 3,541 9,301 3,541 9,303 4,046 6,997 7,863 4,863 8,322 11,415 24,686 7,780 12,712 9,404 1,630 3,832 4,155 6,257 4,155	6 12 1	5 10 7 7 2	17 721 857 460 613 1,011 1,627 2,177 1,085 1,309 879 1,540 522 868 281 766 954 928 763 559 2,172 1,560 2,169 2,273 951 121 397 373 433 6,278 35,947	15 16 4 6 4 14 19 14 10 15 10	068921703000041402064402046910 2 7	660 919 485 237 411 121 97 667 206 1,022 891 29	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	11 88 03 38 96 32 22 08 22 90 92 11 10 10 3
	-	26	5,707	7	3	52	0	0	5,035	5	1	1,110	8	7	660	8	1
28	28		65,672	_ 5	4	2,279	_ 1	 5	2,73,914	-	10		_	_		7	-

<sup>\*</sup> Pay of servants such as Smiths, Barbers, Toties, &c.

J. JAILS.

### J .- (Concluded.)

Summary of Returns received from the several Jails under the Presidency of Fort St. George, for the Official year 1864-65.

dency of Fort St. Georg		Total expenses for the John		Average cost of each prisoner for diet for the year.	١	Average cost of each prisoner for	d begaing for the		Average cost of each prisoner on total expenses of the year.	
Russelcondah	RS.	A. 92 12	4	RS. A	3 8		0 4	1	11 7 40 15	10
Rerhampore	9,9	58 12	6		6 3 6 7		$\frac{2}{2} \frac{15}{10}$		38 (	
Vizagapatam	12,3	15 13	8		211		3 5	ō		11
Rajahmundry	8,7	43 14 33 2	81 11		011		6 1		86	6
Masulipatam	11,9		31	27	6 3		311		43 10	
Guntoor	17,8		8	26	2 6		3 9		38 1	
Mellore	13,5	- 1 -	1		4 [		5 9		58	3 2
Valinor ***	22,6		10		4 3		4 8	3		2 10
Cuuunpan	28,4		6		0 2	2	2 2	3	56 33 1	4 5
Bellary Chitoor	14,0		9				3 (			5 8 1 4
Vellore		11 13	1	23 1		3	4 5			7 5
Chingleput		238 13	1 1			5		10	60	3 9
Guindy		501 9		39 28	21	- 1		0 6	44	5 0
Cuddalore		21 13	1 1			2	2	7 6	64	7 6
Tanjore	1 77	349 2 598 9	1	38		6	3 1	2 11	57	1 3
Tranquebar	16	598 9 841 5		35		4	2 1	3 2		13 3
Trichinopoly	14	206 13			14	8	3	8 1 1 1 5	54	611
Madura		384 4		30	3	8	41	1 5	45	9
Paumben		841 4		40	5	3 8	21		55	9 (
T IIIII A CITÀ	100	748 0	10		8	8	41			14]
Salem	29	574 4		66	7	9		3 3	79 101	
Coimbatore	14	375 8		58	0	9		5 0	63	5
Calicut		617 19		42	6	4	6	711	55	6
Mangalors			2 8	35	8 11	7	3	0 7	67	91
Cochin		, , , ,	8 2 6 10	36		i	3	9 3		10
Paulghaut	١١٥		٧		10	0	2	811		7
Tellicherry		,413 1	•ı	1		5	4	0 9		6 1
Cannanore	.   .	5,572	٦ ,	1 "	17			1	١	Ш
Lovedale, Lawrence Asylum Works	38		4 11	-	7	7	15	9 3	-	6
Total .	4,2	3,496	1 11	<u> </u>	-	- -	<u> </u>	- -		-
European Prison at Ootaca-	1	3,410	4 11		<u></u>	<u></u>		<u> -</u>	: =	
Grand Total.	4,4	6,907	0 10	)}			•••		· · · ·	

<sup>\*</sup> From February to April 1865.

A.
CULTIVATION.

### APPENDIX III.

A.
Statement shewing the cultivation in the several Districts under the Madras Presidency, for the Official year 1864-65.

. I		er.		RY.
DISTRICTS.	VV			
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Ganjam	Acres. 175,040	Rupees. 5,00,143	Acres, 103,072	Rupees. 1,30,246
2. Vizagapatam	18,163	1,00,621	47,334	51,995
3. Godavery	138,346	8,20,198	254,395	10,56,050
4. Kistna	172,880	7,39,834	1,399,036	20,81,511
5. Nellore	132,625	7,03,626	517,413	7,23,493
6. Cuddapah	95,663	7,80,175	1,110,197	8,14,345
7. Bellary	160,771	7,36,657	2,306,006	14,42,303
8. Kurnool	19,785	1,84,130	1,127,070	11,03,744
9. Madras	238,588	10,22,917	116,433	1,82,739
10. North Arcot	187,945	11,25,505	400,504	5,91,199
11. South Arcot	272,915	15,36,956	820,237	15,97,294
12. Tanjore	687,607	34,29,742	173,401	2,23,282
13. Trichinopoly	124,095	5,75,812	657,745	6,39,635
14. Madura	120,590	5,52,404	512,078	6,83,011
15. Tinnevelly	203,060	15,12,148	695,930	5,57,918
16. Coimbatore	73,084	5,20,556	1,411,220	12,58,611
17. Salem	60,174	4,06,085	981,544	12,80,657
18. South Canara.	••• •••••	•••••	••••	•••••
19. Malabar	•••••	12,32,228		77,506
Total	2,881,331	164,79,737	12,633,615	144,95,539

A. CULTIVA-TION.

#### A.—(Continued.)

Statement shewing the cultivation in the several Districts

	GAR	DEN.	TOTAL 1	1864-65.
DISTRICTS.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	6	7	8	9
1. Ganjam	Acres. 2,594	Rupecs. 8,146	Acres. 280,706	Rupees. 6,38,535
2. Vizagapatam.	108	91	65,605	1,52,707
3. Godavery	2,637	13,580	395,378	18,89,828
4. Kistna	10,377	46,991	1,582,293	28,68,336
5. Nellore	24,746	1,36,224	674,784	15,63,343
6. Cuddapah	46,773	2,96,505	1,252,633	18,91,025
7. Bellary			2,466,777	21,78,960
8. Kurnool	13,933	73,726	1,160,788	13,61,600
9. Madras	2,283	10,482	357,304	12,16,138
10. North Arcot	•••	•••	588,449	17,16,704
11. South Arcot	3,879	21,579	1,097,031	31,55,829
12. Tanjore	35,900	1,27,576	896,908	37,80,600
13. Trichinopoly.			781,840	12,15,447
14. Madura	29,543	93,178	662,211	13,28,593
15. Tinnevelly	18,409	43,056	917,399	21,13,122
16. Coimbatore	117,385	3,66,290	1,601,689	21,45,457
17. Salem	14,715	62,242	1,056,433	17,48,984
18. South Canara	•••	•••	•••	•••
19. Malabar,		4,84,808	•••	17,94,542
Total	323,282	17,84,474	15,838,228	327,59,750

N. B.—In the Kistna, Kurnool, and South Arcot Districts, the extent and assessment entered in Return for 1863-64, in consequence of the figures entered in the present Return representing the actual Clxxxii

A.—(Concluded.)
under the Madras Presidency, for the Official year 1864-65.

A. CULTIVA-TION.

1863	-64.		COMPAR	ISON.	
		Incr	EASE.	DEC	REASE.
Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment	Extent.	Assessment
10	11	12	13	14	15
Acres. 273,755	Rupees. 6,24,240	Acres. 6,951	Rupees. 14,295	Acres.	Rupees.
62,387	1,71,507	3,218	•••	•••	18,800
406,093	19,68,280	•••		10,715	78,452
1,537,242	27,77,412	45,051	90,924	•••	
621,921	14,64,816	52,863	98,527	••.	
1,212,912	18,65,389	39,721	25,636		
2,418,422	22,33,321	48,355		•••	54,36
1,143,122	13,47,936	17,666	13,604	•••	
379,485	12,14,178		1,960	22,181	•••
606,846	17,23,993			18,397	7,289
1,123,222	32,21,587	•••		26,191	65,758
925,841	39,23,420	•••		28,933	1,42,820
726,437	16,19,461	55,403			4,04,014
665,604	13,61,380	••.		3,393	32,787
976,344	22,70,459	••		58,945	1,57,337
1,692,298	23,54,646	***		90,609	2,09,189
1,062,239	18,85,827	•••		5,806	1,36,84
,		•			•••
•••	17,83,270	•••	11,272		
158,34,170	338,11,132 Net	2,69,228 4,058	2,56,278	265,170	13,07,65 10,51,37

Columns 10 and 11 of this Statement will be found to differ from those in Columns 8 and 9 of the similar transactions; while those in the Statement of 1863-64 were only estimated,

clxxxiii

B.
PRICES OF
GRAIN, &c.

Statement shewing the prices of grain and other chief articles of produce in the several Districts under the Madras Presidency, for the Official year 1864-65, compared with 1863-64.

DISTRICTS.	Ricz,	Ricz, let sort, per garce.	Ric	Ricz, 2nd sort.	Paddy, lst sort.	DY,	Pader, 2nd sort.	DY, sort.	CHOLUM	- EK	CUMBOO.	 8	Rager.	GY.	VARAGOO.		Horse Gran.	GRAM.
	1868-64	1961-66	1863-64	1864-65	1863-64.	1864-65	1863-64, 1864-65, 1863-64, 1864-65		1863-64. 1864-65		1963-64	1864-65.1	863-64	1263-64 1864-65-1863-64 1864-65.	863-64	1864-65.	1963-64	1864-65.
1	7	က	•	2	9	7	80	0	ខ្ព	=	22	13	14	22	13	17	22	19
	Re.	Re.	ż	Rs.	Ra.	Ra.	Rs.	25.	統	Rs.	28	28.	Rs.	Rs.	ž.	Rs.	R	Rs.
	_	278	207	257	88	107	85	102	130	191	103	123	108	127	:	:	115	128
2. Vizagapatam	983	335	380	303	118	148	105	181	143	171	119	142	129	154	2	106	128	139
	_	010	2 4 2 4 2 4 3 4	703	180	201	220	137	000	020	911	189	181	791	129	151	112	163
	\$	407	388	403	192	194	181	193	198	212	177	1861	173	186	180	129	252	7 67 67 67 67 67 67 67
6. Cuddapah	482	999	427	497	225	255	200	231	192	294	234	264	230	260	208	222	257	311
7. Bellary	533	3	14	284	220	278	2	253	817	348	295	334	566	282	157	229	309	401
8. Kurnoof	229	989	472	521	225	269	206	243	806	820	291	33.4	257	204	:	:	291	347
10. North Arcot		375	288	2000	154	171	145	163	881	218	180	66	212	22.5	156	177	227	281
South Arcot		392	813	863	146	170	139	157	136	174	146	170	146	167	86	138	152	9 64 64 65 65 65
12. Tanjore	818	371	888	352	143	170	135	162	154	202	141	171	138	168	35	107	181	254
13. Trichinopoly		413	252	204	155	197	123	183	184	190	156	186	152	174	85	102	159	725
14 Madura	9/9	200	900	919	104	200	120	243	233	251	143	903	175	256	105	66	147	221
	787	2 6 5	200	788	000	077	170	622	107	000	717	2 50	203	4 to 0	921	. 6	307	462
	846	415	321	385	159	192	146	179	152	190	32	169	7	163	95	32	149	118
	876	453	840	707	:	:	159	195			3		222	983	:		276	\$
19. Malabar	_	485	426	440	214	224	203	219	320	: :	<b>:</b>	: :	293	236	 : :	: :	521	9
Average	383	448	352	114	172	203	158	189	214	227	186	503	186	210	132	161	213	255
			_				-	•	_	-	-	-		-	-	-	_	

B.—(Concluded.)

Statement shewing the prices of grain and other chief articles of produce in the several Districts under the Madras Presidency, for the Official year 1864-65, compared with 1863-64.

SUGAR, per candy.	1863-64, 1864-6	84 85	Rs. Rs.	82 99							60		-	_	_	_			98	65 74	PRICES GRAIN,
Indian, per candy.	1564-65.	83	Rs	816	918	066	1,047	1,165	1,270	1,141	. X	6	231	840	750	38	829	i	:	842	
Der G	1864-65, 1863-64, 1864-05, 1863-64, 1864-65,	32	S.	765	804	200	8	7,000	1,128	_	:8					_	80.		877	731	
Corros, per candy.	1364-05	31	Re.	190	187	222	233	267	240	223	960	263	206	264	188	939	272	:	188	.727	
S #	. 1863-64	ક્ષ	곮	285	_													_	173	072	
SALT.	1864-6	62	\$								922									276	
<b>S</b> S	5. 1863-64.	88	Rs		_						930		_	_				000	883	272	
LAMP-OIL Seed.	1865-64. 1864-65. 1865-64 1864-65. 1863-64. 1864-65. 1864-65.	27	2				280				907							_		8 311	
	36,1663-	28	쿒				258			_		260	_			_			8 295	963   1	
GINGELLY-OIL Seed.	H. 1864-	22	1 SE				3 429			:		541		_		_			618	4 467	
Gind	5_1863-(	*	R		_	_	383	_	_	_			_	_	_	_		_	470	3 484	
Wheat.	1 1861-6	8	2	_							633									899	
<b>≱</b>	is. 1863-6	22	2			_		_	_		585		_	_		_		_		7 553	
ULUNDU.	1864-6	2	콢								875									357	
UL	1863-6	ន	ä	281		_			_		9339		_	_		_	_			342	
				:		:	;				:	: :				:	: :		:	Average	
GES.				:				: :		:		: :			:		: :			4	
DISTRICTS.				Ganjam	Vizagapatam.	Godavery	Nellore	Cuddapah	Bellary	Kurnool		South Arcot.	Tanjore	Trichinopoly	Madura	Tinnevelly	Salem.	3	Malabar		
			1								တ်ဋ				<b>*</b> :	<u>.</u>			6		1

clxxxy

.C. COLLEC-TIONS. C.

## Statement shewing the Collections of all sources of Revenue in the compared with

DIGMDICARG		LAND REV	ENUE.	
DISTRICTS.	1863-64.	1864-65.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Ganjam	Rupees. 10,81,272	Rupees. 10,78,943	Rupees.	Rupees. 2,329
2. Vizagapatam	13,63,854	13,36,974	•••	26,880
3. Godavery	34,80,150	35,38,604	58,454	
4. Kistna	32,82,514	<b>2</b> 8,01, <b>0</b> 04	•	<b>4,</b> 81,510
5. Nellore	20,08,200	21,97,328	1,89,128	•••
6. Cuddapah	19,01,906	19,26,614	24,708	•••
7. Bellary ··· ···	24,19,518	23,88,112	•••	31,406
8. Kurnool	14,75,925	15,02,165	26,240	•••
9. Madras	16,83,580	15,81,946		1,01,634
10. North Arcot	22,0 <b>0</b> ,084	23,43,094	1,43,010	•••
11. South Arcot	28,91,887	31,70,729	2,78,842	•••
12. Tanjore	41,90,595	41,69,417		21,178
13. Trichinopoly	17,76,885	13,35,666		4,41,219
14, Madura	21,29,623	22,59,825	1,30,202	•••
15. Tinnevelly	29,90,915	25,01,227	•••	4,89,688
16. Coimbatore	26,43,154	23,70,022		2,73,132
17. Salem	21,85,096	21,69,571		15,525
18. South Canara	14,50,063	13,61,577	•••	88,486
19. Malabar	18,10,131	17,78,802	•••	31,329
20. Madras Sea Customs	•••			•••
Total	429,65,352	418,11,620	8,50,584	
			Net	. 11,53,732

C.—(Continued.)
several Districts of the Madras Presidency, for the Official year 1864-65,
1863-64.

C. COLLEC-TIONS.

	Fores	ST.		ABKA	RRY.
1863-64.	1864-65.	Increase.	Decrease.	1863-64.	1864-65.
6	7	8	9	10	11
Rupees. 2,044	Rupees. 3,456	Rupees. 1,412	Rupees.	Rupees. 94,090	Rupecs. 86,603
•••	•••	•••		68,218	67,155
•••		•••	•••	1,73,009	1,81,149
7,576	11,045	3,469	•••	99,165	82,800
		•••	•••	55,980	53,644
21,651	28,285	6,634	•••	1,21,665	1,21,328
	•••	•••		5,09,283	5,09,647
37,288	39,359	2,071	•••	1,61,426	1,68,561
	•••		•••	10,79,726	10,41,426
2,572	4,238	1,666		3,06,483	<b>2,9</b> 2,189
2,212	4,196	1,984		2,00,282	1,69,373
•••	•••			3,05,509	3,20,206
•••	•••	•	•	1.27,684	1,15,333
3,187	6,382	3,195		1,01,056	1,01,044
577	348		229	43,110	53,890
96,234	94,192		2,042	1,77,352	1,68,650
19,316	24,138	4,822	•••	1,97,707	1,84,515
20,319	21,146	827		66,080	61,618
32,412	55,742	23,330		1,64,093	1,81,359
4.07					
2,45,388	2,92,527	49,410	2,271	40,51,918	39,60,490

clxxxvii

C. COLLEC-TIONS.

# C.—(Continued.) Statement shewing the Collections of all sources of Revenue

	·. <del></del>			
DISTRICTS.	ABKARRY	rConclude	d	Income
	Increase.	Decrease.	1863-64.	1864-65.
	12	13	14	15
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1. Ganjam		7,487	30,770	30,727
2. Vizagapatam		1,063	70,191	69,884
3. Godavery	8,140	•••	60,388	47,878
4. Kistna		16,365	37,916	42,953
5. Nellore		2,336	55,960	34,430
6. Cuddapah	•	337	52,467	43,382
7. Bellary	364	•••	1,26,707	1,21,996
8. Kurnool	7,135	•••	45,192	47,238
9. Madras		38,300	2,16,141	1,76,875
10. North Arcot	•••	14,294	51,421	47,243
11. South Arcot		30,909	25,092	27,168
12. Tanjore	14,697		67,050	64,005
13. Trichinopoly		12,351	18,744	18,502
14. Madura		12	97,499	89,229
15. Tinnevelly	10,780	•••	60,181	49,316
16. Coimbatore		8,702	45,782	35,297
17. Salem		13,192	29,935	32,041
18. South Canara :		4,462	21,272	17,060
19. Malabar	17,266		97,507	75,244
20. Madras Sea Customs.			1,635	1,893
Total	58,382	1,49,810	12,11,850	
Stoppeges made by Ex-Officio As- )		1,20,010	14,11,000	10,72,361
sessors from the salary of the Pub-   lie Servants at the Presidency >	•••		4,33,672	3,93,291
Notes, &c. Promissory			16,45,522	14,65,652
	Net	91,428		
olyvyviii			·	

clxxxviii

C.—(Continued.)
in the several Districts of the Madras Presidency, &c.

C. COLLEC-

Tax.		MOTURPHA.				
Increase.	Decrease.	1863-64.	1864-65.	Increase.	Decrease.	
16	17	18	19	20	21	
Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	
•••	43	7	•••	• •••	7	
•••	307		•••	•	•••	
•••	12,510	24	•••		24	
5,037		116	•••	•	116	
•••	21,530	31	•••		31	
	9,085	47	•••		47	
•••	4,711	142	411	269	•••	
2,046		8	•••		8	
	39,266	769	23		746	
•••	4,178	180	•••		180	
2,076	•••	21	2,084	2,063	•••	
	3,045	•••	•••		;··•	
•••	242	•••	•••		•••	
•••	8,270	•••	•••		•••	
•••	10,865	54	,**		54	
•••	10,485	1,057	•••		1,057	
2,106	•••	•••	•••	,	•••	
•••	4,212	•••	•••		,,,	
•••	22,263		•••	•••	•••	
<b>25</b> 8		•••	•••		•••	
11,523	1,51,012	2,456	2,518	2,332	2,270	
	40,381					
. 11,523	1,91,393					
Net	1,79,870		Net	62		

C. COLLEC-TIONS.

#### C.—(Continued.)

### Statement shewing the Collections of all sources of Revenue

	SEA CUSTOMS.					
DISTRICTS.	1863-64.	1864-65.	Increase. Decrease			
,	22	23	24	25		
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupecs.	Rupees.		
1, Ganjam	41,956	50,576	8,620			
2. Vizagapatam	30,827	51,638	20,811	•••		
3. Godavery	33,648	33,991	343	.4.		
4. Kistna	10,940	4,776	•••	6,164		
5. Nellore	146	357	211			
6. Cuddapah	•••	•••		•••		
7. Bellary	•••					
8. Kurnool	•••		•••	<b></b>		
9. Madras		•••	•••	•••		
10. North Arcot			•••	•••		
11. South Arcot	50,716	33,787	•••	16,929		
12. Tanjore	3,05,098	2,86,482	•••	18,616		
13. Trichinopoly	•••					
14. Madura	50,076	25,053	•••	25,023		
15. Tinnevelly	49,614	59,548	9,934			
16. Coimbatore	•••	,,,	•••	• • •		
17. Salem	•••			***		
18. South Canara	56,287	44,010		12,277		
19. Malabar	1,58,803	1,16,426	•••	42,377		
20. Madras Sea Customs	12,49,262	11,03,402		1,45,860		
Total			90.010			
	20,37,373	18,10,046	39,919	2,67,246		
Stoppages made by Rx-Officio Assessors from the salary of the Public Servants at the Presidency, and interest on Fromissory Notes, &c.	•••	•••	•••	···		
			Net	2,27,327		

C .- (Continued.)

in the several Districts of the Madras Presidency, &c.

C.
COLLECTIONS.

	LAND CU	s	SALT.		
1863-64.	1864-65.	Increase.	Decrease.	1863-64.	1864-65,
26	27	28	29	30	31
Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
•••	•••			12,27,767	13,20,307
•••		•••		3,06,295	2.84,884
1,457	660	!	797	3,04,300	4,17,088
•••	•••		•	7,84,057	7,24,024
	•••	•••		10,97,075	12,28,665
•••	•••				•••
•••				•••	•••
	•••				•••
	•••	•••	•••	15,60,968	23,21,396
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
86,862	55,519	•••	31,343	3,96,011	5,11,062
57,041	68,776	11,735		8,76,321	9,91,831
•	•••	•••		•••	
1,351	449	•••	902 <sup>i</sup>	5,10,170	5,74,237
1,12,555	1,01,439		11,116	6,00,613	6,39,074
	••.	•••			•••
	•••			•••	•••
	•••			6,03,897	5,49,965
1,880	1,890	10		7,11,769	7,83,440
		•••		•••	•••
2,61,146	2,28,733	11,745	44,158	89,79,243	103,45,978
•••		•••		•••	•••
		Net	32,413		

" C.
COLLECTIONS.

C.—(Continued.)
Statement shewing the Collections of all sources of Revenue

DISTRICTS.	SALT.—(Concluded.)		Stamps.		
DISTRICTS.	Increase.	Decrease.	1863-64.	1864-65.	
	32	33	34	35	
1. Ganjam	Rupees. 92,540	Rupees.	Rupees. 57,798	Rupees. 67,794	
2. Vizagapatam	•••	21,411	77,413	1,01,504	
3. Godavery	1,12,788		1,12,332	1,28,627	
4. Kistna	•••	60,033	67,755	73,511	
5. Nellore	1,31,590		53,730	57,746	
6. Cuddapah	•••	•••	86,990	1,12,873	
7. Bellary			99,630	1,27,697	
8. Kurnool			74,044	85,164	
9. Madras	7,60,428		3,05,114	2,96,143	
10. North Arcot	•	:	92,685	1,01,252	
11. South Arcot	1,15,051		74,353	82,987	
12. Tanjore	1,15,510		2,89,510	3,27,690	
1 Trichinopoly			61,469	68,959	
14. Madura	64,067		1,63,035	2,06,192	
15. Tinnevelly	38,461	<i></i>	1,34,880	1,59,054	
16. Coimbatore	•••		83,321	98,740	
17. Salem	•••		95,192	99,576	
18. South Canara	•••	53,932	1,04,986	1,20,042	
19. Malabar	71,671		3,47,489	3,68,367	
20. Madras Sea Customs					
Total	15,02,106	1,35,376	23,81,746	26,83,918	
Stoppages made by Ex-Officio Assessors from the salary of the Public Servants at the Presidency, and interest on Promissory Notes, &c.	•••		•••		
Net	13,66,730		Net	3,02,172	

N. B.—The Collections for 1863-64, entered in this Statement, will be found to differ from those in from Madura twice entered by mistake as Collections of the year and now rectified; secondly, to the erroneously included in all the Administration Statements, and lastly, to the correct distribution of 1863-64, owing to the defective character of the information then furnished.

C.—(Concluded.)
in the several Districts of the Madras Presidency, &c.

C. COLLEC-

STAMPS	(Con-		Тот	AL.	
Increase.	Decrease.	1863-1864.	1864-65.	Increase.	Decrease.
36	37	38	39	40	41
Rupees. 9,996	Rupees.	Rupees, 25,35,704	Rupees. 26,38,406	Rupees. 1,02,702	Rupees.
24,091	•	19,16,798	19,12,039	•••	4,759
16,295	•••	41,65,308	43,47,997	1,82,689	•••
5,756	•••	42,90,039	37,40,113	•••	5,49,926
4,016	•••	32,71,122	35,72,170	3,01,048	
25,883	•••	21,84,726	22,32,482	47,756	
28,047	•••	31,55,300	31,47,863		7,437
11,120	•••	17,93,883	18,42,487	48,604	
•••	8,971	48,46,298	54,17,809	5,71,511	
8,567	•••	26,53,425	27,88,016	1,34,591	•
8,634	***	37,27,436	40,56,905	3,29,469	
38,180	•••	60,91,124	62,28,407	1,37,283	
7,490	•••	19,84,782	15,38,460	•	4,46,322
43,157	•••	30,55,997	32,62,411	2,06,414	•••
24,174		39,92,499	35,63,896	•••	4,28,603
15,419		<b>30,4</b> 6,900	27,66,901	•••	2,79,999
4,384	•••	25,27,246	25,09,841	•••	17,405
15,056	•••	23,22,904	21,75,418	•••	1,47,486
20,878	•••	33,24,084	33,61,270	37,186	
	•••	12,50,897	11,05,295	•••	1,45,602
8,11.143	8,971	621,36,472	622,08,186	20,99,253	20,27,539
	•••	4,33,672	3,93,291	•••	40,381
		625,70,144		20,99,253	20,67,920
			Net	31,333	

the Statement of that year, owing, first, to a sum of Rupees 85,354 having been in the Return received exclusion of Port Dues, Rupees 49,210, from the Sea Custom Revenue of Madrae, which was hitherto the Miscellaneous Items among different heads, which it was found impracticable to do in the Returns of

D.
IMPORTS
AND
EXPORTS.

D.

Articles.	186:	3-64.	186	<b>4</b> -65.
Articles.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
IMPORTS.		Rupees.		Rupees.
Millinery and wearing				1
apparel		8,39,762	•••	7,85,083
Gold and Silver lace				i
and thread	•••	3,21,101	•••	4,99,969
Books and Stationery		7,73,708	4	4,19,627
Twist and Yarn. lbs.	6,978,675		6,418,914	
Piece Goods dyed. Ps.	353,479		319,063	
Do. Printed do.	164,100		152,135	
Do. Plain do.	1,176,767		999,140	
Drugs	•••	3,04,105	•••	2,94,557
Dyes	40.70	98,548	 97 CD4	86,406
Betel-nut boiled. Cwt	48,735		35,624	
Do. do. raw. do.	69,934	3,27,638	59,752	2,78,032
Glassware	03.075	1,80,458		2,26,842
Paddy Qts.	82,367		66,790	
Rice do.	233,449		236,136	
	9,590		12,883	
Grains of sorts.	•••	2,36,158	•••	1,99,481
Gunnies and Gunny bags No.	583,394	1,74,660	1,243,786	4,39,227
17 11		3,58,702	1,2100	4,72,296
144 11	•••	1,21,726		2,53,193
Machinery Malt Liquors. Galls.	276,773		331,873	
Metals		33,72,913		37,51,840
Naval Stores	•••	2,47,731	•••	3,31,685
Oilman's Stores.	•••	2,07,558		2,30,964
Procelain and Earth-	•••	2,07,000	•••	2,00,00 :
enware	.,	1,37,885		1,30,215
PipeStavesand Casks		1,71,047	3	1,54,922
Provisions		1,01,361		2,18,995
Railway Stores		21,14,588	•••	15,84,102
Seeds Qts.	7,786	2,34,503	5,912	2,13,535
Silk, Raw lbs.	5,957	29,604	27,581	1,46,152
Silk Piece Goods. Ps.	22,834	2,45,714	21,911	2,14,626
Spices lbs.	1,284,081	2,30,098	2,180,834	2,96,481
Spirits Galls.	68,127	5,99,348	45,281	3,91,840
Tea lbs.	198,097	1,24,834	209,319	1,29,989
Timber and Planks.		9,63,456		11,79,332
Wines Galls.	86,451	7,28,327	71,182	5,82,430
Woollens Yds.	314,403	5,04,026	264,589	6,19,268
Sundries*	2,991	58,22,846	10,256	57,57,212
Total		402,65,473		418,02,487
£		4,026,547		4,180,248
* Includer Govern		150 90 400	!	18 72 600

<sup>•</sup> Includes Government Stores... ... 159,39,429 ... ... 13,72,600
Do. Salt (on Western Coast) ... 2,57,600 ... 2, 541,522

#### D.—(Concluded.)

D.
IMPORTS
AND
EXPORTS.

Articles.	1863-	-64.	1864-	65.
Articles.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Exports.		Rupees.	_	Rupees.
Bones Cwts	18,132	27,550	15,590	23,386
Coffee lbs.	27,333,127			76,84,938
Cotton Wool do.	72,490,886	447,18,112	73,101,578	404,18,937
Cotton Goods Ps.	679,837			15,60,671
DregsofGingelly.Cwt.				4,67,679
Drugs lbs.		1,41,266		1,70,522
Indigo	2,023,784			33,35,915
Dyes of sorts		57,300		1,11,995
Emigrant's stores	•••	2,989		-,,
Feathers No.	129,459			33,511
Fishmaws Cwts	622	31,169		19,894
Fruits and Nuts		38,91,613	350	40,31,784
PaddyQts.	67,419	6,00,353	66,567	8,57,101
Rice do.	339,563	58,75,295		60,61,255
Wheat do.	2,232	54,983		
Grains of sorts do.	32,544	4,77,632		
Hides No.	4,469,832	20,62,978	4,278,270	
Horns Cwt.	12,031			
Ivory & Ivory-ware		12,736		7,628
Jewellery	•••	16,233		11,279
Mats	•••	39,434		30,665
Molasses Cwts.	170,053	7.92,489		9,28,059
Coir & Coir Rope do.	210,672			9,50, <b>2</b> 06
Hemp do.	3,553	<b>\$2,625</b>		15,746
Naval Stores of sorts	0,000	15,635		. 22,570
A11 A11	3,848,018	37,12,229		
T 0	9,040,010			25,07,457
	•••	92,274		1,27,459
Precious Stones	•••	1,76,626		45,675
Provisions lbs.	04 010 250	4,04,070	74 919 070	4,22,954
	24,216,359 6,147	45,327	74,313,079	1,39,491
Saltpetre Cwt.		65,324		61,249
Seeds Qts.	140,518	26,61,306		27,57,538
Shawls, Cashmere No.	-10	845	47	5,817
Silk Piece Goods. Ps.	8,510	62,777	6,283	54,489
Spices lbs.	16,388,502	20,23,356		21,65,851
SpiritsGalls.	31,534	46,365	2,208	2,188
Sugar Cwt. Timber and Woods	242,356	25,51,907	224,181	22,40,991
	0 000 000	15,65,030	0.01 500	15,90,845
Tobacco lbs.	2,929,200	340,143	3,691,580	5,73,074
Wax&Wax candles.do	63,133	38,259	141,112	75,653
Sundries†	•••	11,66,876	•••	12,30,957
Total		877,78,126		836,71,790
£		87,77,812		8,367,179
+ Includes Gover		21.245		0,001,113

E, FOOD-GRAINS.

#### E.

Vulue of the trade in food-grains for three years, viz. 1862-63 to 1864-65.

Items.	1862-63.	1863-64.	1864-65.
Imports	Rupees. 41,66,107	Rupees. 50,00,512	Rupees. 51,39,145
Exports	53,34,129	68,88,717	74,50,654

F.
BULLION
AND
SPECIE.

Imports and Exports of Bullion and Specie from 1862-63 to 1864-65.

F.

		Imports			Exports.	
Years.	By Govern- ment.	By Individuals.	Total.	By Govern- ment.	By individ- uals,	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rupees.	Rupess.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupeos.	Rupees.
1859-60	51,624	178,88,060	174,39,684	4,50,000	40,97,547	45,47,547
1860-61		207,25,887	207,25,887	3,00,000	59,88,632	62,88,682
1861-69		222,85,900	222,85,900	3,00,000	36,58,486	39,58,486
1862-63	51,02,833	2 52,84,057	303,86,890	35,40,000	26,50,551	61 <b>,9</b> 0, <b>5</b> 51
1863-64	44,30,000	316,45,985	<b>3</b> 60,7 <i>5</i> ,9 <b>8</b> 6	160,03,000	63,36,284	223, 39, 284
1864-65	• "	308,13,958	303, 13,958	89,52,000	91,98,942	181,50,942

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		NTTW	Alleman A.	[ ] [ ]
		Works undertaken from Local Funds.	en from L	
	District.	• Work.	Expenditure in 1864-65.	Remarks.
 2 <b>6</b>		Road from Jugganathpoor to Poorshotapoor	5,045	Earthwork completed for 12 miles, almost the entire distance; 40 masonry works constructed, and 3,600 cubic yards of gravel spread.
	Vizagapatam. Godavery.	Constructing Normal School at Vizagapatam Road from Pennagonda to Juggonatgherry	4,526 2,930	Two abutments completed, and iron girder bridge being put up.
		Construc ting an iron girder bridge over the	2,693	26 wells sunk, 18 cubic yards masonry bulk, 1 anument in progress, and 1,266 cubic gards of earthwork completed
	Do.	Yellairoo. Road from Ambajeepetta to Amlapoor.	2,897	Sanding of road in progress; auvance made of for bridges.
	Do. Nellore. Do	Constructing Zillah School at Rajahmundry Road from Alloor to Iskapully Road from Kanigery to Singaroy andah to the	3,947 3,335 8,254	Completed.  One mile completed, and five tunnels built.  Seventeen miles of road completed with the exception of masoury works.
•	Kurnool.	coast of Oollapolliem. Road from Nundicothoor to Bairlooty	5,472	Two miles of road made.
	Presidency.	Erecting a Presidency College Road from Palmanair to Vencatagherry Kotah.	2,996	Completed. 8,396 Rg. yards of earthwork, 8,396 Rg. yards of cutting side
	Do.	Road from Thellaur to Conjeveram		channel; 195 cubic yards of gravelling; *, 1, 1, 2, adjant years (20, 0, 1), other works completed. Completed.
CXC	South Arcot.	Road from the Boodengoodi road to join the Rhonagiri road near Keerapulayem.		Completed
ڟ	Do.	Road from Coollen's Choultry to the Teagvelly	2,550	e de la companya de l
	å	Salt pans.  Road from Kilianur to join the road from Mylum	4,840	Repairs completed.
		to romate and a		,

	ı	
1	۱	

A.—(Concluded.) Works undertaken from Local Funds.	Expenditure in Remarks.	Railway 7,972 Road maintained in repair.  Road maintained in repair.  Road maintained in repair.  The north and south abutments, and wing-walls, and the drist, thrift, and fourth piers have been raised the required their, the trusses for three bays completed.  Masonry work and gates nearly finished.  2,788 Ane pier raised ucarly the full height; the other is in progress.  The planking of the bridge is being put on.  2,746 Completed.  Completed.  2,851 Nearly completed.  2,552 Completed.  2,553 Completed.  2,553 Completed.  2,553 Completed.  2,553 Completed.  2,500 The planting of road opened.  2,500 The planting of road opened.  2,500 The planting of road opened.  2,500 The planting agreeter portion of earthwork finished; the expenditure include Rupees 4,112 from Income Tax funds-f
Works und	Work.	Matket shed at Salem. Road from Ootacamund to Coimbatore Railway Station. Constructing a truss bridge across the Toota river Re-building the Pyolly lock.  Re-building the Kakadicadavoo bridge  Road from Palghaut to Wuddakencherry. Coast road from Cannanore to Mahé bridge  Road from Puttumby Railway Station to Angadiporam.  Road from Wuddakencherry to the limits of the District.  Provincial School at Calicut  Road from Moodbiddy to Beltangadi  Road from Jalsoor to Cassergode  Madura Cown Water Project  Madura Cown Strivilliputtur to Tinnevelly
	District.	Salem. Coimbatore. Malabar. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Mo. Tinnevelly.

B. Statement shewing the Estimate, Allotment for the year 1864-65, and Expenditure on Public Works.

Expenditure Allotment for Expenditure Estimate. during 1864-65 1561-65. Auril 1864. Militara Buildings. Rs. 42,301 128. 10 12 RA. 22,096 Artillery Buildings ... ... Fort Saint George, Vilve's and Bellary ... 1,43,449 35,541 8,120 Presidency 13,130 3,998 5.756 reduced to Abercrombie's Batteries. 6,720 9.570 Expense Magazines and Orddо 9.570 8.124 ... nance Store Rooms. reduced to 8,172 Family Quarters, Fort Saint do. 1.58,100 98 858 61,242 45.642 reduced to Ceorge. 21 783 16,317 8.197 Incorporating Mills at the Gun 38,100 da. reduced to Powder Manufactory. 9,352 Accommodation for two Bat-Madres District \$5,100 85,100 72,023 reduced to 79,559 Dragoon Barracks ... ... 4,40,445 13,396 80,000 83,458 18,736 5,92,950 Bangalore Ulsoor Water Project ... 21,000 72,000 do. reduced to 18,800 5.525 Racket and Fives Court, Trichi-Trichinopoly ... 10.580 nopoly. Family Quarters, Trichinopoly. Grand Magazine, Trichinopoly... Lawrence Asylum, Octacamund 13,000 16.860 12,025 • • • ... 3,945 16,055 1,50,000 20,000 10,771 ... ... 84,259 Coimbatore 11,50,000 45,518 ... reduced to 82,512 65,234 Malabar ... ... 43,549 56,407 Infantry Barracks, Cannanore,. 1.78,881 reduced to 61,787 Ciril Ruildings. 3,500 Berhampore Church.. ... ... Ganiam ... ... 2,650 contributed by private parties 10,350 Vizagopatam Zillah Jail ... ... Viragapatam ... 6,673 9.869 reduced to 9.875 80,000 Rajahmundry Central Jail Godavery 2.05,748 65,548 68,595 reduced to 68,595 5,000 3,799 Nellore ... 10.534 Ongole Taluq Cutcherry ... .. ٠.. reduced to 3,800 Cuddapah 3.720 2,781 939 938 Sub-Collector's Cutcherry at Ma danapully.
Taluq Outcherry at Pallampett.
Peputy Collector's Cutcherry at 3,300 7,300 2.243 do ... 29 1.932 2.011 Kurnool ... 2,650 6.4815,674 606 Hospett Taluq Gutcherry ... ... Bellary ... 6,750 reduced to 177 Head Assistant Gollector's 496 2,745 2,176 Cutcherry at Hospett. increased to 2,189 25,580 23,213 Stamp Office ... Presidency 28,580 \*\*\* reduced to 23,850 8,242 27,037 Salt Cotaure ... do. 61,300 •.. ••• reduced to 7,600 35,750 28,144 9.529 Clentral Museum. do. increased to 8,900 57,000 reduced to 2,19,500 1,62,450 51,645 General Hospital ... do. 52,000 10,350 10,350 do. 4,061 Laying out the ground round ••• reduced to the General Hospital, 3,960

		Estimate.	Expenditure up to 30th April 1864.	Allotment for 1864-65.	Expenditure during 1864-65.
Givil Buildings(Continued.) Public Works Store and Work-	Presidency	RS. 80,360	RS	RS. 50,000	RS. 55,023
ahop.	2,000000,000	55,550		increased to 54,070	
Deputy Collector's Cutcherry at the Madrus Salt Gotaurs.	do	6,460	•••	6,460	6,473
Taluq Cutcherry at Mandran- ticum.	Madras District	11,300		6,000 increased to	10,458
Court House at Cuddulore	South Arcot	41,000	10,117	10,458 30,000 reduced to	26,165
Upper Storey to Salem Jail	Salem	40,500	19,539	26,364 20,200	23,194
Trichinopoly Lunatic Asylum.	Trichinopoly	11,030	1,999	9,980 reduced to	8,565
Coimbatore Central Jail	Coimbatore	1,80,800	30,660	8,949 60,000 increased to	75,923
Agricultural. Raising the Godavery Anicut	Godavery	3,00,000	1,48,255	75,459 70,000	68,401
				reduced to 68,400	
Ellore Oanal	} do }	2,57,650	1,95,873	3,798 increased to 14,917	11,277
From Perikeed to Nundamoor. Akeed Canal	j do do	66,132 80,120		17,500 15,000	13,552 11,324
		,		reduced to 8,824	
Locks and Calingulaha in Man- dapetta Canal.	do	41,980	28,260	10,000 increased to 13,348	11,989
Channel from Peddavadlapudi to Nizampatam.	Kistnah	2,90,214	2,60,743	29,861 reduced to 16,600	15,299
Channel from Wullabapooram to tide water.	do	1,46,479	51,938	32,000	29,897
Chaunel from Pullairu to Canal basin at Masulipatum.	do	2,59,826	2,63,255	2,000 reduced to	894
Enlargement of head of Channel from Sectanagram to Dugga- ralls.	do	2,61,344	1,28,364	25,000 reduced to	21,583
Widening the Pullairu Channel,	do	98,710	44,909	24,100 25,000 increased to	26,963
Commamoor Channel	do	1,85,460		26,000 36,000 increased to 32,000	33,113
Eastern embankment of the Kistnah.	do	56,910			2,053
New cut from Jaffer Sahib's to Survapully Channel.	Nellore	92,630	78,652	13,530 reduced to 8,683	8,689
Improving the Edur Kodur Branch of Jaffer Sahib's Ohan- nel.	do <u>.</u>	27,100	19,737	7,249 reduced to	2,463
Palar Project	Madras	2,13,273	1,84,360	2,489 20,210 reduced to	20,211
Raising the body of Palar Anicut.	North Arcot	7,700		7,700	7,700
Chuckramelloor Channel Channels under Mahindravady tank.	do do	1 11 000		8,300 15,000	8,130 14,059
Channel from Lalpetto Surpentungle.	do	19,300	16,874	2,426	2,426
System of Irrigation under the Chevaur Anicat.	do	29,700		10,000	9,589
Trivady Anicut	South Arcot	9,040		8,300 reduced to	6,546
Vanamadavy Anicut	do,	2,505		6,276 2,000 increased to 2,505	2,305

		Estimate.	Expenditure up to 30th April 1864.	1864-65.	Expenditu during 1864-65.
Agricultural.—(Continued). Frivandipooram Anicut	South Arcot	R8. 12,791	RS.	na. 9,770 increased to	RS. 10,49
Rebuilding fallen portion of the Ooleroon Anicut	Tanjore	63,000		10,822 20,000 reduced to 14,000	19,74
Communications  Road from Mogogoda to Sunkerakole,	Ganjam	40,700	31,624	13,000 reduced to	2,099
Road from Aska to Ganjam	do. •	62,700		3,000 23,309 reduced to	22,500
Road from Aska to Russelcondah Road from Bullipudra to Kur-	do do	44,640 22,470	3,682 8,976	21,000 	3,289 4,700
chooly, Road from Vizagapatam to Kassipore,	Vizagapatam	1,15,000	13,495	25,000 reduced to	23,50
Road from Vizagapatam to	do	20,430	8,623	23,897	10,09
Road from Vizianagram to Jey- pore.	do	•••	•	50,000 contributed by	13,240
ron Girder Bridge at Cocanada.	Godavery	75,000	23,991	the Rejah. 6,000 increased to	16,66
Road from Seetanagram to Gun- toor.	Kistuah	26,077	11,678	10,000 5,000 increused to	6,34
Bridge across Gommamoor Chan- nel.	đo,	11,900	420	7,000 5,000 reduced to	5,58
Reconstructing the Sultanagram Bridge.	do,	14,100		4,762 6,000 increased to	9,05
mproving the Madras and Ma-	do	4,580	•••	9,400	3,53
sulipatem Coast Road, Prunk Road No. 6	Nellore	1,17,113	1,01,021	8,580 increased to	10,28
Masonry Works on Trunk Road No. 6.	do	1,02,350	60,837	13,302 8,000 increased to	10,41
Portion of Trunk Road No. 6 passing over Moosanoor Val-	do,	68,630	1,891	10,520 F,000 increased to 10,000	10,00
ley. Nellore and Dorenal Road	do	1,01,000		i	9,68 15,0 <b>0</b>
Famine Roads Bridge on Trunk Road No. 11 Road from the Madras and Cud-	Cuddapah do do	86,198 2,965	61,818	15,000 10,000 2,865	9,99 2,86
dupshi High Road to the Codoor Railway Station. Road from Rejampett to the Rajampett Railway Station.	do	2,695		2,695 reduced to	63
Road from Madras Road at Nun- dalore to the Nundalore Liail-	do	7,312	•••	1,695 7,312 reduced to	1,76
way Station. Road from Cuddapah to the	do	54,300	10,850	1,312	7,00
Nellore Frontier.	( do	62,000	43,253	10,000 Imperial fouds Ba	9,51 Imperial
Road from Cuddapah to Nun- dial.	Kurnool	60,000	31,593	Imperial feuda Ra 5,779 reduced to Ra 4,879 Income Tan funda Ro 5,849	funds 5,99 Income To funds 3,38
Road from Cuddepah to Bel-	Guddapatı	1,06,431	58,534	Imperial . funds Rs. 20,000. In- come Tax funds	Imperial funda ita 20,000-
lery.	Bellary	1,02,200	83,788	Rs. 3,760, Income Tax fundsRs.10,000.	Income Ta funds Rs. 8,1 Income To funds Rs
		ł	i		10,000

#### APPENDIX IV.—PUBLIC WORKS.

		Estimate.	Expenditure up to 30th April 1864.	Allotment for 1864-65.	Expenditure during 1864-65.
Communications —(Continued). Bridging the road from Kurnool to Bellary.	Kurnool	rs. 23,370	Rs. 18,723	RS	Rs. 4,880
Widening the Elephant Gate Bridge.	Presidency	7,700			7,280
Road from Mylapoor to Cona-	Madras	27,100	13,439	13,661	12,465
Road from Satgur to the Mail-	North Arcot	4,700		4,700	4,700
Road from Arcot to Arnee Bridge over the Guddalum river at Guddalore.	do South Arcot	32,600 12,000	17,143	12,000 reduced to 8,400	13,301 8,240
Road from Sooramungalum to Taramungalum.	Salem	11,300	4,461	1,840	1,840
Bridges on the Salem and Gud- dalore Road,	do	3,450	932	2,150	1,510
Bridges on the Trunk Road No. 5 near Darampoory.	do	7,255	721	5,060 increased to 6,535	5,338
Gart Road between Palakode and Murapore.	do	18,200	6,859		4,676
Bridge near Attur on Salem and Ouddalore Road.	do	14,300	5,185	•••	2,103
Road from Negapatam to Nagore Road from Keevalore Railway Station to the Town of Keevalore	Tanjore	25,730 3,690	12,886 152	8,456 3,539	8,477 2,894
Canal from the Vedarniem Salt pans to the Adapaur River.	do •··	13,000	11,373	1,621	1,209
Extension of Vedarniem Canal New Coopoor Ghaut New Tambracherry Ghaut	do, Coimbatore Malabar	22,565 1,47,550	6,194 8,549 	8,063 42,434 50,000	8,626 40,781 34,553
Kulpatty Bridge	do,	30,000		20,000 necreased to	21,735
Bridging the Road below the Chamady Ghaut.	South Canara	40,140	11,478	24,410 17,420 increased to 26,036	26,016
Bridges below the Musnzerabad Ghaut.	do	15,882	5,077	10,109 reduced to 9,002	9,410
Tecroomungalum and Coimbatore Road.	Madura	1,65,000	•••	12,655	11,066
Bridge over the Shummooga- nuddee River.	do ·	30,169	£,609	10,000 increased to 13,000	11,336
Road from Palamcottuh to Tuticorin.	Tinnevelly	1,30,000	19,021	20,000 increased to 21,966	21,594
Sattur B-idge Road from Madura to Arambooly	do do	22,000 	17,966	4,031	3,818 8,837
Miscellaneous.  Channel from Aukumuroo Lock to the Sultanagram Bridge.	Kistnah	14,000		007, <b>c</b>	8,442
Good water Channel from the Sultanagram Bridge to Robert- son's Pettah.	do	•••	•	4,800 reduced to 3,000	2,584
Improvements to the People's Park.	Presidency	•••	•••	.,	10,587
Enclosing Fort Esplanades with wire fracing.	do	•••		***	23,935
Extension of the Quay at Man- galore.	South Canara	10,713	867		1,640
Improving the Paumben Channel.	Madura	43,340	19,743	15,000 reduced to 4,600	3,559

C.
IRRIGATION
AND CANAL
COMPANY.

C.

Abstract Statement shewing the entire Expenditure of Cash and Stores during and up to the end of Official year 1864-65.

				lst to i	May 30th 180	y 18 Ap 63.	64 oril	ŀ	or:	ious m P ril l	., 3	Oth			Tot	al.	
GENERAL MAN	AGEMI	NT.			RS.	Δ.	Р.			µ8,	<b>A</b> .	P		F	R <b>a.</b>	٨.	ì
Agent's O	fice																
lalaries	•••			38,	127	13	3	1	90,	660	8	6					
Contingent expenses		•••		6	266	3	3			638					60		10
itores	•••	•••		1,	183	12	y		*,	976	13	,	"	, 1	UU	•	10
Chief Engineer's	Depar	tment.															
alaries	•••	•••		58,				1,	93,	195	13	10	2,5	2,	146	9	(
ontingent expenses	•••	•••		10.			1					10			68		
tores	•••	• •	•••	ι,	774	1	7		9,	943	10	11	111	. ,7	117	12	(
Inspecting E	nyinee	rs.															
alaries				7.	623	14	4						1	7.6	523	14	
ontingent expenses	•••				129			1		•••		•••	1		129		
tores	•••	•••			••	•••	•••			•••	•••	•.•	1	••	•	•••	••
Construc	·KOIT																
Executive Esta	blishm	ent.															
alaries		•••		9 5R	020	a	0	5.	97	,155	3	9	8,5	i4.	143	12	:
Contingent expenses	•	•••		2,56 18,	282	-	ĭ					7			139		
tores		•••		4,	718	8			12,	528	15	7	1	7,5	247	7	1
Work																	
Main Su	oply.																
nicut and Head Wor	ks at	Kurno	ol		406	2	6	3	59.	830	2	7	6	0,2	236	5	1
tores	-ba et	Soonke			 324	***	•••	13				27	!				
tores	•••			11	876	3	4	11					0,7	14,	VUQ		•
nicut and Head V			nas-	37	.013	3 0	11	}	17,	022	9	3	5	5,4	<b>£</b> 13	1	
tores	•••	•••	•••	,	877		3	,									
lindr <b>y</b> Aqueduct	•••	***	•••	38	004	10		le.	9 N	1 64	3 K	1	2.4	2.	064	Q	) 1
tores	•••			1 2	416	9	9	1	۰,۰	-,0-		•	1				
anal for 1 mile from the Kurnool Anio	the h						•••		49	,210	13	7	4	9,2	210	13	•
		•••	***	,													
South Main st Portion of the 1st		•		1,28	Kon	1 1 "	^	١,					-				
Stores	Deck	1011	•••	1,20	636	15	10	1}	6,5	5,07	77 1	7	7.8	34,	295	0	1
and and 3rd Portions	of the	1st Sec	tion.	7.94	.756	ii	7	1	0 z	E 10	4 2	7	10	E a			
tores		•••		4	011	14	3	1	•	•		7	1 '		•		
th and 5th Portions	ī lst	Section	***	4,39	,016	1 2	2	1	5,0	3,60	37 1	8 2	9.4	<b>15</b> .	229	14	L
tores		•••	•••	1,49	545	13		1					1				
st Portion of the 2	nd 🎾	etion					7				8 1	_					

C. IRRIGATION COMPANY.

#### C.-(Continued.)

AND CANAL Abstract Statement showing the entire Expenditure of Cash and Stores during and up to the end of Official year 1864-65.

	lst May 1864 to 30th April 1865.	Previous as per Form P., 30th April 1864.	Total.
	RS. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
2nd Portion of 2nd Section	90,575 2 3 2,114 3 3	55,767 1 2	1,48,456 6 8
Stores	1,36,318 2 5 540 3 10	28,230 8 2	1,65,088 14 5
Distribution.			
Branch channels and sluices between 1st to 17th mile	885 2 3	<b>3,</b> 530 11 10	4,415 14 1
Channels and sluices for irrigating 30,000 acres between Bowanasay and Kistna.		*** ** ***	1,096 9 4
Buildings.			
Central Hospital with out-houses and compound wall Stores	}	4,188 5 4	4,188 5 4
Office and Storchouse and Workshop at Soonkasala	}	5,658 18 4	5,658 13 4
Stores	}	7,469 8 1	7,469 8 1
Stores Roads and Bridges, &c., at Bowanassy Gun Powder Manufactory into an Hos-	24 14 10	3,867 8 1	3,892 6 11
Valapasor Office and Store building at	3 9 136 7 5 1	12 0 0	12 0 0
Stores	554 3 10 3,540 4 3	2,035 14 7	5,026 9 10
Stores	1 14 0	1,446 7 6	4,988 9 9
Stores Office and Store building at Chinta-	3120 3 4	2,428 11 0	2,915 12 1
gonta Stores Office and temporary Store shed at	147 1 10	1,957 3 2	5,224 8 4
Ayaloor Sub-Assistant Engineers' Quarters at		67 6 <sup>0</sup>	67 6 0
Koondam Hospital Apothecary's residence at	84 18 7 1,304 3 11	612 4 4	697 7 11
Stores Office building at Somaiswarum		262 1 5	1,566 5 4
Repairs to the anicut office at Zora-	1,470 0 0 241 10 0		1,470 0 0 0 241 10 0
Manufacture of Stores.			
Splaning	11 105 0 0		
Contingent expenses Stores	11,125 0 9 59,816 7 9 16,915 14 0	62,032 15 1	1,49,890 5 7
Work done on private account (Stores)	481 8 8	2,665 5 6	3,146 14 2

#### C.—(Concluded.)

C.
IRRIGATION
AND CANAL
COMPANY.

Abstract Statement shewing the entire Expenditure of Cash and Stores during and up to the end of Official year 1864-65.

	1st May 1864 to 30th April 1865-	Previous as per Form P. 30th April 1864.	Total.
Store Charges.	RS. A. P.	RS, A. P.	RS, A. P.
Salaries Contingent expenses Stores General Plaut on Works (Stores) Steamer "Thistle" (Cash) Stores sold and recoverable in Cash (Stores) Stores lost and damaged (Stores) Profit and Loss Revenue Account.	1 067 15 2	71,396 5 2 2,51,612 8 5 8,648 12 8 287 14 2 32 4 2 300 0 0	1,40,282 2 5 3,04,794 9 1 10,616 11 10 257 14 2 173 7 3 300 0 0
Irrigation Establishment at Kurnool. Establishment for working Aniout sluices at Soonkasala  Inefficient Estance.		1,224 15 1 805 0 0	2,644 11 6 1,819 0 9
Amount disbursed under this head  Total Rupees		89,456 15 10	1,67,949 11 6 69,58 779 15 10

The Expenditure of Stores is only up to 31st January 1865.

(Signed) F. H. HENSLOWE,

Agent and Manager.

D.	D.	
AND CANAL	Estimates sanctioned during 1864-65.  Amount same by Government and by Government and by Government and by Government and by Government and by Government and Burnet	
COMIT MAN 1	MAIN SUPPLY. Rs.	
	Kadrabagh aqueduct 17,970	
	Vilur do 22,010	
	Line of canal round the Ullur tank 38,580	
	Terogapilly aqueduct 36,910	
	Raising the canal banks between 52nd & 63rd mile 51,565	
	Completion of the 4th Section earthworks 65,900	
	9th Section main canal (original) 7,93,901	
	Revetting the single banks of the 4th Section 92,545	
	Completion of 5th Section earthworks 1,16,650	
	Off-take channel from the Rajoly anicut at the	
	head of the 9th Section 8,910	)
	4th Section masonry works (supplemental) 21,163	}
	Covering with earth the sandy bed of the canal	
	below the Hindry aqueduct * 3,700	
	Completing the 2nd Section works 7,56,740	
	4th Section calingulahs, aprons 24,395	•
	Supplemental estimate of the Soonkasala anicut. 1,84,650	•
	Completing the 8th Section works 1,21,200	)
	Supplemental sanction for covering with earth	
	the sandy bed of the main canal below the Hindry	
	aqueduet 3,470	
	Completing the 3rd Section works 3,35,150	
	Supplemental sanction for the Kadrabagh aqueduct 16,591	
	1)	- 27,12,006
	Distribution.	
	34 sluices in the 9th Section 11,884	
	Supplemental sanction for distribution sluice No. 7	
	in the 4th Section 218	}
	Advance for collecting materials for the 6th Section	
	distribution works 10,000	
		. 22,102
	Buildings.	
	Valapanoor office 1,970	)
	Supplemental sanction for the Somaiswaram	
	hospital 900	
	Puggydial office 3,030	)
	Repairs to the Kurnool hospital 68	3
	Repairs to the Kurnool anicut office and out-	
	houses at Zorapore 32	
	Supplemental sanction for Donapaud office 867	
	Do. do. for the Jupad do 204	ŀ
	Do. do. for Sub-Assistant En-	
	gineers' &c., quarters at the 8th Section 768	
	Bowanassy workshop 5,200	
	Somaiswaram office 1,470	
		- 14,804
	Total	27,48,912

A.
MARINE.

# APPENDIX V

Statement shewing the Receipts, Disbursements, and Balances connected with Port Charges and Dues in the various Ports of the Presidency of Fort St. George, under the operations of Act XXII of 1855, from 1st May 1864 to 30th April 1865.

Nan	Names of Ports.		Receipts.	Disbursements.	Excess for this year.	Deficit for this year.	Total balance to the credit of the Port.	Total deficit against the Port.
			- P4	₹	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Ganjam	:	:	758;10 5	580 110	178		349 7 2	
Munsoorcottah	:	-:	1,906,11,10	653 4 9	1,253 7 1		2,037 4 1	
Calingapatam	:	:	1,34914 8	597 0 0	75214 8		6	
Bimlipatam.	:		3,064,11,11	2,109, 8,10,	955 3 1		5.223 6 8	
Vizagapatam	:	:	2,745 8 6	1,911 1 1	834 7 5		- :	1.260 1.0
Cocanada	:	:	ဖ	6,836,14, 1	5,321 8 3		14,004 211	· · ·
Masulipatam*	:	:	1,860 9 3	649 9 1	1,211 0 2	•		
Madras	:	:	3.1	38,828,14,11	23,838,15 0		1,14,957,11	
Cuddalore	:	;	361, 311,	420 2 0		OC.	1.474.2.9	
Tranquebar .	:	:	_	352 0 0	22211 7		3.56211 4	-
Negapatam .	:	:	2,657;13; 3	2,072 3 0	585 10 3		5,766 5 0	:
Tuticorin .	:	<u>:</u>	10	3,061 2 4	3,608.13 4		11.16415 9	-
Cochin	:	:	12,287 7 8	7,617,14,11	6 8 699.4		19,67914 5	:
Calicut .	:	:	4,037,11 0	3,207 4 6	830 6 6		6.871.13 0	_
Tellicherry .	:	:	1,655 2, 8	141	476 3: 9,			
Cannanore .		:	2,886,11,10	•	2 121 8 7			
Mangalore .	:	-	2,673, 711	1-		-		
		Total	1,20,31612 4	72.009 10 11	48.365.15 6	58.14	2.14.346 0 7	
				1	20062	- 1		1,200 1. 0

\* The expenses of the Establishment of this Port are borne by Government, and those of the Light Establishment by the Port Fund.

B. MARINE.

B.

Tuble shewing the number of Boats and Rafts using the Pier each month from March 1864 to April 1865.

	Months	i.			ER OF	Total.	Nus of R	iber Afts.	Total.
				Export.	Import.		Export.	Import.	
	1864.					N.			
March	•••	•••		584	1,132	1,716		•••	4
April	•••	•••		1,335	1,921	3,256		•••	31
May	•••	•••	•••	1,855	1,524	3,379	•••		3
June	•••	•••	•••	3,190	1,822	5,012	•••	•••	25
July	•••	•••		3,955	1,627	5,582	•••	•••	•••
August	•••	•••	•••	<b>3,27</b> 9	1,811	5,090	•••	•••	26
Septembe	r	•••		1,687	460	2,147		•••	18
October	·	•••		1,098	. 240	1,338	•••	•••	10
Novembe	r	•••		819	319	1,138			j. T
December	·	•••		1,016	547	1,563	,	•	•••
	1865.								
January	g:	•••		1,811	1,338	3,149	· <b></b> .	•••	30
February				1,685	921	2,606	•••		44
March	•••	•••		1,335	581	1,916	•••		11
April	•••	•••	•••	1,129	1,046	2,175	•••	•••	23
	Total			24,778	15,289	40,067		•••	225

C, MARINE.

C.

Statement of the Tolls levied on the Madras Pier from January 1862 to the 30th April 1865.

				On passer	nge	rs.	On goo	ds.		Tota	l.	
				RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	Ρ,	RS.	A.	P.
In 1862	•••	•••	•••	2,714	14	0	•••	•••		2,714	14	0
1863	•••	•••	•••	3,913	12	0	•••••		•••	3,913	12	0
1864	•••	•••	•••	5,071	2	0	*****		•••	5,071	2	0
•	1865											
January	•••	•••	•••	656	10	0	* 396	10	0	1,050	4	0
February	•••	•••	•••	603	2	0	335	7	0	938	9	0
March	•••	•••	•••	633	14	0	244	14	0	878	12	0
April	•••	•••	•••	575	13	0	297	2	0	872	15	0

<sup>\*</sup> This does not include the Contractor's share of the toll.

D.

Particulars of the Trade of the Ports in each

İ					Вви	гізн.		
Districts.	NAMES OF	POR	TS.	Vessels.	Tonnage.	D	ues.	
				<u>'</u>		' RS.	A.	р.
	Ganjam Munsoorcottah	•••	•••	12 43	$\begin{array}{c} 6,117 \\ 27,572 \end{array}$	358 1,374	3 0	0
Ganjam.	Sonnapore Barwah	•••		3	2,094	•••	•••	:::
Gar	Calingapatam Pudi	•••	•••	16 2	5,732½ 807	328	11	0
ا	Bapanapaudu	•••	•••		•••	•••		
		То	tal	76	42,322}	2,060	11	0
Vizaga- patam.	Vizagapatam Bimlipatam	•••	•••	67	37,158 47,545	1,210 2,065	2 15	0 7
Vizage patam	Pudimadakah Pentacottah	•••	•••	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$	546 648	•••		
		То	tal	148	85,897	3,276	1	7
Godavery Distr.ct.	Coringa Cocanada Narsapore	•••	•••	98	52,348 	4,292	5	ï
		To	tal	98	52,348	4,292	5	1
<u>.</u>	Masulipatam	•••		54	17,994	1,145	15	4
Kristna Dis- trict.	Nizampatnam Kottapollem	•••	•••			•••	•••	•••
istna trict.	Epurupollem	•••	•••	:::	•••	•••	•••	•••
7 7	Motupalli	•••			•••	•••		•••
		To	tal	54	17,994	1,145	15	4
ſ	Kottapatnam	•••	•••			•••		
h 11	Itamukala Pakala	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••
انوا	Ramayapatnam	•••	•••	iö	1,142	•••		•••
Nellore.	Iskapalli	•••	•••		1,112	•••		•••
E	Kristnapatnam	•••	•••	35	2,958	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
'7	Dugarazupatnam	•••	•••			•••		
] []	Toopile	•••	•••	•••	147	•••		•••
1	Pamanji	•••	•••	7	380	***	•••	
		To	ta1	52	4,6271		J	

D.—(Continued.)

District for the Official year 1864-65.

	Fore	ign.		.		COUNTRY, OR	NATIVE.		
Vessels.	Tonnage.	Du	cs.	V	essels.	Tonnage.	Due	s.	
	- 	RS.	A.	P.			RS.	Α.	Р.
		ł		0	33	3,928	75	6	9 !
1	382	23	15	ő	45	6,007	142	2	9
6	3,411	213	3	- 1	18	1,832			
2	671	•••	•••		40	5,600			
• • •		:::	12	öl	68	8,8381	221	1	9
17	9,5751	576			41	5,023			
•••	!	•••	•••		25	2,252		•••	•••
•••	•••	• • •							
26	14,042	813	14	0	270	33,4801	438	11	3
~	1.000	287	1.0	0	109	13,198	623	1	9
10	4,606		14 13	11	41	3,517	169	12	9
21	12,293	732	1 1		6	505	•••	•••	•••
$\frac{1}{2}$	375 759				10	705	•••	•••	•••
	18,033	1,020	11	11	166	17,925	792	11	6
31  =	=				286	37,921	4,383	, 4	0
		0.147	19	ii	2.50	0,,021			•••
49	21,091	2,446	13		144	6,650	•••	•••	•••
49	21,091	2,446	13	11	430	44.571	4,383	1	0
	_		-	5	163	80,087	374	8	6
. 14	5,679	340	1 1		151	8,329-98	1		
	•-•	•••			158	16,534-23		•••	
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	98	12,096		•••	
	•••				43	2,343			
		340	-		613	47,390-21	374	8	6
14	5,679		-	-	-			-	
2	260				253	26,6641		•••	"
2		14	11	2		10,368			1
-			•••			$\frac{3,863\frac{1}{2}}{1,196}$	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	•••	•••		•••	10	5,5481	•••		
1		•••			16	2,185			
		•••			l u	532	•••		1
1				•••	1 1	42			::
	1 .		•••		9	141			1
	1	_	_ -		_	_		_	-
<u> </u>	4 460	14	11	1 5	439	50,540		٠	

D.—(Continued.)
Particulars of the Trade of the Ports in each

					Ton	Pal <sub>t</sub> .		
Distric(s.	NAMES OF	PORT	3 <b>.</b>	Vessels.	Tonnage.	, D	ues.	
	·				<u> </u>	RS.	Δ.	P.
	Ganjam Munsoorcottah	•••	•••	46 94	10,427 36,990	457 1,729	8 5	9
Ganjam. 人	Sonnapore	•••	•••	23	4,600	•••	•••	
١Ē	Barwah	•••	•••	40 101	5,600 24,1461	1,126	8	9
5	Calingapatam Pudi	•••	•••	43	5,830			1
1 11	Bapanapaudu	***	•••	25	2,252	•••	•••	•••
1	Dahanahadad	é.,	•••					
		Tota	al	372	89,845	3,313	7	3
1: 0	Vizagapatam			186	54.962	2,121	1	9
Vizaga- patam.	Bimlipatam	•••	•••	139	63,355	2,968	10	3
tan (	Pudimadakah		•••	8	1,426	•••		
F & (	Pentacotah	***	•••	15	2,112	•••	•••	
		Tota	ıl	348	1,21,855	5,089	12	0
<b>b</b> .	~ .							-
1 5 6	Coringa	•••	•••	286	37,921	4,383	4	0
Godavery District.	Cocanada	•••	•••	147	73,439	6,739	3	0
ĕΑ Ч	Narsaporc	•••	•••	194	6,650			
		Tota	ıl	577	1,18,010	11,122	7	0
4	Masulipatanı	•••	•••	231	31,760	1,860	9	3
Kristna Dis- trict.	Nizampatnam	•••	•••	151	8,329-98			
trict	Kottapollem	•••	•••	158	16,534-23	•••		
ist	Epurupollem	• • •	•••	98	12,096	•••		
Σ Y	Mottupalli	•••	•••	43	2,343		•••	
		Total	۱	681	71,063-21	1,860	9	3
را	Kottapatnam	•••		255	26,9241			
[1]	Itamukala	•••		82	10,568	14	11	2
	Pakala	•••	•••	30	3,863 1	•••		•••
Nellore,	Ramayapatnam	•••	•••	20	2,338	•••		•••
픻심	Iskapalli	•••		16	5,548	***	•••	•••
Ž	Kristnapatnam	•••		74	5,1432	•••		•••
	Dugarazupatnam	•••	•••	8	532	•••	•••	•••
	Toopile	***		1	189	•••	•••	•••
	Pamanji	***	•••	9	521	•••		
		Tota	1	495	55,6281	14	11	2

cexii

D. MARINE.

D-(Continued.)

District for the Official year 1864-65.

	V.	LUE	OF					Du	TY	ON					
Export	• 8.		Imp	orts	) <b>.</b>		Export	5.		Imports			Sea Cust Revenu		
RS.	<b>A.</b>	P.	RS.	[	A.	p.	R8.	<b>A.</b>	_ _ P.	RS.	۸.	P.	RS.	<b>A</b> .	
5,12,359	4	5	1,22,7	785	1	8	15,551	13	5	64	2	9	16,073	8	
3,50,407	14		4,91,0	05	6	3	14,936		7	737	1	2	17,402		6
1,09,204	4	9	49,3		2		1,579	4	0	45	0	o	1,624	4	€
1,29,440			44,9		5	8	•••		ايه		•::	ان٠٠	17,509	3	1
7,08,618	0		105,2	219	6	5	16,744	1	5	765 149	1	8	149		i
1,17,631	12		63,2		4	6	•••		•••	149	14	٩			
1,10,327	5	5	50,2	235	4	0			•••			_		-	-
0,37,989	2	11	9,26,7	759	15	5	48,811	7	5	1,761	0	1	52,759	6	(
F 05 051	1-	1	6,84,	241	10	7	5,121	3	2	204	8	10	5,325	12	(
7,25,971		1 7	7,51,	714	10	5	40,477		5	3,974		4	44,452	3	
4,03,400 29,721			4	684	4	ŏ	123		4	***			123		
66,86				643		7	1,716		6	•••			1,716	8	1
	-	_	14,48,		-	- 1	47,439	-	 5	4,179	7	2	51,618	7	7
2,25,95	9	4	14,40,		_	╧	41,400		_		-	-		_	-
6,55,69	6 0	0	5,76,	488	0	0	7,155	1	1	636		10	7,791		1
19,10,47						o	19,055	3	11	6,238	5	11	25,293	9	1
1,02,07			68,	153	0	0	•••		•••	•••	•••	••••	•••		-
6,68,24	- -		10,90,	046	0	0	26,210	5	0	6,874	8	9	33,084	13	
	-	.			-	-		-		015	10	-	4,352	1	Γ
15,04,90	6 8	3 7	12,53,	046	11	0	3,434	3	10	917	ı	1 1	240		1
2,58,67	6 8	5 4		410		8	240	15	0	•••					١.,
18,34	9 4	1 8		904			****		:	18	2	5	137	7	
3,71,81	8 1		5,70,					4	9	_			***	<b> </b>	
35,74	7/1.	L  1	1,13,	211	2	1	•••				_			1-	-
21,89,49	8	811	20,62	670	9	5	3,79	1 7	7	935	15	8	4,730	7	_
0.00.00		9 9	4,75,	909	7	6		Ī		•••	<b></b>		•••		ŀ
2,92,88 98,70			2,46	207		i	14	11	2	•••	<b> </b>		14	11	ı
16,21	61	2 0	11	991	10	0		1		•••	ļ		•••		ŀ
4,89	3	4	4.	.451	ll O	2				***	ļ		•••		1"
8,96	5	8 10	11,	,731	15	11	·			•••	ļ		***	-	1.
24,44		3	8	,437	/110	5	•••			•••	•••		•••		1.
	١.	l	6,	469	) (	0	•••		•••	•••		1	***		1
3,54	6	8 1	22	,500	) (	0	•••			•••			<b></b>		1
8,83	4	8	5 3	,000	7	0	444		<u> </u>			-		_	. .
4,58,48	- -	2	7,90			1	14	11	2	•••	1	1	1 14	111	ll

### D.—(Continued.)

# Particulars of the Trade of the Ports in each

					BRITIS	н.		
Dis- tricts-	NAMES OF	PORTS.		Vequels.	Tonnage.	Duc	) <b>.</b>	
				ì		RS,	A3.	P.
ا ند هـ	Cuddalore	•••	•••	12	2,6811	148	3	6
South Areot.	Porto Novo	•••	***	50	6,7721			•••
		Tota	ı	62	9,4541	148	3	6
,	Negapatam	•••	•••	748	1,25,891	2,344	5	6
1	Nagore	***	•••	159	24,7201	•••		•••
£ }	Thoputoray		•••	15	1,9721	•••	***	•••
Tanjore.	Mutupetai	•••	79.6	237 156	21,174 <del>1</del> 15,703	•••		•••
Ĥ	Terumalavasal Tranquebar	•••	•••	10	3,093	193	5	3
		Tot	al	1,318	1,92,5551	2,537	10	9
	Keelakarry	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••
Madura	Davepatam		•••	ز••	***	•••		***
5 7	Paumben	•••	• •	5	1,008	•••		
<b>×</b> (	Tondy	•••	•••				<del> </del>	-
		. To	tal	5	1,008			
Tinnevelly	Tuticorin	***		57	36,072	5,115	0	-
1	Cannanore		••	151	50,217	2,300		
1	Tellicherry	•••	••		30,958	1,140		1
1	Kalay	•••	••		272	•••		1:
1	Baragana	•••	••		8,033	***	***	1:
Malabar.	Quilandy	•••	••	1 120	7,784	1,727	5	
1 3	Calicut	•••		AF	52,613 6,851	1,42	1	1 -
1 4	Beypore	•••	••	. 0	209		,	
1	Tanore	•••	••	"			•••	1.
1	Ponany Chowghat	•••	•			7,80	, ii	1
	Cochin	•••		264	86,355		-	- -
		T	otal.	705	2,38,292	12,970	3   6	

D.

D.—(Continued.)

## District for the Official year 1864-65.

	Fore	GN.		_	<del></del>	COUNTRY, O	R NATIVE.		_
Vessels.	Tonnage.	Due	:8-	ş	Jessels.	Tonnage.	Due	<b>.</b>	
		RS.	· A8.	P.			RS.	AD.	P.
4	48	1	8	0	139	8,659	211	8	5
3	1,112	•••			399	17,518	•••	<u> </u>	
7	1,160		8	0	538	26,1781	211	8	5
					310	16,585	311	3	9
15	180	•••	••.	•••	171	4,323	•••	•••	•••
		•••			854	17,274	•••		•••
•••				•••	841	27,365	•••	•••	•••
 4 12	16 4,076	209	iï		299 135	12,847 10,0331	"i71	11	4
31	4,272	209	11	0	2,610	88,428	482	15	1
					738	33,3521	•••	••	
		•••	1 1	•••	1,589	76,1881		•••	•••
•••	1 1	•••	***	•••	3,157	2,67,155	•••	•••	
•••		•••			528	18,195			•••
		•••			6,012	3,94,8903			
3	3 1,490	279	6	0	546	26,439	1,274	13	8
	3 1,785	111		0	1,249 1,207	26,802 18,823	439 309	1 5	8
1 3	1,593	. 99		1	393	1			•••
	2 1,061	""		:::	760	19,260		***	
1	1,001				300	5,315	0.000	9	1 "
	2 1,014	68		0		79,295	2,076	1 "	1 1
					842	29,604		"	••
			•••		279	7,722	•••		
		•••			702		***	***	"
	9 4,119	44	8 ···		1,315		1,550	1	
\	8 9,572	-		-	9,440	-	4,375	0	1

D. Marine,

#### D.—(Continued.)

#### Particulars of the Trade of the Ports in each

					Тота	.L.		
Districts,	NAMES OF	POI	rts.	Vessels	Tonnage.	Du	e <b>s.</b>	
					*	Rs	<b>A.</b>	P.
급유 (	Cuddalore	•••	***	155	11,389}	361	3	11
South Arcot.	Porto Novo	•••	•••	452	25,4031	•••	•••	•••
		T	otal	607	36,792	361	3	-11
	Negapatam	***	•••	1,058	1,42,476 29,223‡	2,655	9	3
2	Nagore Thoputoray	***	•••	869	19,246	•••		•••
Tanjore.	Mutupetai	***	•••	1,078	48,540		***	•••
E	Terumalavasal	•••	***	459	28,566		.	•••
(	Tranquebar	***	•••	157	17,202	574	11	7
		7	Cotal	3,959	2,85,2551	3,230	4	10
	Keelakarry	•••	•••	738	33,3521	•••		•••
Madura.	Davepatam Pamben	•••	•••	1,589 3,162	76,188 <del>1</del> 2,68,163	***	•••	•••
R l	Tondy	•••	•••	528	18,195	•••	•••	•••
Ì			lotal	$\frac{-}{6,017}$	3,95,898	•••		•
Tinnevelly	Tuticorin	•••	•••	606	64,001	6,669	3	8
1	Cannanòre		•••	1,403	78,804	2,851	1	10
li	Tellicherry	•••	•••	1,306	51,374	1,549	10	8
1 1	Kalay	•••	•••	397	6,327			•••
1 [	Barage	***	•••	772	23,354		•••	•••
abar.	Quilant Calient	•••	•••	317 2,466	13,099 1,32,922	3,867	5	ő
Mala	Beypore	•••	•••	858	36,455	3,001		
3	Tanore	•••	•••	282	7,931	•••		•••
'l i	Ponany	•••	•••	702	24,663	•••		
	Chowghat	•••	•••	77 1,588	3,891 1,31,404	9,806	·"ö	0
			Total	10,168		18,074	1	6

D. marine,

#### D.—(Continued.)

## District for the Official year 1864-65,

1	Vai	JU R	01	•					1	)ut	Y (	)N						
Export				Im	port	8.			Exports	•	]	Imports	<b>J.</b>		Sea Cust Revenu	om e.		ĺ
RS.	Δ.	P.		RS		Α.	P	1	RS.	A. 1	<u>.</u>	RS.	1	P.	RS.	Α.	P.	
,83,274	2	2		18,	315	4	1	5	13,190	10	0	1,410	11	3	14,601	1 1		
,8 <b>4.23</b> 8		0		78,	593	C		0	13,373	9	8	5,804	5	5	19,177	-		
,67,512	2	2		97,	408	4		5	26,564	4	6	7,215	0	8	33,779	.\—	-	ŀ
2,64302	0	0	10,	95	<del>5</del> 09	1	1	d	95,296	11	2	45,190	6	6	1,43,145 28,99			
94,543	0	0	4,	59,	944 249	4 (		0	2,782 5,597	15	0	26,211 532	6	11	6,13	0 6	3 10	.1
l,32,521 5,43.864	0			51,			ó	0	55,061	10	2	3,647	12		58,70 29,49	- 1		6
5,23,581	0			39,	890	) (	וט	Ŋ	27,361	10	1	2,137 1,137	9		23,13			6
5,04,041		0		15,	728	3	0	9	21,419	2	2	1,10	.	_		-	-	-
64,8,52	0	0	15	,80	,17	3	0	0	2,07,519	11	6	78,858	3 0	11	2,89,60	- -	- -	3
2,46,52	3 8	3 0	3	,79	.24	0	2	0	5,509	1	7	11,19	10	7	. 16,70 2,14	0 13		2
49,41				24	34	6 1	4	7	716	7	2	1,43			2,14 2,46	611		
1,74,98 59,81	2 4	1 3	2	.06	,80 ,91	1	9	2 7	357 1,976		11	2,109 1,718	8 5 5	11	3,69	1		6
5,30,74	- -	- -	.1_	,54		- -	-ŀ	4	8,558	14	3	16 44	B 11	8	25,00	7	9	6
1,43,28,77	5	4	0 18	5,19	,31	1	0	0	10,82	3 1	11	4 040	113	4	51,22	41	5	3
	+	-	-				_		0.00	],	11	1,11	8 4	11	3,40	)5	9	.0
22,49,97		~ ;	03	1,24 2,6	1,66 2 09	17	0		6.97	5 C	6			7	7.29	94 1	.0	I
22,83,10 1,02, <b>3</b> 8		0		1,9	4,11	15	0	0	21	8 1 5	4		1-	10	2	18 93	1	4
15,20,54	18	0	o	6,5	3,20	34	0	0	45	3 1	2	1 .	5 1	4	1,8	90	4	7
2,71,14	15		0	2,0	5,5	77	0	0	1,71 17,89	91!	6 8		31	2 2	25.5	75	1	
42,00,0	04	0	03	9,1 <b>2</b> ,9	2 3.	10	0	0	4 20	KI 3	8 8		2	7 9	5,6	57		5
8,46,6 2,81,1	23	0	0	71	4,9	24	Ŏ		28	8 13	3 4		-1		2	91 36	10	7
9,69,3	05	0	ŏ	1,9	1,9	65	0	0	53	017	2 7	1	6			00		_
1,03,2	21	0	0	1 0,7	5,1	61 52	0				110		)5 1	4 6	67,0	89	3	4
74,67,9	41	0	U 0	,,,,	Z. J		_	<u> </u> _	<u> </u>	- -	-		-	-1-	1 10 4	K0	 13	
2,02,95,4	139	0	0	L,5 <b>9</b>	,46,6	45	C	) (	86,34	1	1 6	26,1	Z	4	1,12,4	.03	13	'

D.—(Continued.)

Particulars of the Trade of the Ports in each

				Brit	rish.		
Districts	NAMES OF	PORTS.	Vessels.	Tonnage.	Du	168.	
					RS.	٨.	P.
ſ	Mangalore		207	80,690	1411	12	8
	Mulki	•••		•••	•40	•••	
	Manjeshwar	•••		•••	. •••	•••	
gi	Cumbla	•••		•••	•••	•••	
Cana	Cassergode	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••
South Canara.	Udipi	•••		•••	•••	***	···,
· vŏ	Barkur	•••		•••	•••		,•••
j	Kundspur	•••	4	2,160	•••	•…	
	Baidur			•••	•••		•••
ί	Naikinkotte	•••			•••	•••	•••
		Total	211	82,850	1,411	12	8
Madras.	Madras	•••	338	<b>2</b> ,62,636	37,470	0	0

D. Marine,

#### D.—(Continued.)

District for the Official year 1864-65.

	For	RIGN.			Country, or Native.							
Vessels.	Tonnage.	Dı	163.	3	Vessels.	Tonnage.	D	1168.				
		RS.	Α.	P.			Rs.	۸.	P.			
171	24,055	505	15	0	3,478	74,237	572	2	10			
2	*858	•••			503	7,946	•••					
		• •••		•••	290	5,606	•••					
•••	•••	•••	•••		420	7,755	•••					
•••	****	•••	•••		659	8,056	•••					
, •••	•••	•••			836	9,622	***					
	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,287	18,317	•••					
15	1,523	•••		•••	1,232	28,191	•••		•••			
•••		•••	•	400	294	3,156	•••					
•••	<b></b>	•••	•••		93	826	•••					
188	26,136	505	15	0	9,092	1,63,712	572	2	10			
62	84,714	3,940	ů	0	642	74,461	6,048	0	0			

D. marine.

D.—(Continued.)

Particulars of the Trade of the Ports in each

					Тот	ral.		
District	NAMES OF	PORT		Vessels.	Tonnage.	Du	86.	
						R1.	٨.	P.
ſ	Mangalore	***	•••	3,856	1,78,982	2,489	14	6
	Mulki	•••	•••	505	8,504	*		
	Manjeswar	•••	•••	290	5,606	•••		•••
gi	Cumbla	•••	•••	420	7,755	***		
Canar	Cassergode	•••	•••	659	8,056	•••	•••	•••
South Canara.	Udipi	•••	•••	836	9,622	•••	•	**
8	Barkur	•••	•••	1,287	18,317	•••	•••	•
İ	Kundapur	•••	•••	1,251	31,874	•••	•••	
İ	Baidur	•••	•••	294	3,156	•••	•••	
ί	Naikinkotte	•••	•••	93	826	0 mgs . **	•••	•••
		Tota	al	9,491	2,72,698	2,489	14	6.
Madras.	Madras	•••	•••	1,048	*3,71,811	47,458	0.	0

D. MARINE,

D.—(Concluded.)

District for the Official year 1864-65.

	V.	ALI	UE OF				I	נט(	TY ON					
Expor	ts.		Impor	ts.		Expo	rts.		Impor	ts.		Sea Cur Reven		<b>D</b>
RS.	Δ.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	Rs.	<b>A</b> .	P.	BS.	<b>A</b> .	P.
35,77,119	0	0	22,56,720	0	0	11,580	13	7	8,725	2	2	22,795	14	;
2,53,494	0	0	29,268	0	0	31	8	C	2	4	0	33	12	(
51,185			23,263	0	0	803	7	5	•••	<b></b>		• 803	7	
1,07,509	0	0	14,657	0	0	918	6	1		<b> </b>		918	6	:
75,240	0	0	84,821	0	0	•••		ļ	• •••	ļ				٠.
			2,22,248	0	0	528	3	11	1,148	6	11	1,676	10	10
5,91,004	0	0	1,13,273	0	0	14,347	7	5	125	1	7	14,472	9	(
5,03,840	1	0	1,18,263	0	0	5,445	12	5	194	12	1	5,640	8	6
61,204	0	0	5,660	0	0	34	0	0	0	12	0	34	12	0
26,074		0	2,774	0	0		-	-		-	-		-	_
54,84,488	0	0	28,70,947	0	0	33,689	- 10	10	10,196	6	9	46,376	0	1
,81,81,574	0	0	2,55,60,806	0	0	1,64,012	0	0	9,22,029	0	0	10,86,041	0	0

E.

#### K.

#### NOTIFICATION.—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Fort St. George, February 14, 1865.

UNDER the provisions of Section XIV (Madras) Act V of 1863, the Governor of Madras in Council has passed the following Bye-laws for observance on the Madras' Pier:—

- Bye-laws passed by the Government of Madras for observance on the Madras Pier, under authority of Section XIV of Act V of 1863.
- 1. No toll will be levied on persons using the Pier for recreation, but no one will be allowed to pass through the gates at the top of the ladders, either up or down, without paying toll.
- 2. Passengers when paying the toll are requested to demand a ticket, which may be at once destroyed, as after its issue it is no longer of value
- 3. All officers and others in the service of Government, proceeding over the Pier on duty, are exempt from toll.
  - 4. The toll on goods is payable before they leave the Pier.
- 5. No idlers will be allowed on the Pier between 7 A. M. and 5 P. M. on week days. At other times the Pier will be open to visitors.
- 6. The working hours of the Pier shall be from 6 A. M. to 6 P. M. on week days, but no goods shall be sent from the Pier, except under emergency after 5 P. M.
- 7. No goods will be permitted to pass over the Pier on Sundays, except in case of great emergency.
- 8. All coolies employed on the Pier shall wear a distinctive badge, and all others will be turned off during working hours.
- 9. All boats and rafts shall be made fast to the buoys round the Pier wharfage, and none shall be allowed to lie alongside the Pier, except when loading or unloading.
- 10. The Pier Master is empowered to remove from alongside the Pier all boats or rafts, by cutting or casting off their painters, if not removed when ordered.
  - 11. Boats' crews must remain in their boats.
- 12. All smoking, and the use of any fire whatsoever, is strictly forbidden on the Pier.

Any infringement of the foregoing Bye-laws is punishable by fine of 25 Rupees, and, in default of payment to imprisonment of one month.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.

A. J. Arbuthnot, Chief Secretary.

A. FINANCIAL.

#### APPENDIX VI.

#### A.

Statement showing the Receipts and Disbursements at the Bank of Madras on account of Government during the Official year 1864-65.

				RECEIP	T8.					
								RS.	A.	P.
Income Tax	•••	:	•••	•••		•••	•••	1,80,963	14	3
Stamps	•••	•••	***	***	***	•••		1,26,263	0	5
law and Ju-		•••	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,78,504	. 2	5 10
Police Local Loans	***	- 40	•••	•••	***	***	•••	53,936	13	0
Service Fund	s	•	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	9,32,000 11,91,852	18	ıΪ
Local Funds	• •••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	54,487	15	Ĩ
Deposits	***	***	***	•••	•••	•••		24,58,494	ĩ	Ō
Remittances i	n Specie	•••	•••	•••	410	•••	•••	2,67,54,665	8	7
Public Work		ent	•••	***	•••	•••	. **	43,246	11	7
Bills drawn			•••	•••	***	•••	•••	1,60,50,517	6	0
Military Dep	artment, l	Madras	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	6,01,417	.6	2
Miscellaneous				•••	•••	***	•••	2,23,367	13	8
Remittances Post Office R				***	•••	•••	•••	2,17,636 17,879	- 6 11	ï
Electric Tele			merial	•••	• •••	•••	•••	65,297	7	9
231200120 2010	31-pi -10i		-portar	•••	•••	•••	•••	00,00,	•	•
			Account	Current	with Los	idon.				
Bills drawn o	n the Sec	retary of St	ate for la	ndia in O	ouncil	•••	•••	56,222	6	9
Madras Railw	ay Compa		•••	•••	***	•••	***	36,63,649	15	6
Miscellaneous		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,953	10	8
								F 00 F0 000	~~	<del>-</del>
								5,28,70,336	7	5
			Di	SBURSEM	ENTS.					
Refunds of In	come Tax		•••		***	***	0.0	3,994	7	4
Allowances a				nd Enga			***	7,83,558	Ġ	7
Salaries, Esta					•••	***		46,04,346	13	ġ
Interest on Ir	nperial Lo	an		•••		•••	•••	34,40,701	6	3
Interest on L			Accounts	***	***	•••	***	1,92,976	2	7
Local Loans		uidation	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	500	.0	0
Service Funds		***	•••	•••	•••	•••	***	15,45,247	14	8
Local Funds	*	***	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,31,574	6 11	6
Deposits Remittances in		nd Notes	•••	***	•••	•••	•••	23,91,790 51,76,319	16	3
Public Works				•••	•••	•••	•••	8,80,669	12	4
Bills discharg		***	•••	•••	•••		•••	26,61,602	7	10
Military Depa	rtment, M	adras	•••	***	•••	***	***	70,34,454	Ó	ī
Bullion Certif	icates	•••	•••	***	***	•••	•••	60,59,001	5	0
Miscellaneous			•••	•••	•••	***	•••	9,17,752	8	2
Adjusted Cha			r Govern	ments	***	•••	•••	32,022	.0	10
Remittances			•••	•••	***	•••	•••	94,97,201	13	11
Post Office Ra				***	•••	***	•••	1,65,468 1,16,357	15 12	3 5
Electric Teleg	rapa dam	icenoes, Im	periat	•••	***	•••	•••	1,10,301	10	.,
			Accoun	nt Curren	t with ]	London.				
Bills drawn by	the Secre	tary of State	for India	in Coun	cil	•••	•••	33,00,209	4	0
Madras Railw			***	•••	•••	•••	•••	42,02,948	8	8
Irrigation and	Canal Con	npany	***	• • •	•••	•••	***	26,21,306	2	7
Great Souther	n of India	Railway	4.	***	•••	•••	•••	1,10,684	2	10
M iscellaneous	***	•••	***	***	•••	•••	•••	65,333	8	2
								5,59,86,022	8	2
	Balance or	the 30th A	pril · 1864	•••	***	***	•••	61,97,294	12	7
		uring the O				•••	40.0	5,28,70,336	7	5
								, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
								5,90,67,631	4	0
	Disbursem	ents during	do.		***	***	***	5,59,36,022	3	2
•	n.l	46- 90th A	nuil 1885					21 21 200	_	10
	Dalance Of	the 30th A	hitt 1009		***	***	***	81,31,609	0	10
				(Signed)	F. Li	JSHINGT	MM,			

Deputy Anditor and Accountant General.

B. FINANCIAL

B.

Abstract of Receipts and Disbursements from 1st May 1862 to 30th

April 1865.

Official year.	* Receip	ts.		Disbursements				
	RS.	A	P.	RS.	Δ.	P.		
1862-63	4,66,46,219	11	11	4,57,15,795	15	10		
1863-64	6,23,37,566	7	8	6,25,43,319	9	2		
1864-65	5,28,70,336	7	5	5,59,36,022	3	2		

(Signed) F. LUSHINGTON,

Deputy Auditor and Accountant General.

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

C. FINANCIAL.

# Statement showing the Territorial Revenues and Expenditure of the Madras Presidency during the years 1861-62 to 1863-64.

Appe	ndices.		Actuals of 1861-62.	Actuals of 1862-63.	Actuals of 1863-64.
1	1-	REVENUE AND RECEIPTS.	R.S.	24.	Rs.
- 1		Land Revenue, &c.	B.O.		
	1	1.—Land Revenue }	4,15,32,920	4,22,16,770	4,29,97,920
- 1		2.—Forest }		1,88,550	2,45,060
- 1	11-	Assessed Taxes	33,34,670	37,27,560 23,19,430	40,51,650
- 1	111-		28,49,590	20,19,400	10,49,530 22,98,520
- 1	IV-	0.1	23,25,220	19,64,980 91,27,700	90,00,020
- 1	VI-	84	86,83,280	21,25,580	89,92,720 23,83,420
- 1	VII-	MI-A	31,04,580	6,92,240	11,16,960
	Х—	Tam and Tustics	6,81,880 3,84,170	2,94,750	4,11,250
- 1	xî-	Doline	32,810	30,410	33,380
	XII—	Manina	1,06,660	19,530	62,170
- }	XIII—	Th. 1.17 . 377		4,05,750	3,73,310
- 1	XIV-		3,95,900	2,00,100	
- 1	VIA-	Tributes and Contributions on account?	34,48,430	34,46,430	54,46,430
- 1	xv-	of Contingents from Native States S	34,91,280	30,47,710	22,33,950
- 1	XVI-	Yakanak	10.500	29,250	71,620
- 1	V 41-	Intelest	19,500	28,200	71,02
		Total Receipts	7,03,38,840	6,96,31,640	7,03,67,890
		EXPENDITURE. Allowances, Refunds and Drawbacks	2,50,340	10,84,850	2,52,62
		Charges against Income			
- 1	I—	Revenue Departments.	40 40 700	48 45 000	40 79 00
- 1		1Land Revenue	48,49,780	46,45,990	42,73,99 37,90
- 1		2.—Assessed Taxes	1,21,680	74,110	37,900
- [		3Customs	1,80,580	1,65,300	1,63,19
- 1		4.—Balt	11,09,560	11,66,800	9,15,86
- 1		6.—Stamps	1,16,090 3,17,700	1,82,760	1,43,31
i		7.—Mint	3,17,700	2,67,730	2,71,30
	11-	Allowances and Assignments under Treaties and Engagements	35,22,140	35,27,000	40,31,89
	III 1V	Allowances to District & Village Officers. Miscellaneous	14,600	83,460	3,30,470 1,80,120
		Total B. Charges against lucome	1,02,32,130	1,00,63,150	1,03,07,03
		Army	3,90,12,710	3,31,41,600	8,00,05,00
&F	1-	Public Works	73,62,430	83,37,540	71,23,65
	п-	Civil Services :— Salaries and Expenses of Public Depart - (			
	'	ments	19,51,010	17,10,490	20,17,59
	111-	Law and Justice	33,33,240	36 67,770	36,47,77
	1V_	Police	33,33,010	33,25,350	34,91,01
		Education, Science and Art	5,87,180	6,63,810	6,97,26
	VI-	Political Agencies and other Foreign		1,93,120	1,18,20
	VII-	Services Superannuation and Retired Allow-	1,02,480		
	ŀ	ances, &c	18,83,730	21,60,030	32,67,93
	VIII-	Marine	3,19,610	3,06,790	74,00
	1X-	Missellansons	1,55,700	2,25,140	4,61,29
	X-	Civil Contingencies, Special and Tem-	53,510	29,770	36,79
		Total F. Civil Services	1,17,19,470	1,22,82,270	1,38,11,84
G.—		Interest	6,32,870	8,17,690	5,66,19
	1	Total Expenditure	6,92,09,950	6,57,27,100	6,20,66,33
	1	Surplus	11,28,890	39,04,540	83,01,56

(Signed) F. LUSHINGTON,

Deputy Auditor and Accountant General.

in miretination

A
TRAVANCORE.

#### APPENDIX VII.

A.

#### OPERATIONS OF COURTS.

Statement exhibiting the number of Original Suits instituted, decided, and pending during the year 1039, as compared with those of 1038.

		1038.			1039.	
Courts.	Filed.	Disposed of.	Balance on the 30th Carcada- gom 1038.	Filed.	Disposed of.	Balance on the 30th Carcadagon 1039.
Zillah Civil Courts	917	1,033	428	1,007	946	489
Small Cause Courts	481	411	70	567	542	95
Moonsiffs' Courts	6,743	6,584	847	9,337	9,169	1,015
Total	8,141	8,028	1,345	10,911	10,657	1,599

Statement showing the number of Cases brought up before the Criminal Courts for trial, the verdict delivered, and the sentence passed in each case.

	Deliance.	* & \$ %	61
No. of Privaers is confine- ment.	Discharged	129 238 421 574	,383
		147 288 46c 610	1,505
	.bottimbA	113	1,819
Š.	Remaining on the Slat Carcadagom 1038.	2 2 2 2	2
Do. do. apranda of ten years' rigorous impresonment.		1::1:	:
Do. from three to ton years' rigorous imprisonment.		1 2 2 2	3
Do. sentenced above one year to three years' rigorous imprisonment.		9 12 13 61 61 61 61	28
Do. sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.		* # 8 %	98
Do. rigorous imprisonment for life.		1 : : :	
Do. fined.		3 2 4 3	035
Do. simple imprisonnent.		8 6 5 5 F	=
Do. fettered and imprisoned.		. 8 8 3	- <u>a</u>
Do. flokged.		35 88 88 88 8 81 11 11	5
Do, will lettern.			330
Do. do. hanged.  Do. to ngorous imprisonment and lushes.			- 8
Do. do. convicted.		3 2 3 5	
Do. do. died.			
Do. do. on bail.		2 = 2 S	149
Do, do. nequitted.		1 2 8 3	98
Do. do. released.		SS 24 98 55 1	_E_
	Do. of Prisoners consigned.		1,804
Time the cases' have been pending and disposed, from the date of committed to the Criminal Court.	190. altore 9 Months. Do, above 12 Months.	\	+
	Do. above 6 Months.		二
Time the save been pad disposed the date of mitch to Criminal (	Do. less than 6 and more than 3 Monthe.	<u> </u>	
Truck and district the district mix	No. of Cases under 3 Months.	; cs ; ;	61
	Onyt.	, n, s	G!
Average duration of cases.	Monthu.		
₹₽8 -	Detreed.	88 88 18 1	79%
		28 39 18 1 1 28 28 1	797. 7
Total,			
Filed.		2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	8 789
O T T S. S. S. S. Carendagom 1038.		<del></del>	
		giii	Jotal .
		Talle I	
		do.	
	8		
		Pulpanabapoorum Zillair Court Trerandrum do Quilon do Allepey do	į
·		Pulpana Trerand Quilon Allepey	
The state of the s		1	

A. TRAVAN-CORE, A. TRAVAN-CORE.

																			Ċ							
ВЭ.																		74,053 40,74,050	* 28,89,747	69,63,797		,				
Bs. 5,70,843	2,95,192 4,57,460	4 90 606	85,984	74,375	1,25,967	30,107	1,06,498	2,60,169	1	3,05,263	2,21,044	8,10,127		9 6 70	1 63.611	30 99 997		74,053			16 09 497	8.14.286	2,96,218	27,20,001	1,69,746	* 28.89.747
EXPENDITURE.  The Devessom or Religious Institution	The Oottooperrah or Charitable do.	er Civil Est	Judicial Establishment	ф ор	Nair Troops	Elephant and Horse Establishments	Pensions	Public Works	Cost and charges of goods sold and advanced	for purchase of goods for the year 1040.	Contingent charges	Amount expended for the Poplercools see-	mony of Her Highness the Junior	Banee of Travancore	mony	Do. being part of inefficient balance now	•	the Maha Rajah's sanction	Balance to be carried to next years' account.	Rupees	The Cash	issory Notes			Difference or inefficient Balance	Total Rupees
-	01 m	4	30	9	-	<b>∞</b>	6	2:	77	9	7 6	C1	H 4		15	16										
R8.	26,53,070														43,10,727											39,63,797
188		16,51,208				4 04 700	4,34,790	81 780	7.88.901	76.179	5.15.748	95,321	89,309	59,576								-				169,63,797
REVENUE.	last year's account	Land Revenue Rees from the	Department,			articles, Front derived from the Mint,	KC					Cardamoms and other goods	: :	Arrears of Revenue collected this year	•											Rupees
	Balan	Misc					ځ	A C	Ē	4	4 00	S	Ë	Ari												
		2 Land 3 Misc					_	_				- 6 - 6		11 Ari											•	-

## APPENDIX VII.—POLITICAL.

A.
TRAVANCORE.

	Remarks.										,				•								/ These four items	were omitted in the	) previous year.	
ase.	Tariff value.	RS.	:	:	:	33,109	21,255	25,355	4,305	1	33,731	4.581		:	5,450	:				5,949	1,457			: :	:	1,38,694
Decrease.	Quantity.		:	:	:		577%	111	1523	Candy lbs.	4-388	224	4	:				•		-	869					:
Increase.	Tariff value.	#S.	٦̈	16,630				: :	: ;		:	:		30,195		4,285		974	-	•	:	5.071	443	2,209	4,271	2,12,725
Incr	Quantty.	1	Θĵ	8413					: :		:	:		3,513		4364			5.8401						:	:
39.	Tariff value.	RS.	7,88,770					29,765				35,284		64,789	24,077	32,492	16,066	16,055			8,827	10,179	10,322	9,971	9,712	15,21,163
1039.	Quantity.	,	15,118	385	3,606	164	<b>-</b>			Candy. 1bs.	1-325	505		7,324	:	1,316	216	47			4,100	359	361	18	:	:
38.	Tariff value. Quantity.	BS.			<b>-</b>	89,784	70,435	55,120	51,820			39,865		34,594	29 527	28,207			14,996		_	5,108	9,879	7,762	5,441	14,47,132
1038.	Quantity.		12,7954	30018	2,988	2663	1,7643	230	1,814		618	5243		3,811	:	8793	2484	423	21,0673	32,929	4,798	188	345	133	:	:
	Goods.	i	Flece Goods Score.	of all sorts.C	Cotton do.	:	:	Thraw do.	Chillies do.		: :	Sugar do.	Bullocks and Buf-	faloes No.	Liquor of all sorts	Onions Candy.	Cummin seed do.	Brass do.	-	Gingely seed do		Mustard seed do.	Coriander seed do.	Cloves do.	Crockery ware	Total
	No.	,	- 0	N	3	4	,	ဖ	<u>-</u>	c	0	ກຸ	2		=	13	13	7-	15	16	17	18	19	8	2	

Imports

A. TRAV AN-CORE.

		Remarks.																				These two items were	year.	
-	Decrease.	Tariff value.	RS.	3,25,538	:	:	:	:	:	39,043		29,520		31,812	:	:	:	:	:	:	<del></del>	:	:	4,26,812
1	Dec	Quanti-		40,702	:	:	:	:		2,051		12,158		4,453	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:
	ise.	Tariff value.	RS.	:	8,261	39,999	2,41,402	1,341	73,110	:	38,399	:	24,984	:	60,725	22,120	8,308	6,431	1,731	13,281		6,625		5,77,418
	Increase	Quantity.		:	1,261	329	3,162	137	29,23,818	:	18,244	:	:	:	7,561	6,194	412		147	57,858,62,02,062		4,369		:
	ď	Tariff value.	BS.	2,39,180 19,13,589	6,38,682		3,73,030	1,92,288			1,10,275	1,01,544	1,09,460	47,368	1,19,275	85,458	59,644	43,887	26,512	57,858			30,703	51,75,176
	1039.	Quantity.		2,39,180	93,207	3,669	4,886	19,224	93,68,323	39,390	54,167	33,621	:	6,631	14,901	23,928	2,979	6,143	2.180	270,02,937		50,494	3,070	:
	8.	.Tariff value.	BS.	22,39,127	6,30,421	4,05,574	1,31,628	1,90,947	1,61,130	5,91,461	71,876	1,31,064	84,476	79,180	58,550	63,338	51.336	37,456	24,781	44,577		27,647		50,24,570
	1038.	Quantity.		2,79,882	91,946	3.340	1,724	19,087	64,44,505	41,441	35,923	45,779	:	11,084	7.340	17,734	2.567	5,249	2,033	208,00,875		46,125	O S	:
***************************************			•	Cwt	do.	Candy.	do	Cwt.	No.	Cwt.	do,	:	kc	Cwt.	:	ry do.	:	do.	do.	No.	Τ.	Score.	Cwt.	Total
		Goods.		Copra	Coir	Chickney	Pepper	Dry Ginger	Cocoanuts	Cocoanut oil	Salt Fish	Tamarind	Wood in logs, &c	Molasses	Pinnaka oil	Palmyra Jaggery	Coffee	Coir fibre	Hides	Arecanuts	Mats of all desc	tions	Fish oil	
		So		_	<b>C4</b> C	•	4	20	9	2	œ	6	2	=	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	

#### Public Works in progress.

Names of Works estimated.	Estimated	Cost.	Expendit during ( year 103	he
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Victoria Canal	•••		69,417	0 0
Pooar Road	3,000	0 0	768	0 0
Road from Colachel to Approaches to Nagercoil Victoria Canal.	5,000	0 0	2,845	0 0
Southern Road	41,176	0 0	6,620	0 0
Coolithoray Bridge	58,684	0 0	2,455	0 0
Trevandrum Koads	8,981	0 0	2,330	0 0
Sanatarium Road	6,504	0 0	6,514	0 0
Chunganacherry Road	24,535	0 0	13,498	0 0
Repair to Cape Comorin Road	8,619	0 0	5,883	0 0
Maintenance Southern Road	7,500	0 0	5,169	0 0
Allepey Railway	5,577	0 0	5,913	0 0
Durbar Hall	47,600	0 0	2,406	0 0
New Civil Dispensary	11,208	0 0	<b>, 10</b>	0 0
Of works between 1,000 and 5,000 Rupees, 26 works	48,809	0 0	. 33,218	0 0
Works below 1,000 Rupees, 68 works	8,363	0 0	12,609	0 0
Total	2,85,556	0 0	1,69,655	0 0

#### Madras.

#### APPENDIX VII.—POLITICAL.

B.

OPERATIONS OF COURTS.

ρġ

Statement shewing the number of Civil Suits pending, filed, disposed, and remaining in the various

Courts in 1038 and 1039.

B.

-Statement shewing the number of Original Suits decided in the various Courts in 1038 and 1039, and the number of Appeals from those Courts in those years.	l Suits reals fr	decide om tho	d in th se Cour	e various ts in tho	Courts se years	in 10	38 and	1039, an	d the number
	Decided.	ded.	E	V CASCA	Appealed.	aled.	E		Rates between
	1038.	1039.	Lotai	10th. Average.	1038. 1039	1039.	1064.	Average	Total Average. Appears and Decisions.
From Anjikarinal Zillah Court	281	282	563	281.5	65	83	148	74	2.6 per cent.
Appeal Court-Trichoor	456	245	102	350.5	29	67 67	61	30.5	8.7 per cent.
Anjikarinal ) From Ernacollum Munsiff	372	338	710	3 55	. 29	10	4.0	12 +	7.6 per cent.
Zillah Court. ∫ " Iringalacoda	322	429	751	375.5	4	4	<b>00</b>	4	1.6 per cent.
Trichoor ) From Wadacancharry Munsiff.	276	441	717	358.5	:	10	70	10	1.5 per cent.
ZillahCourt. ∫ " Chittoor	628	470	470 1,098	549	F	83	34	17	3.1 per cent

B. cochin.

Statement shewing the number of the Appeal Suits disposed of by the Appellate Courts in the year 1038 and 1039.

				1038						103	9.	
	Confirmed.	Reversed.	Modified.	Settled amicably and on oath.	Withdrawn or dis- missed for default.	Total.	Confirmed.	Reversed.	Modified.	Settled amicably and on oath.	Withdrawn or dis- missed for default.	Total.
By the Appeal Court, Appeals.	23	22	12	24	11	92	27	8	21	28	4	88
" Special Appeals	•••	• • •	•••	1	1	2	12	3	2	6	1	24
Total	23	22	12	25	12	94	39	11	23	34	5	112
By the Anjikl. Zillah Court	13	7	4	1	3	28	22	6	4	3	6	41
" Trichoor do. do	3	1	3	2		9	3	5	1	6	2	17
Total	39	30	19	28	15	131	64	22	28	43	13	170

Statement shewing the number of cases decided in each Court and the average period of duration in the year 1038 and 1039.

		103	8.			1039		
	decided.		VERA(		decided.		VERAG RATIO	
	Number decided	Years.	Months.	Days.	Number decided	Years.	Months	Days.
In the Appeal Court	94	0	11	20	112	o	9	14
Do. Anjikl. do	289	0	8	25	323	o	9	10
Do. Trichoor do	433	0	8	8	274	o	9	15
Do. ErnscollumMunsiffCourt.	372	o	3	26	338	0	3	16
Do. Iringalacoda do	322	o	2	22	429	o	4	1
Do. Wadacancharry do	276	. 0	3	12	441	o	5	28
Do. Chittoor do	628	0	4	2	470	0	4	16

Comparative Statement shewing the number of Criminal cases committed for trial, disposed of, &c., in the various Criminal Courts in 1038 and 1039.

	Remainings.	3	+2		Remaining.		7
	-IntoT	18	+7		Total.	37	+12
	Committed to	0 00	+4		Committed to Sessions.	10	+11
	Decided.	16	+3	j.	Decided.	27	+1
SESSIONS.	Total.	19	+	TRICHOOR COURT.	Total.	42 50	+8
SRS	Filed.	16 27	+111	Гитснос	Filed.	34	+11
	Pending.	. 1	7		Pending.	∞ rυ	+3
	YEAR.	1038	Difference		YEAR.	1038 1039	Difference
	.Buining.	: <b>:</b>	:		Remaining.	91-	+1
	Decided.	819	+		L'Otal.	65	+ 12
			<del> </del>	-	Committed to	40	1 4
	Total.	819	++	Ĩ.	Decided.	59	:
	Filed.	80.00	+	IKARINAL COURT.	laso'l'	69	1-
SAL.			<del>i</del>	NAL	Filed.	99	]:
APPEAL.	Pending.	::	1:	TKAR	Pending.	n 0	+ 65
	Ygar.	1038	ence	Anj	Твав.	1038 1039	Difference
					ŀ	Ţ	

B.

# B.

# Statement exhibiting the Receipts and Disbursements of the Cochin Sirkar for the year 1039, M. E.

RECEIPTS.  Amount of Land Revenue , Customs Collections. , Abkarry 29,606-13-2 , Opium. 3,550-0-0 ,, Sale of Salt Miscellaneous Revenue  Total Amount Balance of 1038,M.E	1,29,333	13 2 8 - 1 15	2 9 1 8	", Charitable do Administrative Establishment Judicial do Police do Military do Pensions Public Works Miscellaneous Expenses Purchase of Govt. Securities. Subsidiary to British Govt  Total Balance to be carried to the ac-	44,991 96,939 37,950 11,094 19,798 10,372 1,45,107 1,87,327 2,20,424 2,00,000	0 8 2 5 0 0 7 10 14 8 7 0	10
Grand Total	16,36,064	-	-	count of the year 1040, M.E.  Grand Total			-

#### IMPORTS.

<b></b>	103	8.			1039.			
Goods.	Quantity.	Tarif Valuatio			Quantity.	Tarif Valuat		<u> </u>
	Yda.	Rs.	۸.	P.		Rs.	Δ.	P.
Piece Goods. Corgen.	2,522 % & 327		15				3	
Cotton Candies.		8,027	4	0	//		8	
Chread do	80	20,668	12	1	7, 70		14	
ron do.	845 16	17,524	15	1			12	
opper do.	38	9,607	0		241 ,, 99	7,061	18	
folasses do.	1,816	54,472	5			32,258	4	
Sugar do.	1123	8,368	2	6		•••	<b> </b>	ŀ
pium do.	23	9,400	0				···	ŀ
imber do.	13,2241	20,491	6	4			14	
lanks Tuodas.			ļ		19,383	5,484	4	
Copra Candies.		721,614	0				7	
occanut oil.Parrahs		1,74,170	14		164,385}	1,46.772	8	
coir Yarn. Candies.	8,114 16	1,90,874		11		2,02,745	0	
addy Parrahs		31,185	13		187,951	33,562	11	
lice do.	94,530	40,578	8		183,8823	80,427	11	l
Singelly seed. do.	15.876	7,958	4	Û			ļ	l.
linger Candies.					455 & lbs. 45	6,318	8	1
offee do.	240      3      3      4      7      8      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      7      8      8      7      8      7      8      7      8	18,527	12	7		16,483	15	1
Ory Ginger do.	2,966	88,545	15		1.1784 ,, ,, 138	76,242	0	1
ardamom seeds do.	73 %	31,644	2	5	391 ,, ,, 7	17.190	0	1
chickney or dried	• •		ı					
betel-nuts do.	1751	16,268	0	1	2151, , 90	17,070	3	1
Betel-nuts and ten-	•				•	1		
der nuts. No.	39,044,600	11,124	6	9	32,951,550	12,857	14	1
Coconnuts. do.	2,594,800	16,680	13	10		14,687	6	
Hidos. Corges	2,2291	6,072	10	8		7,520	5	
Curry Stuff. Candies.	2245	6,678	13	3	3251 & lbs. 711	9,769	2	
Total		15,75,016	14	8	***	14,82,928	u	ľ

B. cochin.

## Exports.

	103	8, M. E.			1039	, м. е.		
Goods.	Quantity.	Tariff Valuation			Quantity.	Tari Valuat		
		RS.	۸.	P.		RS.	À.	Р,
Piece Goods Corges	2761	9,337	0	8	236 yds. 55	7,539	0	6
Timber Candies					49,051 <sub>1</sub> 1	7,141	6	0
Cocoanut Oil Parrahs	135,612 <del>1</del>	1,30,931	11	2	108,367	96,768	12	8
Coir Yarn Candies	8,687,7	1,43,149	1	2	6,865&Bs490	1,02,250	14	3
Paddy Parrahs	33,823	6,048	12	1	53,508}	9,555	1	9
Coffee Candies	724	5,629	2	2	113	8,775	0	0
Chickney or dried }	343}	32,344	3	5	276 & lbs 432	25,598	15	4
Curry-stuff do	1,6413		1	1	1,232& <b>I</b> ds532}	1 1		1
Total		3,79,149	4	4		2,95,365	3	5

B.

Public Works in Progress.

	Description of Works.	Amount expended in 1039.	Total.	
Roads, canals, bridges, tanks, &c.	" Rajah's Bridge" at Shoranoor	Rs. A. P. 38,730 0 0	RS. A. P.	
s, ta	The road from Shoranoor to Trichoor.	7,000 0 0		
ridge	The Trichoor water communication	4,000 0 0		
d, sh	The Narakal canal and basin	2,623 0 0		
cana	The repair of a tank at Cochin	1,300 0 0		
Roads,	The construction of a tank at Wadakanchary	1,125 0 0		
	Minor works	2,449 0 0		
	Total		57,227 0	0
3	The channel at Eddamankad in Cochin	1,000 0 0		
n worl	The repair of the bunds on both sides of the Caro vanoor river	1,759 0 0		
Irrigation works.	The Percomparrekel dam and irrigation channel in Chittoor	2,955 0 0		
-	Minor works	2,531 0 0		
	Total	.	8,245 0	0
	Pagodas		18,674 0	0
	Palaces		28,777 0	0
	Ootperrahs, Travellers' Bungalows, &	ze	6,066 0	0
	Cutcherries, Jails, and other Public 1	Buildings	23,928 0	0
	Miscellaneous works,		2,190 0	0
	•	Grand Total	1,45,107 0	C

A.
MILITARY.

# APPENDIX VIII.

#### $\mathbf{A}$ .

		Kur	OPEA	NS.			NATIVES.								
Divisions.	Average strength.	Treated. Died	Ave - ;e daily sick.	Treated to strength.  Deaths to bestine to treated to treated.			Average strength.	Treated.	Died.	A erage daily sick.	Treated to 3		treated.		
l'residency	1,072   1, 3,063   3, 1,299   9, 3,093   4, 1,276   9,	516 15 809 38 118 28 426 40 945 82 255 2 968 33	174 77 156 110 190 94 9 84	229·7 141·4 124·1 163·04 143·1 913·7 916·1 146·09	3.8 1.8 1.8	1.5 0.9 0.9 1.3 0.5 1.08 0.7 1.6		9,111 1,540 5,923 9,043 1,819 4,873 2,803 1,819 21,993	45 13 59 90 64 58 45 22 839	190 50 186 83 76 159 71 72	58-9 53-7 77-7 49-3 61-5 122-2 65-9 102-8	0.4 0.8 0.6 2.1 1.5 1.04	2·1 5·8 1·1 1·2 3·5 1·2 1·6 2·		

Stations,		nangaiore.		Dellary.		Campanage.		Asmptee.	Saint Thomas	Mount.		Securation.		Trichinopoly		, izagapatam.	Wellington	t we stangeou.	Total.		Per-centage of deaths to treated.
Year.	Treated.	Died.	Treated.	Died.	Treated.	Died.	Treated.	Died.	Treated.	Died.	Treated.	Died.	Ireated.	Died.	Treated.	Died.	Treated.	Died.	Treated.	Died.	Per-centage
1864-65	471	2	151	4	63	2	379	0	89	6	141	5	10;	U	87	0	87	0	1,877	18	0.8

Madras.

CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

## APPENDIX IX.

#### CYCLONE AT MASIILIPATAM.

From the Magistrate of the Kistna District, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Masulipatam, 3rd November 1864.

- 1. I have to report the most fearful calamity to this place. On the night of the 1st, a cyclone commenced at 7 P. M., and continued to increase in force until 12, from when it gradually decreased until daylight. At 9 or 10 P. M., the sea rose and swept over the whole place inundating the entire town, and washing away whole streets. It rose a foot or so in my house and more; 3 or 4 feet in some others; and every house in the Cantonment is gutted, and I should imagine fourfifths of the town are totally destroyed. Not a single house has escaped serious injury. Most providentially, there have been no deaths amongst Europeans. Amongst the East Indian community, Mrs. Jameison and Mr. and Mrs. Scott. of the Engineer's Department, and Mr. Carr. have been killed. The Native dead may be counted I fear by thousands. The Typhoon extended certainly 20 miles inland; I do not know how much further. The Treasury has been blown down; but the boxes are there-the records all destroyed, I fear the store of medicine in the Dispensary will have been spoiled; also in the Regimental Hospital. Pray send up a supply as soon as possible.
- 2. There is rice in the bazaar now, and I do not anticipate scarcity of food. Thousands however are houseless, and must perish if not assisted. I wish you would get me sanction to spend what is necessary in that way, and in clearing ruins and burying the dead. The latter work I am doing as fast as possible. I want sanction for Rupees (30,000) thirty thousand, to be spent if necessary. I trust it may not be necessary to spend so much.
  - From the Magistrate of the Kistna District, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Masulipatam, 4th November 1864.
- 1. I wrote yesterday; but the letter may have miscarried. On the night of the 1st, the town and station were swept by a cyclone, and by an inundation of the sea.

- 2. The town is almost destroyed, and the Natives have died in CYCLONE thousands. The Europeans in the station are all safe. In the Fort AT MASULI-PATAM.

  I fear some were lost; but I have not heard much from there yet.
- 3. The Police are so much disorganized, that we cannot protect property, and have great difficulty in burying the dead.
- 4. If you can send us up a body of Police under an Officer, with provisions, and arms and money, it would help much. I do not know how the stores of grain are; but it is said there is plenty. As a precaution, I wish you could send some by a Steamer if possible; also send tea and biscuits, and flour, and Medical stores; indeed any aid you can.
- 5. The place was all under the sea, and there is but one well with fresh water. The inundation is running off; but I fear the supply of fresh water will be very bad for months.
- 6. I cannot describe to you the state of distress and misery in the town and station.
- 7. The Sepoy lines were all destroyed; and 200 or 300, including women, &c., killed. Any Steamer coming must be prepared to use her own boats. I doubt if there is one left at the Fort.
- 8. I am taking measures for distributing food to the starving, at the public expense. Unless people are fed, they cannot bury their dead; and deaths will increase frightfully. I cannot tell how much I shall spend; but I wish to control it as much as possible. I hope Government will bear me through in this.

From the Acting Head Assistant Magistrate, Kistna District, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Bezwarrah, 5th November 1864, No. 45.

In the suspension of all telegraphic communications, and in the supposition that the Postal line from Bunder to Madras may be at present interrupted, I have the honor to forward the enclosed demi-official note received from Mr. Thornhill late last night. It tells its own tale of destruction. It is the first authentic intelligence received from Bunder line—the storm of the 1st.

2. The cyclone which has swept Bunder away passed over Bezwarrah and the neighbourhood on the same night. From 10 P. M. of the 1st, till 3½ A. M. of the 2nd current, the hurricane raged with frightful violence. The town next morning was one vast wreck: not

PATAM.

a house escaped damage more or less severe, and scarcely a tree is AT MASULI- standing; fortunately but few lives have been lost. Bhawaninooram. a small hamlet on the western side of Bezwarrah hill, inhabited by laborers employed on the anicut works, was completely destroyednot a house was left, and 12 persons were killed. Another hamlet. Vidhyardarapooram, close to it, suffered nearly to the same extent, but there was only one person (a woman) killed. The destruction of property has been very great. Every one of the Bunder passenger boats has gone down, but I have not yet heard any loss of life. In the main channel are sunk dhonies, passenger boats, and one of the Department Public Works steam dredges. Three of the Department Public Works iron punts have gone down, and with one of them a man left in charge. But one of the boats due from Ellore has arrived; all the rest are sunk or destroyed. Out of one that was turned upside down, there were dug 19 corpses, and 2 men still living.

- 3. Guntoor, by the accounts which I have received, has suffered severely, but the information is very vague. The storm, so far as I have been able to judge from the lie of the crops, revolved from east to west by the north.
- 4. I have taken measures for the re-opening of telegraphic communications in all directions with all possible despatch. The wire spanning the Kistna has gone, and a temporary office will be opened at Sectanagaram, messages being sent across the river by boat. In a couple of days, at furthest, I hope that, so far as this District is concerned, the line to Madras-will be set up again. It has been destroyed to a very great extent,

From the Acting Head Assistant Collector, Kistna District, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Bezwarrah, 5th November 1864, No. 46

I have just received a demi-official note from the Collector, and, in compliance with his request, beg that you will be so good as to send, without delay, to Bunder—the almost total destruction of which I reported to you to-day—a Military Force or Police guard, the presence of which is necessary, from the circumstance of nearly every Policeman in Bunder having lost his life in the late cyclone. I have further to request that whatever force may be sent be provided with a week to ten days' provisions. A scarcity of provisions is feared for the survivors, and, by desire of Mr. Thornhill, I have the honor to request that

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stores of rice, tea, biscuits, and medicines be shipped at once to Bunder.

CYCLONE

Police and provisions I have taken measures for providing, so far as AT MASULImy own and the Sub-division can supply them. I have likewise in
PATAM.

dented upon Ellore in the Godavery District for a supply of grain.

Telegram from the Head Assistant Magistrate, Kistna District, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Bezwarrah, 9th November 1864.

Bunder relieved. Considerable coolies and stores sent hence. Large stores discovered undamaged in the town. Many corpses already buried. No sickness as yet.

Telegram from the Head Assistant Magistrate, Kistna District, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Bezwarrah, 11th November 1864.

Your telegrams of tenth. I can provision Bunder with rice and live stock. The Native Regiment has lost only sixty men; and the Police, with reinforcements that I sent from Bezwarrah, Juggiapetta, and Guntoor, are now sufficiently strong, with the aid of the Regiment, for what is required of them. Medicines, and tea, and potatoes (on private account) may be sent from Madras. Things still improving, and as yet no sickness.

- From the Magistrate of the Kistna District, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Masulipatam, 6th November 1864.
- 1. I have already reported to you, in a demi-official manner, the sad calamity with which this Town and District has been visited.
  - 2. I will now repeat, as briefly as possible, the course of events.
- 3. On the afternoon of the 1st, it began to blow very heavily with rain from the north-west. The force of the wind increased to a hurricane by 7, the wind still in the same quarter, and gradually increasing in violence. From that time it began to veer round to west and north-east, and to east. It had reached its greatest force by 12, but did not sensibly begin to subside till 2 or 3, when it was blowing from the south-east. By daylight its fury was spent.
- 4. About 10 P. M., we had the first intimation that the sea had broken over. Some of my servants came in from the godown to the cexliii

CYCLONE house swimming, and this was the first we knew of it. It rose very AT MASULIrapidly, until it stood about 8 inches or a foot on the ground floor of my house. We, i. e., Mr. Brandt, myself, and about a dozen natives, went upstairs, fearing we might be cut off from the stairs, if it rose rapidly. I do not think that any further rise took place. One large wave alone seems to have been driven over the land and then to have subsided

- 5. In some houses, it rose 3 and even 4 feet high in the Canton-
- 6. Every house in the station was more or less unroofed by the wind, and the rain poured through in torrents. Many were completely gutted of their contents.
- 7. The Lines of the 19th Regiment were almost annihilated. The loss of life amongst the Sepoys was about 30 or 40 men, of the families 200 or 300.
- 8. In the town, the lower parts, on the sea side, were quite destroyed, and most of the inhabitants drowned. Even in the higher parts four-fifths of the houses are destroyed, and none have escaped serious injury.
- 9. It is impossible to do more than guess at the number of the dead. I roughly estimate them at five thousand, and probably double that number of animals.
- 10. A great proportion of the store of rice in the town was injured by water, but hitherto there has been no great scarcity of food.
- 11. There are good stores of paddy; and if the dry weather continues, people will be enabled to husk it, and it will be available for food.
- 12. Want of water has been our chief distress. One well alone escaped the inundation, and that has hitherto afforded a supply. I fear it is now failing, but as the sea water is rapidly running off, other wells have been cleared of salt water, and are yielding a supply of indifferent water. We are also digging wells in the higher ridges, and hope to get a supply in that way.
- 13. The Fort suffered more severely than any place; and I regret the loss of life there has been very great. Captain Maiden, the Master Attendant, and Apothecary Pearl have been exerting themselves to the utmost to bury the dead; and yesterday Colonel Nott sent in a Company of Sepoys, under Captain Bowen, to aid.

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14. Their chief difficulty has been want of water, and we are CYCLONE endeavouring to send them small supplies.

AT MASTIT.T. PATAM.

- The canal has been so badly breached in the upper reaches. that I fear it will be long before we can get a supply from that source.
- 16. In the first rush of the calamity, every one was scattered and dispersed, but during the last two days the Police have been well got together, and are rendering most efficient aid under Captain Frazer.
- 17. Colonel Nott and the Officers of his Regiment have been indefatigable in clearing their own Lines, and in rendering assistance to myself and the rest of the community, by furnishing guards and working parties to the utmost of their power.
- 18. The Medical Officers, Engineers, and indeed all the European gentlemen, have spared no exertion to get the dead buried and burned. and without their aid. I do not know what would have been done.
- 19. We have been obliged to use, in some few instances, compulsion to make the natives assist in burying the dead and clearing away carcasses, but on the whole their conduct has been admirable, and many of the public servants, both amongst the Police Inspectors and Revenue servants, as well as among the general population, have been deserving of all praise.
- 20. Our chief wants are likely to be rice for the general population, and flour, biscuits, a few Medical stores, potatoes, and such like comforts for the Europeans.
- .21. We have hitherto been spared any sickness, and by God's grace I trust shall continue free; but it is impossible to say what a day may bring forth.
- I have heard only partial reports from the rest of the District, but the salt stores at Munganapudi have been entirely swept away; at Buntonilly also I fear the same has occurred.
- 23. I trust that all the European Officers and their families in the District are safe, all here certainly are so.
- 24. Golonel Anderson was near Bezwarrah at the time, and narrowly escaped wreck in the canal. He has returned to Masulipatam to-day.
- 25. I annex a list of the Europeans and East Indians that I have heard of as dead. I trust it is complete.

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32

CYCLONE 26. The Light House in Point Devy is said to be standing, but AT MASULI- the establishment were, I fear, lost, and no light can be exhibited PATAM. there for some time.

List of Casualties amongst Europeans and East Indians.

Mrs. Alfred Maiden and children.

Serjeant Preston, Light House keeper and family. Not quite certain.

Mr. Scott, Manager, Superintending Engineer's Office and wife.

Mr. Carr. Engineer's Department.

Mr. Manual Fruval, and

Mrs. Jamieson and three grand children.

#### P. S.—I have no copy of this.

From the Magistrate of the Kistna District, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Masulipatam, 8th November 1864.

- 1. I have the honor, in continuation of my letter of the 6th, to report that we have opened communication with Bezwarrah. Mr. Wilson, Head Assistant, and Captain Winscom of the Engineers, have been indefatigable in sending down supplies, and I am happy to say that the first detachment has arrived within a few miles of the town.
- 2. We have also been blessed with fine cool weather for the last few days, and the people are now enabled to pound the paddy in the town and convert it into rice. The supply of the latter was almost exhausted.
- 3. Supplies of fresh provisions have also begun to come in from the neighbourhood, and I trust the crisis of the calamity has passed.
- 4. Large bodies of men are employed in burying the dead and burning the carcases where drift wood is available, under the Police, under working parties of the Military, and under the different Petta Moonsiffs, and much has been done in the station and better parts of the town; but I am not exaggerating when I state my belief that there are still in the outskirts of the town thousands of dead, of men and animals, undisposed of. Mr. Wilson is sending in all the Police that can be spared and working bodies of coolies.
- 5. Mr. Brandt, the Assistant Collector, has rendered most efficient and valuable aid throughout. I cannot speak too highly of his energy and presence of mind; he now stands appointed to another cexlvi

District, but he is willing and anxious to remain here so long as his CYCLONE services are required. There will be urgent need for additional Officers AT MASULIin the District for months to come, and I trust Mr. Brandt may be allowed to remain with the appointment of Special Assistant, if it be possible, and with the full powers of a Magistrate.

PATAM.

- 6. I think it very desirable that arrangements should, if possible. be made for removing the wives and children of the Officers and others at the station. We are hitherto free from sickness, but it may break out any time, and it would be the greatest assistance and comfort to all if they were freed from anxiety in that score.
- 7. I have already reported that the Treasury building was blown down and half the Native Record room.
- 8. The Deputy Collector and Sheristadar have been busy endeavouring to clear the Cutcherry for the last two days, and vesterday a portion of the treasure was removed from the ruins and transferred to the main building.
- 9. I do not think any of the cash has been lost, but the stamps must have suffered greatly. The Cutcherry itself suffered as heavily as any building in the place, but I hope the bulk of the English records are unhurt. In a day or two more I hope to be able re-open the office.
- 10. I have authorized payments to be made for burying the dead to the different Petta Moonsiffs, to the Officers of the Police, to the Military Officers in charge of working parties, and to other Officers who have undertaken the work. I have also entrusted some of the most trustworthy of the public servants with small sums to be distributed in charity, when it is most urgently needed, to prevent starvation. Much has not yet been needed in that way, but I fear it is a want that will increase.
- 11. The Fort has been relieved of its greatest need by the clearing of some wells which now yield fine water; the bridge over the most too has been partially restored for foot passengers, and so the communication is tolerably easy.
- 12. Lesh water has also been obtained by digging in parts of the Cantonment, and the people have been relieved of much suffering.
- 13. I cannot form any estimate of the loss of property; but from what I have seen since I last wrote, I believe the numbers of dead will be found nearer 10,000 than 5,000, besides animals.

AT MASULI-PATAM, Some may be recovered eventually, but now are none available for work.

- 15. I have just learned that Mr. Horsely, the Sub-Collector, and Mrs. Horsley are safe; they were at Chinna Ganjam, and I had much anxiety about them; they were driven from the tents in which they were living and found refuge in a small bungalow. Their property was destroyed, but they escaped personal injury.
- 16. I have only to repeat that the exertions of the European Officers of all services and ranks have been unremitting and most praiseworthy, and that in bravery and cheerfulness under misfortune they have been rivalled by their wives. There has been no complaining; no discontent.
- 17. I am as yet without any news from Nizampatam, but the salt stores at Chinna Ganjam have been greatly destroyed.
- 18. In the list of casualties I mentioned Mr. Manuel Fruval. I am happy to say he is alive, although many members of his family perished.
- 19. I must apologize for the writing of this, but I have no time to get it fair copied. I am happy to say that as yet I have heard but of one casualty amongst my office servants.

Telegram from the Magistrate of the Kistna District, through Bezwarah, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated 11th November 1864.

I hear orders have been received for the relief of European Troops by this station. I think such a measure will be impossible after the recent calamity. I beg measures may be taken to prevent troops being sent through here. Send some Officer to see and judge for himself. Losses by death fully ten thousand. Supplies are coming in well. I hear no contributions will be forthcoming. Every one is almost ruined...

ORDER THEREON, 14th November 1864, No. 1295.

1. The Governor in Council has perused with deep concern the foregoing letters and telegrams giving the particulars of the terrible calamity which has befallen the town of Masulipatam. The following is a brief statement of the facts as far as they have been ascertained:—

On the night of the 1st instant, the town of Masulipatam and its neighbourhood were visited by a severe hurricane, which commencing coxlyili

at 7 P. M. attained its greatest force at 12, and did not sensibly abate CYCLONE till 2 or 3 a. M. About 10 P. M, the sea rose, flooding the entire station. AT MASULIdestroying four-fifths of the houses in the Native town, and drowning the inhabitants'in thousands. In some of the houses in the Cantonment the water rose three and even four feet high, every house was more or less unroofed by the wind, and many were completely gutted. The number of persons who have perished is estimated by the Magistrate in the latest telegram received from him at fully 10,000, probably not much less than a fifth of the entire population, and the destruction of cattle and other animals has doubtless been proportionately great.

- 2. The lines of the 19th Regiment N. I. were almost annihilated 30 or 40 Sepoys lost their lives, and of their families some 200 or 300 persons perished. The Treasury and half the Native Record-room were blown down.
- 3. Among the European and East Indians the following casualties are reported:-

Mrs. Alfred Maiden and children.

Mr. Scott, Manager Superintending Engineer's Office and his wife.

Mr. Carr, Public Works Department.

Mrs. Jamieson and her grand-children.

It is feared that Serjeant Preston the Light-house Keeper and his family are drowned, but on this point the Magistrate is not quite certain.

- 4. The Light-house at Point Devy is said to be standing, but the persons attached to it, it is feared, are lost.
- 5. No exertions appear to have been spared by the Magistrate and other officers of the station, both Civil and Military, European and Native, to meet the emergency in which they were placed. At the date of the Magistrate's last letter, large bodies of men were employed under the direction of the Police, under working parties of the Military, and under the different Moonsiffs, in burying the dead. and burning the carcases of dead animals, but even then there were thousands of dead, both human beings and animals, undisposed of. According, however, to the latest telegram received from the Head Assistant at Bezwarah, matters were improving, and there was as yet no sickness. Fresh water of which at first great scarcity was apprehended, has been obtained by clearing the wells and digging in various

CYCLONE
AT MASULIPATAM.

parts of the Cantonment. The Police which had been much disorganized by the number of casualties in the force, had been strengthened by reinforcements from other parts of the District, and supplies and large bodies of coolies had been sent. On the receipt of the first intelligence of the disaster, a telegram was despatched to the Magistrate authorizing him to expend such sums not exceeding Rupees 30,000, as might be required for the purpose of feeding the houseless poor, burving the dead, &c. The Principal Inspector General of the Medical Department has been already instructed to send a supply of medicines by the first Steamer available, and the Superintendent of Marine will immediately arrange with the Agents of the British India Steam Company to despatch the Steamer Sydney, which is now on her way from Calcutta to Madras, to Masulipatam with as little delay as possible. The Commander should be ordered to bring to Madras the families of any of the European and East Indian residents who may wish to leave Masulipatam. They will be brought down at the expense of Government, and accommodation will be provided in the Madras Hotels also at the expense of Government, for a limited period, for any who may need assistance of this description.

- 6. The Governor in Council thinks it advisable under the circumstances that the President and Secretary of the Sanitary Commission should proceed to Masulipatam in the Sydney, with the view of aiding the local officers in devising measures for the prevention of epidemic disease. The Principal Inspector General of the Medical Department will despatch by the Steamer a few Medical Subordinates, and if he deems it advisable a Commissioned Medical Officer, to aid the Medical Officers at the station in case of necessity. A supply of disinfectants should also be sent. The Commissary General will send a supply of tea, biscuits, flour and potatoes calculated with reference to the probable wants of the European and East Indian community and sufficient to last for a month.
- 7. The Superintendent of Marine will despatch by the Sydney two Masulah boats with their crews, and two or three ships' boats, if he can procure them, for use on the river and canal. The Magistrate states that all the boats of the port have disappeared.
- 8. It is desirable that as many tents as can be spared and can be sent in the Sydney should be despatched to Masulipatam. The Deputy Quarter Master General will make the necessary arrangements in communication with the Superintendent of Marine.

9. The Governor in Council hopes shortly to receive from the Magistrate and Superintending Engineer detailed reports of the AT MASULIdamage which has been done to public property both at Masulipatam and in other parts of the District, and of the measures which they propose taking to repair it. His Excellency in Council notices with pleasure the high testimony which Mr. Thornhill bears to the services of his Assistant Mr. Brandt. Mr. Brandt will remain for the present at Masulipatam as Officiating Special Assistant, and will draw from the 1st instant the pay and allowances of an Acting Head Assistant, to which appointment in the Cuddapah District he has been already gazetted. The valuable aid rendered by Colonel Nott, and the Officers and men of the 19th Regiment will be brought to the notice of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief. The remarks made in Mr. Thornhill's telegram of the 11th instant as to the inexpediency of marching troops through the District for some time to come will be considered in the Military Department.

From the Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort Saint George, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, dated Fort Saint George, 19th November 1864, No. 1,316. 1. I am directed to submit, for the information of His Excellency

the Viceroy and Governor General, the enclosed pa-Proceedings, 14th November 1864, No. 1295. Nos. 1300 & 1301. pers, containing an ac-1314 & 1815. count of a terrible cala-

mity which has befulen the Town of Masulipatam, caused by an inundation of the sea on the night of the 1st instant, and resulting in a most lamentable loss of life and property.

- The Proceedings of Government of the 14th instant and of this date contain a full statement of the facts so far as they have been ascertained, and of the arrangements which have been made by Government to relieve the immediate wants of the survivors, and to provide for the contingency of epidemic disease breaking out; and His Excellency in Council hopes that the measures which have been taken will meet with the approval of the Supreme Government.
- 3. I am to add, that a public meeting was held at Madras on the 16th instant, for the purpose of organizing a fund for the relief of the houseless inhabitants of Masulipatam. A considerable sum was raised at the meeting; and the Governor in Council has no doubt, that the appeal which has been made to the public of this Presidency will be

LYCLONE liberally responded to from all quarters, and that the Government will not be called upon to expend any considerable sum for the relief of private distress. But it is feared, that the damage done to public buildings, to the irrigation channels, and other public property throughout the District has been very great; and that a considerable sum will have to be expended in repairing them.

- 4. A letter\* from the Collector of South Arcot, reporting on an inundation which occur-
- \* Proceedings, 2nd November 1864, No. 1,248. red at Cuddalore on the 19th ultimo, occasioning serious damage to public works and to private property, but happily

From the Government of Fort Saint George, to the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, dated 19th November 1864, No. 39.

1. We regret to have to report to you that a terrible calamity has

attended by but little loss of life, is enclosed.

befallen the Town of Masulipatam, caused by an inundation of the sea on the night of the 1st instant, and resulting in a most lamentable loss of life and property.

- 2. The Proceedings of Government of the 14th instant and of this date, contain a full statement of the facts so far as they have been ascertained, and of the arrangements which have been made by Government to relieve the immediate wants of the survivors, and to provide for the contingency of epidemic disease breaking out; and we trust that the measures which we have taken will meet with your approval.
- 3. We beg leave to add that a public meeting was held at Madras on the 16th instant, for the purpose of organizing a fund for the relief of the houseless inhabitants of Masulipatam. A considerable sum was raised at the meeting, and we have no doubt that the appeal which has been made to the public of this Presidency will be liberally responded to from all quarters, and that the Government will not be called upon to expend any considerable sum for the relief of private distress. But it is feared that the damage done to public buildings, to the irrigation channels, and other public property throughout the District, has been very great, and that a considerable sum will have to be expended in repairing them.

4. A letter from the Collector of South Arcot, reporting on an AT MASULIinundation which occurred at Proceedings, 2nd Nov. 1864 Nos. 5 & 6: Cuddalore on the 19th ultimo. occasioning serious damage to public works and to private property. but happily attended by but little loss of life, is enclosed in the nacket.

- Read the following Despatch from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Honorable the Governor in Council, Fort Saint George, dated India Office, London, 9th February 1865, No. 5.
- 1. I have received in Council your Despatch, No. 39, dated 19th vember 1864, and have read with much interest the account of the terrible effects of the hurricane which broke down the sea embankments at Masulipatam and Cuddalore, and occasioned the loss of so large a number of lives, and of so much property.
- The occasion seems to have been energetically met by Mr. Thornhill, who was ably assisted by the Officers and men stationed in the neighbourhood. Indeed, all who could work seem to have rendered every assistance in their power, and the measures you so promptly adopted for the relief of the sufferers have my cordial approval.
- 3. I am very glad to perceive that the inundation at Cuddalore was not attended with so great a loss of life, and it affords me much gratification to learn the liberal way in which the Native gentlemen of the District came forward to assist Mr. Read in his exertions to alleviate the distress occasioned by this catastrophe.

ORDER THEREON, 14th March 1865, No. 289.

Resolved that the foregoing Despatch be published in the Fort Saint George Gazette.

From the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India; to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort Saint George, dated Fort William, 13th December 1864, No. 6,447. Home Department:

1. I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter. No. 1,316, dated the 19th ultimo, and of the papers forwarded therewith. regarding a great loss of life and property at Masulipatam by an inundation of the sea.

celiii

CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM,

- 2. In reply, I am directed to state that the Governor General in Council approves of the measures which were taken to relieve the immediate wants of the survivors, and authorizes His Excellency the Governor in Council to expend whatever sums he may consider necessary in order to afford relief to the distressed.
- "Yours, thirteen-sixteen, received about the calamity at Masulipatam The Governor General in Council authorizes the Govt. of Madras to expend what may be considered necessary to afford relief to the distressed."
- 3. A copy of a Telegraphic Message despatched to you on the 7th instant is given on the margin,

ORDER THEREON, 25th January 1865, No. 101.

To be recorded.

- From the President of the Sanitary Commission, Madras, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Masulipatam, 17th December 1864.
- 1. I have the honor to enclose my report on the sanitary measures adopted, or recommended, for the protection of the public health of the town and station of Masulipatam, after the Eyclone of the 1st November 1864.
- 2. As this report is of considerable length, I beg briefly to recapitulate the different subjects noticed therein, which require the orders of the Government.

1st.—Sanction is solicited for the expenditure of Rupees 10,177, of which 8,564 Rupees have been actually disbursed by me from advances made to me from the Collector's Treasury. The detailed accounts of this expenditure are contained in Appendix E of my Report.

A sum of Rupees 1,613-7-0 is required to pay the conservancy establishment for the month of December, and to complete the work of clearing some of the smaller lanes, and to pay a small gang of coolies who will be employed till the 31st of December in discovering and burying corpses and remains of animals which may still be under the ruins of some of the houses and buildings in the town.

3. I have placed this sum, Rupees 1,613-7-0, at Mr. Brandt's disposal, and have requested him to furnish a detailed account of its expenditure, and to re-pay into the Treasury any balance unused on 31st December. Mr. Brandt has throughout assisted me in carrying out the sanitary measures required, and has, at my request, been placed by Mr. Thornhill, from this date, in charge of the establishments specially

entertained for the public health and conservancy of the town, of which Mr. Brandt has also the Magisterial charge.

CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

2nd.—I have also to request the sanction of Government to a

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do.	182
	64
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Total	963
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Nors. — This is the lowest rate at which carts and scavengers of this description are procurable in the Kistna District. fixed conservancy establishment for the town and station of Masulipatam and for the Fort, as detailed in the margin, at a cost of Rupees 963 per mensem. I propose that this establishment should be paid by the Government for twelve months,

at the end of which time this charge should be met by a Municipal rate. I have, in my report, given the reasons which appear to me to justify this proposal.

3rd.—I have also the honor to request the orders of the Government on the works proposed for the drainage of, and for the supply of fresh water to the town and station of Masulipatam. Both of these works are most urgently required, especially that for bringing the Kistna water into the town. Any delay in the execution of this work will cause severe suffering to the inhabitants. They are dependent for their drinking water on the few wells which have not been destroyed by the salt water, and these will not be sufficient to supply the town during the hot weather.

4th.—I have also to request the sanction of the Government to the rewards which I have recommended should be given to the Native gentlemen mentioned in my report, for their good service during the trying time that followed the cyclone of the 1st November last.

Report of the President of the Sanitary Commission on the measures adopted for the protection of the Public Health of the town and station of Maclipatam, after the Cyclone of the 1st November 1864, dated 17th December 1864.

Before detailing, for the information of Government, the sanitary measures taken since my arrival at Masulipatam on the 17th ultimo, I beg to submit a brief narrative of the principal facts connected with the disastrous cyclone of the 1st November.

1. Enclosed are two maps:—The map marked A. shews the relative positions of the Fort, Town, and Cantonment of Masulipatam.

CYCLONE ATMASULI-PATAM.

The map marked B. exhibits the extent of the inundation in the Divi and Repalli Divisions.

- 2. The portion of this map, which is colored blue, represents the inundated tract of country.
- 3. From a report furnished by the Master Attendant, who was in the Fort during the storm, it appears that soon after day-light, on the 1st November last, the weather had assumed a threatening appearance, and that as early as 8 A. M. the barometer was falling with every indication of a gale from the N. N. E.
- 4. From noon till dusk, the wind continued to increase in violence, and at 7 P. M. it was blowing a hard gale from the N. E.
- 5. The barometer at 8 P.M. had fallen to 29:500. The roofs of the houses in the Fort were nearly all off, and the doors and windows were blown in. About 10 P.M. the wind veered round to about E.N. E., and the terrible fact that the sea had broken into the fort became known. After this, the rise of the sea was very rapid with a heavy swell.
- 6. About half past 10 P. M. the water was probably at its greatest height, the wind blowing in fearful gusts. Then came the return of the sea wave, with a roaring sound of waters which is described as awful.
- 7. After 11 P. M. the sea water began to decrease in height and gradually subsided. By this time all except the pucka built houses in the fort, and the barracks and hospital, had been washed away, and about 1,500 souls had perished. It must be remarked that the tide had risen early in the night of the 1st November much above its usual height; the deluge of rain which was falling soon after dusk probably prevented this being noticed. In ordinary weather it is high water on the bar on full and change of the moon at 20 minutes after 9 P. M., and at the tidal lock at 10 P. M. There seems little doubt that, on the 1st November soon after dusk, the tide had begun to find its way into the Fort by overflowing the lock.
- 8. This unusually high tide was promably caused by the water being driven into this bight of the coast before the gale.
- 9. The centre of the cyclone was probably a very short distance to the south of the fort and town, and the storm wave, driven by the gale, had every facility given to its passage over the fort and town of Masulipatam by the extraordinary height of the spring tide. This will account for the great height of the storm wave, and the great destruction which it caused.

10. The return of the wave was almost as rapid as its approach, AT MASULIand completed the work of destruction.

- 11. It is estimated from levels that have been taken that the sea rose between 12 and 13 feet above the level of ordinary high water-It was remarked that the sea water was of an unusually high temperature, and so phosphorescent that each wave as it broke gave a flash of vivid light.
- The water brought with it a peculiar and unusual deposit of thick slimy mud, which now covers a large surface of the country.
- 13. The effect of the inundation on the Masulipatam back water is stated by Captain Maiden, the Master Attendant, to be very remarkable.
- 14. The beach is entirely changed; the long sand spit which has for years been extending northward has disappeared entirely, by which the distance from the fort to the sea has been shortened more than a mile.
- 15. In short, the approaches by sea to Masulipatam are the same as those shown in the survey made by Mr. Topping in 1792.
- 16. It is difficult to convey by any written description the disastrous effects of the cyclone. The violence of the wind would in itself have caused great destruction to property, but preceded as it was by heavy rains, accompanied by an inroad of sea water, the storm swept with fatal violence over the fort, and the town of Masulipatam. The coast north and south of the town of Masulipatam, was inundated by the sea water over a space of country which may be roughly stated as eighty miles in length by nine miles in breadth. In one direction the storm wave reached to a place seventeen miles inland; and after actual computation it is found that no less than seven hundred and eighty square miles of country were more or less affected by the disastrous inroad of the sea.
- 17. All the houses both in the fort and the town which were reached by the wave, and which were not built on substantial basements, came to the ground, the unfortunate inmates being in most cases either drowned, or killed by the fall of the roofs.
- 18. To add to the horror of the scene the night was excessively dark, and the wind so violent that it was difficult for strong men to move from the falling houses without being thrown down. When the inhabitants of the fort and town became aware that the water which

CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

rose rapidly in their houses was from the sea, many of them endeavoured to take refuge in the more substantial buildings in their neigh bourhood. But in most cases, the instant they quitted their houses they were carried away by the flood, and perished by drowning, or by being driven against trees and buildings.

- 19. The violence of the wind and flood may be conceived from the huge blocks of solid masonry forming part of the causeway between the fort and town being rolled to a distance of sixty feet, and by the extraordinary number of Palmyra trees blown down, or broken off about their middle. Large logs of timber, cargo boats, and the remains of wrecked vessels, were carried by the storm wave among the houses of the town and station. These caused great destruction to substantial buildings, which might otherwise have resisted the storm.
- 20. Some of the escapes during the storm were extraordinary. Whole families lay crouched on the roofs of the fallen houses, and after hours of exposure were rescued. In some cases those who were driven by the flood against trees were able to climb out of the reach of the water. Others were washed two or three miles away from their houses clinging to beams, and were thus saved from drowning. I believe that I am not exaggerating when I estimate the loss of life in the town and fort at 15,000, being about one-third of the entire population. In one Brahmin village, on the outskirts of the town, out of a population of nearly 700 only 70 survived. Several heavy boats were lifted bodily out of the canal, which is near this village, and remain high and dry among the ruins of the houses, which are mere heaps of rubbish covered by a tangled mass of trees.
- 21. The cyclone which caused so terrible a loss of life in the town was hardly less destructive in the civil station and in the lines of the 19th Regiment N. I.
- 22. The lines of the 19th Regiment present as complete a scene of desolation as can well be imagined. Not a single Sepoy's hut was standing on the morning following the storm. Fifty-six Sepoys of the 19th Regiment N. I., and three hundred of the Sepoys' relations were drowned. Those that escaped took refuge in the Barrack (place of arms) and Hospital, which are well built brick buildings, and were not much injured by the storm.
- 23. The Police Force also suffered greatly: twenty-two men of the force were drowned, and two hundred and twenty-three of their cclviii

relations. Both the Senovs of the 19th Regiment and the Police lost ATMASULIevery thing they possessed.

CYCLONE

- 24. The Europeans, all of whom escaped, owed their preservation to the superior construction of their houses, and to the height of the basements.
- The sea water rushed into all the lower rooms of the houses in the station, calling a complete destruction of the property contained therein. Most of the houses were more or less unroofed, and the deluge of rain which fell during the night completed the loss of property which had taken place in the lower stories.
- 26. All the godowns, out-houses, and stables fell, and to this is owing the great loss of life that occurred among the domestic servants. Most of these, when the storm was at its height, were crushed to death by the falling roofs, of were drowned in attempting to swim from the godowns to the houses.
- 27. The furniture, camp equipage, horses and carriages belonging to the Officers, Civil and Military, of the station, were, with few exceptions, entirely destroyed.
- 28. I have visited most of the houses of the Cantonment, and can bear witness to the extent of the destruction of the property of their late inmates. It is no exaggeration to say that, with few exceptions, the residents of the station and the officers of the 19th Regiment will have to re-fit themselves completely in furniture, horses, carriages, and camp equipage.
- 29. The destruction of the roads and trees has been great. station, which previous to the storm was a pleasant looking place with well made roads and trim avenues of trees, presented on my arrival a most melancholy aspect. The whole place was covered either with water or a thick deposit of black mud. The roads were almost entirely effaced and covered with broken trees and masses of prickly pear, while the houses looked in their ruinous condition as if the station had been abandoned for years.
- 30. Colonel Anderson is busily occupied with the drainage of the station. The broken trees and drift are rapidly disappearing, Roads are being repaired and channels dug, and the water is being rapidly drained away.
- 31. It will be many years, however, before the fort and town and the station of Masulipatam lose the traces of the terrible cyclone of the 1st November last.

CYCLONE
AT MASULIPATAM.

- 32. The destruction of life and property was equally great among the villages that came within the combined influence of the cyclone and of the sea wave. I visited, in company with Captain Hasted, R. E., and Mr. Brandt, the Special Assistant Collector, a considerable number of these villages. Our object was to carry assistance to the villagers, and to ascertain by personal inspection the effect of the late storm. Our march is indicated by a red line in map B.
- 33. We found a great number of these villages entirely destroved; the crops are all ruined, and the whole of the cattle lost. The ground is covered for miles by a thick coating of saline mud. The loss of life in these villages has been terribly great. We were at some trouble to ascertain what the number of inhabitants had been previous to the storm, and the number of survivors in the twenty-seven villages which we visited. In these villages, out of a population numbering 10.320. only 4.893 survive. This will give some idea of the nature and extent of the disaster wherever the flood extended. Of the total loss of life in the portions of the Repalli and Bunder Talugs which have been inundated, I am unable to give any reliable estimate. The Police and Taluq officials are preparing returns, which will shortly be submitted to Government. It is not in my power to give any adequate description of the misery presented by this part of country. Much had been done to get the corpses of the dead buried; but on the line of our march there were great numbers of corpses still lying in the marshes, and in the neighbourhood of the villages. We were able to form some idea of the destruction that had taken place among the cattle by the carcasses that lay thickly on some of the swamps through which we passed.
- 34. The survivors in the villages which we visited bore unmistakable marks of the hardships which they had undergone since the night of the storm. Our arrival rescued them from much suffering. We distributed aid in grain and money, and, what was still more cheering to the unfortunate sufferers, Captain Hasted at once organized working gangs of all who were able to work. These are still usefully employed in the repairs of tanks, and on the river embankments, which have been much damaged by the storm. A system of relief has also been organized in some of the central villages, for the support of those who, from age and infirmity, are unable to labor.
- 35. When it is remembered that in one night the inhabitants of these villages have been reduced from comfort, and in some cases cclx

affluence, to the most spject state of poverty, their patient endurance of suffering, and their universal abstinence from crime, cannot but excite admiration and respect.

CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

- 36. The land in the tract which is marked blue in the map B, has been so covered with the saline mud deposit, that it is doubtful whether any cultivation can be advantageously resumed at present. Whenever this can be done, it will be necessary that advances should be made to the ryots to enable them to purchase ploughing cattle and seed grain, all of which have been destroyed. Mr. Thornhill, the Collector of the District, is occupied in framing a well-considered proposal on this subject, which will be submitted to the Government.
- 37. Having endeavoured to convey something of the reality of the scene of this terrible disaster, I will proceed to detail the measures taken by me as President of the Sanitary Commission for the preservation of the public health in the town and fort of Masulipatam.
- 38. But before doing this, I trust that I may be permitted here to express my sincere admiration for the energy and excellent judgment exhibited by Mr. Thornhill, the Collector, in every measure which he has taken since the occurrence of the storm on the 1st November.
- 39. It is seldom that so great a call is made upon an officer of Government, as that to which Mr. Thornhill has so ably responded. In his anxiety to create no unnecessary alarm, and to guard against exaggeration, Mr. Thornhill, in his earlier reports, understated, I think, the extent of the calamity, and the difficulties with which he had to contend. On the day following the storm it was necessary to provide food for the town, to clear the wells from salt water and to sink fresh wells, to bury the dead lying in hundreds in all parts of the town, and above all to restore confidence to the panic-striken inhabitants, and to guard against crime which so generally follows upon a public calamity. All of this was done most effectually.
- 40. Mr. Thornhill received great assistance from Colonel Nott and the Officers of the 19th Regiment, Colonel Anderson and Captain Hasted of the Engineers, Major Tireman, Assistant Commissary General, Captain Frazer, of the Police, Mr. Brandt, the Assistant to the Collector, and Doctor Robertson, the Civil Surgeon.
- 41. From the day following the storm these Officers headed parties of Sepoys, Police, and hired coolies, and by their own personal exertions set the example which was so necessary in performing the repul-

CYCLONE Sive duty of burying the decomposing corpses of the many thousands PATAM. who had perished in the storm.

- 42. The Natives of the town took heart when they saw how cheerfully these officers were working for their protection, and all classes joined in the continuous labor which was necessary to prevent the out-break of pestilence. The same work which was necessary in the town was equally required in the fort, and was most ably performed by Captain Bowen of the 19th, with a detachment of that Regiment, and by Captain Maiden, the Master Attendant, whose conduct during the whole of this trying time has been deserving of high praise. When I mention that 1,000 of those who perished in the storm were\* buried in the fort and its immediate neighbourhood, the emergency of the work and its trying nature will be appreciated.
- 43. I hope I may be excused for entering into this detail. The excellent service done by these officers will certainly not be made known by themselves, and I avail myself of this opportunity of bringing these facts to notice.
- 44. For purposes of sanitation, I divided the town and station of Masulipatam into six separate districts, which were personally superintended by myself. The fort, distant three miles from the Civil station, formed a separate charge, of which Doctor Montgomery, the Secretary of the Sanitary Commission, was in special charge. The work to be performed was divided as follows:—
  - 1st.—Cleaning the roads of fallen timber and the ruins of houses.
- 2nd.—The drainage of the sea water, and, where absolutely necessary, the removal of the deep mud deposited on the highways.
- 3rd,—The burial and burning of corpses, and of the carcasses of animals.
- 4th.—The erection of public latrines, in sufficient numbers, and in suitable localities.
  - 5th.—The thorough cleansing of the streets morning and evening.
- 45. Precautions were also taken to prevent the sale of grain and other food rendered unfit for consumption by the salt water.

and town should from the ars: nave seed of being puries, but this was not feasible, from the impossibility of procuring, immediately, dry wood, in sufficient quantity to consume such a great number of bodies. The corpses found, since my arrival have, with few exceptions, been barned.

46. I have now been occupied for more than three weeks in this work, and I can safely affirm that all that was planned for the protection of the public health has been thoroughly executed. The roads and streets are now cleared of all the "debris" of the storm. The salt water has been drained off. Every effort has been made to find the corpses which were lying hidden among the ruins of houses and drift wood: that this has been successfully done is evidenced by the large number of corpses found. One hundred bodies have been burnt or buried daily, and I hope that few corpses of men or remains of animals will be left to taint the air, and endanger the health of the town.

- 47. The precaution has also been taken of re-covering carefully the graves of those who were hurriedly buried immediately after the storm.
- 48. Rewards have been offered for the destruction of the dogs and pigs in the town, which have been for the last month feeding on the corpses and carcasses of animals. Public latrines have been established in all parts of the town, and strict attention is given to the prevention of nuisances.
- 49. The inhabitants of the town shew every disposition to avail themselves of the assistance given to them for securing the cleanliness of their houses and streets, and I am informed that the town and fort are cleaner at this present time than they have ever been.
- 50. The total amount expended by me in carrying out this work is Rupees 10.177, of which the details are given in Appendix E.
- 51. This includes the cost of the conservancy establishment of the town from the 18th of November last, until the 31st of the present month.
- 52. It will not be necessary after this month to employ any establishment except what will be required for the usual conservancy of a large Native town, namely, carts and sweepers for the cleansing of the streets, and scavengers for the public latrines. The cost of these establishments will be Rupees 963 per mensem.
- 53. The sum of money which I have expended on my own responsibility, is undoubtedly large, but is not more than was absolutely necessary to secure the object aimed at, which was the speedy restoration of this large Native city to a condition favorable to the public health.

CYCLONE.
AT MASULIPATAM.

- 54. I fear that I have failed to convey in this report the extraordinary state of the roads and streets of a town, the greater portion of which was in ruins. I can, however, assure the Government that I have most anxiously guarded against any unnecessary expenses, and that the daily disbursement of the money to the laborers has been carefully checked.
- 55. It is also an advantage that the money thus expended has usefully employed a very large number of the poorer inhabitants, who must otherwise have been supported by charity.
- 56. Although the health of the town and station of Masulipatam has up to this time been excellent, more than usual care, will, for the next few months, be required to guard against epidemic disease.
- 57. The inroad of the sea has rendered unfit for use many of the wells which hitherto supplied drinking water to the town. These wells at no time afforded a sufficient supply of pure water, and the disease, "beri beri," which prevails here is attributable to the use of impure water.
- 58. After the cyclone of the 1st November last, many thousands of human beings and great numbers of cattle were buried in and about the town. This makes it absolutely necessary that special attention should be paid to the water supply and drainage of the town, and to its conservancy.
- 59. Neither the water supply nor the drainage of this large town have hitherto received the attention which they require. If these requirements are now liberally provided for, I believe that, without any risk, the station of Masulipatam may with advantage be retained both for Military and Civil purposes. Without this provision, I think that there will be a considerable risk of severe epidemic sickness, as a consequence of the cyclone.
- \*60. The drainage and water supply of a large Native town would, under ordinary circumstances, be fairly charged to Local and Municipal Funds; and some months ago it was under contemplation to have brought Masulipatam under the operation of Act XXVI of 1850. Under this Act, a rate could have been levied, which, with the aid usually granted by Government to supplement Municipal taxes, would have furnished the necessary funds to defray the cost of these works.
- 61. The inhabitants of Masulipatam have suffered so severely from the effects of the cyclone that it would, I submit, be unwise to cclair

levy any new tax at present from them. On these grounds, it will, I AT MASULI-trust, be decided that these works shall be executed by the Department of Public Works, and that the cost of the public conservancy shall be borne by Government for a period of twelve months. At the expiration of this period, the cost of permanent establishments required for conservancy, the repair of the drains, and any further works of public utility, may fairly be met by a local cess.

- 62. Colonel Anderson is preparing plans and estimates for the supply of water, and the drainage of the town and station of Masulipatam.
- 63. These are roughly shown in the Map A., and in the Appendix C., which accompany this Report. The total cost of the water supply is estimated at Rupees 45,338, and this is very nearly correct. The probable cost of the drainage is roughly estimated at Rupees 28,250.
- 64. These projects undoubtedly entail a very considerable expenditure; but, putting aside the necessity of mitigating the sufferings of a very large Native city which cannot be removed from its present site, and which will, without good drinking water and without drainage, probably be exposed to extraordinary epidemic disease, it must be remembered that the removal of the Civil station and Cantonment of Masulipatam to any other locality within the Kistna District would be attended with very great expense. I would respectfully submit that it will be better to secure the health and comfort of the existing station and Cantonment of Masulipatam, and with it the well-being of the large Native population of the town, by the works proposed by Colonel Anderson, than to abandon the town and to construct a new station in some other part of the District.
- 65. It is unnecessary to enter further into the question of abandoning Masulipatam as a Civil station, as the Government have before them a paper drawn up by Mr. Thornhill and myself on this subject. I would merely wish to state that if the works projected by Colenel Anderson are sanctioned by the Government, I believe that on sanitary grounds Masulipatam may safely be retained as a Civil station and a Military Cantonment, and that without these works a very considerable risk will attend the continuance of this place as a Civil and Military station.
- 66. The pleasantest portion of my work here has been in superintending the distribution of the food and clothing despatched by the Government on board the Steamer Arabia last month, and of the cloth-

CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

ing subsequently sent on board the Steamer Asia. Both food and clothing were urgently required, and have supplied the wants of the poorest class of sufferers by the late cyclone, European, East Indian, and Native.

- 67. I have also had much pleasure in giving my assistance to Mr. Thornhill and the other members of the Masulipatam Cyclone Relief Committee, in determining upon the most useful means of expending the funds at their disposal.
- 68. The wants of a large number of the poor in the town and fort, who are unable to work, have been relieved. This relief has been given in the form of cooked and uncooked grain, and, in a few cases, small sums of money have been given so as to enable the more respectable families, who were in extreme want, but who, from caste or class prejudice, were unwilling to attend the public cook-houses, to tide over the first pressure of their affliction.
- 69. The greater portion of the subscriptions, supplemented as they have been by the very liberal grant of the Government, has been devoted to assisting the poorer inhabitants of the town in re-building their houses. This employment of the money is much approved of by the Native members of the Committee, and is probably the most useful that could have been devised.
- 70. The re-building of those portions of the town which were destroyed by the storm has commenced, and has been much hastened by the sums distributed, under sufficient control, by the members of the Relief Committee.
- 71. Advantage has been taken of this opportunity to persuade the people who inhabited the Pettahs, which have principally suffered, to remove to higher ground. In the new Pettahs the houses will be constructed on a uniform plan, which provides sufficient space for each house, a broad roadway, and good drainage.
- 72. While the urgent wants of the inhabitants of the fort and town of Masulipatam have been provided, the Relief Committee have not been unmindful of the great suffering which has fallen upon the inhabitants of the neighbouring villages.
- 73. Relief in cloths, grain, and money have been sent to them, and although more important relief will be required before cultivation can be resumed in these villages, it is satisfactory to know that they have been rescued from utter destitution.

cclxvi

74. In conclusion, I beg to bring to the notice of Government the great assistance which has been given to me by the Native gentlemen

CYCLONE AT MASULI PATAM.

1. M. Sabapati Naidoo.
2. Munshi Abdul Raheem.
3. Chavali Gooroomoosti.
4. M. Oodiachellum.
5. A. Vurdava.
6. M. Kotolingam Naidoe.
7. C. Venkatachellum.

whose names are marginally entered. M. Sabapati Naidoo, the Sheristadar of the Small Cause Court, volunteered his services to Mr. Thornhill, immediately after the cyclone, to assist in the burial of the dead, which was

most urgently required. Since my arrival at Masulipatani, he has most zealously assisted me in all the work done to secure the public health of the town. He was placed by me in charge of the large gangs of coolies who were at work in the several parts of the town, and directed under my orders, all the arrangements connected with the conservancy.

- 75. Not the least of Sabapati Naidoo's services has been the excellent example he has set to the Natives of this place, in showing them that a man of superior education, and in a high official position, did not consider his respectability compromised by personally assisting in work, which, though absolutely necessary for the public welfare, was of a most disagreeable kind.
- 76. He has now been relieved of these duties, and has returned to his ordinary official work. I earnestly solicit that the Government be pleased to convey to M. Sabapati Naidoo some mark of their approbation, and suggest that a gold bangle be presented to him by the Government, for service rendered on the occasion of the late cyclone.
- 77. The other Native gentlemen, whose names I have mentioned, are Moonsiffs of the town of Masulipatam, and have also done excellent work. They may, I think, be fitly rewarded by the presentation of a silver bangle, and a sum of 50 Rupees each. I propose that Munshi Abdul Raheem, who is a well educated and active man, be placed with a salary of 50 Rupees per mensem at the head of the Conservancy Establishments of Masulipatam, which I have recommended should be maintained by the Government for a period of 12 months. Before making these recommendations, I have consulted Mr. Thornhill, the Collector, who concurs fully in what I have written.
- 78. Although I have selected these Native gentlemen for special reward, it is only just to mention that all the subordinate officials of this station have most cordially assisted Mr. Thornhill and myself, in the additional work which has been necessary in consequence of the cyclone.

CYCLONE AT WASIILI-PATAM.

#### APPENDIX C.

Memorandum by Lieutenant Colonel Anderson, R. E., regarding Channel for supply of drinking water for the Town of Masulipatam dated 12th December 1864.

- It is proposed that this channel should leave the Masulipatam canal at Aukumurru, starting with a level of bed of 7 feet above ordinary H. W., and lead to the bridge across the Sultanagram swamp, where the bed will have a level of 6 feet above H. W.
- 2. I intended at first to have commenced with the bed 5 feet above H. W.; but I found this would not give a sufficient head of water for the supply of the town. The expense with the higher level will be considerably greater, heavy embankments being required throughout.
- 3. This open channel will be suitable for irrigation. A considerable extent of land will be commanded by it; and I think it may be classed as an agricultural work, and its cost charged to the Delta project.

	RS.
* Earth-work	6,215 1,051 364 800 <sup>+</sup> 300 <sup>†</sup> 2,295
Total Rupees	11,025

4. The estimates for the channel and subsidiary works, which have been drawn up by Captain Hasted. amount to Rupees 11,025,\* the details of which have been accurately computed, excepting as regards the sluices.+

- 5. The Sultanagram bridge must in any case be re-built. I propose to construct a new bridge, 12 vents of 8 feet each, a few yards in advance of the old one; to curve the rear wing walls into the curved approaches to the latter, which are uninjured, and to form these into cisterns; and to conduct the water across through openings in the wing walls of the new structure, and along a small sheet iron trough, 2½ feet wide and 3 feet high, laid along the prolongation of the tops of the piers.
- 6. The cistern on the west side will be furnished with an escape for surplus water, and where the water will enter the conduit leading across the bridge, a shutter will be fitted for regulating the supply. The ordinary depth in the cistern will be 2 feet, but it may be raised to 3 feet, if required, or 9 feet above H. W. level.
- 7. The cost of the new bridge will amount to Rupees 14,100, and should of course be charged to " Commu-Rupees 2,500. nications;" the iron conduit and cisterns will probably cost 2,500, which, however, is only an approxima-

tion, as I am unable to prepare a detailed estimate.

cclxviii

8. From Sultanagram bridge to Robertson Pettah, a distance of AT WASSILLexactly one mile, it is proposed to carry \* And with a fall of 1 foot. the supply of water in a covered masonry conduit, I foot wide and I foot 6 inches high.\* The quantity it will deliver in 24 hours will be 64,800 cubic feet, or 4,03,700 gallons, equal to the supply of 15 gallons per head to about **† 10.560.** 27,000 people, which quantity may be increased by raising the head of water estimate† Rupees 10,560. 9. A circular cistern 100 feet in diameter to be constructed in the centre of the large square at Robertson Rupees 2.870. Pettah: estimated cost Rupees 2,370and from it the water will be distributed along the streets to the left and in front by covered masonry conduits, 9 inches wide and 12 inches high, as shown by red lines in the accompanying map. One branch will terminate near St. Mary's Church, on the precincts of the station : length one mile. 10. From Robertson Pettah, the length of pipe to the principal street is 350 yards, the line to the right (or west) along the latter is 1,250 yards, and a branch 200 yards, while that to the left, which will proceed as far as the Jail, will be a mile. The total length of distributing conduit will thus be 3 miles and 40 yards. The estimated cost is 4 Rupees per running yard, and the aggregate will therefore be 21,280 Rupees ... ... Rupees. 21,280 12 Cisterns of 30 feet diameter are allowed at the principal crossings: the cost of each Rupees 330, or of 12, Rupees 3,960 ... 3,960 12 Culverts are also allowed for passing drainage water: estimated cost 12 × 224=2,668... ... ... 2,668 Il. To the above has to be added the cost of levelling the roads traversed by the conduits and raising them in places, which will probably amount to 2,000 2.000 Rs. ... ... ... ... ... 12. Recapitulation of estimate-1. Open channel from Aukumurru to Sultanagram bridge, to be charged to Delta project as an agricultural work. 11,025 2. New bridge across Sultanagram swamp, to be charged to Communi-

14,100

cation.

### APPENDIX IX -MISCELLANEOUS.

(	M	ac	lr	a <b>s</b>	.]

CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

3. 4.	Cisterns and iron aqueduct at Sultanagram bridge	Rs.	2,500
	son Petiah	"	10,560
5.	Cistern at Robertson Pettah	,,	2,370
6.	3 Miles 40 yards of distributing conduits.	"	21,280
<b>7</b> .	12 Cisterns	"	3,960
8.	12 Culverts	n	2,668
9.	Levelling and raising road	ນ	2,000

Total Rs... 45.338

- 13. Any thing further that may be required may, I think, be left to private contributions, aided by grants from Local Funds.
- 14. What is now proposed will bring the water within a quarter of a mile of any portion of the town, excepting Chintagoontapollem and two or three other sections of the Pettah adjoining, which however being intersected by the main line of canal will be able to draw a supply from it.
- 15. Arrangements will be made for keeping up the supply throughout the year. It is customary to close the main channels for three months for clearance. But it is only the upper reaches where heavy repairs are required; and while the higher portion of the Masulipatam canal is closed, a supply may be thrown into it at Pamurroo by means of other channels.
- 16. It is proposed to open out a new line of canal to Munganapudi Salt Cotaur. It would follow the line of the old Chinnapoor canal as far as the Pettah Basin, and from thence it would be carried at a short distance from the station. If this project is sanctioned, facilities for procuring good water on the part of the inhabitants in its vicinity would be increased,

#### APPENDIX D.

Memorandum on the drainage of Masulipatam by Lieutenant-Colonel Anderson, R. E., dated Masulipatam, 12th December 1864.

1. The drainage of Masulipatam has always been very defective. During the rainy season, the front swamp was full at times up to the borders of the town and station, while there has been no outlet for the water from the Sultanagram swamp.

2. Measures have been lately devised for improving the front AT MASULIswamp. Drainage channels to lead the water to the sluice adjoining the tidal lock, have been sanctioned, and would have been in progress at this time, had it not been for the destruction of the sea dyke and other works by the cyclone of 1st November. When the dyke shall have been restored, there will be nothing to prevent the front swamp being properly drained, and it will then afford a more efficient outlet to the town drainage than it has been heretofore.

- 3. The Sultanagram swainp water passed across the Masulinatam canal by an under tunnel, and proceeded along the low land west of Sevagunga and Gollapollem, as far as Gungdadapollem, where a portion of it escaped; but nothing has ever been done to improve the outlet. and the swamp still remains in its primitive state of enormous extent. 12 or 13 miles long, and in some places more than a mile wide, submerging land which would otherwise be valuable, and producing noxious exhalations as it dries up.
- 4. The more effectually the swamp is drained, the more easy will be the disposal of the drainage from the town and station. It would form a better outlet than the front swamp, as the channels leading to it would pass through a less width of Pettali and the water would be less liable to obstructions; and besides the levels would be more favourable.
- 5. I would strongly recommend the improvement of the swamp by deepening the bed from the Sultanagram bridge to the Masulipatam canal, and onwards to the head of an ancient water course (now quite choked up), and by the excavation of a new channel from thence to the tidal creek. The water would then be effectually disposed of. and not the slightest difficulty experienced in thoroughly draining the town. The cost would be considerable, as systematic drainage projects generally are. The following is an abstract of the estimates:-

Excavating a channel 30 feet bottom width with level of bed 1 foot below H. W. from Sultanagram	RS.
bridge to Masulipatam canal	2,000
New under tunnel 10 vents of 8 feet span, for pass-	-,
ing swamp water across Masulipatam canal	
(chargeable to canal).	
Excavating a channel similar to the above to head	
of Mungalairoo bed 2 feet below H. W	3,250
Excavating a channel 30 feet bottom width, bed 4	0,400
feet below H. W	17,000
Shuice at head of Mungalairoo, to regulate discharge	*1,000
and prevent ingress of tidal water	6,000
(Approximate estimate).	0,000
' (rebergande obstiner)'	00 074
<del>-</del>	28,250
,ec	lxxi

CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

- 6. At present there are three main drains in the town and station, two to the front swamp, passing respectively by the Jail and through Oakes Pettah, and the third through Edapilly to the Sultanagram swamp. These all require to be widened and deepened, and space is required clear of the margin to allow of the earth being carried well away from the channel.
- 7. The destruction of houses in the town by the late storm will allow of this being done at a moderate expense. Little else is required for the drains to the front swamp. An additional drain may be opened with advantage through Oakes Pettah, and another from the hollows in rear of the Government School.
- 8. The principal improvements are required in rear of the town. A number of pools, which after heavy rains are formed into an almost continuous sheet of water, extend along and to right and left of the line of street leading through Robertson Pettah; and instead of one drain to the Sultanagram swamp, there should be six or seven. The dotted lines in the plan shew the direction of those proposed, and any description will be unnecessary. As far as possible, I avoid crossing the lines which will be traversed by the masonry channel for drinking water.
- 9. Up to this time the expenditure which has been incurred in the drainages has been almost entirely confined to clearing out the existing channels, which were very much destroyed by the flood. The following is an approximate estimate of the proposed improvements:—

Deepening Oakes Pettah and Cantonment drainage channels to proper levels, at 1,000 each		RS, 2,000
Deepening Edapilly drain to proper levels	500 )	2,000
3 New culverts at 300	900	1,600
New branch drain	600	
Culverts	800 100	1,000
Oakes Pettah (to front swamp), and from N. I. Lines, Robertson Pettah, Godoogoo	•	
Petta, Rajoopetta and Varegoodem, aggre-		
gating 9,600, at 10 Annas per running yard	6,000 1,006 3,600	
TO CHILDING OR ACCOUNTS SEE	O,UVW	10,600
		15 200

. 3.000

Compensation.

(A more accurate estimate of compensation will be made under AT MASULIthe Collector's orders in the course of a few days.)

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Postscript to Memoranda on projects for supply of drinking water. and for drainage of Masulipatam, by Lieut, Colonel J. C. ANDERSON. R. E., Superintending Engineer, Second Division, dated Masulipatam, 19th December 1864.

I have alluded to a line of proposed canal from the Masulipatam canal to Munganapudi Salt Cotaur. The estimates for this work are ready, and, as soon as the plans are copied, will be submitted for sanction: and I have reason to believe that they will receive the support of the Collector and the Revenue Board, merely on the ground of the advantages the work will offer as a "communication." It has lately struck me, however, that an additional reason in favor of the project, is afforded by the facilities which it will give of warding off tidal inundation from the town and station. It will leave the Masulipatam canal about half a mile below the wooden bridge at Chintagoontapollem, and from thence will run nearly parallel to the town, along the inner (or landward) margin of the front swamp, and the drainage water will be passed across it by means of masonry sluices. The cutting at the lowest levels will yield an embankment 9 feet high above ordinary high water (6 feet wide at crest, and with side slopes of 2 horizontal to 1 vertical), which would be thrown on the seaward side, and would form an effectual barrier against floods 5 or 6 feet above ordinary high water.

2. The restoration of the sea dyke will also be very necessary. but it will be difficult to construct it so substantially as to inspire confidence in the minds of the residents of the town and station. It will have to be carried for a distance of between two and three miles along a plain which is very little above sea level, and which in fact has lately been submerged by the spring tides. It will be completely exposed to the action of storms, as there is not a bush or hillock on the seaward side to break the force of the winds or waves. Moreover loose sand, or here and there mud, is the only material available for the formation of a dyke. and during the high winds that prevail along the coast in the hot months, much of this would be drifted away. After a time the dykes might be strengthened by means of plantations of screw-

celxxiii

GYCLONE pine and other shrubs; but probably two or three years would elapse before any advantage could be gained from them, and in the meantime if the dyke were breached, the consequences to the town might be serious. Hence the great benefit that I think will be derived by having an additional embankment, such as will be afforded by excavating the proposed canal to Munganapudi. That embankment would be turfed on both sides, and would be easily maintained in really good order: while the sea dyke must always be more or less insecure. A similar argument, though not perhaps of equal force. may be advanced in favor of the drainage channel which it is proposed to carry from the head of the old Mungalairoo to the tidal creek. The plan which the proposed line traverses is open to inundation from both the sea and river Kistna, and the Masulipatam canal embankments. which in many places are weak, form the only obstacle to the entry of the flood water into the front swamp, or, if it should rise high enough, into the Pettah.

> 3. During the past rainy season the plain in question was inundated by Kistna water to the height of 21 feet above ordinary high tides. although the river had risen only 15 feet above the anicut; but freshes of 18 feet are not of very unusual occurrence, and of course the effect in producing inundation at Masulipatam would be proportionably increased. Indeed, tradition would serve to show that, previous to the late cyclone, Masulipatam has suffered more from the river floods than

> the sea, and at all events the above figures see accompanying Note. will suffice to prove that precautionary measures are not unnecessary. The proposed drainage channel would give the means of forming a strong embankment, while by its excluding salt water, it would also enable us to render the Masulipatam canal bank much stronger than it is at present, as it could be turfed, and rendered secure against erosion. As in the case of the sea face, there would then be a double barrier against inundation, and the town might be considered secure, unless from a cyclone similar to that which has

lately devastated the place.

CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

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1,613, which is the outs- mated expenditure nutil		Ξ_	Do. Captain Maiden for Fort and Bo unloading Steamer Arabia		. •		:	:	:	:		9.5	
the 3 1st December 1864.				:	:	•				:	:	1,613	-
				6,188	195	55	559	707	47 1,046	54	350	10,177	20

CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM:

From the President of the Sanitary Commission, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated 6th January 1865, No. 420A.

- 1. In continuation of my report, dated the 17th December 1864, respecting the condition of the town and station of Masulipatam, after the disastrous storm of the 1st November last, I have the honor to submit such information as seems necessary to enable the Government to determine upon the amount and nature of the assistance required, to enable the inhabitants of the villages which were inundated to resume the cultivation of their land. This information is the result of inquiries made by Mr. Thornhill, the Collector of the Kistna District. and it is in accordance with his opinion that the following recommendations are made. Mr. Thornhill is very anxious that the intentions of Government, in respect of the assistance to be afforded to the inhabitants of that portion of the District which has suffered most severely by the storm of the 1st November last, should be made known. both as an encouragement to the people themselves, and as affording him guidance in the preparation of the necessary detailed accounts which will be required.
- 2. I also beg to submit certain suggestions regarding the compensation, which it may perhaps be considered advisable to grant to the servants of Government, who have suffered most severely by the storm.
- 3. It will be seen by my report that it is computed that no less than seven hundred and eighty square miles of country have been more or less affected by the disastrous inread of the sea. Besides the great loss of life that ensued, the crops, wherever the sea-water reached, have been destroyed, and in most cases the surviving ryots have lost all their cattle and seed grain. It remains, therefore, to be considered what remissions will be necessary for the current year, and what advances should be made to enable the ryots to resume cultivation. The inundated tract of country is composed of land forming the whole or part of Zemindaree estates, and of land held on Joint tenure or Ryotwaree tenure.
- 4. The Zemindaree estates that have suffered by the storm are Sallapillay, Wulloor, and Crootoo Yenoo.
- 5. The house of the Sallapillay Rajah, Yallagada Unkeneed

  Bahadoor, which was a very handsome building, has been much damaged by the storm,
  and the Rajah has sustained very heavy losses in cattle. Of sixtycclxxvi

six villages included in this estate, forty have been inundated, and ten AT MASULIof these villages have been entirely destroyed. The Peshkush paid by this Zemindar is 88.000 Rupees per annum.

CYCLONE

It will be impossible for him to collect any rent from the villages which have suffered from the storm: nor can cultivation be resumed in these villages unless advances are made to the ryots, to enable them to purchase cattle and seed grain.

Under these circumstances, it will be necessary that a remission of Peshkush for the present year should be made to the Zemindar, in proportion to the number and rental of villages which have been inundated. This will be about three-fourths of the total Peshkush, or Rupees 66,000.

This remission of Peshkush will, of course, be made on the condition that no collection of revenue is made by the Zemindar from the ryots of the villages on which the Peshkush has been remitted.

The Zemindar has been himself so great a loser by the storm of the 1st November that he is not in a position to make any advances to the ryots, to enable them to resume their cultivation. I would, therefore, recommend that a sum of 30,000 Rupees, re-payable in yearly instalments of 10,000 Rupees, be advanced to the Sallapillay This will enable him to make the required advances to his Without the remission and assistance I have suggested tenants. above, there will be a very serious diminution of the cultivated area of this estate, and it will be impossible for the Zemindar, who is not a wealthy man, to pay with regularity the present rate of Peshkush.

6. The portion of the Wulloor Rajah's estate, which has suffered by the late storm and invasion of the sea, is Wulloor Zemindaree Godoor Pergunnah, of which about thirty villages have been inundated,

The Peshkush on these villages will amount to Rupees 33,000. I believe that a fair remission to the Wulloor Rajah, on account of his losses by the storm, will be 22,000 Rupees, or two-thirds of the Peshkush, subject to the condition of his making a proportionate remission to his ryots. The Wulloor Rajah also holds the Abkarry contract for the whole of the Kistna District. He will lose very heavily by the storm, both by the great destruction that has taken place in the palmyrah trees, and by the great loss of life in the town of Masulipatam and in the neighbouring villages.

#### APPENDIX IX.-MISCELLANEOUS.

CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

The reduced number of inhabitants and their poverty will seriously influence the consumption of liquor. Under these circumstances, I think it reasonable that his contract payment for the year, which amounts to 1,46,000 Rupees, should be reduced by one-fourth, or Rupees 36,500. This would seem the more necessary, from the circumstance that the Abkarry rent for the present year is higher than that of any previous year by Rupees 50,000.

As the Wulloor Rajah is a man of considerable property, he will be able, without assistance from the Government, to make the advances to his tenants, which are necessary to enable them to resume their cultivation.

7. This is an estate situated on the line of coast to the north of Crootoo Venoo Zemindarce.

Masulipatam, and has suffered most severely by the storm. The Zemindaree consists of nine villages, paying a Peshkush of 3,000 Rupees per annum. Of these, six have been inundated by the sea-water, and will not be able to pay any rent to the Zemindar for the current year. Under these circumstances, a remission of two-thirds of the Peshkush, or Rupees 2,000, seems necessary.

An advance of Rupees 5,000, re-payable by instalments extending over three years, will enable the Zemindar to make the necessary advances to his tenants.

8. Besides these Zemindaree estates, there are six small villages under a perpetual settlement. The total Peshkush paid by these villages is 3,000 Rupees per annum. Of this, it will be necessary to remit two-thirds, or 2,000 Rupees, in consequence of the severe loss which they have suffered by the storm, and to make advances of Rupees 1,000, re-payable by instalments extending over three years.

As regards the villages in the Repalli and Bunder Taluqs held on the joint rent and Ryotwaree tenure, and which have suffered severely from the effects of the storm, it may be roughly stated that they are eighty in number, with their adjacent hamlets.

These villages represent an annual revenue to Government of Rupees 2,00,000.

In these villages the standing crops have been almost entirely destroyed, and there have been enormous losses of cattle, seed grain, and other property.

cclxxviii

It will probably be necessary to grant in these villages remissions AT MASULIamounting to Rupees 1,50,000, and to make advances, re-payable in three years, of Rupees 70,000. The total of the remissions and advances as detailed above are-

RemissionsRupees	2,78,500
Advances	1,06,000

9. There are also in the inundated tract of country a considerable number of Inam grants, under which the grantees pay a fixed quit-rent.

These persons have lost all their property, and it will be desirable that the Collector should be permitted to make to them such a remission of quit-rent as may appear, on inquiry, to be necessary.

- In what I have written above, I have only been able to give to the Government a rough estimate of the expenditure required in this emergency, and to afford information such as may enable the Government to give Mr. Thornhill general instructions as to the course to be followed in making remissions and giving advances.
- Mr. Thornhill proposes shortly to visit all the villages which have suffered from the storm, and he will be able, from his great knowledge of the Kistna District, and after personal inspection, to secure an exact apportionment of any assistance which it may please the Government to grant.

I have myself visited a sufficient number of the villages in the inundated tract of country to enable me to assure the Government of the serious nature of the disaster, and of the urgent necessity of liberality on the part of the State.

- 12. In the proposals I have made, I have only aimed at obtaining a temporary and partial alleviation of the extraordinary sufferings which have been endured by the people of the District, and I have not contemplated anything approaching to compensation for the losses they have actually suffered.
- 13. I would also beg to submit, for the favourable consideration of Government, the case of Nazim-oo-Dowlah Rustum Rajah, the representative of the family of the former Nawabs of Masulipatam. This gentleman draws a pension of 1,000 Rupees per mensem, for the support of himself and his immediate relations. Other branches of this family draw minor pensions, amounting in the aggregate to Rupees



CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

3,041 per mensem. The house of Nazim-oo-Dowlah has been much injured by the storm of the 1st November last, and all the houses of the family have more or less suffered, some having been entirely destroyed. Their losses in clothes and jewels have also been very great. An advance of Rupees 5,000, to be re-paid by yearly instalments of 1,000 Rupees, would be esteemed a very great benefit, and would afford most timely assistance to a family of high rank, who are not in affluent circumstances. Of this amount, 2,000 Rupees should be allotted to Nazim-oo-Dowlah, and Rupees 3,000 to the other members of the family, according to their respective rank and necessities.

- 14. The Divi Zemindar, Jagganadha Row Gopal Row, draws a pension of 400 Rupees per mensem; his house, which is a very handsome building, and is an evidence of the prosperity of the family before their estate was resumed, has been much damaged by the storm. An advance of Rupees 2,000, re-payable by yearly instalments of 500 Rupees, would greatly assist this gentleman in repairing his house. I may mention that after the storm this house was most kindly given up, by the orders of Jagganadha Row, as a place of refuge for the houseless poor of Masulipatam, and that it is still used as one of the Relief Houses for the distribution of food for the poor of the town.
- 15. Another subject of inquiry, to which I directed my best attention while at Masulipatam, was the extent of loss suffered by the servants of Government, Covenanted and Uncovenanted, by the storm of the 1st November. I did this in the hope that, under the special and exceptional circumstances of the case, it might please the Government to give some assistance towards repairing such of their losses, as must immediately be made good by these officials, in order that they may perform their duties in the ordinary manner. Of the Covenanted officials, those whose names are noted marginally have all lost much property.

16. I have ventured to suggest in the margin, opposite to their

	Rs.
Mr. Thornhill, Collector	2,000
Mr. Horsley, Sub-Collector	700
Mr. Brandt, Assistant Collector	500
Colonel Anderson, Royal Engineers	2,000
Captain Hasted, Royal Engineers	700
Captain Fraser, Superintendent of Police	2,000
Pensionera	1,967
Total	9.867

names, the amount of compensation which will, I believe, be a very moderate compensation to each of these gentlemen for the loss of tents, horses, and the most necessary part of their furniture. Captain Fraser has, perhaps, been in proportion to his means the heaviest sufferer, having lost three horses, the whole of his camp equipage, books, clothes, and furniture. I may observe that the amount recommended in each of these cases is in no instance in excess of what would be awarded to Regimental Officers under the rules in force for their indemnification for losses by shipwreck, or casualties on board-ship, occasioned by storms or stress of weather.

CYCLONE
AT MASULIPATAM.

17. I beg also to bring to notice the losses sustained by the Un-

covenanted officials marginally noted, and the amount of compensation, which, I think, may reasonably be granted.

Mr. Wilkins has lost his carriage and horse, and his house has been much injured.

Mr. Majoribanks has lost his Salt Bungalows, three in number, which must be re-built or re-placed by tents.

Mr. Tims has lost the whole of his property, and the compensation I have recommended for him will not do more than re-place his tents and horse, which are required to make the Tahsildar an East Indian, efficient.

18. The Police Force stationed in Masulipatam have been very

Revenue and Magisterial Office and Public Works Department, Police. Post Office. Telegraph. Small Cause and Munsiff's Court. Commissariat. Eoclesiastical. great sufferers by the storm of the 1st November. They have, without any exaggeration, lost every thing they possessed. The Office establishments noted marginally have all suffered most severely. In many cases the houses of these public servants have been entirely de-

stroyed, and all have lost a great part of their clothes, and their other personal property. This is a very serious misfortune to these men, who are certainly not over-paid at the present high prices.

19. Under these circumstances, I venture to recommend to Government the grant of a gratuity, equivalent to one month's salary, to the Police and all the subordinate public servants at Masulipatam, who have suffered by the disastrous storm of the 1st November 1864. On a rough estimate, I calculate that these gratuities will amount to Rupees 11,989, and the total amount of compensation recommended above to the Government servants, Covenanted and Uncovenanted, will then amount to Rupees 23,456.

cclxxxi

### APPENDIX IX -MISCELLANEOUS

Madras.]

CYCLONE AT MASULI-PATAM.

18. The total disbursement recommended is as follows:	— RS.
Remissions	2,78.500
Advances—Vide paragraphs 5, 6, 7	1,06,000
Compensation to Government servants, Covenanted	
and Uncovenanted, &c	23,456

Total... 4,07,956

To be recovered from advances... 1,06,000

Net Total ... 3.01.956

20. The circumstances of the calamity at Masulipatam, which has affected all classes of the community, are so exceptional—the liberality of the Government will be so well bestowed, and it is so unlikely that the expenditure it will entail will ever serve as a precedent—that I trust that the recommendations which I have made will receive the favorable consideration of the Government.

## ORDER THEREON, 25th January 1865, No. 111.

- 1. In the first of the letters above recorded, the President of the Sanitary Commission has submitted his report on the condition of the Town of Masulipatam and the adjoining District after the late cyclone and on the measures taken for the prevention of sickness. In his second letter, Mr. Ellis furnishes information as to the amount and nature of the assistance which, in his opinion, and in that of the Collector, is requisite to enable the inhabitants of the villages which suffered from the inundation to resume the cultivation of their land. He also submits suggestions regarding the question of compensation to the servants of Government, all of whom have suffered severe losses from the storm.
- 2. Mr. Ellis' report shows that the destruction of life and property was by no means over-stated in the report made by the Collector, shortly after the inundation occurred. It appears that the sea rose between 12 and 13 feet above the level of ordinary high water. The inundation extended along about 80 miles of Coast, and, on an average, about nine miles inland. In one direction, it reached a place miles inland; and not less than 780 square miles of country were, more or less, affected by it. Mr. Ellis estimates the loss of life in the town and fort at 15,000 persons, or little short of one-third of the entire population. In one Brahmin village, in the outskirts of the town, out of a population of nearly 700, only 70 persons survived. in the fort and town, all the houses which were not built on sub-colxxxii

stantial basements, came to the ground. In the lines of the Native CYCLONE AT MASULI-Regiment, the Sepoys' huts were entirely destroyed; and in the European quarter of the town, all the godowns, out-houses, and stables fell. The European houses stood; but the greater part of the property contained in them was destroyed. The destruction of life and property in the neighbouring villages was equally great. The crops are all ruined, and the whole of the cattle lost. The ground is covered. for miles, by a thick coating of saline mud. In 27 villages which Mr. Ellis visited, out of a population numbering 10.320, only 4.893 survived. Particulars of the total loss of life, throughout the District, have not yet been obtained, but are to be submitted shortly.

- 3. Mr. Ellis describes the several measures taken by him for the prevention of sickness. They consisted of:-lst, clearing the roads of fallen timber and the ruins of houses; 2nd, the drainage of the sea water, and, in certain places, the removal of the deep mud deposited on the roads; 3rd, the burial and burning of corpses and of the carcasses of animals; 4th, the erection of public latrines; 5th. the thorough cleansing of the streets, morning and evening; 6th, the careful re-covering of the graves of those who were hurriedly buried immediately after the storm; 7th, the destruction of the dogs and pigs in the town, which, since the storm, had been feeding on corpses and carrion.
- The expenditure incurred in carrying out this work, amounting 4. to Rupees 10,177-7-0, is sanctioned. The work, Mr. Ellis states, has been thoroughly executed. The roads and streets have been cleared of all the debris of the storm; the salt water has been drained off; the town and fort are now cleaner than they have ever been; and the expenditure which has been incurred has afforded employment to a large number of the poorer inhabitants, who must otherwise have been supported by charity. The re-building of the town has commenced; and the inhabitants of those pettahs which have principally suffered have been induced to move to higher ground. Every thing appears to have been done that could be done, by the distribution of food, clothes, and money-partly from the funds granted by Government for the purpose, and partly from the Relief Fund—for the relief of such of poorer classes as were unable to find employment, both in Masulipatam and in the neighbouring villages.
- 5. Mr. Ellis submits two projects prepared by the Superintending Engineer for supplying the town with water, and for improving its drainage. The prosecution of the first of these works as an emergent work has been already sanctioned, and, it appears, is nearly.

cclxxxiii

CYCLONE
AT MASULIPATAM.

completed, at an estimated cost of Rupees 45,338. The details of this, and of the drainage project, which, it is observed, includes the construction of an embankment to be formed by the earth raised in excavating one of the proposed canals, will be considered in the Public Works Department. In this place, the Governor in Council needs only observe that it has been determined to retain Masulipatam as the principal Civil Station of the District, and that, therefore, both these projects are of great importance, as regards the future health of the station.

- 6. The Governor in Council sanctions the Conservancy Establishment proposed by Mr. Ellis, at a monthy cost of Rupees 963, to be continued for twelve months, at the end of which time, the charge must be met by a Municipal rate.
  - 7. The Governor in Council notices, with much pleasure, the

\* Lieutenant Colonel Nott, Captain Bowen, and the other Officers of the 19th N. I Lieutenant Colonel Auderson, R. E. Cuptain Hasted, R. E. Major Tireman. Captain Frazer. Mr. Brandt. Dr. Robertson. Captain Maiden M. Sabapati Naidoo. Muushi Abdul Rabeem. Chavali Gooroomoorti. M. Oodiachellum. A. Vurdava. M. Kotelingam Naidoo G. Venkatachellum.

high terms in which Mr. Ellis writes of the conduct of the Collector, Mr. Thornhill, and of the other Officers, European and Native, whose names are entered in the margin. The Government had formed, from the reports submitted by Mr. Thornhill immediately after the storm took place, a very favorable impression of the energy and judgment displayed by him on the occasion; and it is satisfactory to find that impression

so fully corroborated by Mr. Ellis' report. Mr. Thornhill's services will be brought to the special notice of the Secretary of State.

- 8. His Excellency in Council has much satisfaction in sanctioning the grant of a gold bangle, at a cost of Rupees 100, to M. Sabapati Naidoo, as a mark of the approval of Government of the valuable services rendered by him. The rewards proposed to be given to each of the Town Moonsiffs are also sanctioned.
- 9. The Governor in Council sanctions the advances recommended in the cases of Nazim-ood-Dowlah Rustum Rajah, and to Jagganadha Row Gopal Row, to be recovered by annual deductions from their pensions. The remissions and advances which Mr. Ellis recommends to be given to the Zemindars and Ryots who have suffered from the cyclone, will be considered in the Revenue Department.
- Mr. Ellis suggests that the Police and other subordinate, public servants who have suffered from the storm should be granted cclxxxiv.

He also recommends AT MASULIgratuities equivalent to one month's salary. certain specific grants, in the case of the superior Officers in the Revenue, Judicial, Public Works, and Pension Departments; these grants being calculated with reference to the losses which the several officers have sustained. The entire amount of compensation proposed is estimated at Rupees 23,456. The Governor in Council resolves to adopt Mr. Ellis' recommendations. The case is an exceptional one, by no means likely to serve as a precedent; and the amount of compen-

11. The Governor in Council desires, in conclusion, to convey to Mr. Ellis the thanks of Government for the efficient manner in which he has discharged the duty entrusted to him.

sation proposed is not excessive, compared with the losses which these

From the Government of Fort Saint George, to the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, dated 21st February 1865, No. 5.

Public Proceedings 22nd Nov. 1864, Nos. 136 & 137. 140 & 141. 23rd ,, •• .. 33 25th " 155 & 156. ,, ,, ٠, 157 & 158. 28th Marine •• ,, ,, 19th Dec. ,, " Judical 21st 234 & 235. .. .. 11th Jan. 1865. Public 61 - 63,, ,, 149 & 150 25th " \*\* 19 •• ,, 166 - 168. 11 2nd Feb. \$ & 6. 13th D. P. W.Proceedings, 11th No. 1864, Nos. 216 & 217 71 & 72. 3rd Dec. 49 & 50. ,, 13th ,, 245 & 246. ,, .. .. •• 21st ,, 22nd ,, 459 & 460. ,, ,, ,, ,, 504 & 505. ,, ,, \*\* •• Military Proceedings, 24th Nov. 1864, No. 4184, ,, ,, 29th ,, ,, 4254. 4254. 1st Dec. 4307. 13 ,, :, 12th " 4484. ,,, . ٠. ,, 19th 4544 ., ,, 361 17th Feb. ,, 698 & 699.

Public servants have sustained.

- 1. In continuation of our despatch of the 19th November last, No. 39. we have the honor to lav before you the enclosed copies of correspondence. relating to the effects of the inundation which burst over the town of Masulipatam, and a considerable tract of the adjoining country, on the 1st of that month.
- These papers include a report by the President of the Sanitary Com-

mission, who, under our orders, proceeded to Masulipatam, shortly after the inundation took place, and remained there for several weeks, directing, in concert with the Collector, the various measures which were deemed necessary for the prevention of sickness. Mr. Ellis' report shows that the destruction of life and property was by no means over-stated in the report made by the Collector, shortly after the inundation occurred. It appears that the sea rose between 12 and 13 feet above the level of ordinary high water. The inundation

CYCLONE AT MASULI-

extended along about 80 miles of Coast, and, on an average, about 9 miles inland. In one direction, it reached a place 17 miles inland: and not less than 780 square miles of country were, more or less. affected by it. Mr. Ellis estimates the loss of life in the town and fort at 15,000 persons, or little short of one-third of the entie population. In one Brahmin village, in the out-skirts of the town, out of a population of nearly 700, only 70 persons survived. In the fort and town, all the houses which were not built on substantial basements. came to the ground. In the lines of the Native Regiment, the Sepovs' huts were entirely destroyed; and in the Europen quarter of the town all the godowns, out-houses, and stables fell. The European houses stood: but the greater part of the property contained in them was, destroyed. The destruction of life and property in the neighbouring villages was equally great. The crops are all ruined, and the whole of the cattle lost. The ground is covered, for miles, by a thick coating of saline mad. In 27 villages which Mr. Ellis visited, out of a population numbering 10,320, only 4893 survived. Particulars of the total loss of life, throughout the District, have not yet been obtained, but are to be submitted shortly.

- 3. The measures taken for the prevention of epidemic disease are detailed in Mr. Ellis' report. Up to this time, there has been no serious out-break of disease; but, latterly, diarrhœa and dysentery, though not of a severe character, have been prevalent, and the Civil Surgeon entertains serious apprehensions in regard to thehealth of the town. during the approching hot season. We have, accordingly, directed that a second European Medical Officer, with such number of Medical Subordinates as may be deemed necessary, shall be sent to Masulipatam. Most, if not all of the European families have left the station, and the Regiment of Native Infantry has been sent, as a temporary measure, to Samulcottah; a Detachment of Sappers having been sent to Masulipatam in their place. Among the papers, you will find a memorandum drawn up jointly by the President of the Sanitary Commission and the Collector, on the question of retaining Masulipatam as the chief Civil Station of the District, and as a Contonment for Natives Troops. On the first point, we concur in the opinion of Messrs. Ellis and Thornhill, that it is not expedient or necessary to remove the Head Quarters of the District from the Masulipatam. The question of retaining it as a station for NativeTroops has been referred to his Excellency the Commander-in Chief, for his opinion.
  - 4. We trust that you will approve of the orders passed by us, cclxxxvi

CYCLONE AT MASULI-

granting compensation to Public Officers, both Civil and Military, for the losses which they have sustained from the inunadation. The case is an exceptional one, by no means likely to serve as a precedent; and the amount of compensation which we have granted, amounting, in the Civil Department, to Rupees 23,456, and in the Military Department to Rupees 27,846, in addition to a grant of Rupees 500 per Company for distribution among the Native ranks, and other inconsiderable grants, the exact amount of which cannot at present be stated, but the nature of which is specified in our Proceedings in the Military Department, under date the 17th instant, is not excessive, compared with the actual losses of the sufferers.

- 5. We await a detailed report, which the Collector is about to submit, before determining the amount of remissions and advances to be granted to the Zemindars and Ryots who have suffered from the cyclone. The orders which may be passed by us on this point will be reported to you, hereafter, in the Revenue Department,
- 6. We desire, in conclusion, to bring under your special notice the very favorable opinion we have formed of the conduct of the Collector and Magistrafe, Mr. Thornhill, in the trying emergency in which he was placed. Mr. Thornhill's efforts to maintain order, and to ensure the immediate execution of the various measures which were necessary for the protection of the survivors, were ably seconded by the other European officers, and by many of the Native officers and residents of the station; but, as the chief Civil authority in the District, the main responsibility rested on him, and it is only due to him that we should place on record our high sense of the energy and judgment with which he discharged it.

From the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Honorable the Governor in Council, Fort Saint George, dated India Office, London, 30th June, 1856. No. 17.

1. I have read with great and painful interest the details of the ravages occasioned by the hurricane of the 1st November last in the town and fort of Masulipatam, transmitted with your Despatch, dated the 21st February, No. 5 of 1865. The accounts which you forward, while they exhibit the great and sudden dangers and difficulties of the night, place in a most advantageous light the zeal, energy, and perseverance with which they were encountered by all branches of the

cclxxxvii

CYCLONE

AT MASULI- services and residents who were on the spot, or whose duties brought PATAM. them within the sphere of action.

- 2. With regard to the particular measures which you bring under my notice, I can only say that they have my approval.
- 3. The means adopted for the prevention of the out-break of any epidemic disease, comprehending the improved system of drainage, as well as the measures for ensuring a supply of good water, appear to have been most judicious.
- 4. I agree with Mr. Ellis and Mr. Thornhill in the expediency of retaining the Port of Masulipatam as a Civil Station, and I await the report of the Commander-in-Chief, as to its retention as a station for Native troops, before passing an opinion on the subject. The question will, of course, reach me in the Military Department.
- 5. The sums you have sanctioned for compensation to Public Officers, for the losses they have sustained from the inundation, amounting in the Civil Department to Rupees 23,456, have my approval. The sums for compensation you have granted in the Military Department will doubtless be reported in that Department, in which it will receive my attentive consideration, as well as the remissions and advances you have proposed in the Revenue Department.
- 6. I cannot close my remarks on the subject of this Despatch, without specially alluding to the valuable services rendered in this trying emergency by Mr. Thornhill, and the Officers, Soldiers, Police, and residents on the spot, of every grade, named in your General Order, No. 111, dated 25th January 1865, who so ably supported him; and I must convey to you my cordial approval of the steps you have taken to show your appreciation of their services, and those of the other gentlemen named in your Despatch.

# ORDER THEREON, 5th August 1865, No. 821.

- 1. Resolved that copies of the foregoing letter be furnished to Mr. Thornhill, Collector of the Kistna District; to the Sanitary Commission; to the Military, Revenue, and Public Works Departments; to the Inspector General of Police; and to the Superintendent of Marine.
- 2. Resolved, further, that the Despatch be published in the Fort Saint George Gazette, and likewise in the Kistna District Gazette.

A.
EMIGRATION.

A.

Statement shewing the number of Emigrants embarked to each Colony, during the official year 1864-65.

Port of Embar- kation.			Women.	Boys.	Infants. Total.				
From Madras	Mauritius Natal Réunion	1,350 998 575	567 362 218		28 1,586				
	Total	2,923	1,147	313 270	123 4,773	4,773			
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.				
Fro a Pondi-	Réunion		110 91 82 49	40 28 18 14	464 361 318 258				
	Total	969	332	100	1,401	1,40			
From Karikal	(Réunion		39 16 21 5	9 4 6 	169 110 107 19				
	Total	305	81	19	405	40			
From Yanam—	Réunion. Total	351	105	59	9 545				
Grand Total									

A.

EMIGRAStatement shewing the collections and expenditure of Fees at Madras

TION.

and the Districts on account of Emigration to the British

Colonies, for the year 1864-65.

		Collec	tior	18.	Disbi mer			Balance remaining on the 30th April 1865.		
		RS.	<b>A.</b>	P.	RS.	Δ.	P.	RS,	Α.	P.
Protector's Registry, Madras		3,801	0	1	5,187	10	10	507	14	2
Balance of ditto, 30th April 1864		1,894	9	0	•••			• • •		
Collector of Godaveri		36	0	0	•••			36	0	0
Do. Trichinopoly		315	0	0		١		315		0
Do. Taujore	]	223	8	0	•••	١	<b></b>	223	8	0
Do. North Arcot		67	0	0	•••			67	0	0
Do. Ganjam		102	0	0			1	102	0	0
Do. Vizagapatam		339		Ö	•••			339	0	0
			_	_ .		_	_		_	_
T	otal	6,778	1	0	5,187	10	10	1,590	6	2
					. ,			•		

Statement shewing the collections and expenditure of Fees at Madras and the Districts on account of Emigration to the French Colonies, for the year 1864-65.

	Collec	Collections.			Disburse-			edi		Net balance contra.		
							30	0th	A	pril 186	5.	
	RS,	Δ,			A.		RS.		P.	R9.	A.	P.
Protector's Registry, Madras.	2,396	4	0	600	0	0	2,558	8	3	•••	···	•••
Balance of ditto, 30th April	762	4	3									•••
British Consular Agent, Pon- dicherry	840	8	0	5,265	12	11			•••	4,425	4	11
British Consular Agent, Yanam	533	0	0	3,840	0	0		•••	•••	3,307	0	0
British Consular Agent,	010		_	2 0 4 0						3,630	0	0
Karikal	210 631				0	0	631		Ö			
Collector of Godaveri Do. Tanjore	337		0	•••	••••		337				•••	. 1
Do. Tanjore Do. North Arcot	40		0				40		ŏ			
Do. Madras District	10		~]				140		Ö			- 1
Do. Ealem	116		Ö	1	- 1		116		0			
Do. Ganjam	148		ŏ	[	- 1		148	0	0	•••		
Do. Nellore	75		Ö		- 1		75	0	0			
Do. Vizagapatam	41	8	0	•••			41	8	0	•••		
Total	6,131	0	3	13,545	12	11	4,088	0	3	11,362	4	11

# General List of the Contributions, &c., received for the Government Central Museum from 1st May 1864 to 30th April 1865.

A.
GOVERNMENT
CENTRAL
MUSEUM.

Centrati Museum from 1st 1	aug 100± to	Join Mpi to		
Donors.			No. of dona-	•
DONORS.			tions or	
Australian Museum, Sydney	***	•••	specimens. 406	
Authecasavooloo Naidoo, C., Madra	us	•••	5	
Beddome, R. H., Captain, Conservat			00	
Board of Revenue, Madras		***	5	
Browne, C. A., Major General	•••	•••	1	
Clubley, J. K., Lieutenant, Cannan		•••	2	
Denison, His Excellency, Sir W., K.	C. R. Gove			
Dormer, Captain, The Honorable				,
Bangalore	, mspector	OI MUSKEL	23	
Edgcome, W. H., Captain, Principal	Civil Frais	nooving Calls		
		neering Cone		
Fraser, Major, Waltair	•••	***	367	
Governor in Council, Fort Saint G	eorge	•••	107	
Gover, C., Esq. Principal, Male As	ylum Danida Ca		<b>2</b>	
Hamilton, R., Lieutenant Colonel,	Deputy Se	cretary to G		
vernment, Madras	**. **. `	•••	2	ì
Hawkes, P. H., Captain, Commissa	riat Storek	ecper Gener		
Madras	***		31	-
Hunter, Dr., M.D., Secretary Agri-H	orticultural	Garden, Mac	dras 9	)
Inspector General of Ordnance and	Magazines,	Fort St Geor	rge 18	þ
McGoun, Lieutenant	•••	•••	78	,
McMaster, Major, Deputy Judge A	dvocate Ger	neral, Rangoo	on. 150	)
Markham, Licutenant	•••	•••	1	,
Michael, J., Major, Forest Departme	ent, Coimba	tore.	2	,
Mitchell, Miss, Madras	•••	•••	44	•
Mitchell, J. M., Madras	•••	•••	5	ŀ
Moonesawmy, A., Madras	•••	•••	1	
Mooroogasa Moodeliar, M., Madras	•••	•••	2	,
O'Grady, Colonel, Poonnamallee Ro		•••	57	
Oldham, Dr. T., Superintendent o	f the Geolog	gical Survey		
India, from the Geological Mus			370	)
Pearse, G. G., Major, Royal Artiller	v. Cannano	re	13	
People's Park, Madras	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•••	12	
Robinson, W. R., Esq	•••		1	
Rungasawmy Moodeliar, P., Madras	1	***	64	
Ryan, Mr., Inspector of Mounted P			1	
Shaw, G. J., Esq. M. D	onco, biwara		1	
Short, J., Dr., Zillah Surgeon, Chin	glenut		16	
Sim, J. D., Esq. Madras	Richar	•••	4	
Smart, W. G., Esq., Chief Engineer	Pailman I	?ovanoomm		
Superintendent of the Gun Powder	Dianunacio 1-:	Magniliani	20	
Thornhill, G., Esq., Collector of Kis	LIE DISTRICT	, masunpata		
Toolasee Naidoo, N., Madras	•••	•••	]	
Woods, W. G., Colonel, Staff Corps	•••	•••	1	
			<b>១</b> ១០០	
Procured by the Museum Collector	•		2,380	
Purchased for the Museum	p		4,487	
ANDER IN MIE MIRCHIN	***		2,260	
		Total.	9,127	,
		TOUR!	7,127	
			• 6.1	

A.
GOVERNMENT
CENTRAL
MUSEUM.

A.—(Concluded.)

Visitors to the Government Central Museum from 1st May 1864 to 30th April 1865.

	erotisiV lo IsloT		19,894		6,879		6	040.0	8.965	4,897	3,106	81,001
ER OF	Women and Girls.	10,409	9,830	8,436	2,611		90	904	1.33.7	1,825	1,205	37,263
NUMBER	Men and Boys.	10,356	10,064	9,039	3,268			1,004	62.0			
	Total of Visitors.		19,894	17,475	5,879		0,0	9.980	3,965	4,897	3,106	31,001 43,738
lly kept.	tat tud ngie ot sldan U	18,408	17,798	16,031	4,725	•	-	1,140		3,106		86,018
	Total of Signatures.	2,357	2,101	G/4	1,154		000	1 447	1,760	1,791	1,092	14,983
	Bengali.		Ξ	:	:			<u>:</u>	:		:	1 ;
	Mulayalum.	36	16	<u>~</u>	:			o =	9 00	27	9	126
	Oingalese.	_ 5	:	:				:			:	6
	Chinese.	. <u>:</u>	:	:	≟		_	:		30	:	<u> </u>
	Свпагезе.	11	55	5	<b>*</b> 2	864.		: 8	43	2	6	177
IX	Goozeratiee.	:	17	_	4	ber 1	9	-	• :	:	:	45
MADE	. Уақатее.	9	က	=	_	есеш	c	٥ 4	* 67	6	~	41
RES 1	Mahratta.	17	2	14	21	lst D	5	2 9	17	35	14	160
NATUBES	.lime <b>T</b>	927	754	873	317	rust to 2	5	910	414	449	27	4,509
	iastsubaiII.	154	114	180	195	5th Aug	ē	100	201	336	181	1,485
	Telugu.	521	491	532	230	Closed from 15th August to 21st December 1864.		144	369	325	191	8,020
	.deilgnA	676	672	728	362	Closed	,	777	705	597	468	5,403
		~:		:		•	:		:	:		
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	65.	:		:		:	:		:	:		
	1864 and 1865.		:		:	:		i		:	:	
	pu <b>s</b>	:		:		:	:		:	:		
	<b></b>		:		•	ĕ :	Ę	ä			:	
	18	May	June	July	August	September	Novemb	Decemo	Rehmary	March.	April	

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